surpass, Kāv.; Hit. bhartsana, n. threatening, reproach, blame, MBh.; Rājat. (also ā, f.); red paint, lac, L.; -danda-mohita, mfn. bewildered by the threat of punishment, MBh. bhartsita, mfn. threatened, menaced, reviled, abused, Kathās.; Pur.; -vat, mfn., Pañc.

निर्भेल nir- bhal (only pr.p.f.-bhālayantī in Prākr., Mālav. i, ई, v.l. -dhyāyantī), to see, perceive, notice = (and perhaps w.r. for) ni-bh°.

निर्भस nir-√bhas, -bapsati, to bite off, chew, TBr.; Kāth.

from nir-\sqrt{bhā}, P. -bhāti (pf. -babhau), to shine forth, appear, arise, Mn.; Kāv.; Pur.; to look like, seem to be (iva), MBh. viii, 3141. bhāta, mfn. shone or shining forth, appeared, arisen, MBh.; Kāv. &c.

luminate, Hariv. °bhāsa, Caus. -bhāsayati, to illuminate, Hariv. °bhāsa, m. appearance, Sarvad. (ifc. f. ā = nibha, similar, like, Kāraṇḍ., printed °bhāsha). °bhāsana, n. illuminating, illustrating, making manifest, Sarvad. °bhāsita, mfn. illuminated, illumined, Hariv.; = dīpta, L.

निर्भिद् nir-\bhid, P.A.-bhinatti(2.sg.Subj. aor. -bhed, RV. i, 104, 8; pf. -bibheda, MBh. &c.; -bibhide, Hariv.; ind. p. -bhidya, SBr.; MBh. &c.), to cleave or split asunder, divide, open, pierce, hurt, wound, destroy, RV.&c.&c.; (with locane) to put out, MBh.; (with kham) to form an aperture, excavate, BhP.; (with granthim) to loose, untie, ib.; to penetrate i.e. find out, investigate, discover, MBh.; Kav. &c.: Pass. -bhidyate, to be broken asunder, cleave or split open (intrans.), Up.; Susr.; BhP. bhinna, mfn. broken asunder, budded, blossomed; divided, separated, disunited; pierced, penetrated; found out, betrayed, Br.; MBh.; Kav. &c.; -tanu, mfn. having the body pierced through or transfixed, MW. bheda, m. breaking asunder, splitting, bursting (trans. and intrans.), R.; Susr.; split, rent, channel (of a river), Hariv.; betraying, revealing, Malav. iv, 1. bhedin, mfn. splitting, piercing, Kathās. 2. bhedya (for I. see p. 541, col. 3), mfn. to be split asunder.

निर्मेश nir- / I.bhuj, P.bhujati, to bend awry, distort (mouth, eyes &c.), Yājñ.; Sušr. bhugna, mfn. bent awry, distorted, MBh.; Sušr.

peared, 'was off'), RV. iv, 19, 9; viii, 68, 2. bhūti (nir-), f. disappearing, vanishing, AV.

or draw out, RV. x, 58, 8; 9. °bhrita, (prob.) w.r. for ni-bh° (cf. nir-bhata).

ia), to sink under, sink into, MBh.; Hariv.; to inundate, deluge (Pot. -majjyāt), SBr. omagna, mfn. to sink under (opp. to un-magna), Sāh.; sunk into i.e. firmly fixed upon (comp.), R. omajā (nír-), f. watering-place, pond (?), RV. viii, 4, 20 (Sāy. of nír-maj, mfn. = suddha').

form the ceremony of lustration with anything (acc.), Naish. "mancana, n. = nī-rājana, ib. Sch. (w. r. "manchana, Kum. xiii, 18, with v.l. "uñ-chana).

निमेष nir-\math or manth, P.A.-manthati, ete, RV.; -mathati, te, MBh.; -mathnāti, Kāth. (fut. -mathishyati, ind. p. -mathya, MBh.; Kāv. &c.); to grind (fire) out of (wood), to produce (fire) by rubbing (wood together), rub or churn anything out of anything (double acc.), RV.; SBr. &c.; to stir or churn (the sea), MBh.; R.; to tear or draw or shake out of, extract, MBh.; Kāv.; Pur.; to shake, agitate (the mind), MBh.; to grind down, crush, destroy, MBh.; Hariv.&c.: Pass. -mathyate (p. 'yamāna), to be rubbed or churned &c., MBh.; Hariv. "matha, m. rubbing; -dāru = nirmantha-do, L. mathana, n. rubbing, churning, making butter, lighting a fire by rubbing two pieces of wood together or by churning, Up.; MBh.; Susr.; Kam. mathita, mfn. stirred about, churned, agitated, crushed, destroyed, MBh.; Kav. &c.; wiped off, Mricch.; m. a fire newly lighted by rubbing (wood), KätySr. 1. mathya, mfn. to be (or being newly) excited by friction, Vait.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. a partic. fragrant

bark, L. 2. "mathya, ind. having ground or churned &c., MBh.; Kāv.; having discriminated or particularized, W.; forcibly, by force, Kathās. "mantha, m. rubbing; -kāshṭha or -dāru, n. the wood or stick used for kindling fire by friction; a churning stick, L. "manthana, n. rubbing together (esp. for kindling fire), churning, friction, Vait.; Sušr. "manthyà, mfn. to be (or being) stirred or churned or excited by friction (as fire), TS.; ŠrS.; to be distinguished or discriminated, W.; -dāru, n. the wood for kindling fire by fro, L. "māthin, mfn. grinding down, crushing or stamping to pieces, churning, rubbing, Rājat.

निर्मद् nir-√mad, Caus.-mādayati, to wash, Divyâv.

निमा nir- v mā, A.-mimīte, TS.: AV.; Br.; -māti, Kāv.; Pur. (pf. -mame, Mn.; MBh.; ind. p. -māya, Prab.; inf. -mātum, Rājat.); to mete out, measure, AV.; to build, make out of (abl.), form, fabricate, produce, create, TS.; Br., Mn. &c.; (with citram) to paint, Sak.; Das.; (with kosam) to compose or write, Cat.; (with giram) to utter, Kull.; (with nītim) to show, betray, MBh.: Pass. -miyate (pf. -mame, Rājat. v, 425; aor. -amāyi, Cat.), to be measured out &c.: Caus.-māpayati, to cause to be made or built, Rājat.; Kathās.: Desid. -mitsati, to wish to make or build, Naish. "ma, f. value, measure, equivalent, Laty. mana, n. measuring, measure, reach, extent (often, mfn. ifc.); Hariv.; R.; forming, making, creating, creation, building, composition, work (ifc. 'made of,' Susr.), MBh.; Kav. &c.; (with Buddh.) transformation; pith, the best of anything  $(=s\bar{a}ra)$ , L.; = asamanjasa, L.; -kāya, m. the body of transformations, Buddh.; MWB. 247; -kāraka, m. creator, Vishn.; -rata, m. pl. 'finding pleasure in creating,' N. of a class of gods, MBh.; -rati-deva, m. pl. 'id.' or enjoying pleasures provided by themselves,' a class of beings inhabiting the fifth heaven, VP.; Lalit.; MWB. 208. "matri, m. (trī, f.) maker, builder, creator, author, MBh.; Hariv. &c.; -tā, f., -tva, n. creatorship &c., Samk. omita (nir-), mfn. constructed, built, fashioned, formed, created, made by (instr. or comp.) out of (abl., instr. or comp.), SBr.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; (law) fixed, settled, Mn. ix, 46; (ceremony) performed, celebrated, R. (B) i, 14, 42; (sacrificial animal) put apart, separated, isolated = nir-ūdha), AsvSr.; m. pl. (with Buddhists) a class of deities, Lalit. miti, f. formation, creation, making, Rājat.; adding, addition (of a word), Kpr. vii, 10. "mitsu, mfn. wishing to create (with acc.), Kav. mimitsa (!), f. desire of creating, Yogas., Sch.

निर्मास्य nir-makhya(!), m. N. of a man, Cat. (v. 1. tigmatman and nirmad).

निर्मि nir-\/mi, P. -minoti, to make by miracle, Divyav. omita, see I. nir-mā.

निम्च nir-vmuc, P.-muñcati, to loosen, free from (abl.), liberate, RV. &c. &c.: Pass. -mucyate (aor. -amoci, SBr.), to be freed or free one's self from, get rid of (abl.), RV.; SBr.; MBh. &c.; to be deprived of (instr.), Rājat.; to be abandoned or given up (as life &cc.), ib.; (sc. tvacas) to cast off (said of a serpent casting its skin), Mricch. iii, 9: Caus. -mocayati, to loosen or liberate from (abl.), Hariv.; to redeem (a pawn) from (abl.), Vishn. mukta, mfn. loosed, separated, sundered, liberated or saved or escaped or free from, deprived of (instr., abl. or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; given up, lost, disappeared, vanished (esp. ibc.; cf. below); flung, hurled, MBh.; BhP.; (a serpent) that has lately cast its skin, MBh.; free from every attachment (= nih-sanga), L.; deprived of all, possessing nothing (= nish-parigraha), ib.; -kalmasha, mfn. freed from sin, MBh.; -deha, mfn. one who is freed from his body (or bodily desires), ib.; -sanga, mfn. one who has given up all (worldly) attachments, BhP. "mukti (nir-), f. liberation, deliverance from (abl. or comp.), AV.; Kathās.; = tyāga or dana, Sch. on BhP. x, 17, 18. moka, m. setting loose or free, liberating, L.; a cast-off skin (esp. of a snake), MBh.; Kav. &c. (-patta, m. a piece of cast-off skin, Ragh. xvi, 17); armour, mail, L.; sky, atmosphere, L.; N. of a son of the 8th Manu, BhP.; of a Rishi under the 13th Manu, ib. (cf.nir-moha, p. 541, col. 3). moktri, m. a looser, solver (as of doubts), MBh. "moksha, m. liberation,

deliverance from (gen. or comp.), MBh.; Kav. "mocaka, mfn. setting free, liberating, L.; n. the cast-off skin of a snake, Car. "mocana, n. deliverance, MBh.

निर्मुट nirmuța, m. (only L.) a tree; a free market or fair; the sun; = kharpara; n. an arbour, Gal.

निर्मुगड nir-muṇda. See p. 541, col. 3.

निर्मुष् nir-√mush, -mushņāti, to snatch away, Vait.

निर्मुह nir-\muh, Caus. -mohayati (ind. p. -mohya), to confuse, bewilder, MBh.

fright nir-\( mrij\), P. -mārshti, &c. (Pot. -mrijyur, Kāth.; Impv.-mriddhi, AV.; p. Ā.-mrijāna, Kauš.; pf.-mamārja, Pur.; Subj. aor.-mrik-shatam, RV.; ind. p. -mrijya, MBh.), to rub or wipe off, sweep out, destroy. 2. 'mārga, m. wiping off (cf. á-nirm', add.); that which is stripped or wiped off, refuse, TBr. 'mārguka, mfn. drawing off, withdrawing from (abl.), TS. 'mārjanā, n. wiping off, sweeping, cleaning, MBh. 'mārjanāya, mfn. to be cleaned, R. 'mārshti, f. N. of the wife of Duḥ-saha, MārkP. (w. r. 'māshti). 'mrishta, mfn. rubbed out, wiped off, destroyed, Kāv.

निर्मेतुक nir-mretuka, mf(ā)n. (√mrit) fading away, withering, TāṇḍBr. (v.l. °metuka, °mṛītuka).

निम्लेकि nir-mlukti, w. r. for ni-m°.

निर्यत् 1.nir-yat, mfn. (nir-√i) going forth, coming out, issuing, MBh.; Kāv. &c.

नियंत् 2. nir-/yat, Caus. -yātayati, to snatch away, carry off, take or fetch out of (abl.), get, procure, MBh.; Hariv.; Kav.; to give back, restore, make restitution, Mn.; MBh. &c.; to give as a present, Lalit.; Divyav.; (vairam) to return or show enmity, take revenge, MBh.; R.; Divyav.; to forgive, pardon, set free, MW. "yataka, mfn. bearing away, carrying off, removing (ifc.; cf. preta-, mrita-). 'yātana, n. giving back, returning, restoring, delivery of a deposit, replacing anything lost, payment of a debt (with gen. or comp.; cf. vaira-), Hariv.; R. &cc.; gift, donation, L.; revenge, killing, slaughter, L. "yatita, mfn. restored, returned, requited, MBh.; Hariv.; past, spent (as years), R. I. "yatya, ind. having restored &c., Kathās. 2. "yātya, mfn. to be restored or delivered &c., MBh.; Hariv.

निया nir-\/yā, P. -yāti, to go out, come forth, go from (abl.) to or into (acc.), set out for (dat., [e.g. yuddhāya, MBh.; dig-jayāya, Rājat.] or artham [e.g. bhikshartham, Panc.]), MBh.; Kav. &c.; (with mrigayam) to go hunting, MBh.; to depart from life, die, Car.; to pass away (as time), Kav.; to weed (a field), MBh.: Caus. -yapayati, to cause to go out &c., MBh.; R.; to drive away, expel from (abl.), BhP. va, f. getting out of order, disturbance, defect (esp. of a rite), TS.; TāṇḍBr. 'yāṇa, n. going forth or out, exit, issue; setting out, decamping (of an army), going out (of cattle to the pasture ground), MBh.; Kav. &c.; departure, vanishing, disappearance, Rajat.; Sah.; departure from life, death, MBh.; Hariv.; Var.; final emancipation (w.r. for nir-vana?), L.; a road leading out of a town, L.; the outer corner of an elephant's eye, Das.; Sis. (cf. nir-nāyana); a rope for tying cattle, a foot-rope; -hasta, mfn. having a foot-rope in the hand, Sis. xii, 41. yanika, mfn. conducive to emancipation, Lalit. yata, mfn. gone out or forth, issued, &c.; laid aside (as money), MBh.; completely familiar or conversant with (loc. or comp.), Lalit. (v. l. nir-jāta). "yāti, f. departure, dying, final emancipation, Buddh. "yātri, m. a weeder (of a field), MBh. (cf. nirdātri). "yāpaņa, n. (fr. Caus.) expelling, banishing, BhP. 'yapita, mfn. caused to go out &c.; removed, destroyed, BhP.; undertaken, begun, ib. yiyasu, mfn. (fr. Desid.) wishing or trying to go out, Suir.

निर्याच nir-√yāc, P. Ā. -yācati, °te, to beg of or solicit from (abl.), to ask, entreat, request (with double acc.), AV.; TS.; TāṇḍBr.

नियाम nir-yāma, m. ( /yam) a sailor, pilot,