

नग ná-ga, m. 'not moving' (cf. á-ga), a mountain (ifc. f. ā; cf. sa-naga), AV. &c. &c.; the number 7 (because of the 7 principal mountains; cf. kula-giri), Sūryas.; any tree or plant, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a serpent, L.; the sun, L. — karṇī, f. Clitoria Ternatea, L. — ja, mfn. mountain-born, mountaineer; m. elephant, L.; (ā), f. a kind of plant, L. — nadī, f. 'm^o-river,' N. of a river, Megh. — nandī, f. 'm^o-daughter,' N. of Durgā (d^o of Himālaya), L. — nimna-gā, f. 'm^o-river,' torrent, Śiś. ii, 104. — pati, m. 'm^o-chief,' the Himālaya, L. — bhid, m. 'rock-splitter,' (L.) an axe; a crow; Indra; a kind of plant. — bhū, mfn. = ja; m. a kind of plant, L. — mūrdhan, m. 'm^o-crest,' W. — randhra-kara, m. 'm^o-splitter,' N. of Kārttikeya, Ragh. ix, 2. — vat, mfn. abounding in mountains or trees, R. — vāhana, m. 'm^o-borne,' N. of Śiva, Śivag. — vṛittika, m. (and °kā, f.) a kind of plant, Sūsr. — śreshthā, m. the finest tree, Suparṇ. — svarūpinī, f. a kind of metre, Śrutab. Nagāgra, n. m^o-top, MBh. Nagātana, m. 'tree-wanderer,' monkey, L. Nagādhipa, m. = ga-pati, L. Nagādhira, m. id., MW. Nagāpagā, f. = ganimnagā, Śiś. ii, 100. Nagāri, m. N. of a man, MBh. iv, 1294. Nagālikā, see nagānikā. Nagāvāsa, m. 'tree-dweller,' a peacock, L. Nagāsman, m. a piece of rock, Śiś. xv, 10. Nagāsraya, mfn. living in mountains, W.; m. a kind of plant, L. Nagāhvaya, m. N. of a man, MBh. iv, 1294. Nagendra, m. 'm^o-lord,' N. of Himālaya, Ragh. ii, 28; of Kailāsa, Megh. 63; of Nishadha, Ragh. xviii, 1. Nagēsa, m. id., N. of a partic. m^o, Śatr.; of Kailāsa or of Śiva, MW. Nagēśvara, m. id., N. of Himālaya, L. Nagōochrāya, m. m^o-elevation, W. Nagōdara, n. m^o-rift, BhP. Nagākas, m. 'mountain- or tree-dweller,' (L.) lion; the fabulous animal Śarabha; a crow (cf. agāukas); any bird.

नगणा nagaṇā, f. Cardiospermum Halicacabum, L. (v. l. nagnā).

नगर nāgara, n. (m. only MBh. iii, 3014; ifc. f. ā, Hariv. 2951; prob. not fr. naga + ra, but cf. g. āsamādi; the n cannot be cerebralized, g. kshubhnādi) a town, city, N. of sev. cities, TĀr.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; (ī), f., see below. — kāka, m. 'a town-crow,' a term of contempt, L. — koṭi, N. of a town (Nagar-kot), and of another place, Cat. — khaṇḍa, N. of ch. of the SkandaP. — gāmin, mfn. (road) going or leading to a t^o, Mālatim. i, 23. — ghāta, m. 't^o-destroying, (also -ka), an elephant, L. — catush-patha, m. or n. meeting of 4 ways in a t^o, MānGr. — jana, m. pl. townsfolk, sg. a citizen, Hit. — daivata, n. presiding deity of a t^o; -vat, ind. Mṛicch. i, 19. — dvāra, n. t^o-gate, Hit.; -kūtaka, n. a kind of fence on a t^o-g^o, L. — dhana-vihāra or -dhana-samghārāma, m. N. of a Buddh. monastery. — pati, m. t^o-chief, L. — pura, n. N. of a t^o, L. — pradakshinā, f. carrying an idol round a t^o in procession, MW. — prānta, m. the outskirts of a t^o, ib. — bāhu, m. 't^o-arm,' N. of a man, L. — bāhya, mfn. situated without the town, MW. — maṇḍanā, f. 't^o-ornament,' a courtesan, Vāsav. — mardīn, m. 't^o-crusher,' N. of a man, g. bāhv-ādi. — mālin, mfn. garlanded with flowers, MW. — mustā, f. = rōttha. — rakshādhikṛita, m. the chief of the t^o-guard, Mṛicch. — rakshin, m. t^o-watchman, ib. — vāyasa, m. = -kāka, L. — vāsin, mfn. 't^o-dwelling,' a citizen, MW. — vṛiddha, m. t^o-senior, Daś. — sammita, mfn. equal to a t^o, MW. — stha, m. = -vāsin, Hit. — svāmin, m. 't^o-chief,' N. of a man, Kathās. — hāra, 't^o-taking,' N. of a kingdom, L. Nagarādhikṛita (Rājat.), rādhipa & pati (Kathās.), rādhyaksha (Hariv.), m. t^o-chief, head police-officer. Nagarābhyāsa, m. neighbourhood of a t^o, MW. Nagarōtthā, f. a kind of plant, L. Nagarōpānta, n. = ra-prānta, MW. Nagarānkas, m. = ra-vāsin, Rājat. Nagarāushadhi, f. Musa Sapiantum, L.

Nagarāya, Nom. Ā. °yate, to look like a town, MBh.; Hariv. N. of a town, Car.; N. of a man, AitBr. v, 30. °ry-anna, n. food given by the lord of a town, Mn. iv, 213.

Nagarī, f. = ra, Mn.; MBh. &c. — nirodha, m. N. of ch. of GaṇP. ii. — baka, m. 'town-crane,' a crow, L. — yukti, f. N. of ch. of the Yukti-kalpataru. — rakshin, m. town-watchman, MBh.

Nagarīya, mfn. belonging to a town, civic, urban, Kāv.

नगानिका nagānikā, °nī or nagālikā, f. a kind of metre, Col.

नग्न nagna. See under √naj below.

नग्नह nagnāhu (or °hū, L.), m. ferment, a drug used for fermenting spirituous liquor, VS.; ŚBr.

नघमार nagma-mārā & naghā-rishā, m. N. of the plant kushtha = Costus Speciosus, AV. (cf. nakhā).

नघुष naghusha, m. N. of a man = nahusha, MaitrUp.; Ragh.; n. Tabernaemontana Coronaria, Bhpr.

नह् नāikh. See √nakh.

नचिकेत na-ciketa, na-cira &c. See under 2. na, p. 523.

नज naj, cl. 6. Ā. najate, to be ashamed (v. l. for lajj, Dhātup. xxviii, 10; probably invented to explain nagna).

Nagnā, mf(ā)n. naked, new, bare, desolate, desert, RV. &c. &c.; m. a naked mendicant (esp. a Buddha, but also a mere hypocrite), Var.; VP.; a bard accompanying an army, L.; N. of Śiva, Śivag.; of a poet, Cat.; (ā), f. a naked (wanton) woman, AV. v, 7, 8; a girl before menstruation (allowed to go naked), Pañc. iii, 217; Cardiospermum Halicacabum, L. (cf. naganā); = vāc (v. l. for nanā), Naigh. i, 11, Sch. [Cf. Zd. maghna for naghna; Lith. nūgas; Slav. nagi; Goth. nagaths; Engl. Sax. nacod; Engl. naked; Germ. nackt.] — kshapanaka, m. a naked mendicant, Kād.; mfn. (place) containing (only) n^o m^os, Cāṇ. — m-karana, mf(ī)n. making n^o, Pāṇ. iii, 2, 56. — caryā, f. vow to go n^o, Divyāv. — jit, m. N. of a prince of the Gandhāras (father of one of Kṛishṇa's wives), Br.; MBh.; of a writer on architecture (?), VarBrS. lviii, 4; 15; of a poet, Cat. — tā (gnā-), f. (RV.; ŚBr.), -tva, n. (Hit.) nakedness. — dhara, m. N. of Sch. on Ragh.; Cat. — nīlapatādi, n. nick-name of Kaṇāda's wks., Cat. — bhūpati-graha, m. N. of a drama. — mushita, mfn. stripped bare, g. rājadantādi. — m-bhaviṣṇu, mfn. (Pāṇ. iii, 2, 57) = m-bhāvuka, mfn. (ib.) becoming naked, uncovering one's self in a shameless manner, TS.; Kāth. — vṛitti, f. N. of Comm. on Uṇ. — vrata-dhara, mfn. observing the vow of a n^o mendicant (Śiva), Śivag. — śramaṇa (VarBrS., Sch.) & -śravaṇa (Kāraṇḍ.), m. a n^o ascetic. Nagnācārya, m. a bard, VarBrS., Sch. (cf. nagnā above). Nagnāta & °taka, m. a n^o wanderer, (esp.) a Buddh. or Jain. mendicant, Rājat.; L.

Nagnaka, mf(ikā)n. naked, wanton, AV.; HPariś.; m. a n^o mendicant, Pañc.; a bard, L.; (ikā), f. a n^o or wanton woman, L.; a girl before menstruation, MBh.; Pañc.

Nagnī, in comp. for °na. — karaṇa, n. stripping, undressing, W. = √kṛi, to render naked; — kṛita, mfn. converted into a n^o mendicant, Bhartṛ. i, 64.

नञ् nañ, ind. N. of the negat. particle na, negation, Pāṇ. ii, 1, 60; Vām. v, 2, 13 &c. — artha, m. the meaning of na; — nirṇaya & -vāda, m. (°da-tīkā & vivṛiti, f.) N. of wks. & Comms. — vāda, m. N. of wks.; — tippanī, f. -viveka, m. N. of Comm.'s on it. — viveka, -śiro-maṇi, -samāsa & -sūtrārtha-vāda, m. N. of wks.

नञ्जराज nañja-rāja, m. N. of a king and author(?). — yaśo-bhūshana, n. N. of wk.

नट naṭ (Prākṛ. for nṛit, q. v.), cl. 1. P. naṭati (Dhātup. xix, 19; ix, 23) to dance, Kāv.; to hurt or injure, Vop. (cf. un-√naṭ): Caus. nāṭayati (Dhātup. xxxii, 12) to represent anything (acc.) dramatically, act, perform, imitate, Mṛicch.; Śak. &c.; to fall (cf. √naḍ); to shine, Vop.

Naṭa, m. (fr. prec.; but cf. Uṇ. iv, 104) actor, dancer, mime, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; N. of a partic. caste (sons of degraded Kshatriyas, Mn. x, 22); Colosanthus Indica, L.; Jonesia Asoka, L.; a sort of reed (= kishku-parvan), L.; (in music) N. of a Rāga (= of a man (who with his brother Bhaṭa built a Vihāra), Buddh.; (ā), f. Caesalpina Banducella, L.; (ī), f. an actress (g. gaurādi), Śak.; Sāh. &c.; a dancer, Nauch girl, courtesan, L.; a partic. fragrant plant, Bhpr.; red arsenic, L.; (in music) N. of a Rāgiṇī. — gaṅg'oka, m. N. of a poet, Cat. — gati, f. a kind of metre, Col. — caryā, f. an actor's performance, BhP. — tā, f. office or condition

of an a^o, Hariv. — nārāyaṇa, m. (in music) N. of a Rāga. — patṛikā, f. Solanum Melongena, L. — parna, n. 'a^o's wing, the skin, W. — baṭu, m. a young a^o, L. — bhaṭika-vihāra, m., -bhaṭikā, f. 'temple of Naṭa & Bhaṭa,' N. of a t^o, Buddh. — bhūshana and -maṇḍana, n. 'a^o's ornament,' orpiment, L. — raṅga, m. 'a^o's arena,' anything illusory, Buddh. — vara (W.) or -śreshthā (MW.), m. chief a^o or dancer. — samjñaka, m. orpiment, L. an a^o or d^o, W. (cf. -bhūshana). — sūtra, n. rules for a^os, Pāṇ. iv, 3, 110. Naṭāntikā, f. 'a^o-killing, a^o-spoiling,' shame, modesty, L. (v. l. °ndhikā). Naṭēśvara, m. 'lord of dancers,' N. of Śiva, W.

Naṭaka, m. an actor, L. — melaka, n. 'company of actors,' N. of a comedy.

Naṭana, n. dancing, dance, pantomime, Kautukas. °nānanda-nātha, m. N. of an author, Cat.

Naṭaniya, mfn. to be danced, Git.

Naṭāniya, mfn. disgusted with, tired of (instr.), HPariś.; n. acting, representation, MW.

Naṭī, f., see nata, above. — suta, m. the son of a dancing girl, MW.

Naṭyā, f. a company of actors, g. pāsādi.

नट्ट naṭṭa or °taka, m., °tā, f. (in music) N. of a Rāgiṇī. — kalyāṇa & -nārāyaṇa (cf. nata-n^o), m. id. — paṭṭa-grāma, m. N. of a village, Cat. — mallārikā, -varāṭikā & -ham-birā, f. N. of Rāgiṇīs.

नड 1. naḍ, cl. 10. P. nāḍayati, to fall, Vop. in Dhātup. xxxii, 12 (cf. √naṭ).

2. Naḍ, in comp. and word-formation for naḍa. — antikā, f. 'reed-destroying,' N. of a river, Vishṇ. (cf. naṭant^o). — bhuvaka, m. N. of a poet, Cat. — vat, mfn. covered with reeds, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 87. — vala, mf(ā)n. = -vat, iv, 2, 88; n. a quantity of r^os, r^o-bed, MBh.; Ragh.; (ā), f. id., VS.; N. of the wife of Manu Cākshusha, Hariv.; Pur. (v. l. na-valā; cf. nāḍvaleyā). — vābhū (?), f. = kuṭṭima, L.

Nadā or nalā, m. (L. also n.) a species of reed, Arundo Tibialis or Karka, RV.; AV.; ŚBr.; N. of a prince with the patr. Naishidha, ŚBr. (= Nala Naishadha, Sch.); of a Nāga, L.; of a partic. tribe whose employment is making a sort of glass bracelet, W. (cf. nala). — kūbara, m. N. of a son of Kubera, Kathās. (cf. nala-). — neri, f. (in music) a kind of dance. — prāya, mfn. abounding in reeds, L. — bhakta, mfn. inhabited by Naḍa (?), g. aishukāry-ādi (v. l. nada-). — maya, mf(ī)n. consisting or made of r^o, Kauś. — mīna, m. 'r^o-fish,' a kind of sprat, L. — vana, n. 'r^o-thicket,' L.; N. of a place, Rājat. — samhati, f. 'id.,' L. Nadā-gāra, n. r^o-hut, MW. Nadā-giri, m. (g. kim-sulakādi) N. of an elephant, Kathās.

Nadāka, n. the hollow of a bone, KātyŚr. °ḍa-kīya, mfn. abounding in reeds, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 91. °ḍasa, mfn. id., g. tṛiṇādi.

Nadīnī, f. a reed bed, g. pushkarādi. °ḍila, mfn. reedy, covered with reeds, g. kāśādi.

Nadyā, f. a reed bed, L.

नडह naḍaha, mfn. lovely, beautiful (prob. w. r. for laḍaha).

नडुवाह naḍu-vāha, m. N. of a poet, Cat. (for naḍ-v^o or naḍa-v^o?).

नट nat, mfn. (√nam) bowing, bowing one's self (ifc.), MW.

Natā, mfn. bent, bowed, curved, inclined, inclining, RV. &c. &c.; bowing to, saluting (acc. or gen.), BhP. vi, 9, 40; v, 18, 4; depressed, sunk, flat; deep, hanging down, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; ifc. bent down by or turned towards (cf. vāma-, add.); cerebralized (as the letter n, cf. natī), RPrāt.; m. n. Tabernaemontana Coronaria, L.; n. zenith-distance at meridian transit, Sūryas.; hour-angle or distance in time from meridian, ib.; inclination, ib. — kam-dhara, mfn. bowing (the neck), MW. — kāla, m. hour-angle (see above), Sūryas., Sch. — ghaṭikā, f. id., ib. — jyā, f. the sine of the hour-angle, MW. — druma, m. = latā-sāla (bower?), L. — nādikā or -nāḍī, f. = -kāla, L.; any hour of birth after noon or before midnight, W. — nābhi, mfn. 'deep-naved,' thin, slender, Kum. i, 38. — nāsika, mfn. flat-nosed, Var. — parvan, mfn. (arrow) flat-jointed, smooth, MBh. v, 7143; Śak. vii, 162 (read adhunā nata^o). — bhāga, m. zenith-distance at meridian transit, Sūryas. — bhrū, mfn. having arched brows or bending the brows, frowning, Vikr. iv, 28. — mukha, mf(ī)n. bending down the face, looking