

ing sky-water or rain,' the Cátaka bird, L. — **yoni**, m. 'sky-born,' N. of Siva, Śivag. — **rajas**, n. 'sky-dust,' darkness, L. — **rūpa** (*nād*), mfn. 'cloud-coloured,' gloomy, dark, VS.; (-*rūpā*), m. N. of a mythic. being, Suparn. — **renu**, f. 'sky-dust,' fog, mist, L. — **laya**, m. 'sky-dissolved,' smoke, L. — **lih**, mfn. 'sky-licking,' lofty, towering, W. — **vata**, m. 'sky-expansive,' atmosphere, L. — **vid**, mfn. knowing the sky, abiding in it, RV. x, 46, 1. — **vithi**, f. 'sky-road,' the sun's path, BhP.

Nabhya, mfn. foggy, moist, cloudy, ŚāṅkhGr.

नभाक *nabhāka*, m. N. of the author of RV. viii, 39–41 (—vāt, N°'s hymn, AitBr. vi, 24; ind. like N°, RV. viii, 40, 4; 5); n. = *nabhas* or *tamas*, Un. ; L.

नभाग *nabhāga*, m. N. of a son of Manu Vaivasvata, VP. (cf. *nabha-ga*, *nābhāga*).

नभि *nabhi*, m. a wheel, W.

2. **Nábhya**, n. the centre part of a wheel, the nave, AV.; Br. &c.; the middle (-*stha*, mfn. standing in the m°), ŚBr.; mfn. (according to g. *gav-ādi* fr. *nābhi*) belonging to or fit for a nave, Un. iv, 125, Sch.

नभीत *na-bhīta*, *na-bhrāj* &c. See 2. **ná**.

नम *nam*, cl. 1. P. *námati* (Dhātup. xxiii, 12), °te (mostly intrans.; cf. Pān. iii, 1, 89; pr. p. Ā. *namāna*, R.; pf. P. *nānāma*, RV. &c.; 2. sg. *nemitha* or *nanantha*, Vop.; Subj. *nanāmas*, RV.; 3. pl. *nemur*, Kāv.; Ā. *neme*, RV.; 3. pl. -*nanāmire*, MBh.; aor. P. *anān*, Kāth.; *anānsit*, Daś.; Ā. *anānsta*, Gr.; 3. pl. *anānsata*, Br.; Subj. *nānsai*, *nānsante*, RV.; fut. *nānsyati*, Br.; *namishyati*, Hariv.; *nāntā*, Siddh.; inf. -*nāmam*, -*nāme*, RV.; *nāntum*, *namitum*, Kāv.; ind. p. *nātvā*, BhP.; Kathās.; -*natya*, Br.; -*nāmya*, MBh.) to bend or bow (either trans. or oftener intr.), to bow to, subject or submit one's self (with gen., dat. or acc.), RV. &c. &c.; (with *hiruk*) to turn away, keep aside, AV. iv, 1, 3; to turn towards, i.e. to aim at (gen.) with (instr.), RV. i, 165, 6; to yield or give way, keep quiet or be silent, Bālar. vi, 12; (in gram.) to change a dental letter into a cerebral, RPrāt.: Pass. *nāmyate*, to be bent or bowed; yield or submit to, TUp. iii, 10, 4: Caus. *namāyati*, RV. &c. &c. &c. (*nāmayati*, Up. &c.; *nāmyati* [!], Mṛicch. i, 30; aor. *anānāmat*, RV.; Pass. *nāmyate*, °ti, MBh. &c.) to cause to bow or sink, incline, RV. &c. &c.; (with *cāpam*) to bend a bow, MBh.; Hariv. &c.; to turn away or ward off, RV.; to aim at (gen.), ix, 97, 15; (in gram.) to change a dental letter into a cerebral, RPrāt.: Desid. *nīnānsati*, Gr.: Intens. *nānnāmīti*, RV.; *nānnāmyate*, KātySr. (3. sg. *nāmnāte*, impf. *anāmnāta*, p. *nāmāmāna*, KV.) to bow or submit one's self to (dat.), RV.; Br. [Cf. Zd. *nam*, *nemaiti*; Gk. *vέμω*, *vέμος*, *vόμος*; Lat. *nemus*; Goth., Old Sax., Angl. *Sax. niman*; HGerm. *nēman*, *nēmen*, *nehmen*.]

1. **Náma**, m. pasture-ground, RV. iii, 39, 6.

2. **Nama** = °*mas* in **náma-ukti**, f. homage, veneration, RV. i, 189, 1 &c.

Namaka, m. (prob.) N. of an author. — **bhāshya** & -*camaka-bhāshya*, n. N. of Comms.

Namat, mf(*ntī*)n. bending, bowing, stooping, Kāv.; Pur.

1. **Namata**, mf(*ā*)n. bent, crooked, Un. iii, 110, Sch.; m. master, lord; actor, mime, L.; a cloud, W.

Namana, mfn. bending, bowing (ifc.), Śiś. vi, 30 (cf. *nri*-); n. bowing down, sinking, MārkP.; bending (a bow), Sāh. °*nīya*, mfn. to be bowed down to, venerable; -*pāda*, BhP.

Namayat, mf(*ntī*)n. bending, inclining, Kathās. °*yitavya*, mfn. to be bent (bow), Prasannar. °*yishnu*, mfn. bowing, bending, RV.

Námas, n. bow, obeisance, reverential salutation, adoration (by gesture or word; often with dat., e.g. *Rāmāya namah*, salutation or glory to Rāma, often ind. [g. *svar-ādi*]; *namas-√kri*, to utter a salutation, do homage; ind. p. °*mas-kritya* [AV.; TS. &c.] or °*mas-krītvā* [MBh.; BhP.]; *nāmas-krita*, worshipped, adored), RV. &c. &c.; food, Naigh. ii, 7; a thunderbolt, ii, 20; gift, donation, L.; m. (?) an inarticulate cry, L. — **kartṛi**, mfn. worshipping, a worshipper, MBh. — **kārā**, m. the exclamation 'namas,' adoration, homage, AV.; Br.; &c.; a sort of poison, L.; (*ī*), f. a kind of plant; °*ra-vat*, mfn. containing the word 'namas-kāra,' AitBr.; °*ra-vi-dhi* & °*ra-stava*, m. N. of wks. — **kārya**, mfn. to

be worshipped or adored, reverential, MBh.; Hariv. — **kṛiti** (Kād.), -**kriyā** (MBh.), f. adoration, homage. — **vat** (*nād*), mfn. paying or inspiring veneration, RV. — **vín**, mfn. worshipping, reverential, ib.

Namasa, mfn. favourable, kind, Un. iii, 117; m. (?) agreement, W. °*sānā*, mfn. paying obeisance, worshipping, AV. °*sita*, mfn. (prob. w.r. for °*syita*, see next) reverenced, worshipped, Br.

1. **Namasya**, Nom. P. °*yati* (ep. also °*te*), to pay homage, worship, be humble or deferential, RV. &c. &c. (p. °*syat*; ind. p. °*syā*). °*syā*, f. reverence, adoration, RV. x, 104, 7. °*syita*, mfn., see under *namasa*. °*syū*, mfn. bowing down (in *ā-nō*, q.v.); doing homage, worshipping, RV.; m. N. of a son of Pravīra, BhP.

2. **Namasyà**, mfn. deserving or paying homage, venerable or humble, RV. &c. &c.

Namita, mfn. bowed, bent down, Kāv.

Name, in comp. for °*mas*. — **guru**, m. spiritual teacher, a Brāhmaṇ, L. — **vāka**, m. uttering the 'names,' homage, obeisance, RV.; AV. &c. — **vṛik-ti** (*nād*), f. reverential cleansing (of the Barhis), RV.; TS.; -*vat*, mfn. containing the word 'namo-vṛikti,' ĀpSr. — **vṛidh**, mfn. honoured by adoration, RV. — **vṛidhā**, mfn. worshipping, glorifying, ib.

Namyā, mfn. to be bowed down to, venerable, MW.; changeable to a cerebral letter, RPrāt.; (*ā*), f. the night, Naigh. i, 7.

Namrā, mf(*ā*)n. bowing, inclining; bowed, bent, curved; hanging down, sunk; bowing to (comp.); submissive, reverential, humble, RV. &c. &c.; (*ā*), f. N. of 2 verses addressed to Agni, ŚrS. — **tā**, f., -**tva**, n. state or condition of bowing or hanging down; bowing to (loc. or comp.); submissiveness, humbleness, meekness, Kāv. — **nāsika**, mfn. flat-nosed, L. — **prakṛiti**, mfn. of a gentle or submissive disposition, MW. — **mukha**, mf(*ī*)n. having the face bent down, looking down, W. — **mūrti**, mfn. having the form bent, stooping, bowed, W. — **Namrāṅga**, mf(*ī*)n. bending the body, bowed, stooping, MW.

Namraka, mfn. bowed down, stooping, L.; m. Calamus Rotang, Bhpr.

Namrita, mfn. bent down, made to sink, Inscr.

Namri-√kri, to bend or bring down, humiliate, ib.

Namat 2. *namata*, n. felt, woollen stuff, L. (cf. 2. *navata*).

Namāत्र *na-māṭra*, *na-mura* &c. See 2. **ná**.

Namī *nami*, m. N. of a Jain. author (1069), Cat.

Namī *námī*, n. N. of a man, RV.

Namuच *namuca*, m. N. of an ancient sage, MBh. xiii, 7112 (cf. next).

Namuci, m. (according to Pān. vi, 3, 75 = *na* + *mō*, 'not loosing,' scil. the heavenly waters, i.e. 'preventing rain') N. of a demon slain by Indra and the Aśvins, RV.; VS.; Br.; MBh. &c.; of the god of love, L. — **ghna** (MBh.), -**dvish** (Śiś.), m. 'hater or killer of Namuci,' N. of Indra. — **sūdana**, m. 'destroyer of N°', id.; -*sārathi*, m. Indra's charioteer Mātali, Bālar. — **han**, m. = -*ghna*, MBh.

Nameru, m. Elaeocarpus Ganitrus, L.

Nमैय *namaiya*, m. N. of a poet, Cat. (v.l. *nammaiya*).

Nमृ *namb*, cl. 1. P. *nambati*, to go, Vop. in Dhātup. xi, 35.

Nमृकारिका *nambi-kārikā*, f. N. of wk.

Nमैय *nammaiya*. See *namaiya*.

Nय *nay*, cl. 1. Ā. *nayate*, to go; to protect, Dhātup. xiv, 7.

Nय *naya*, m. (✓ 1. *nī*) leading (of an army), R.; conduct, behaviour, (esp.) prudent c° or b°, good management, polity, civil and military government, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; wisdom, prudence, reason (*naya* ibc. or *nayeshu*, in a prudent manner, MBh.), R.; BhP.; plan, design, MBh.; Pañc.; Kathās.; leading thought, maxim, principle, system, method, doctrine, R.; Sāh.; Bhāshāp.; Sarvad.; a kind of game and a sort of dice or men for playing it, L.; N. of a son of Dharma and Kriyā, Pur.; of a son of 13th Manu, Hariv.; guide, conductor, L.; mfn. fit, right, proper, L. — **kovida**, mfn. skilled in policy, prudent,

BhP. — **ga**, mfn. behaving properly or prudently, MBh. — **cakshus**, n. the eye of prudence, R.; mfn. wise, prudent, Ragh. — **candra**, m. N. of a dram. poet, Cat.; -*sūri*, m. N. of the author of the Hammīcarita, ib. — **jī**, f. N. of a woman, ib. — **jīna**, mfn. = -**kovida**, R.; Pañc.; m. a follower of any system, MW. — **datta**, m. N. of a man, Kuttālm. — **dyumāpi**, m., -**nirūpana**, n. N. of wks. — **netri**, m. a master in policy or politics, L. — **pāla**, m. N. of a king, Vet.; of another man, Inscr. — **pīthī**, f. a board for playing, L. — **prakāśikā**, f. N. of wk.

— **prayoga**, m. political wisdom or address, W. — **bodhikā**, -**maṇi-māñjari**, -**māṇi-mālikā**, -**mayūkha-mālikā**, f.; -**mārtanda**, m.; -**ratna**, n.; -**ratna-mālā**, f.; -**locana**, n. N. of wks. — **vat**, mfn. versed in polity, prudent, Kāv.; containing some form of √*nī* (as a Rik), TS. — **vartman**, n. 'path of policy,' political wisdom, Kir. — **vid**, mfn. = -**kovida**, Kāv.; m. a politician, statesman, MW. — **viveka**, m. N. of wk.; -*dīpikā*, -*śāṅkā-dīpikā*, f.; -*kālamkāra*, m. N. of Comms. — **visārada**, mfn. = -*vid*, R. — **vīthi**, f. N. of wk. — **vedin**, mfn. = -*vid*, Gal. — **śālin**, mfn. endowed with political wisdom or prudence, Kathās. — **śāstra**, n. the doctrines of p° w°, R.; Pañc. — **samgraha**, m. 'summary of p° w°', N. of wk. — **sādhana**, n. political conduct, R. — **sāra**, m. 'essence of polity,' chief of a village, W.; N. of wk. — **sāhasānti-mat**, mfn. requiring a high degree of prudence and resolution, Pañc. iii, 264. — **siddhi**, f. political success, W.

Nayaka, mfn. clever in policy, L.

Nayat, mf(*anti*)n. leading, guiding &c. (see √*nī*); informing, certifying, obtaining, W.

Nayana, m. N. of a man, Rājat.; (*ā* or *ī*), f. the pupil of the eye, L.; n. leading, directing, managing, conducting; carrying, bringing, Hariv.; Kāv.; Pañc. &c.; (*kālasya*) fixing, MBh. i, 2580, Nilak.; drawing, moving (a man or piece in a game, cf. *naya* and *naya-pīthī*), L.; (pl.) prudent conduct, polity, BhP. x, 50, 34; 'the leading organ,' the eye (ifc. f. *ā* or *ī*), MBh.; Kāv.; Suśr. &c.

gocara, mfn. being within the eye's range, visible (-*tva*, Naish., Sch.; °*rī-√kri*, to perceive or behold, Vās.). — **candrikā**, f. moonshine, anything looking bright to the eyes, Daś.; N. of wk. — **carita**, n. play of the eyes, ogling, Pracānd. — **cehada**, m. eye-covering, an eyelid, L. — **jala**, n. 'eye-water,' tears, Kād. — **tva**, n. condition of the eyes, sight, Venīs. vi, 48. — **patha**, m. (Vedāntas.), -*padavī*, f. (Kāv.) range or field of sight. — **puta**, m. or n. the eyelid, Var. — **prabandha**, m. the outer corner of the eye, ib. — **prasādini**, f. N. of wk. — **priti**, f. 'eye-delight,' lovely sight, L. — **plava**, m. swimming of the eyes, Suśr. — **budbuda**, n. eyeball, ib. — **bhūshana**, n. N. of wk. — **vat**, mfn. having eyes, Mālatīm. — **vāri**, n. = -*jala*, Śiś. — **vishaya**, m. 'range of sight,' the horizon, Megh.; -*ībhāva*, m. the being within sight, Naish. — **sāna**, m. a partic. ointment for the eye, Bhpr. — **salila**, n. = -*jala*, Megh.; Kād. — **sukha**, m. N. of an author, Cat. **Nayanāñcala**, m. eye-corner, R.; side-glance, Prasannar. — **Nayanāñjana**, n. any ointment for the eye, R. — **Nayanāñjala**, w. r. for °*nāñcala*. — **Nayanāñanda**, m. = -*priti*, Ratn.; N. of Sch. on the Amara-koṣa (also -*śarman*), Cat. — **Nayanānta**, m. eye-corner, Kāv. — **Nayanāñrita**, n. a partic. ointment for the eyes, Rasēndrac. — **Nayanāñbu**, n. = -*na-jala*, Kir. — **Nayanāñtsava**, m. 'eye-festival,' any lovely sight or object, L.; a lamp, L. — **Nayanāñda**, n. 'eye-water,' tears, MW. (also °*daka*, Kād.); -*bindu*, m. tear-drop, Vikr. — **Nayanāñpānta**, m. eye-corner, L. — **Nayanāñshadha**, a partic. ointment for the eyes, L.