

m. 'end of the heat,' the rainy season, MBh. iii; Śak. iii, 9. **Tapānta**, m. id., MBh. vi, viii; R. vi, 37, 68. **Tapā-ātānka**, m. = °*pas-tānka*, Gal. **Tapah**, in comp. for °*pas*. - **kara**, m. the fish Polynemus risua or paradisus, L. - **kriśa**, mfn. emaciated by austerities, W. - **kleśa-saha**, mfn. enduring the pain of austerities, Hemac. - **parārdha** (*tāp*), mfn. finishing by °, MaitrS. iii, 4. - **pātra**, n. a man whose austerities have made him a fit recipient of honour, Singhās. iii, 8. - **prabhāva**, m. supernatural power (acquired by) austerities, Sak. vii. - **śīla**, mfn. inclined to religious austerities. - **samādhi**, m. the practice of penance, W. - **sādhya**, mfn. to be accomplished by austerities. - **siddha**, mfn. accomplished by penance. - **suta**, m. 'austerit-son,' Yudhi-shthira, MBh. iii, 313, 19; (°*pasah suta*, Śiś. ii, 9.) - **sthala**, n. a place of austerity, Hasy. i, 19; (°), f. Benares, L. **Tapat**, mfn. pr. p. √*2. tap*, q. v.; (°), f. 'warming,' N. of a daughter of the Sun by Chāyā (married to Samvaraṇa and mother of Kuru), MBh. i; BhP. vi, viii f.; Vāmp. i; °*panti*, Rasik.; Kathār. (nti), f. N. of a river, Divyāv. xxx; cf. *tāpatya*. **Tapatām-pati**, m. 'chief of burners,' the sun, W. **Tāpāna**, mfn. warming, burning, shining (the sun), MBh. i, v; R. vi, 79, 57; causing pain or distress, RV. ii, 23, 4; x, 34, 6; AV. iv, xix; m. (g. *nandy-ādī*) the sun, MBh. i, vi, xiii; R. i, 16, 11; Ragh. &c.; heat, L.; the hot season, L.; N. of a hell (cf. *mahā-*), Mn. iv, 89; Buddh.; N. of an Agni, Hariv. 10465; Agastya (cf. *agneya*), L.; Seme-carpus Anacardium, Npr.; = *-chada* (or 'a white kind of it,' Npr.), L.; Premna spinosa, L.; Cassia Senna, Npr.; the civet cat, Gal.; = *-mani*, L.; N. of a Yaksha, MBh. i, 32, 18; of a Rakshas, R. vi; n. (°*nā*) the being hot, burning, heat, TBr. ii, 2, 9, 1 f.; pining, grieving, mental distress, Kāth. xxviii, 4; Śāh. iii; (°), f. heat, RV. ii, 23, 14; the root of Bignonia suaveolens, Npr.; = °*panti*, Divyāv. xxx, 317 & 409; a cooking vessel, Baudh. (TS., Sch.); cf. *gopāla*, *tripurā*, *rāma*. - **kara**, m. a sun-beam, W. - **chada**, m. the sunflower, L. - **tānaya**, m. 'Sun-son,' Karṇa, W.; (°), f. = *-sutā*, L.; = °*panti*, W.; = °*pasvishā*, L.; °*yēshā*, f. id., L. - **dyuti**, mfn. brilliant like the sun, Śiś. i, 42; f. sunshine, L. - **maṇi**, m. the sun-stone, L. - **sutā**, f. 'sun-daughter,' the Yamunā river, Prasannar. v, 33. **Tapanātma-jā**, f. id., L. **Tapanāśman**, m. the sun-stone (*sūrya-kānta*), Dharmasarm. xvi, 37. **Tapanēshā**, n. 'loved by sunbeams,' copper, L. **Tapanōpala**, m. = °*na-maṇi*, Rājat. iii, 296. **Tapanīya**, mfn. to be heated, W.; to be suffered (as self-mortification), W.; m. a sort of rice, Car. i, 27; n. gold purified with fire, MBh. iv, vi; R. vi; Ragh. &c. - **maya**, mf(ī)n. golden, MBh. vii; Hcat. **Tapanīyaka**, n. gold, L. **Tapantaka**, m. N. of a man, Kathās. xxiii. **Tapar-loka**, m. = °*po-l*, W. **Tapas**, in comp. for °*pas*. - **carana**, n. the practice of austerities, MBh.; R. i; Sarvad.; (°*pasas c*, Mn. vi, 75). - **caryā**, f. id., MBh. vii, 1280; Hariv. 14907 f.; MārKp. - **cit**, m. pl. 'accumulating merit by austerities,' N. of a class of deities, TāndyaBr. xxv, 5; °*tāmayana*, n. = *tāpasitā*, Maś. **Tāpas**, n. warmth, heat (*pañca tapānsī*, the 5 fires to which a devotee exposes himself in the hot season, viz. 4 fires lighted in the four quarters and the sun burning from above, Mn. vi, 23; R.; BhP. iv; BrahmaP.; cf. Ragh. xiii, 41), RV.; AV.; VS.; ŚākhŚr.; pain, suffering, RV. vii, 82, 7; religious austerity, bodily mortification, penance, severe meditation, special observance (e.g. 'sacred learning' with Brāhmins, 'protection of subjects' with Kshatriyas, 'giving alms to Brāhmins' with Vaiśyas, 'service' with Sūdras, and 'feeding upon herbs and roots' with Rishis, Mn. xi, 236), RV. ix, 113, 2; x (personified, 83, 2 f. & 101, 1, 'father of Manyu,' RANukr.); AV. &c.; (m., L.) N. of a month intervening between winter and spring, VS.; TS. i; ŚBr. iv; Suśr.; Pāp. iv, 4, 128, Vārtt. 2, Pat.; Śiś. vi, 63; the hot season, L., Sch.; = °*po-loka*, Vedāntas. 120; the 9th lunar mansion (*dharma*), VarBr. i, 19; ix, 1 & 4; N. of a Kalpa period, Vāyup. i, 21, 27. - **taksha**, m. 'destroying the power of religious austerity,' Indra (as disturbing the austerities of ascetics lest they should acquire too great power), L. - **taṅka**, m. 'afraid of austerities,' id., L. - **tanu**, mfn. = °*paḥ-kriśa*, AitAr. v, 3, 2, 1. - **tīrtha**, n. N. of a Tīrtha, W. - **pati** (*tāp*), m. the lord of austerities, VS. v, 6 & 40; BhP. iv, 24, 14. - **vat** (*tāp*), mfn. burning, hot, RV. vi,

5, 4; AV. v, 2, 8; ŚākhŚr. iii, 19, 15; = °*po-v*, RV. x, 154, 4 f. - **vin**, mfn. (Pāp. v, 2, 102) distressed, wretched, poor, miserable, TS. v, 3, 3, 4 (compar. *-vī-tara*); R. ii f.; Śak.; Mālav.; BhP.; Śāh.; practising austerities, (m.) an ascetic, AV. xiii, 2, 25; Kāth. xx (compar.), xxiii (superl. *-vī-tama*); ŚBr. (compar. ii) &c.; m. a pauper, W.; = °*paḥ-kara*, L.; a kind of Karañja tree, L.; Nārada, L.; N. of a son of Marra Cākshusha, Hariv. 71; of a Rishi of the 12th Manv-antara, 482; BhP. viii, 13, 29; VP.; (°*nī*), f. a female devotee, poor wretched woman, Nal.; R. iii, 2, 7; Śak.; Daś.; Nardostachys Jaṭā-mānsī, L.; Helleborus niger, L.; = *mahā-śrāvānikā*, Bhpr.; °*svī-kanyakā* or °*nyā*, f. the daughter of an ascetic, Śak. i, 1 & 24; °*īā*, f. devout austerity, MBh. xiii, 2896; Satr.; -*patra*, m. Artemisia, L.; °*svīshā*, f. Prosopis spicigera, Gal. **Tapasa**, m. = °*po-rāja*, Uṇ. iii, Sch.; a bird, ib. **Tapasīvan**, mf(ī)n. causing pain (?), Kāth. **Tapaso-mūrti**, m. (= °*po-m*) N. of a Rishi of the 12th Manv-antara, Hariv. 482. 1. **Tapasya**, Nom. °*syati* (Pāp. iii, 1, 15) to undergo religious austerities, ŚBr. xiv, 6, 8, 10 (*tāp*); MBh. i, iii, xiii (A., cf. 2. *tapasya*); R. &c. 2. **Tapasyā**, mf(ā)n. (fr. *tāpas*) produced by heat, KātyŚr. xxv; belonging to austerity, Baudh. ii, 5, 1; m. (Pāp. iv, 4, 128) the second month of the season intervening between winter and spring (= *phālguna*), VS.; TS. i; ŚBr. iv; Car. viii, 6; Suśr. i; Arjuna (= *phālguna*), L.; N. of a son of Manu Tāmasa, Hariv. 428; n. the flower of Jasminum multiflorum or pubescens, L.; devout austerity (?), °*syte* taken as 1. sg. A. of 1. *tapasya* by Nilak.), MBh. xiii, 10, 13; (°), f. (fr. 1. *tapasya*) id., Hcar. **Tapasyā-matsya**, m. = °*paḥ-kara*, W. **Tapā-gaccha**, m. the 6th Gaccha of the Śvetāmbara Jains (founded by Jagac-candra, A. D. 1229). **Tapita**, mfn. refined (gold), Hariv. 13035. **Tāpishtha**, mfn. (superl.) extremely hot, burning, RV.; AV. xi, 1, 16. **Tapishnu**, mfn. warming, burning (with *deva*, 'the sun'), MBh. xii, 11726. **Tāpiyas**, mfn. (compar.) most devoted to austerities among (gen.), BhP. ii, 9, 8. **Tāpu**, mfn. burning hot, RV. ii, 4, 6; ix, 83, 2. **Tapur**, in comp. for °*pus*. - **agra** (*tāp*), mf(ā)n. burning-pointed (a spear), RV. x, 87, 23. - **jambha** (*tāp*), mfn. burning-jawed (Agni), i, 36, 16 & 58, 5; viii, 23, 4. - **mūrdhan** (*tāp*), mfn. burning-headed (Agni), vii, 3, 1; x, 183, 3; m. N. of the author of RV. x, 183 (son of Bṛihaspati), RANukr. - **vadha** (*tāp*), mfn. having burning weapons, RV. vii, 104, 5; AV. vi, 20, 1. **Tāpushi**, mfn. burning (a weapon), RV. iii, 30, 17 (Nir. vi, 3); vi, 52, 3; (m. or f.) a burning weapon, i, 42, 4. **Tāpushī**, f. heat of anger, Naigh. ii, 13. **Tapush-pā**, mfn. drinking warm (beverages), RV. iii, 35, 3 [° protecting from pain, Śāy.] **Tāpus**, mfn. burning, hot, RV. ii, 30, 4 & 34, 9; vi, 52, 2; m. fire, Uṇ., Sch.; the sun, ib.; 'pain-causer, an enemy, ib.; n. heat, RV.; AV. i, 13, 3. **Tapo**, in comp. for °*pas*. - **gaccha**, m. = °*pā-g*. - **jā**, mfn. born from heat, VS. x, 6; xxxvii, 16; become (a god or saint) through religious austerity, RV. x, 154, 5; AV. vi, 61, 1; MaitrS. iv, 9, 6, 7; AitBr. ii, 27. - **da**, n. 'granting religious merit,' N. of a Tīrtha, Hariv. 9524. - **dāna**, n. id., MBh. xiii, 7650. - **dyuti**, m. 'brilliant with religious merit,' N. of a Rishi of the 12th Manv-antara, VP. iii, 2, 34. - **dhana**, mf(ā)n. rich in religious austerities, (m.) a great ascetic, Mn. xi, 242; MBh.; Hariv. ii, 69, 62 &c.; m. N. of a son of Manu Tāmasa, i, 7, 23; of a Rishi of the 12th Manv-antara, VP. iii, 2, 34; of a Muni, Kathās. cxvii, 125; = °*pasvipattra*, L.; (°), f. Sphæranthus mollis, L. - **dharma**, m. N. of a son of the 13th Manu, Hariv. i, 7, 82 (v. l. °*rma-bhṛītha*). - **dhāman**, n. 'place of austerities,' N. of a Tīrtha, Rasik. xi, 37. - **dhṛiti**, m. N. of a Rishi of the 12th Manv-antara, Hariv. 483; VP. iii, 2, 34. - **nitya**, mfn. devoting one's self incessantly to religious austerities, MBh. iii, xiv; m. N. of a man (with the patr. Pauruśishti), TĀr. vii, 9, 1. - **nidhi**, m. 'austerity-treasury,' an eminently pious man, Ragh. i, 56; Śak. (v. l.); [°*pasām n*, R. (G) i, 67, 3]. - **nishtha**, mfn. practising austerities, Mn. iii, 134; Yājñ. i, 221. - **nubhāva**, m. = °*paḥ-prabh*, W. - **bala**, m. the power acquired by religious austerities, ŚākhGr. iv, 5; 15; Mn. xi, 241; R. i. - **bhaṅga**, m. interruption of religious austerities, Kāvyaḍ. ii, 325. - **bhṛit**, mfn.

undergoing austerities, (m.) an ascetic, Hariv. 4849. - **maya**, mf(ī)n. consisting in or composed of religious austerities, 3990; 14430; R. i, 31, 11; BhP. ii; practising religious austerities, Hcat. - **mūrti**, f. an incarnation of religious austerity, R. i, 31, 11; m. = °*pasom*, BhP. viii, 13, 29; VP. iii. - **mūla**, mfn. founded on religious austerity, Mn. xi, 235; m. N. of a son of Manu Tāmasa, Hariv. 428. - **ya-jña**, mfn. sacrificing by austerities, Bhag. iv, 28. - **yukta**, mfn. engaged in austerities, MBh.; VarBrS. lxxxv. - **rata**, mfn. rejoicing in religious austerity, pious, MBh. i, 36, 3. - **ratī**, mfn. id., i, 1838; m. N. of a son of Manu Tāmasa, Hariv. 429; = *-ravi*, VP. iii, 2, 34. - **ravi**, m. 'sun of ascetics,' N. of a Rishi of the 12th Manv-antara, Hariv. 482. - **rāja**, m. the moon (as presiding over austerities), L. - **rāśī**, m. an accumulation of religious austerities (Purushōttama), R. i, 31, 11. - **rthiya**, mfn. destined for austerities, MBh. xi, 760. - **loka**, m. one of the 7 worlds (also called *tapar-l*, situated above the *jana-l*), ArunUp.; BhP. ii, 5, 39; KāśīKh. xxii; pl. N. of a family, Pravar. vi, 2. - **vaṭa**, m. Brahmavarta (in central India), L. - **vat**, mfn. engaged in austerities, MBh. xii, 8548. - **vana**, n. a grove in which religious austerities are performed, Nal. xii, 62; R. i; Śak.; Ragh.; (if. f. ā) Kathās. xxii. - **vāsa**, m. = °*paḥ-sthala*, Hariv. 5168. - **vidhāna**, n., °*dhi*, m. N. of two Jaina texts. - **vridha**, mfn. rich in religious austerity, MBh. (Nal. xii, 48). - **vrāta**, m. a multitude of austerities, W. - **'śana**, m. 'whose food is austerity,' N. of a Rishi of the 12th Manv-antara, Hariv. 482; of a son of Manu Tāmasa, 428. **Taptā**, mfn. heated, inflamed, hot, made red-hot, refined (gold &c.), fused, melted, molten, RV.; AV. &c.; distressed, afflicted, worn, R. iii, 55, 15; Megh.; Śak.; (in astrol.) opposed by, VarYogay. ix, 16; practised (as austerities), MBh. v, 7147; R. i, 57, 8; one who has practised austerities, ŚBr.; ChUp.; inflamed with anger, incensed, W.; n. hot water, ŚBr. xiv, 1, 1, 29; (°*am*), ind. in a hot manner, xi, 2, 7, 32. - **kumbha**, m. a heated or red-hot jar, MārKp. xii, 34 f.; xiv, 87; N. of a hell, ib.; (cf. RTL. p. 232). - **kūpa**, m. 'well of heated liquid,' N. of a hell, PadmaP. vi. - **kricchra**, m. n. a kind of religious austerity (drinking hot water, milk, and ghee for 3 days each, and inhaling hot air for 3 days), Mn. xi, 157 & 215; Yājñ. iii, 318. - **jāmbūnada-maya**, mf(ī)n. made of refined gold, R. i, 15, 8. - **tapas**, mfn. practising austerities, (m.) an ascetic, W. - **tapta**, mfn. made hot repeatedly, Bhpr. v, 26, 3 & 45. - **tāmra**, n. red-hot or melted copper, VarBrS. vi, 13; BhP. vi, 9, 13. - **pāshāṇa-kūnda**, n. 'pit filled with red-hot stones,' N. of a hell, BrahmavP. - **mudrā**, f. (Vishnu's) mark burnt (on the skin with red-hot iron), W. - **rahasa**, n., Pāp. v, 4, 81. - **rūpa**, n. 'of refined shape,' silver, Npr. - **rūpaka**, n. id., L. - **lomaśa**, green vitriol, Npr. - **loha**, n. 'glowing iron,' N. of a hell, VP. ii, 6, 11 (cf. RTL. p. 232). - **vāluka**, mfn. having hot gravel, BhP. iii, 30, 23; m. N. of a hell, PadmaP. v, 159, 3; (°*as*), f. pl. hot gravel, Kathās. lxxii, 105. - **vrata** (°*plā*), mfn. using hot milk for the initiatory rite, TS. vi, 2, 2, 7; ApŚr. xi, 2, 2. - **surā-kūnda**, m. 'jar or hole filled with burning spirituous liquor,' N. of a hell, BrahmavP. - **sūrmī**, f. 'red-hot iron statue,' N. of a hell (in which the wicked are made to embrace red-hot images), BhP. v, 26, 7 (cf. 20 & Mn. xi, 104); -*kūnda*, n. id., BrahmavP. - **hema**, n. refined gold, MBh. iii, 1722; R. i, iii; VarBrS. cvi, 3; -*maya*, mfn. consisting of refined gold, W. **Tapānna**, n. hot food, hot rice, W. **Taptābharaṇa**, n. an ornament made of refined gold, R. iii, 58, 19. **Taptāyana**, mf(ī)n. dwelling-place of distressed people (the earth), VS. v, 9 (*iktādy*, TS. i). **Taptōdaka-svāmin**, m. N. of a Tīrtha, SkandaP. **Taptaka**, n. a frying-pan, Bhpr. **Taptavya**, mfn. to be practised (austerity), MBh. **Tapti**, f. heat, Bādar. ii, 2, 10, Sch. **Taptī**, m. a heater, MBh. i, 8414. **Tapya**, mfn. to be refined, Sarvad.; Bādar. ii, 2, 10, Sch. (-*tva*, n., abstr.); performing austerity (= *sattva-maya*, Sch.; said of Śiva), MBh. xii, 10381. **Tapyatī**, f. heat, TS. i, 4, 35, 1 (v. l. °*tī*). **Tapyatū**, mfn. hot, RV. ii, 24, 9; f., see °*tt*. **तबलाकृति tabalākṛiti**, f. N. of a creeper. **तभ tabha**, m. = *si*, a he-goat, L., Sch.