

also represented as ordinary men, MWB. 220); N. of the numbers 7 (Sūryas.) or 8 (Hcat.); a cruel man, L.; one of the 5 airs of the human body (which is expelled by eructation), Vedāntas.; (sg. also collect.) an elephant (f. ī, ifc. f. ā), Kāv.; BhP. etc.; the best or most excellent of any kind (ifc.), L. (cf. *rī-shabha*, *vyāghra* &c.); shark, L.; cloud, L.; N. of sev. plants (Mesua Roxburghii, Rottlera Tinctoria &c.), L.; N. of a serpent-demon, VP.; of a Sādhyā, Hariv.; of a teacher, Buddh.; of a dynasty of 9 or 10 princes, VP.; of sev. authors (also *śarman* and *bhaṭṭa*), Col.; of sev. other men, Rājat.; of a mountain, Pur.; of a district, L.; = *danta* (below), L.; (ā and ī), f. N. of sev. women, Rājat.; (ī), f. N. of a metre, Col. (cf. above); n. (m., L.) tin, lead, Bhpr.; a kind of talc, ib.; a kind of coitus, L.; N. of the 3rd invariable Karaṇa (see s.v.), Sūryas.; Var.; of the effects of that period on anything happening during it, W.; of a district of Bhārata-varsha, Gol.; mf (ā or ī)n. formed of snakes, relating to serpents or s°-demons, snaky, serpentine, serpent-like, MBh. &c. (with *āsana*, n. a partic. attitude in sitting, Cat.; ā, f. [scil. *vīhi*] = *nāga-v*°, below, Var.); belonging to an elephant, elephantine (as urine), Suśr. — *kanda*, m. a kind of bulbous plant, L. — *kanyakā* (L.), *-kanyā* (Kāraṇd.), f. a serpent-virgin (cf. MWB. 220; RTL. 233). — *karna*, m. red Ricinus, L. — *kiñjalka*, n. the blossom of Mesua Roxburghii, L. — *kundala-kundalin*, mfn. wearing a coiled serpent for an earring, MBh. — *kumāra*, m. prince of the serpent-demons, Divyāv.; pl. N. of a class of deities among the Bhavanādhīśas guarding the treasures of Kubera, L.; (ī), f. Rubia Munjista, L.; (also *rikā*) Coccus Cordifolius, L. — *kesa*, m. N. of a minister of king Nāgēśa, Buddh. — *kesara*, m. Mesua Roxburghii, Vāsant.; n. its blossom, Suśr. (-*cūrṇaka*, L.); a kind of steel, L. — *khanḍa*, n. N. of one of the 9 divisions of Bhārata-varsha, Rājat. (w.r. -*chanda*; cf. -*dvīpa*). — *gandhā*, f. a kind of bulbous plant, L. — *garbha*, n. red lead, ib. — *campaka*, m. a kind of Campaka, L. — *cūḍa*, m. 'serpent-crested,' N. of Śiva, Śivag. — *ecchattrā*, f. Tiaridium Indicum, L. — *ja*, n. 's°-born,' red lead, tin, L. — *jihvā*, f. 's°-tongue,' a species of creeper, L.; *vikā*, f. red arsenic, L. — *jīvana*, n. tin, L.; -*śatru*, m. 'foe of tin,' orpiment, L. — *tamāni*, f. = *yashṭi*, L. — *tīrtha*, n. N. of a Tīrtha, ŚivaP.; *māhātmya*, n. N. of wk. — *datta*, mfn. given by Nāgas or serpents, MBh. i, 5033 (v.l. -*danta*); m. N. of a son of Dhṛīta-rāshṭra, MBh.; of a man related to Gautama Buddha, Lalit.; of a king of Āryāvarta, contemporary of Samudra-gupta, Inscr. — *danta*, m. elephant's tusk or ivory, MBh.; a peg in the wall to hang things upon, Pañc.; Kathās.; (ā), f. N. of an Apsaras, R. (v.l. -*dattā*); (ī), f. Tiaridium Indicum, Suśr.; Heliotropium Indicum, L.; — *maya*, mf(ī)n. made of ivory, Hcat. — *dantaka*, m. = *danta*, m., Var.; Hit.; (*ikā*), f. Tragia Involuta, L. — *damāni*, f. s°-spell, Artemisia Vulgaris, or Alpinia Nutans, L. — *dalōpama*, n. Xylocarpus Granatum, L. — *dāśaka*, m. (*saka?*) N. of a prince, Buddh. — *dentikā*, f. (for -*dantikā?*) the betel plant, L. — *deva*, m. a serpent-king, W.; N. of sev. authors (also *bhaṭṭa*); *vāhnika*, n. N. of wk.; *vīya*, mfn. written by Nāga-deva; n. N°'s wk. — *dru*, m. a species of Euphorbia (used in offerings to the snake-goddess Manasā), W. — *dvīpa*, n. N. of a Dvīpa in Jambū-khaṇḍa or Bhārata-varsha, MBh. (cf. *nāga-khaṇḍa*). — *dhanvan*, m. (!) N. of a Tīrtha (cf. -*vartman*, MBh., B.) — *dharīya*, n. N. of wk. — *dhvani*, m. (in music) N. of a Rāga. — *nakshatra*, n. N. of the lunar mansion Aśleshā, Var. — *nāṭha*, m. serpent-chief, Inscr.; N. of sev. authors, Cat.; n. = *thēśa-linga*, n. N. of a Liṅga sacred to Śiva, Cat. — *nābha* (?), m. of a man, Cat. — *nāmaka*, n. tin, L.; the blossom of Mesua Roxburghii, Gal. — *nāman*, m. holy basil (= *tulasī*), L. — *nāyaka*, m. serpent-chief, Rājat. — *nāsā*, f. the trunk of an elephant; *sōrū*, f. a round-thighed woman, R. (cf. *karabhōru*). — *niryūha*, m. a peg in a wall (= *danta*), L. — *pañcamī*, f. a partic. festival sacred to the Nāgas (the 5th day in the light half of month Śrāvana or in the dark h° of m° Āśāḍhā), L.; RTL. 323; -*vrata*, n., *ta-kathā*, f. N. of wks. — *pati*, m. a serpent-chief, MBh. — *patrā*, f. = *damanī*, Bhpr. — *pada*, m. a kind of coitus, L. — *parṇī*, f. the betel plant, L. — *pāla*, m. N. of a man, Rājat.; of a prince of Sāsikya, Daś. — *pāsa*, m. a sort of magical noose (used in battles), Mahidh. on VS. vi, 8 (cf. MBh. viii, 2586 &c.); a

kind of metre (= *bandha*), L.; N. of Varuṇa's weapon, L.; of a man, Cat.; *saka*, m. a kind of coitus, L. — *putra*, m. a young serpent-demon, Pañcad. — *pura*, n. N. of a town (= *hāstina-pura*), AVParī; MBh.; *rī*, f. (prob.) id. in *rī-māhātmya*, n. N. of wk. — *pushpa*, m. N. of sev. plants, MBh.; Hariv.; Suśr. &c. (= Mesua Roxburghii, Rottlera Tinctoria, and Michelia Champaka, L.); (ī), f. = *damanī*, Bhpr.; n. the blossom of Mesua Roxb°, Var.; *phalā*, f. Benincasa Cerifera, L.; *pikā*, f. yellow jasmine, L. — *paiya* (?), m. N. of a poet, Cat. — *pota*, m. = *putra*, Hariv. (v.l. *pannagēndra*). — *pratishṭhā*, f., *vidhi*, m. N. of wks. — *phala*, m. Trichosanthes Dioeca, L.; (ā), f. Momordica Monadelpha, Var. — *bandha*, m. a snake as a chain or fetter, Kathās.; N. of a metre resembling the coilings of a s°, Pratāp. (cf. -*pāsa*). — *bandhaka*, m. elephant-catcher, L. — *bandhu*, m. 'e°-friend,' Ficus Religiosa, L. — *bala*, m. 'having the strength of an e°,' N. of Bhīma, L.; (ā), f. Uraria Lagopodioides, Suśr.; Sida Spinosa, L.; n. a partic. high number, Lalit. — *bali*, m. an oblation to the Nāgas (a partic. marriage ceremony), ĀpGr. ii, 15, Sch.; N. of a work attributed to Śauṇaka, Cat. — *buddha*, m. N. of an ancient teacher, Buddh. — *buddhi*, m. N. of a medical author; — *ghanṭu*, m. N. of his wk. — *bodha* or *dhīn*, m. N. of an author, Cat. — *bhagini*, f. 'serpent's sister,' N. of the goddess Manasā, Brahmap. (cf. -*mātri*). — *bhid*, m. 'elephant-destroyer,' a species of snake (v.l. for -*bhrīt*?), L. — *bhūṣhana*, m. 'decorated with serpents,' N. of Śiva, Śivag. (cf. -*cūḍa*); N. of an author, Cat. — *bhrīt*, m. a species of snake, Amphisbaena, L. (cf. -*bhid*). — *bhoga*, m. a species of snake (or the coiling of a s°?), R. v, 74, 31. — *mandalika*, m. a keeper or catcher of snakes, L. — *mati*, f. Ocimum Sanctum, L. — *maya*, mf(ī)n. consisting of or in elephants, Hariv. — *malla*, m. 'athlete among the e°,' N. of Indra's e° Airāvata, L. — *mātri*, f. 'serpent-mother,' N. of Su-rasā, R.; of the goddess Manasā, L.; red arsenic, L. — *māra*, m. a species of pot-herb, L. — *mudra*, m. N. of a Buddhist Sthavira; (ā), f. a seal-ring showing a serpent, Mālav. — *mauñjin*, mfn. (fr. *muñjā*) wearing a snake as girdle, MBh. — *yajñopavīta*, n. a serpent as the sacred thread; mfn., *ta-vat* (Hcat.) *tin* (MBh.), mfn. possessing it. — *yashṭi* and *tiḍī*, f. a post serving as water-mark, L. — *rakta*, n. red lead, L. — *rāṅga* and *gaka*, m. an orange-tree, Śrikanṭh.; L. — *ratṭa*, m. N. of a man, Rājat. viii, 1137 (v.l. -*vattā*). — *rāj*, m. serpent-king, MBh. — *rāja*, m. id., ib. (also *jan*); a large or noble elephant, ib.; N. of an author (also -*keśava*); — *nātaka*, n., -*padhati*, f., -*śataka*, n. N. of wks.; *jāya*, Nom. Ā. *yate*, to become a serpent-king, Vās. — *rukā*, m. (fr. -*vriksha*?) the orange-tree, L. (cf. -*rāṅga*). — *rūpa-dhrik*, m. N. of an author of Mantras (among the Sāktas), Cat. — *renū*, m. red lead, L. — *latā*, f. Piper Betle, Bālār.; the penis, L.; N. of a woman, Rājat. — *lekhā*, f. N. of a woman, ib. — *loka*, m. the world of serpents or s°-demons (called Pātāla and thought to be under the earth), MBh.; Hariv. &c.; the race of these beings collectively, ib.; -*pati*, m. a s°-chief, BhP. — *vattā*, m., see -*ratṭa*. — *vat*, mfn. consisting of serpents (MW.) or of elephants, MBh. — *vatman*, w.r. for -*vartman* or -*dhanvan*. — *vadha* (with *rāsa*), m. a remedy against leprosy for the preparation of which a snake is used, Bhpr. — *vadhū*, f. female elephant, R. — *vana*, n. (in comp.) e°s and forests or a f° of e°s, Vishn. iii, 16; N. of a place, L. — *vartman*, m. (!) N. of a Tīrtha, MBh. ix, 2148 (B. -*dhanvan*). — *vardhana* and *varman*, m. N. of men, L. — *vallari*, f. Piper Betle, Bhpr. — *vallī*, f. id., R. (also *li*, Siś. ix, 35, *likā*, L.); N. of wk. (also -*kalpa*, m.) — *vasā*, f. = *vadhū*, Mudr. — *vārika*, m. (L.) royal elephant; e°-driver; a peacock; N. of Garuḍa; the chief person in a court or assembly. — *vāśa*, m. 'abode of snakes,' N. of a lake supposed to have been formed by the valley of Nepal, Buddh. — *vīṭhi*, f. a row of serpents, MBh.; 's° path,' the moon's path through the asterisms Svāti (or Aśvinī), Bharāṇī and Kṛittikā, Var. (cf. *nāgā*, f. and *gaja-v*°); N. of a daughter of Dharmā and Yāmī or of Kaśyapa and Yāmī, Hariv.; Pur. — *vriksha*, m. a kind of tree, R. (cf. -*rukā*). — *vyāḍhi-nirṇaya*, m. N. of wk. — *śata*, m. N. of a mountain, MBh. — *śabdī*, f. (in music) N. of a Rāga. — *śarman*, m. N. of a Purohita, Bhadrab. — *śundī*, f. a kind of cucumber, L. — *śūra*, m. N. of a man, Kathās. — *śrī*, f. N.

of a princess, ib. — *sambhava*, n. red lead, L. — *sambhūta*, mfn. produced from serpents (said of a kind of pearl), Var. — *sāhvaya* (with *nagara*), n. 'the town called after elephants,' i.e. Hāstina-pura, MBh. — *sugandhā*, f. the ichneumon plant (cf. *nākuli*), Bhpr. — *sena*, m. N. of a Buddh. Sthavira, MWB. 141; 192, n. lx; of a king of Āryā-varta and contemporary of Samudra-gupta, Inscr. — *sto-kaka*, n. a species of poisonous plant, L. — *sthala*, n. N. of a village near Mathurā, Kathās. — *sphoṭā*, f. Croton Polyandrum or Tiaridium Indicum, L. — *svāmin*, m. N. of a man, Kathās. — *hanu*, m. Unguis Odoratus, L. — *hanṭī*, f. a kind of plant, L. — *hrada*, m. a lake inhabited by snakes or serpent-demons, R. — *Nāgākhya*, m. Mesua Roxburghii, L. — *Nāgāṅga*, n. N. of the town Hāstina-pura, W. — *Nāgāṅganā*, f. female elephant, L.; v.l. for next. — *Nāgāñcanā*, f. an e°'s trunk, L.; = *nāga-yashṭi*, L. — *Nāgāñcalā*, f. = *ga-yashṭi*, L. — *Nāgāñjanā*, f. female e°, L.; = prec., L. — *Nāgāñhipa*, m. 'serpent-prince,' N. of Śesha, L. — *Nāgāñhipati*, m. 'id.,' N. of Virūḍhaka, L. — *Nāgāñhirāja*, m. the king of the elephants, Vikr. — *Nāgāñana*, w. r. for *gāśana*. — *Nāgāñanda*, or *diya*, n. 'the serpents' joy,' N. of a Buddh. play ascribed to king Harsha. — *Nāgāñtaka*, m. 's°-destroyer,' N. of Garuḍa, L. — *Nāgāñbarāṇa*, n. N. of wk. — *Nāgāñbibhu*, m. N. of a Buddha (bhū, of another man), Lalit. — *Nāgāñrāti*, m. = *ga-hanṭī*, L. — *Nāgāñri*, m. 'serpent-foe,' N. of Garuḍa, Rājat.; Pañc.; -*giri-vivara-kalpa*, m. N. of wk.; -*tantra-homa*, m. a kind of sacrifice, Saṃskārak. — *Nāgāñrūḍha*, mfn. mounted or riding upon an elephant, W. — *Nāgāñjuna*, m. N. of an ancient Buddh. teacher of the rank of a Bodhi-sattva, MWB. 192; (-*carita*, -*jātaka*, -*tantra*, *nīya* and *nīya-dharma-sāstra*, n. N. of wks.); (ī), f. N. of a rock-cavern, Inscr. — *Nāgāñlābu*, f. a kind of gourd, L. — *Nāgāñvalokita*, n. elephant-look (turning the whole body, as a mark of Buddha), Divyāv. — *Nāgāñsana*, m. 'snake-eater,' a peacock, Kāv.; N. of Garuḍa, Pañc. — *Nāgāñhva*, n. 'the town called after elephants,' Hāstina-pura, L.; (ā), f. Mesua Roxburghii, Rasar.; a kind of Champaka, L.; a kind of bulbous plant, L. — *Nāgāñhvaya* (with *puru*), n. = prec. n. (cf. *nāga-sāhv*°), MBh.; m. a kind of plant, R.; N. of Tathāgata-bhadra, L. — *Nāgāñdra*, m. serpent-chief, MBh.; Suśr.; a large or noble elephant, Kāv.; (ī), f. N. of a river, Śatr. — *Nāgēśa*, m. N. of a prince, Buddh.; of a man called also *daiva-jīna*, Cat.; of Patañjali, L.; (also *bhaṭṭa*) = *nāgoji-bh*° (*śa-vivaraṇa*, n. N. of wk.); n. N. of a Liṅga in Dārukā-vana, ŚivaP. — *Nāgēśvara*, m. a kind of plant, Pañcar.; N. of a man, Rājat.; (ī), f. N. of the goddess Manasā, Cat.; n. N. of a Liṅga, ŚivaP.; -*tīrtha*, n. N. of sev. sacred bathing-places, ib. — *Nāgōda*, n. (nāga + *uda* or corrupted fr. next) armour for the front of the body, L. — *Nāgōdara*, m. N. of a medical author, L.; n. a kind of decay of the fetus in the womb, Car.; = prec., L. — *Nāgōdbheda*, m. N. of a sacred spot where the river Sarasvatī reappears, MBh. — *Nāgōpavītin*, mfn. = *nāga-yajñāḍp*°, Hcat.

*Nāgaka*, m. N. of a man, Rājat.

*Nāgin*, mfn. covered with or surrounded by serpents, Hariv.; (ī), f. Piper Betle, L.; a kind of bulbous plant, L.

*Nāgila*, m. N. of a man, Śatr.; (ā), f. N. of a woman, HParī.

1. *Nāgi*, f. of *nāga*. — *ja*, n. the blossom of Mesua Roxburghii, L.

2. *Nāgi*, in comp. for *nāga*. — *bhū*, to be changed into a serpent-demon, Rājat.

*Nāgāñti* *nāgāñmā*, f. (Prākr. for *na-aqā-myā*?) N. of a poetess, Cat.

*Nāgāñya* *nāgāñya*, m. N. of an author, Cat.

*Nāgāñra* *nāgāñra*, mf(ī)n. (fr. *nagara*) town-born, t°-bred, relating or belonging to a t° or city, t°-like, civic, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; spoken in a t° (said of a partic. Apabhrañśa dialect; cf. *upa-n*°), Sāh.; polite, civil, Śak. v, 1 (v. l. for *rika*); clever, dexterous, cunning, Dhūrtan.; bad, vile, L.; nameless, L.; m. a citizen, MBh. &c.; (= *paura*) a prince engaged in war under partic. circumstances (opp. to *yāyin* &c. and also applied to planets opposed to each other), Var.; a husband's brother, L.; a lecturer, L.; an orange, L. (cf. *nāga-raṅga*); toil, fatigue, L.; desire of final beatitude, L.; denial of knowledge, L.; (ī), f. Euphorbia Antiquorum, L.;