

according to the wish of (gen.), Suśr. — **pātana**, m. = <sup>o</sup>ndaka-p°, W. — **prasasti**, f. N. of a work by Harsha. — **mṛityu**, mfn. having death in one's power, MBh. xii, 1820; BhP. i, 9, 29. — **hānis**, mfn. giving up one's desires (?), Divyāv. xxxv, 173. **Chandānugāmin**, mfn. complying with the wishes (of others), submissive, Cāṇ. **Chandānuvartin**, mfn. id., MBh. iii, 296; R. ii, 53, 10; Pañcat.; Kām.; following one's own will, Rājat. iii, 141. **Chandānuvṛitta**, v. l. for <sup>o</sup>do-nuv°.

**Chandaka**, mfn. ifc. 'charming,' see sarva-; m. N. of Śākya-muni's charioteer, Divyāv. xxvii, 158; Lalit. — **nivartana**, n. 'Candaka's return,' N. of a Caitya, xv, 378. — **pātana**, m. a hypocrite, L.

**Candah**, in comp. for <sup>o</sup>das. — **kalpa**, m. collection of ritualistic rules, Āp. ii, 8, 11; — **latā**, f. N. of a work. — **purusha**, m. metre personified, AitBr. iii, 2, 3, 2 & 4. — **prakarana**, n. a ch. on metre, PSarv. — **prakāsa**, m. N. of a work. — **prasasti**, f. = <sup>o</sup>nda-pr°. — **sāstra**, n. metrical science, Vām. i, 3, 7; = <sup>o</sup>sāra. — **samgraha**, m. 'summary of metres,' N. of a work, Tantras. ii. — **sāra**, m. Piṅgala's work on metre, AgP. cccxxvii ff. — **siddhi**, f. a ch. of the Kāvya-kalpa-latā-vṛittiparimala. — **sudhākara**, m. N. of a work. — **sūtra**, n. = <sup>o</sup>sāra. — **stut**, mfn. praising in hymns, BhP. v, 20, 8. — **stūbh**, mfn. id., RV. v, 52, 12.

**Chandana**, mfn. charming, VarBrS. civ, 61.

**Chandaś**, = <sup>o</sup>das. — **cit**, mfn. piled with metres, Śulbas. ii, 81. — **cūdāmani**, m. a work by Hemac.

2. **Chandas**, n. desire, longing for, will, MBh. xii, 7376; Pāṇ. iv, 4, 93, Kās.; intention, purport, W.; a sacred hymn (of AV.; as distinguished from those of RV., SV. and YajurV.), incantation-hymn, RV. x; AV.; ŚBr. viii; MBh. v, 1224; Ragh. i, 11; the sacred text of the Vedic hymns, ŚBr. xi, 5, 7, 3; ĀsvGr.; Kauś.; Gobh.; VPrāt.; Pāṇ.; Mn. &c.; metre (in general, supposed to consist of 3 or 7 typical forms [AV.; VS. &c.] to which Virāj is added as the 8th [ŚBr. viii, 3, 6]; **chāndas** opposed to **gāyatrī** & **trishūbh**, RV. x, 14, 16); metrical science, MuṇḍUp. i, 1, 5; MBh. i, 2887; Pañcat.; Śrut.; = <sup>o</sup>do-grantha, Nyāyam. ix, 2, 6, Sch.; [cf. Lat. *scando*, 'to step, scan.']; — **kṛita**, mfn. composed in metre, Mn. iv, 100; (*a-cch*°, neg.) ŚāṅkhBr. iii, 2. — **tva**, n. the state of a sacred hymn or of its metre, ChUp. i, 4, 2. — **paksha** (*chānd*°), mf(ā)n. borne aloft on the wings of desire, AV. viii, 9, 12. — **vat** (*chānd*°), mfn. desiring, TS. iv, 3, 11, 1 (*-paksha*, AV.)

**Chandasikā**, f. = <sup>o</sup>ndo-grantha. **Chandaska**, ifc. (f. ā) = <sup>o</sup>das, metre, Nyāyam. ix, 2, 5 & 8, Sch.

**Chandasya**, mfn. (Pāṇ. iv, 3, 71 & 4, 93; 140, Vārtt. 1) taking the form of hymns, metrical, relating to or fit for hymns, RV. ix, 113, 6; TS. i, 6, 11, 4; made or done according to one's wish, Pāṇ. iv, 4, 93, Kās.; (ā), f. (with *ishtakā*) N. of a sacrificial brick, ŚBr. vii, 5, 2, 42; viii, 2 f.

**Chandita**, mfn. gratified, MBh. xiii; Hariv.

**Chāndu**, mfn. pleasing, RV. i, 55, 4.

**Chāndo**, in comp. for <sup>o</sup>das. — **gā**, m. (<sup>o</sup>gar) 'singer in metre,' chanter of the SV., Udgātrī priest, AitBr. iii, 32; ŚBr. x; ŚāṅkhŚr. &c.; — **paddhati**, f. N. of the work Yajña-pārsva (YajurV. Paris. xv, Caraṇ.); — **pariśiṣṭa**, n. Kāty.'s supplement on Gobh., Mn. ii, 44, Kull.; — **brāhmaṇa**, n. = *chāndogya-br*°, AitBr. iv, 18, Sāy.; — **māhaki**, m. N. of a teacher, VBr.; — **vriśhotsarga-tattva**, n. N. of a work; — **śākhā**, f. a branch of the SV. (quoted in a work on Śrāddhas); — **śrāddha-tattva-pramāna**, n. N. of a work by Raghunandana; — **śruti**, f. 'tradition of the Chandogas,' the SV., Parāś. ii, 11, 3, 6; — **soṭāna**, n. N. of a work; <sup>o</sup>gāhnika-paddhati, f. N. of a work by Rāma-kṛiṣṇa. — **govinda**, n. Gaṅgā-dāsa's work on metre. — **grantha**, m. 'metre-book,' SV. i, Nyāyam. ix, 2, 6, Sch. — **dīpikā**, f. N. of a work. — **deva**, m. N. of Mataṅga, MBh. xiii, 1937; (ī), f. 'metre-goddess,' Gāyatrī, Hcat. — **nāmā**, mfn. 'named metre,' metrical, VS. iv, 24. — **nāman**, mfn. id., ib., Sch. — **nuvṛitta**, n. compliance with any one's wishes, Cāṇ. (Hit.; v. l. <sup>o</sup>dānuv°). — **nuśāsana-vṛitti**, f. N. of a work. — **pahārāvali**, f. N. of a work. — **baddha**, mfn. = <sup>o</sup>das-kṛita, Sarvad. xv, 246. — **bhaṅga-vat**, mfn. offending against metre, Sarasv. — **bhāga**, mf(ā)n. one whose share is a metre, AitBr. ii, 18. — **bhāshā**, f. (g. *rig-ayanādi*) the language of the Veda, TPrāt.; Caraṇ. (DevīP.). — **bhāshya**, n. N. of a work. — **mañjari**, °rī, f. Gaṅgā-dāsa's work on metre. — **māya**, mfn. consisting of or containing

or representing sacred hymns, ŚBr. vi, x; AitBr. vi, 27; BhP. — **māna**, n. (g. *rig-ayanādi*) 'measure of a metre,' a syllable regarded as the metrical unit, ŚāṅkhŚr. i, xiii; (ifc.) Pāṇ. vi, 2, 176, Kās. — **mārtaṇḍa**, m. N. of a work on metre. — **mālā**, f. a similar work. — **ratnākara**, m. a similar work by Sarvajña-ratnākara-śānti. — **ruṭ-stoma**, m. (fr. *-ruh-st*°) N. of a Shaḍ-aha rite, ŚāṅkhŚr. x, 8, 33. — **rūpa**, n. a form of metre, ŚāṅkhBr. xx. — **vatī**, f. (in music) a kind of Śruti. — **vicitī**, f. (g. *rig-ayanādi*) 'examination of metres,' metrical science, Vām. i, 3, 7; N. of a work (called Vedāṅga), Āp. ii, 8, 11; VarBrS. civ, 64; Bhar.; Kāvya. i, 12. — **vivṛiti**, f. explanation of metres, W.; = <sup>o</sup>dah-sāra, Madhus. — **vṛitta**, n. any metre, MBh. i, 28.

**Chandomā**, m. (fr. <sup>o</sup>do-ma, 'hymn's or metre's home'?) the 8th, 9th, & 10th day in the Dvādasāha rite (but cf. ĀsvŚr. viii, 7, 18), TS. vii; ŚBr. xii; KātyŚr.; ŚāṅkhŚr.; Lāṭy.; N. of the 3 Stomas sung in that rite, TāṇḍyaBr. x, xix. — **tri-kakud**, m. N. of a Try-aha rite, ŚāṅkhŚr. xvi, 29, 16. — **daśa-rātra**, m. N. of a Daśa-rātra rite, Maś. — **daśāna**, m. id., KātyŚr. xxiii f.; ŚāṅkhŚr. xiii; Vait. — **pa-vamāna-trirātra**, m. = *tri-kakud*, Maś. — **vat**, mfn. accompanied by a Chandoma, Maś.; — *parāka*, m. = *tri-kakud*, Vait. xli, 2.

**Chāndya**, mfn. = <sup>o</sup>ndu, RV. viii, 101, 5.

**चद** 5. **chad**, cl. 1. to nourish, Dhātup. xix.

**चदत्** **chadmat**. See *chambaṭ-kara*.

**चदन्** **chadman**, &c. See √1. **chad**.

**चन्दनिति** **chanacchan-iti**, ind. (fr. <sup>o</sup>nat-*chanad-iti*, Pāṇ. vi, 1, 99) onomat. (imitative of the noise of drops falling on anything hot), Amar. 89 (v. l. *chamaccham-iti*, ŚārngP. cvi, 11, whence the author of the verse is called *cchamikā-ratna*).

**चन्द** 1. & 2. **chand**. See √1. & 3. **chad**.

**चन्द** 3. **chand**, v. l. for √chrid, q. v.

**चन्द** 1. & 2. **chanda**. See √1. & 3. **chad**.

**Chandaka**, °dana, 1. & 2. °das, &c. See ib.

**Channa**. See √1. **chad**.

**चम्** **cham**, cl. 1. °mati, to eat, Dhātup. xiii.

**चमचमिकारत्न** **chamacchamikā-ratna**, m. See *chanacchan-iti* at end.

**Chamacchamita**, n. crackling, MārKP. viii, 112.

**उमरुड** **chamaṇḍa**, m. = *chem*°, L.; a single man (who has no kinsmen), L.

**चमण्डल** **cha-maṇḍala**. See 2. **cha**.

**चम्प** **champ**, cl. 10. to go, Dhātup. xxxii.

**चम्पण** **champaṇa**, v. l. for *śaṅkhaṇa*.

**चम्बकारम्** **chambam-kāram**, ind. (= <sup>o</sup>baṭ-k°) so as to fail, Kathās. xii, 4; xxiii, 1.

**Chambāt**, ind. (g. *cdā*) in comp. — √kṛī, to make a failure, TS. ii, 5, 5, 3; TāṇḍyaBr. iv, 10; v, 9. — **kara**, mf(ā)n. ruining, BhP. iii, 18, 26 (v. l. *chadmat-k*°). — **kāra**, m. only neg. dat. *ā-cchambatkarāya*, ind. for not making a failure, ŚBr. xi, xiii. — **kāram**, ind. only neg. *ā-cch*°, so as not to make a failure, TS. ii; v, 4, 7, 4; TBr. i, 2, 1, 3.

**चर्द** **charda**, °dana, &c. See √chrid.

**चर्दिस्** 1. **chardis**, n. (= *chadis*) a fence, secure place or residence (*griha*, Naigh. iii, 4), RV. i, 48, 15 & 114, 5; vi-viii, x; VS. xiii f. **Char-dish-pā**, mfn. protecting a house, RV. viii, 9, 11.

**चल** **chal**, cl. 10. (or Nom. fr. *chala*) P. *chalayati* (inf. °litum, R. vi, 86, 13) to deceive, cheat, delude, outwit, MBh. iii, ix; Bhag. x, 36; Ragh. xvi, 61; Gīt. i, 9 & 16; to feign, W.

**Chala**, (√*skhal*) n. (exceptionally m., BhP. vii, 15, 12; g. *ardharcādi*) fraud, deceit, sham, guise, pretence, delusion, semblance, fiction, feint, trick, fallacy (often ifc., e. g. *upadā-chalena*, 'under pretence of gifts of honour,' i. e. with feigned gifts, Ragh. vii, 27; *rajaś-chalena*, 'under the semblance of dust,' xvi, 28; see *kanyakā*, *dharma*, *vāk*-), Mn. viii, 49 & (*a-cch*°, neg.) 187; MBh. &c. (ifc. f. ā, Kathās. lxii, 164); deceitful disputation, perverting the sense of words, Nyāyas. i, 51 ff.; Sarvad.; wickedness, W.; for *sthala*, MBh. xiii, 7257; m. N. of a son of Dala, VP. iv, 4, 47; (ā), f. ifc. in names of several treatises or chapters belonging to SV. (e. g. *ūha*-, *ūhya*-, &c., qq. vv.) — **kāraka**,

mfn. practising fraud, W. — **kārin**, mfn. id., W. — **tā**, f. deception, W. — **dyūta**, n. = *chadma-dy*°, Pañcad. i, 28. **Chalākshara-sūtra**, n. N. of a work. **Chalōkti**, f. = *vāk-chala*, ĀsvŚr. viii, 12, 13, Sch. **Chalaka**, mfn. delusive, Hariv. 11476.

**Chalana**, n. deceiving, deluding, tricking, outwitting, MBh. vi, 28; (in dram.) contempt (*avamānana*), Pratāpar.; Daśar. i, 46; (ā), f. deceiving, iii, 17 (Sāh.) **Chalanā-para**, mfn. deceitful, Śiś. i, 69.

**Chalika**, n. a song consisting of 4 parts (recited with gesticulation; subdivision of *nāṭya*, Bhar.), Mālav. i, 1 (in Prakṛit) & 11 (v. l. °*litaka*).

**Chalita**, mfn. deceived, R. ii, 34, 36; Hcar.; Amar. 41; n. a kind of dance performed by men, Kāvya. i, 39. — **rāma**, n. 'the outwitted Rāma,' N. of a drama, Sāh. vi, 261f. — **svāmin**, m. N. of a sanctuary (called after Chalitaka), Rājat. iv, 81.

**Chalitaka**, m. N. of a man, ib.; n., see °*litaka*.

— **yoga**, m. pl. N. of a Kalā (q. v.), Vātsyāy. i, 3, 17; BhP. x, 45, 36, Sch.

**Chalin**, m. a cheat, W.; a swindler, W.

**चलि** **challi**, f. (Prākṛit fr. 1. *chardis*) bark [°*li*, Kalpabh. i, 165 f.; iv, 324], L.; a cloak, Hāl.

**Challita**, see *asthi*-. **Challi**, f. bark, L.; a creeper, L.; a kind of flower, L.; offspring (*saṃtāna*), L.

**चवि** **chavi**, f. skin, cuticle, PārGr. iii, 12; Hariv. 15709; Suśr.; VarBrS. lxix, 28 ff.; colour of the skin, colour, MBh. iii, 12387; Mṛicch.; Megh. &c.; beauty, splendour, Ragh. ix, 34; Śiś. ix, 3; Naish. xxii, 55; a ray of light, L.; cf. *krishna-cch*°.

**Chavī**, f. skin, hide, TBr. i f.; TāṇḍyaBr. xvi, 6, 2; ŚāṅkhBr. xxv, 15; KātyŚr. xxii; Lāṭy. viii, 2, 1.

**चविलाकर** **chavillākara**, m. N. of a historian of Kāśmīr, Rājat. i, 19.

**चश्** **chash**, cl. 1. P. Ā. to hurt, Dhātup.

**छा** **chā**, ās, m. a young animal, L.

**छाग** **chāga**, m. = *chaga* ('limping'?, cf. *σκῆω* &c.) a he-goat, RV. i, 162, 3; VS. xix, xxi; ŚBr. v; KātyŚr.; Mn. &c.; the sign Aries, VarBr. v, 5; N. of one of Śiva's attendants, L., Sch.; mfn. coming from a goat or she-goat, Yājñ. i, 257; Car.; Suśr.; (ā), f. a she-goat, ŚBr. iii; ŚāṅkhBr. vii, 10; (ī), f. id., Kathās. lxxi, 273. — **karna**, m. 'goat-ear,' Tectona grandis, Npr. — **nāsana**, m. 'goat-destroyer,' a wolf, L. — **maya**, mfn. like a goat, W.

— **mitra**, m. 'goat-friend,' N. of a man, g. *kāśyādī* (not in Kās.) — **mitrika**, mf(ā)n. fr. °*tra*, ib. — **mukha**, m. 'goat-faced,' N. of a Kimpū.usha, Gal. — **ratha**, m. 'whose vehicle is a goat,' Agni, L. — **roma-maya**, mfn. consisting of goat-hair, L. — **lakshana**, n. N. of Śukla-Yajurveda-Parīś. ii. — **vāhana**, m. = *ratha*, L. — **śatru**, m. = *nāsana*, Npr. **Chāgi-kshira-nāsa**, m. 'goat-milk-destroyer,' Trophis aspera, ib.

**Chāgaka**, n. herd of goats, Gal.; (*ikā*), f. = °*gī*, L.

**Chāgala**, mfn. coming from a goat (*chagalā*) or she-goat, Suśr.; Kathās. lxxxii; born in Chagala, g. *takshasilādī* (not in Kās.); m. a goat, Hariv. 3275; R. vi; Pañcat.; Kathās. cxxi; = °*laka*, W.; patr. fr. Chagala (if of Atri's family), Pāṇ. iv, 1, 117; N. of a mountain, VāyuP. i, 23, 108. **Chāgalāṇḍa**, v. l. for *chag*°. **Chāgalānta**, m. = °*ga-nāsana*, L. **Chāgalāntrikā**, f. = *chag*°, L. **Chāgalāntrin**, m. = *chag*°, L. **Chāgalāntri**, f. = *chag*°, L. **Chāgalaka**, m. a kind of fish, L.

**Chāgali**, m. patr. fr. Chagala (if not of Atri's family), Pāṇ. iv, 1, 117, Kās.; one of Atri's family, Pravar. iii, 1, v. l. °*la*, °*gava*) or metron. fr. Chagalā (g. *bāhvādī*), N. of a prince, Hariv. 5017 & 5498.

**Chāgaleya**, mfn. fr. *chagalā*, g. *sakhyādī*; m. N. of the author of a law-book, PārGr., Sch. Introd.; Nirṇayas. ii, 7; v; (pl.) = °*geya*, Caraṇ.

**Chāgaleyin**, m. pl. (Pāṇ. iv, 3, 109) the pupils of Chagalin, ŚāṅkhŚr. vi, 1, 7, Sch.

**Chāgeya**, m. pl. N. of a school of the black Yajur-veda, DevīP.; Hcat. i, 7, 1071. **Chāgyāyani**, m. patr. fr. Chāga, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 155, Vārtt.

**छागण** **chāgaṇa**, m. a fire of dried cow-dung (*chag*°), L.

**छागल** **chāgala**, &c. See *chāga*.

**छागव्य** **chāgavya**, m. pl. N. of a family, Pravar. v, 1 (v. l. *sthāg*°); cf. °*va* s. v. °*gali*.

**छाचिका** **chāchikā**, N. of a Tirtha, Rasik.

**छाटा** **chāṭā**. See *chāṭā* at end.