

Doh, in comp. for *dos*. — **sālin**, mfn. having strong arms, Kathās. = **śiñjinī**, f. = *dor-jyā*, Ganit. — **se-khara**, n. ‘arm-top,’ shoulder, L. — **sahasra-bhṛit**, m. ‘1000-armed,’ N. of Arjuna Kārtavirya, L.

Dor, in comp. for *dos*. — **āndolana**, n. swinging the arm, Prab. ii, 34 (v.l. *dolānd*). — **gadu**, mfn. having a crippled arm, L. — **graha**, mfn. ‘seizing with the arms,’ strong, L.; m. pain in the arm, W. — **jyā**, f. the sine of the base, Sūryas. — **danda**, m. ‘arm-stick,’ a long arm, Kāv. — **nikartana**, n. amputation of the arm, R. — **bāhavā**, n. pl. fore- and upper-arms, ŠBr. — **madhya**, n. the middle of the arm, W. — **mūla**, n. ‘arm-root,’ i.e. the arm-pit, Naish. — **latikā**, f. ‘arm-creeper’ (cf. *-danya*); *-darsanīya* (Subh.) or *-bhīma* (SāringP.), m. N. of the poet Bhīma.

Dosh-mat, mfn. having arms, HParī. — **Dosta** (for *doh-*), mfn. placed on the arm, W.; m. servant (cf. *pārṣva-sha*), service, L.; player, play, L.

दोहः dōha, mfn. ($\sqrt{2}.$ duh) milking, i.e. yielding, granting (ifc.), BhP.; m. milking or milk, RV.; AV.; ŠBr. &c.; deriving advantage from (gen. or comp.), profit, gain, success, Daś.; Pur.; a milk-pail, MBh.; BhP.; *manaso dō*, N. of a Sāman; (*ā*), f. N. of a Prākrit metre, Chandom. — **kāma** (*dō*), mfn. desirous to be milked, TS.; Kāth. — **ja**, n. ‘produced by milking,’ milk, L. — **Dohādohīya**, n. N. of a Sāman, ĀrshBr. — **Dohāpanaya**, m. milk, L.

Dohaka, m(*ikā*)fn., see *go-*.

Dohāna, mf(*ā*)n. giving milk, a milker, RV.; giving milk, yielding profit (cf. *kāma-*, *bahu-*), MBh.; Hariv.; (*ī*), f. milk-pail, Kauś. (also *°nikā*, Hcat.); n. (also *dōhō*) milking, RV.; ŠBr. &c. (cf. *go-*); the result of *mō*, Kātyārī.; (also *°naka*, Hcat.) milk-pail, MBh.; Suśr.; BhP. (cf. *kānsya-*). — *ni-yā*, mfn. to be milked, MW.

Dōhas, n. milking; dat. *°hāse*, as inf., RV. — *hita*, mfn. made to yield milk, milked, ŠBr. — *hin*, mfn. milking, yielding milk or desires (cf. *kāma-dohinī*). — *hiyas*, mfn. giving more or much milk, Pāṇ. v, 3, 59, Kāś.

Dohya, mfn. to be milked, milkable, Maitrī.; n. an animal that gives milk, Yājñ. ii, 177 (cf. *duhya*, *duhkha-dohya*, *sukha-dohā*).

दोहडिका dohadikā, f. a kind of Prākrit metre (= *dohā*), Chandom.

दोहदः dohada, m. (also n., L.; probably Prākrit for *daurhrida*, lit. sickness of heart, nausea) the longing of a pregnant woman for partic. objects (fig. said of plants which at budding time long to be touched by the foot or by the mouth [Ragh. xix, 12] of a lovely woman); any morbid desire or wish for (loc. or comp., f. *ā*), Yājñ.; R.; Kālid.; Pañc.; Kathās. &c.; pregnancy; a kind of fragrant substance used as manure, Naish. i, 82, Sch. — **duhkha-silata**, f. ‘tendency to morbid desires,’ pregnancy, Ragh. iii, 6. — **prakāra**, m. N. of a wk. on pregnancy. — **lakshana**, n. ‘having morbid longing as its mark,’ a fetus or embryo, Ragh.; the period of passing from one season of life to another, L. — **vati** and *°dānvitā*, f. having a pregnant woman’s longing for anything, L. — *dīn*, mfn. eagerly longing for (loc. or comp.), Vāsav.; Kād.; Kathās.; m. the Aśoka tree, L.

Dohala, *lavatī*, and *°lin* = *dohada* &c.

दोः dauh, Vṛiddhi form of *duh*, in comp. for *dus*, q.v. — **saleya**, m. prob. metron. fr. Duh-śalā, Cat. — **sāsana**, mf(*ī*)n. belonging to Duh-śasana, Pracand. ii, 41; *°ni*, m. patr. fr. D^o, MBh. xiv, 1825. — **śilya**, n. bad character or disposition, wickedness, MBh.; R. &c. — **shanti** (*dauh-*), m. patr. fr. Duh-shanta, Br. — **shthava**, n. (fr. *duh-shthu*) badness, wickedness, L. — **shvapnya**, n. evil dreams, AV. iv, 17, 5. — **stra**, n. (fr. *duh-strī*) discord between women (g. *yuvāddi*). — **sthya**, n. (fr. *duh-stha*) bad condition, Sarvad.

Daur, Vṛiddhi of *dur* for *dus*. — **ātmya**, n. bad-heartedness, wickedness, depravity, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; *°myaka*, mfn. wicked, evil (deed), R. — **ārdhi** (*daūr-*), f. ($\sqrt{1}.$ ridh) want of success, TBr. — **itā**, n. mischief, harm, ŠBr. — **ga**, see *daurga*. — **gatyā**, n. distress, misery, poverty, MBh. &c. — **gandha** (Divyāv.) and *°dhi* (W.), m.; *°dhya* (MBh.), n. bad smell, fetor. — **gahā**, m. ‘descendant of Dur-gaha,’ patr. of Puru-kutsa (Naigh. ‘horse’), RV. iv, 42, 8. — **jana**, m(*ī*)n. consisting of bad people (company), Nalac.; *°nya*, n. wickedness, de-

pravity; evil, wrong, Hit.; BhP.; ill-will, envy, SāringP. — **jīvitya** (*daūr-*), n. a miserable existence, AV. iv, 17, 3. — **bala**, (v.l. for) *°lya*, n. weakness, impotence, MBh. &c. — **brāhmaṇya**, n. the state of being a bad Brāhmaṇ, Kātyārī.; Sch. — **bhāgineya**, m. the son of a woman disliked by her husband (g. *kalyāny-ādi*); (*ī*), f. the daughter of a disliked woman. — **bhāgya**, n. (fr. *dur-bhaga* or *-bhagā*) ill-luck, misfortune, Yājñ. i, 282; (*daūr-*), unhappiness of a woman disliked by her husband, AV.; MBh. &c. — **bhiksha**, n. famine, TāṇḍyaBr., Sch.

— **bhrātra**, n. discord between brothers, g. *yuvāddi*. — **madya**, n. brawl, fight, L. — **manasāyana**, m. patr. fr. Dur-manas, g. *asvāddi*. — **manasya**, n. dejection, melancholy, despair, Var.; Pañc. &c. — **mantrya**, n. bad consultation or advice, Bhārī. ii, 34 (v.l. *dur-mantra*). — **mitri**, m. metron. fr. *dur-mitrā* (g. *bāhv-ādi*). — **mukhi**, m. patr. fr. *dur-mukha*, MBh. vii, 7008 &c. — **yodhana**, mf(*ī*)n. belonging or relating to Dur-yodhana, MBh. iv, 1712 &c.; *°ni*, m. patr. fr. D^o, vi, 2367. — **lambhya**, n. difficulty of attainment, rarity, MW. — **vacasya**, n. evil speech, L. — **varṇika**, n. bad mark, Divyāv. — **vāsa** or *°sasa*, mf(*ī*)n. relating to Dur-vāsas, Madhus.; n. (scil. *purāṇa*) N. of an Upapurāṇa. — **vratya** (*daūr-*), n. disobedience, ill conduct, VS. — **hārda**, n. badness of mind, wickedness, enmity, g. *yuvāddi*. — **hṛida**, n. id., MBh. v, 751; m. villain, Nilak.; morbid longing of pregnant women, L. — **hṛidinī**, f. a p^o w, BhP.

Dauś, Vṛiddhi of *dus* for *dus*. — **carmya**, n. a disease of the skin or of the prepuce, Mn. xi, 49, Kull.

— **carya**, n. ill conduct, wickedness, R. vi, 103, 20.

Daush, Vṛiddhi of *dush* for *dus*. — **kula** and *°leya*, mf(*ī*)n. sprung from a bad or low race, MBh.; R. — **kulya**, mfn. id., MBh. iii, 12629; n. low extraction, BhP. i, 18, 8. — **kritya**, n. badness, wickedness, TāṇḍyaBr.; Lāty. — **Daushṭhava**, see *dauh-sh* (above). — **Daushpurushya**, n. the state of a bad man, g. *yuvāddi*.

दौकूल daukūla, mf(*ī*)n. (fr. *dukūla*) covered with fine cloth (also *°kūlaka* or *°gūla*), L.; n. a cloth made of Dukūla, Var.

दौत्य dautya, n. (fr. *dūta*) the state or function of a messenger, message, mission, MBh.; Hariv. &c. (*°yaka*, n., BhP.)

दौरुधरा daurudhara, mfn. (fr. *durudharā*), Var.

दौरश्रवस daureśravasa, m. (fr. *dūre-śravas*) patr. of the serpent-priest Pṛithu-śravas, TāṇḍyaBr. — **Daureśruta**, m. (fr. *dūre-śruta*) patr. of the serpent-priest Timirgha, ib.

दौर्गी daurga, mf(*ī*)n. relating to Durga or Durgā; m. pl. the school of Durga, Cat.; n. a wk. by Durga, ib. — **sinha**, mf(*ī*)n. belonging to or composed by Durga-sinha, Cat. — **Daurgāyāya**, m. fr. Durga, g. *nādādi*.

Dauryga, n. difficulty, inaccessibility, W.

दौर्वीण daurvīṇa, n. (fr. *dūrvā*) the sap or juice of bent grass, L.; = *mr̄ishṭa-parṇa* (a clean leaf, W.) or *ishṭa-parṇa*, L.

दौलेय dauleya, m. (fr. *duli*) a turtle or tortoise, L.

दौल्मि daulmi, m. N. of Indra (cf. *dalmi* and *dālmi*).

दौवारिक dauvārika, m. (fr. *dvār* or *dvāra*) door-keeper, warder, porter, Śak.; Pañc.; Rājat. (*°ki*, f., Ragh. vi, 59); a kind of demon or genius, Var.; Hcat.

दौवालिक dauvālikā, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. ii, 1874.

दौषक daushka, mf(*ī*)n. (fr. *dos*) one who swims or crosses a stream by the help of his arms, Pāṇ. vii, 3, 51; Pat.; going on the arms, Uṇ. ii, 69, Sch.

दौष्य daushṭya, n. (fr. *dushṭa*) depravity, wickedness, Var.

दौष्यन daushyanta, mf(*ī*)n. relating to Dushyanta, MBh.; m. N. of a mixed caste, Gaut.; *°ti*, m. patr. of Bharata, MBh.; Śak. &c. (w.r. *daushv*). — **Daushmanta**, *°ti*, w.r. for prec.

दौहदिक dahuhadika, m. (fr. *dohada*) a landscape gardener, Naish.; morbid or ardent desire, ib.

Dauhṛida and *°dīnī* (Suśr.) = *daurhṛī* (see *daur* under *dauh*).

दौहिक dahuika, mf(*ī*)n. (fr. *doha*) g. *chedādi*. — **दौहित्र dahuhitra**, m. (fr. *duhitri*) a daughter’s son, Mn.; MBh. &c.; N. of a prince, VP. (v.l. *°trya*); (*ī*), f. a d^o’s d^o, MBh.; R.; n. a rhinoceros, L.; sesamum-seed, L.; ghee from a brownish cow, L. — **Dauhitra**, m. the son of the daughter of the daughter’s son, MBh. i, 5026. — **vat**, mfn. having a daughter’s son, MBh.

Dauhitraka, mf(*ī*)n. relating to a daughter’s son, ib.

Dauhitrāyana, m. the son of a daughter’s son, g. *haritādi*.

द्य द्या, dyas. See *a-dyā*, *sa-dyās*.

Dyām-pāta, dyāvā. See under 2. *dyū*.

Dyāvan. See *vṛishṭi*.

द्य 1. dyu, cl. 2. P. **dyauti** (Dhātup. xxiv, 31; pf. *dudyāva*, 3 pl. *dudyuvur*) to go against, attack, assail, Bhaṭṭ. — **Dyut**, mfn. advancing against, (ifc.), ib.

द्य 2. dyū, for 3. *div* as inflected stem and in comp. before consonants. — **karnārdha**, m. = *dina-vyāsa-dala*, Sūryas. — **kāma**, m. N. of a man (cf. *dyaukāmi*). — **kshā**, mf(*ā*)n. (fr. 1. *ksha*) heavenly, celestial, light, brilliant, RV.; *-vacas* (*kshā-*), mfn. uttering heavenly words, vi, 15, 4. — **ga**, m. ‘sky-goer,’ a bird, L. (cf. *khe-cara*). — **gāna**, m. = *dina-rāśi*, Sūryas. — **gāt**, ind. (*√gam?*) through the sky (Naigh. quickly), RV. viii, 86, 4. — **cara**, mfn. walking or moving in heaven, an inhabitant of h^o, Hariv.; Rājat.; m. a Vidyā-dhara, Kathās. (*ri* *√bhū*, to become a V^o, ib.); a planet, Gol. — **cārin**, m. a Vidyā-dhara, Kathās. — **jana**, m. a god, Pur. — **jaya**, m. conquest or attainment of heaven, BhP. — **jīvā** (Gol.) and *°jyā* (Sūryas., Sch.), f. ‘sky-diameter,’ the d^o of a circle made by an asterism in its daily revolution. — **taru**, m. the tree of heaven, BhP.

dantin, m. heavenly elephant (cf. *dik-karin*), Dharmāśarm. — **dala**, n. ‘sky-half,’ noon, Sūryas.

dhāman, m. having one’s abode in heaven, a god, Pur. — **dhuni**, f. ‘heavenly river,’ the Ganges, BhP.

nadī, f. id., ib.; *-samgama*, m. N. of a place of pilgrimage, Rasik. — **nivāsa**, m. heavenly abode, heaven, W.; inhabitant of h^o, a deity, ib. (also *°sin*, Siddhāntas.); *°si-bhūya*, n. the becoming a deity.

niś or -niśa, day and night (only *°si*, Var.; *°sos*, Mn.; *°sam*, Yājñ.; *°se*, du., Sūryas.) — **pati**, m. ‘sky-lord,’ a god (pl.), BhP.; the sun, L.; N. of Indra, L. — **patha**, m. ‘sky-path,’ the upper part of the sky, Rājat. — **pinda**, m. or n. = *ahar-gana*, Sūryas. — **puramdhri**, f. = *-yoshit*, Rājat.

bhakta (*dyū-*), mfn. distributed by heaven, RV.

mani, m. ‘sky-jewel,’ the sun, Hcat.; N. of Śiva, MW.; calcined copper, BhP. — **māt**, mfn. bright, light, brilliant, splendid, excellent, RV.; VS.; BhP.; clear, loud, shrill, RV.; AV.; brisk, energetic, strong, ib.; m. N. of a son of Vasishtha, BhP.; of Divo-dāsa (= Pratardana), ib.; of Manu Svārocisha, ib.; N. of a minister of Śālva, ib.; n. eye, ib. iv, 25, 47; ind.

clearly, brightly, loudly, RV.; *-sena*, m. N. of a prince of Śālva, father of Satyavat, MBh.; R.; <i