

xii, 57; Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; the organic world (including plants), Jain.; n. = °ryak-pramāna, Śulbas.; f. the female of any animal, W.; (°ryák), ind. across, obliquely, transversely, horizontally, sideways, ŚBr.; Kātyārī; Saṅkhśr.; VPrāt.; Mn. &c.; (°raśca), instr. ind., id., RV. i, 61, 12; ii, 10, 4; x, 70, 4; (°raści), loc. ind., id., ŚBr. ii, 3, 2, 12; Kātyārī. xvii, 8, 14 & 12, 1. **Tiryadrya॑c**, mfn. = tiryā॑c, Gal.

तिरिगच्छ tirigacchi, m. N. of a plant, L. **Tiri-jihvika**, N. of a plant, Npr.

Tirinī-kanta, id., ib.

तिरिट tiriṭa, m. = °ti, W.

Tiriṭi, m. the joint of the sugar-cane, L.

तिरिन्दिर tirindira, m. N. of a man, RV. viii, 6, 46; Saṅkhśr. xvi, 11, 20.

तिरिम tirma, m. a kind of rice, L.

Tiriya, m. id., L.; cf. 2. tiryā.

तिरोट tiriṭa, m. Symplocos racemosa, Bhpr. iv; n. a kind of head-dress, tiara, diadem (cf. kir०), L.; gold, Uṇ., Sch. °taka, m. Symplocos racemosa, Car. vii, 9, 1; a kind of bird, R. iii, 78, 23. °tin, mfn. furnished with a head-dress, AV. viii, 6, 7.

तिरोऽन्त्य tirō-ahniya &c. See p. 447, col. 2.

तिरिरिक tirpirika, for tilvirika, q.v.

तिर्य 2. tiryā॑, mfn. for tilyā॑? prepared from sesamum seeds (? tila), AV. iv, 7, 3; cf. tiriya.

तिर्यक tiryák, °ryá॑c. See p. 447, col. 3.

तिल॑ 1. til, cl. 1. telati, to go, Dhātup.

तिल॑ 2. til (derived fr. tila), cl. 6. 10. °lati, telayati, to be unctuous, ib.; to anoint, ib.

Tila, m. Sesamum indicum (its blossom is compared to the nose, Gīt. x, 14; Saṅhās.; cf. -pushpa), s° seed (much used in cookery; supposed to have originated from Vishnu's sweat-drops, Hcat. i, 6, 137 & 142), AV. (°lā, xviii, 4, 32); VS.; ŚBr. &c.; a mole, Kālid.; a small particle, MBh. &c.; the right lung, Saṅhśr. v, 42; pl. N. of a ch. of PSarv.; (cf. krishna-, carma-, shandha-). -kata, m. the farina of s°, Pān. v, 2, 29, Vārtt. i. -kana, m. a s° seed, Bhartṛ. (v. l. -khali). -kalka, m. dough made of ground s°, Suśr. i; MārkP. xxxv, 10; -ja, s° oil-cake, Npr.; cf. tail०. -kārshika, mfn. cultivating s°, Kathās. lxi, 7 & 9. -kālaka, m. a mole, Suśr. i.f., iv; Pān. iii, 2, 52; Pat. 53, Kāś.; N. of a disease of the penis, Suśr. ii, 14, 16; iv, 21, 16; mfn. having a mole, L., Sch. -kitṭa, n. = -kalka-ja, Bhpr. v, 11, 180; cf. tail०. -khali, m. id., ib. -khali, f. id., Npr. -gañji or °jin, n. N. of a Tirtha, Rasik. xi, 32. -grāma, m. N. of a village, Rājat. viii, 2933. -caturthī, f. the 4th day of the dark half of Māgha, Vratapr. iv. -citra-pattraka, m. N. of a bulbous plant, L. -cūrṇa, n. ground s°, Pañcat. ii, 3, 5. -taṇḍulaka, n. 'agreeable as rice mixed with s°, an embrace, L. -tejhāvā, f. N. of a plant, Suśr. iv, 2, 92. -taila, n. (Pān. v, 2, 29, Vārtt. 4, Pat.) s°-oil, Suśr. i; iv, 31, 2. -dēsvāra-tīrtha, n. N. of a Tīrtha, RevāKh. cccxxx; cf. tilakē०. -drona-maya, mfn. consisting of a Drona of s°, Hcat. i, 8, 378. -dvādasi, f. the 12th day of a particular month (kept as a festival), Rājat. v, 394; BhavP. ii, 78. -dhenu, f. a s° cow (presented to Brāhmans), MBh. xiii, 64, 35 & 71, 40; -dāna, n. 'presenting a tila-dhenu,' N. of LingaP. ii, 33 & VarP. ic. -dhenukā, f. = °nu, MBh. iii, 84, 87. -m-tuda, m. a s°-grinder, Pān. iii, 2, 28, Vārtt. -parna, m. the resin of Pinus longifolia, L.; n. a s° leaf, W.; sandal-wood, Bhpr. v, 2, 16; (i), f. the resin of Pinus longifolia, L.; Pterocarpus santalinus, Suśr. i, 39, 8 & 46, 4, 29; olibanum, L. -parṇaka, n. sandal-wood, L., Sch.; (ikā), f. a kind of pot-herb, Car. i, 27, 86; Pterocarpus santalinus, Suśr. i, 46, 4, 11. -parṇika, n. sandal-wood, v, 7, 12; the resin of Pinus longifolia, Gal.; (i), f. see °rṇaka; cf. tail०. -picota, n. = -kalka-ja, W. -piñja, m. = -peja, Pān. iv, 2, 36, Vārtt. 6; white s°, Npr.; (i), f. N. of a plant, AV. ii, 8, 3. -pīda, m. = -m-tuda, MBh. xii; cf. tail०. -pushpa, n. 's°-flower,' the nose, Kuval. 224. -pushpaka, m. Terminalia Bellerica, Npr. -peja, m. barren s°, Pān. iv, 2, 36, Vārtt. 6. -bhāra, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. vi, 360. -bhāvinī, f. jasmine, Npr. -bhṛishta, see -ṣishta. -maya, mf(i)n. (Pān. iv, 3, 149) consisting or made of s° seeds, Hcat. i, 6, 182 & 7, 37. -mayūra, m. a kind of peacock, L. -māsha (°lā), m. pl. s°

and beans, ŚBr. xiv, 9, 3, 22. -misra (°lā), mfn.(ā)n. mixed with s°, AV. xviii, 3, 69 (& 4, 26); Kauś. -misla, mfn. id., Māngī. i, 21. -rasa, m. = -taila, L. -vatṣa (°lā), mfn.(ā)n. having s°-seeds for children, AV. xviii, 4, 33 f. -vratin, mfn. fasting by eating only s°-seeds, Pān. v, 1, 94, Vārtt. 3, Pat.; cf. °lōdara. -śas, ind. in pieces as small as s°-seeds, MBh. &c. -śikhin, m. = -mayūra, Gal. -sambaddha, mfn. = -misra, Mn. iv, 75. -śri-śhta, food prepared with s°, MBh. xiii, 104, 70 (°la-bhrishta, 'fried s°-seeds,' C.) -śnāyin, mfn. washing one's self with s°, Hcat. i, 8, 297. -sneha, m. = -taila, L. -homa, m. s°-oblation. -homin, mfn. offering s°-oblations, Hcat. i, 8, 297. **Tilānsa**, m. a piece (of land) as small as a s°-seed, Rājat. i, 38. **Tilānkita-dala**, m. a kind of bulb, L. **Tilānna**, n. rice with s°-seeds, L. **Tilāpatyā**, f. Nigella indica, L. **Tilāmbu**, n. water with s°, BhP. vii, 8, 44. **Tilōttamā**, f. N. of an Apsaras, MBh. &c.; of a woman, Rājat. vii, 120; a form of Dākshāyanī, MatsyaP. xiii, 53; °miya, Nom. P. to represent the Apsaras Tilōttamā, Bhām. ii, 96. **Tilōdaka**, n. (Pān. vi, 2, 96, Kāś.) = °lāmbu, Gobh. iv; Mn.; MBh.; MārkP. **Tilōdakin**, mfn. drinking °ka, Hcat. i, 8, 297. **Tilōdāna**, = °lāud, R. ii, 69, 10. **Tilōdara**, mfn.(ā, ī)n. having the stomach filled with s° (cf. °la-vratin), Pān. iv, 1, 55, Kāś. **Tilāndana**, n. a s°-dish, ŚBr. xiv, 9, 4, 16; Kauś. 138.

Tilaka, m. (g. sthūlādi) Clerodendrum phlomoides (Symplocos racemosa, L.), MBh. &c.; a freckle (compared to a sesamum-seed), VarBrS. i, 9; lii, 10; Kathās. ; a kind of skin-eruption, L.; (in music) N. of a Dhruvaka; a kind of horse, L.; N. of a prince of Kampanā, Rājat. viii, 577 ff.; m. (n. Pañcad. ii, 57) a mark on the forehead (made with coloured earths, sandal-wood, or unguents, either as an ornament or a sectarian distinction), Yājñ. i, 293; MBh. iii, 11591; R. (ifc. f. ā, iii) &c.; the ornament of anything (in comp.), Pañcat. i, 1, 92; Kathās. &c. (ifc. f. ā, Rājat. iii, 375); n. id., L.; the right lung, L.; black sochal salt, L.; alliteration, Rājat.; a metre of 4 x 6 syllables; = tri-slokī, L.; a kind of observance, Kālanirn. Introd. 12; (ā), f. a kind of necklace, L.; cf. ena-, kha-, vasanta-; urdhva-tilakin. -mañjarī, f. N. of a work. -rāja, n. N. of a man, Rājat. vii, 1319. -latā, f. N. of a woman, Vāsant. -vatī, f. N. of a river, Vām. v, 2, 75. -vrata, n. the T° observance, BhavP. ii, 8; Vratapr. i. -sinha, n. N. of a man, Rājat. viii. **Tilakācārya**, m. N. of a pupil of Śivaprabha (author of Pratyekabuddha-catushṭaya and of comments on Āvāsyaka, Śrāvaka- & Sādhu-pratikramāna). **Tilakāvala**, mfn. (cf. Pān. vi, 3, 118) furnished with marks, Saṅkhśr. xvi, 18, 18. **Tilakāśraya**, m. 'T°-receptacle,' the forehead, L. **Tilakēśvara-tīrtha**, n. N. of a Tīrtha, RevāKh. cxiii. **Tilakottara**, m. N. of a Vidyādhara, Bālar. iv, 7.

Tilakaka, n. N. of a man, Rājat. viii, 469.

Tilakaya, Nom. P. to mark with spots, HParī. viii, 210; to mark, Bālar. i, 1; vi, 37; to adorn, i, 1; Viddh. ii, 13. **Tilakāyita**, n. impers. it has been acted as an ornament to (gen.), Nalac. i, 20.

Tilakita, mfn. (g. tārakādi) marked, Bālar. vi, 55 & 58; adorned, Kathās. xciii, 17; Rājat. ii, 40. **Tilakin**, mfn. marked with the Tilaka.

Tilpiñja, m. (Pān. iv, 2, 36, Vārtt. 7) = °la-peja, AV. xii, 2, 54; cf. Kauś. 80.

Tilya, mfn. suited for sesamum cultivation, grown with s°, Pān. v, 1, 7 & 2, 4; n. a s° field, ib.

तिलङ्ग tiliṅga, N. of a country, Roma-kas.; Ratnak.

तिलित्स tilitsa, m. a kind of snake, L.

तिलिङ्ग tilpiñja, tilya. See above.

तिलिलि tilpilika, for tilvilika, q.v.

तिल॑ till, cl. 1. P. to go, Dhātup. xv, 27.

तिल॑ tilva, m. = °lvaka, L.

Tilvaka, m. Symplocos racemosa, ŚBr. xiii; Kātyārī. xxi, 3, 20; Gobh. &c.; Terminalia Catappa, Npr.

तिलिलि tilvirika. See °lvilika.

तिलिल॑ tilvila, mfn(ā)n. fertile, RV. v, 62, 7; ĀśvGr. ii, 8, 16; SaṅkhGr. iii, 3, 1; cf. iibhyā.

Tilvilāya, Nom. °ydie, to be fertile, RV. vii, 78, 5. **Tilvilika** or °ivirika, m. g. kapilakādi.

तिल॑ tilva, m. N. of a Brāhmaṇ, Rajat.

तिलित्स tishihad, = °sh̄hat, pr. p. √sthā, q.v.

-gu, ind. (Pān. ii, 1, 17) 'when the cows (go) stand to be milked,' after sunset, Bhaṭṭ. iv, 14. -dharma, mfn. (a sacrifice) at which the oblation (homa) is offered standing, Kātyārī. i, 2, 6.

तिष्य tishyā॑, m. N. of a heavenly archer (like Kṛiśna) and of the 6th Nakshatra of the old or 8th of the new order, RV. v, 54, 13; x, 64, 8; TS. (°shyā) &c.; the month Pausha, L.; Terminalia tomentosa, L.; = °shyā, L.; (Pān. iv, 3, 34; i, 2, 63, Kāś.) 'born under the asterism T°,' a common N. of men, Buddh. (cf. upa-); n. (m., L.) the 4th or present age, MBh. vi; Hariv. 3019; mfn. auspicious, fortunate, W.; (ā), f. Emblic Myrobalan, L. -ketu, m. Śiva. -gupta, m. N. of the founder of schism 2. of the Jain community. -puṇarvasaviya, mfn. relating to the asterisms T° and Punar-vasu, Pān. iv, 2, 6, Kāś. -puṇarvasu, m. du. the asterisms T° and P°, i, 2, 63 & (n. sg.) Kāś. -pushpā, f. = tishyā, L. -phalā, f. id., L. -rakshitā, f. N. of Asoka's 2nd wife, Buddh. (Divyāv. xxvii). **Tishyā-pūrnāmīśā**, m. the day of conjunction of the asterism T° with full moon, TS.

Tishyaka, m. the month Pausha, L.

तिसि tisi, f. pl. of trī, q.v.; ifc. see priya-

-dhanvā, n. a bow with 3 arrows, TS.; TBr.; ŚBr. **Tisrikā**, f. N. of a village, Pān. vii, 2, 99, Vārtt. i. **Tisras-kāram**, ind. so as to change into 3 (Ric verses), ĀśvGr. v, 15, 5. **Tisrā**, f. Andropogon, Npr.

तिहन tihan, m. sickness, Uṇ. vr.; = sadbhāva, ib.; rice, ib.; a bow, ib.

तीक tik, cl. 1. Ā. to go, Dhātup. iv, 32.

तीक्ष्ण tīkṣṇā, mfn(ā)n. (√tij) sharp, hot, pungent, fiery, acid, RV. x, 87, 9; AV. &c.; harsh, rough, rude, Mn. vii, 140; MBh.; R.; VarBrS.; sharp, keen, Śiś. ii, 109; Pān. v, 2, 76, Kāś.; zealous, vehement, L.; self-abandoning, L.; (with gati, 'a planet's course,' or nakshatra 'asterism') inauspicious, VarBrS. vii, 8 & 10; iic, 7 (asterisms Mūla, Ādrā, Jyeshthā, A-śleshā); m. nitre, L.; = taṇḍulā, Npr.; black pepper, ib.; black mustard, ib.; = gandhaka, ib.; = sārā, ib.; majoram, ib.; white Kuśa or Darbha grass, ib.; the resin of Boswellia thurifera, ib.; an ascetic, L.; (g. asvāddī) N. of a man, Rājat. viii, 1742 f.; of a Nāga, Buddh. L.; n. pl. sharp language, R. ii, 35, 33; MārkP. xxxiv, 46; sg. steel (cf. -varman), Npr.; iron, L.; any weapon, L., Sch.; sea-salt, L.; nitre, L.; Galmei, Npr.; poison, L.; Bignonia suaveolens, L.; Piper Chaba, L.; Asa foetida, Npr.; battle, L.; pestilence, L.; death, L., Sch.; heat, pungency, W.; haste, W.; (ā), f. N. of several plants (Mucuna pruriens, Cardiospermum Halicacabum, black mustard, atyāmla-parṇī, mahā-jyotishmatī, vacā, sarpa-kaṇkālikā), Npr.; a mystical N. of the letter p, Rāmat. i, 77; cf. a-, su-. -kanta, m. Alhagi Maurorum, L. -kantaka, m. 'sharp-thorn,' Caparis aphylla, Suśr. i, 8, 2; thorn-apple, L.; Terminalia Catappa, L.; Acacia arabica, Npr.; Euphorbia tortilis, ib.; = varvūra, L.; (ā), f. a kind of Opuntia, L. -kanda, m. 'pungent root,' the onion, L. -kara, m. 'hot-rayed,' the sun, Kathās. civ, 203. -karman, n. a clever work, L.; m. 'sharp in action,' a sword, L.; °rma-krīt, mfn. acting in a clever manner, L. -kalka, m. coriander, L. -kāntā, f. 'fond of cruelty,' a form of Candikā, Kālp. -gandha, m. 'having a pungent smell,' = °dhaka, L.; majoram, L.; the resin of Boswellia thurifera, L.; (ā), f. N. of several plants (= °dhaka, = -kantaka, Sinapis ramosa, jīvantī, vacā, śveta-vacā, L.), Suśr. vi, 23, 2; small cardamoms, L. -gandhaka, m. Moringa pterygosperma, L. -taṇḍulā, f. long pepper, L. -tara (°ndā), mfn. Compar. sharper, AV. iii, 19, 4; (speech) Mālav. iii, 2; more hot (rays), Ritus. i, 18. -tā, f. sharpness, R. iii, 19, 7; BhP. vi, 5. -tūṇḍa, mfn(ā)n. sharp-beaked, Suśr. vi, 30, 8. -taila, n. 'pungent oil,' the resin of Shorea robusta, L.; the milky juice of