

12. — *kriyā*, f. id., MBh.; R. — *gava*, n. a wife and cows, Pān. v, 4, 77. — *grahaṇa*, n. = -*karman*, MBh. — *tyāgin*, m. a repudiator of his wife, Śak. 130. — *parigraha*, m. = -*karman*, Mn. ix, 336; ^o*hin*, m. one who takes a wife, L. — *bali-bhuj*, w. r. for *dvāra-b*. — *rakshitaka*, mfn. relating to the protection of women. — *lakṣaṇa*, n. sign of wifehood, Mn. viii, 237. — *samgraha*, m. = -*karman*, MBh. — *sambandha*, m. union with a wife, marriage, MBh. i, 7240. — *suta*, n. sg. wife and child, Yājñ. ii, 175. — *Dārānukrāmaṇa*, n. N. of a ch. of the PSarv. — *Dārādhigamana*, n. 'wife-going,' marriage, Mn. i, 112. — *Dārādhīna*, mfn. dependent on a wife, Mn. ix, 28. — *Dārōpasam-graha*, m. 'wife-taking,' marriage, Yājñ. i, 56.

2. *Dāraka*, m. (rather connected with 2. *dāra* than with *√dṛī*) a boy, son, child, MBh.; Mṛicch.; Pañc.; Suśr.; young animal, Pur.; (*ikā*), f. a girl, daughter, Hariv.; Kathās. (*aki*, BhP. iv, 28, 21); harlot, L.; (*okau*), m. du. a boy and girl, Nal. — *Dārakācārya*, m. 'boy-preceptor,' schoolmaster, Lalit. — *Dārikā-dāna*, n. gift of a daughter in marriage, Kām. ix, 6.

2. *Dārin*, m. 'having a wife or wives,' a husband, W.

दारद *dārada*, mf(ī)n. coming from the country of the Darads or Daradas (g. *sindhv-ādi*); m. a kind of poison, L.; quicksilver, L.; the ocean, L.; m. and n. vermillion, L.; m. pl. N. of a people (probably w. r. for *darada*, MBh.)

दारिद्र *dāridra*, n. probably w. r. for ^o*drya*, n. poverty, Mṛicch.; VarBṛ.; Pañc.; Hit.

दारिल *dārila*, m. N. of Sch. on Kaus.

दारु 3. *dāru*, m. n. (g. *ardharcādi*) a piece of wood, wood, timber, RV.; AV.; TS.; Br.; Up.; MBh.; R. &c. (usually n., m. only Hariv. 15522); n. *Pinus Devadaru*, Suśr.; ore, L. [connected with 4. *dru* and *taru*; cf. also Zd. *dauru*; Gk. δόρυ, δρῦς; Goth. triu; Germ. trewo; Engl. tree]. — *kaccha*, m. or n. N. of a district; ^o*cchaka*, mfn. relating to it, Pān. iv, 2, 126, Kāś. — *kadalī*, f. a kind of wild plantain (= *vana-*), L. — *karnīn*, m. 'having wooden earrings,' N. of Bhavila, Buddh. — *karman*, n. wood-carving, Kād. — *kṛitya*, n. anything to be made of wood, Pañc. i, 108. — *gandhā*, f. a kind of perfume, L. — *garbhā*, f. wooden puppet, doll, L. — *ja*, mfn. made of wood, wooden, AgP. Hcat.; m. a kind of drum, L. — *tīrtha*, n. N. of a Tīrtha, ŚivaP. — *nīśā*, f. a species of Curcuma, Car. — *pat-trī*, f. *Balanites Roxburghii*, L. — *parvata*, m. N. of a palace, Venīs. i, 14. — *pātrā*, n. a wooden vessel, MānŚr. — *pītā*, f. = -*nīśā*, L. — *putrikā*, f. (Kathās.), -*puttri*, f. (L.) = -*garbhā*. — *phala*, m. or n. Pistachio (tree and nut); ^o*laka*, n. window-shutter, HParis. — *brahma-rasa*, m. a partic. medicine. — *matsyāhvaya*, m. a lizard, L. — *maya*, mf(ī)n. made of wood, wooden (^o*yī nārī, yosha* or *stri*, a wooden doll, MBh.); *citi*, a funeral pile, BhP. iv, 28, 50). — *mukhyāhvaya* or ^o*hva*, m. = *matsyāhvaya*, L. — *muca*, m. or n. (med.) white arsenic. — *mūkhā* (*shā?*), f. id., Bhpr. iii, 25. — *yantra*, n. a wooden puppet moved by strings, MBh. v, 5405. — *varman*, m. N. of a man, Mudrār. — *vaha*, mfn. bearing or carrying timber, Pān. vi, 3, 121, Vārtt. — *śailamaya*, mf(ī)n. wooden or stony, AgP. — *shatka*, n. a partic. mixture, Bhpr. iv, 34. — *sitā*, f. cinnamon in sticks, Bhpr. i, 188. — *stri*, f. a wooden doll, L. — *haridrā*, f. = -*nīśā*, Suśr. — *hasta* or ^o*taka*, m. a wooden spoon or ladle, L. — *Dārv-āghāṭa* or ^o*āghāṭa* (VS.) and ^o*āghāṭa* (L.) m. the woodpecker. — *Dārv-āhāra*, m. a collector of wood, VS. xxx, 12.

दारवा, mf(ī)n. wooden, made of wood or coming from wood, Mn.; MBh. &c. — ^o*vīya*, mfn. id., Vām. v, 2, 55, Bālar. ii, 14.

2. *Dāruka*, n. *Pinus Devadaru*, L.; (*ā*), f. a wooden doll or puppet, L. — ^o*kā-vana*, n. N. of a wood, ŚivaP. — ^o*kēśvaratīrtha*, n. N. of a Tīrtha, ib.

दारुना and (Uṇ. iii, 53) *dārunā*, mf(ā, once ī)n. hard, harsh (opp. *mṛidu*), ŚBr.; MBh.; Suśr.; rough, sharp, severe, cruel, pitiless; dreadful, frightful; intense, violent, Mn.; MBh.; R.; Śak.; Pañc. &c.; (in comp. or ^o*am* before a vb. to express excellence or superiority, cf. g. *kāshṭhādi*); m. *Plumbago Zeylanica*, L.; n. harshness, severity, horror, MBh.; ^o*naka*, n. N. of a disease of the roots of the hair, Suśr.; ^o*nya*, n. harshness (of sound, TPrat. ii, 10). — *karman*, n. violent treatment (of diseases), Suśr. — *tā*, f. harsh-

ness, dreadfulness, MBh.; VarBṛS. — *vapus*, mfn. of frightful shape, MBh. — *Darunākṛiti*, mfn. id., Nal. — *Dārunātman*, mfn. hard-hearted, cruel, Śak. — *Dārunādhyāpaka*, m. an indefatigable teacher, Pān. viii, 1, 67, Kāś.

— *Dārunāya*, Nom. Ā. ^o*yate*, to act harshly or cruelly, Naish. i, 80.

Dārva, mf(ī)n. wooden, Pur.; m. pl. N. of a people (generally associated with the Abhi-sāras), MBh.; Hariv. &c.; (*ī*), f. *Curcuma Aromatica* or *Xanthorrhiza*, also a kind of collyrium extracted from it, Suśr.; = *deva-dāru*, L.; = *go-jihvikā*, L. — *Dārvi-pattrikā*, f. N. of a plant = *go-jihvā*, L. — *Dārvi-homika*, mfn. = ^o*vīhaumika*, Comm. on Nyāyam. viii, 4, 2. — *Dārvi-kvāthōdbhava*, n. collyrium prepared from *Curcuma Aromatica* or *Xanthorrhiza*, L. — *Dārvi-haumika*, mf(ī)n. (fr. *darvīhoma*) relating to an oblation made with a ladle, Suśr.

— *Dārvaka*, mf(ī)n. relating to the Dārvas, Pān. iv, 2, 125, Kāś.; (*ikā*), f. N. of a plant = *go-jihvā*, L.; collyrium prepared from *Curcuma Aromatica* or *Xanthorrhiza*, L.; N. of a river, VāyuP. iv, 24, 18.

दारोदर *dārōdara*, mf(ī)n. (fr. *darōdara*) connected with gambling, Nalōd. iii, 7.

दार्घसत्र *dārgasattra*, mf(ī)n. (fr. *dīrgha-*) connected with a long sacrifice, Pān. vii, 3, 1.

दार्घेच्युत *dārdhacyuta*, m. patr. fr. *dīrghacyuta*, Pravar.; n. N. of a Sāman, Lāty. vii, 4, 1.

दार्थी *dārdhya*, n. (fr. *dīrgha*) hardness, fixedness, stability, strength, corroboration, Suśr.; Kām.; Rājat.

दार्तेय *dārteya*, m. patr. (fr. *dīrhti*), Kāth.; TāṇḍyaBr.

दार्तुर *dārdura*, mf(ī)n. (fr. *dardura*) relating to a cloud, Hariv. 4162; a frog's (bite), Car. vi, 23; belonging to the mountain Dardura, R. ii, 15, 33; n. a conch-shell the valve of which opens to the right, L.; lac, L.; water, L.; the ways of a frog, L. — *duraka* or ^o*rika*, mf(ī)n. belonging to a frog, BhP. ii, 3, 20.

दार्भ *dārbha*, mf(ī)n. made of Darbha grass, Lāty. — ^o*bhāyana* and ^o*bhi*, m. patr. fr. Darbha, Pān. iv, 1, 102, Sch. — ^o*bhyā* or ^o*bhyā*, m. id. (g. *kurv-ādi*), RV. v, 61, 17 (applied to Śyāvāśva); TS. ii, 6, 2, 3.

दार्वट *dārvata*, n. (fr. Pers. دار) a court or council-house, L. (cf. *darbha*).

दार्वण *dārvanya*, m. a peacock, L.

दार्वन *dārvan*, m. N. of a son of Uśinara, VP. (cf. *darvā*).

दार्शी *dārṣa*, mf(ī)n. (fr. *darṣa*) relating to the new moon or the ^o*m* sacrifice, Kaus. 24; m. (scil. *yajña*) the ^o*m* s, Mn. vi, 9. — ^o*sa-paurṇā-māsika*, mf(ī)n. belonging to the Darśa-pūrṇā-māsika sacrifice, SāṅkhŚr. v, 18, 7. — ^o*śika*, mf(ī)n. and ^o*śya*, mf(ā)n. relating to the new moon or the ^o*m* sacrifice, Comm. on ĀpSr. x, 21, 6 and TS. iii, 2, 2, 3.

दार्शनिक *dārṣanika*, mf(ī)n. (fr. *darṣana*) acquainted or connected with the Darśanas or philosophical systems, L.

दार्शद *dārshada*, mf(ī)n. (fr. *dīrshad*) ground on a stone, Pān. iv, 2, 92, Sch.; stony, mineral, W. — *shadvata*, n. (fr. *dīrshadvatī*) N. of a Sattrā, ŚrS.

दार्शन्त *dārṣṭānta*, mf(ī)n. (fr. *dīrṣṭānta*) explained by an example or simile, L. — ^o*tika*, mf(ī)n. id., Śaṅk. on Bādar. ii, 3, 24; one who uses an example or simile as a proof, Sch.

दार्शतिविशयिका *dārṣṭivishayika*, mf(ī)n. (fr. *dīrṣṭī* and *vishaya*) perceptible by the eye, Nir. vii, 8.

दाल *dāla*, n. (fr. *dala*) a kind of honey produced from petals (cf. *dala-ja*), L.; (*ā*), f. colocynth, Bhpr.; (*ī*), f. a kind of plant = *deva-dālī*, L.; m. a sort of grain = *Paspalum Frumentaceum*, W. (cf. *rajuu-*). — ^o*laka*, see *rajuu-*; (*ikā*), f. colocynth, Bhpr.

— *Dālaki*, m. N. of a preceptor, VāyuP.

— *Dālana*, n. (*√dal*) decay (of the teeth), Suśr.

दालभ्य *dālabhya* = *dālbhya*.

दालव *dālava*, m. a sort of poison, L.

दालिम *dālīma*, m. the pomegranate tree (cf. *dādīma*). — *phala*, n. a pomegranate, Amar. 13.

दाल्भ *dālbha*, mf(ī)n. relating to Dālbhya (see below), Pān. iv, 2, 111 (g. *kanvāddī*). — ^o*bhi*, m. (fr. *dalbha*) patr. of Vaka, Kāth. — ^o*bhya*, m. (fr. *dalbha*, iv, 1, 105) patr. of Keśin, TāṇḍyaBr. xiii, 10, 8; of Vaka, ChUp. i, 2, 13; of Caikitāyana, ChUp. i, 8, 1; N. of a grammarian, VPrāt. iv, 15; — *ghoṣha*, m. N. of an ancient sage, MBh. iii, 8383; — *pariśiṣṭa*, n. N. of wk. — ^o*bhyaka*, m. N. of an ancient sage, BrahmaP.

दाल्म *dālmi*, m. N. of Indra, L. (cf. *dalmi*).

दाव *dāvā*, m. (fr. √2. *du*, Pān. iii, 1, 142) conflagration, esp. a forest conflagration, ŚBr.; MBh. &c.; fire, heat; distress, L.; m. n. a forest, MBh. (always connected with fire), Ragh. ii, 8. — *dahana-*

jvālā-kalāpāya, Nom. Ā. ^o*yate*, to resemble the sheet of flame in a burning forest, Git. iv, 10. — *pā*, m. one who keeps watch over a forest on fire, VS. xxx, 16. — *parita*, mfn. surrounded by fire, VarBṛ. xxiv, 15. — *latā*, f. a creeper in a burning f°, BhP. iv, 8, 16. — *vivarjita*, mfn. free from fire. — *su*, m. N. of an Āngirasa, TāṇḍyaBr.; — *nidhana*, n. N. of a Sāman, ib. — *Dāvāgni*, m. fire in a forest, MBh., Hariv. — *Dāvānila*, m. id., Pañc., Kathās.

दाविक *dāvika*, mfn. coming from the river Devikā (water), Pān. vii, 3, 1, Sch. — *Dāvīkā-kūla*, mfn. (rice &c.) coming from the banks (*kūla*) of the Devikā, ib.

दाश 1. *dāś* (the finite forms only in RV. and once in ŚBr., see below), cl. 1. P. — *dāśati*, i, 93, 10; 151, 7 &c., Ā. ^o*te*, Dhātup. xxi, 18 (rarely cl. 2. 5. P. *dāṣṭi*, i, 127, 4; *dāśnōti*, viii, 4, 6 [the latter also = *√dāś*]; pf. *dādāśa*, i, 36, 4 &c.; Subj. *dādāśati*, ^o*sas*, ^o*sat*, i, 156, 2; 94, 15; 91, 20 &c.; p. *dādāśvās* [dat. ^o*sūshe*, i, 112, 20 &c.], *dāśivās* [only SV. i, 2, 1, 1, 1] and *dāśvās* [see below]), to serve or honour a god (dat. or acc.) with (instr.), i, 68, 6; vii, 14, 3 &c.; v, 41, 16; viii, 19, 4; offer or present (acc.) to (dat.), grant, give, bestow, i, 93, 3; ii, 19, 4 &c.: Caus. P. *dāśayati*, offer, present, ŚBr. i, 6, 2, 5. [Cf. *dāśasya*, and Gk. δῶν in ἔδωκ-α, δέδωκ-α.]

2. *Dāś*, f. worship, veneration, RV. i, 127, 7; m. worshipper, vi, 16, 26 (cf. *dū-* and *puro-*). — *Dāśas-pati*, m. lord of oblations, one who offers much, Sch.; — *patya*, mf(ā)n. offering much milk (cow), TāṇḍyaBr. xiii, 5, 26, 27; n. N. of a Sāman, ib.

1. *Dāśa*. See *puro*.

दाशु, mfn. worshipping, sacrificing (cf. *d-*). — *Dāśvādhvara*, mfn. intent on sacrificial oblations, RV.

दाशुरा, m. N. of a man (v. l. ^o*sūra*).