

'eye-born' (with or sc. *vāri*), n. a tear, R.; W. — **jala**, n. = prec. n.; *-svara*, m. a flood of tears, R. — **tā**, f. the state of being an eye; *-tām/yā*, to become an eye, Amar. — **tribhāga-brahma-yasasvin**, m. N. of an author, Cat. — **ninsin**, mfn. (sleep) kissing or touching the eye, Dai. — **pattrā**, n. the eye-brows, Svapnac. — **paryanta**, m. the outer corner of the e°, L. — **pāka**, m. inflammation of the e°, Suśr. — **pindā**, m. the eyeball, L.; a cat, L. — **pushkarā**, f. a species of creeper, L. — **peya**, mfn. to be drunk in or enjoyed by the eyes, Vāsav. — **pranayin**, mfn. desirous of a person's e°, i.e. coming before the e° of, face to face with (gen.), Vcar. — **prabandha**, m. = (and v. l. for) *nayana-pr*°, q.v. — **bandha**, m. 'eye-binding,' hood-winking; playing at hide-and-seek, BhP. — **bhava**, m., *-mala*, n. excretion of the eye, Gal. — **manah-svabhāva**, m. pl. eyes, mind, and soul, MW. — **mīlā**, f. Autographis Paniculata, L. — **mush**, mfn. stealing or captivating the eye, MBh. — **yoni**, m. N. of Indra (whose body, after his adultery with Ahalyā, was covered with marks which resembled the female organ and then were made to resemble eyes; cf. *sahasrāksha*), L.; the moon (as produced from the eye of Atri), L. — **rañjana**, n. 'eye-colouring,' collyrium, L. — **ruj**, f. eye-disease, L. — **roga**, m. id., Suśr.; mfn. afflicted with e°-d°, (-tā, f.), Var.; *-cikitsā*, f. healing e°-d°, N. of wk.; *-han*, m. 'destroying e°-d°,' Tragia Involucrata, L. — **roman**, n. the eyelash, L. — **vasti**, m. an injection-pipe with a receptacle attached to it, Suśr. — **vastra**, n. a veil over the eye, Kāshīh. — **vār** or **vāri**, n. eye-water, tears, Kāv. — **vish**, f. excretion of the eye, Suśr. — **visha**, mfn. having poison in the eyes, MBh. — **samvejana**, n. fixing an injection-pipe, Suśr. — **stambha**, m. rigidity of the eyes, ib. — **hārin**, mfn. = *-mush*, L. — **hita**, mfn. good or wholesome for the e°, Bhpr. — **Netrāñjana**, n. e°-ointment, collyrium, Śrīngār.; N. of wk. — **Netrātithi**, mfn. one who has become visible (lit. an e°-guest), Dhūrtan. — **Netrānta**, m. = *tra-paryanta*, MW. — **Netrābhishyanda**, m. running of the e°, Suśr. — **Netramaya**, m. ophthalmia, ib. — **Netrāmbu** (L.), *mbhas* (Rājat.), n. = *tra-vāri*. — **Netrāri**, m. 'e°-foe,' Euphorbia Antiquorum, L. — **Netrōt-sava**, m. 'e°-feast,' any beautiful object, Dhūrtas. — **Netrōddyota**, m., **Netrōpanishad**, f. N. of wks. — **Netrōpama**, n. the almond fruit (resembling the eye); *-phala*, m. the almond tree, Bhpr. — **Netrō-pādhyāya**, m. N. of an author, Cat. — **Netrā-shadha**, n. 'eye-medicine,' green sulphate of iron, L.; (i), f. Odina Pinnata, L.

**Netrika**, n. a clyster-pipe; a ladle, L.

**Metrya**, mfn. good or wholesome for the eyes, Bhpr.

**नेट् 1. ned** (fr. *ná + id*), not, not indeed (= *nāiva*, Say.), RV. viii, 5, 39; AV. &c.; in order that not, lest (with Subj., Pot. or Impv.; the verb accented, cf. Pān. viii, 1, 30), RV.; AV.; VS.; Br. [Cf. Zd. *noid*, 'not.'].

**नेट् 2. ned**, cl. 1. P. *nedati*, to go, flow (cf. *ati-ned* and *Naigh. ii, 14*), to censure, blame, Dhātup. xxi, 8 (cf. √1. *nid* and *nind*); to be near, ib. (prob. an artificial meaning to explain *nedishtha* &c.)

**Nedaya** (fr. *neda*, see next), Nom. P. *°yati*, to bring near, Bhatt.

**Nēdishtha**, mf(ā)n. (superl. of *neda* substituted for *antika*, Pān. v, 3, 63) the nearest, next, very near, RV. &c. &c. (am, ind. next, in the first place, ib.; āt, ind. from the neighbourhood, AitBr.; Kāth.); = *nipuna*, L.; m. Alangium Hexapetalum, L.; N. of a son of Manu Vaivasvata, VP. — **tama** (*nēd*°), mfn. the nearest of all, RV.; (ām), ind., ŚBr.

**Nedishthīn**, mfn. very near, very nearly related, TāndBr.; ŚrS.

**Nēdiyas**, mfn. (compar. of *neda*; cf. *nedishtha* and Pān. v, 3, 63) nearer, very near, RV.; Ait. Br.; (as), ind. near, hither, RV.; AV.; Br. *°yastā*, f. nearness, neighbourhood, ŚāṅkhBr. — *yo-mārana*, mfn. whose death is near or imminent, Rājat. iv, 31.

**नेण्य** *nanya*, mfn. (Intens. of √*nī*) taking or obtaining frequently (?), W.

**नेप** *nēpa*, m. (√*nī?*) the family priest, Uṇ. iii, 23, Sch.; n. water, L.

**नेप्य** *nepathya*, n. (and m., L.) an ornament, decoration, costume (esp. of an actor), attire

(ifc. f. ā), MBh.; Kāv. &c. (‘*thyam* √*kri* or *grah* or *rac* or *vi-dhā*, 'to make the toilet'); n. (in dram.) the place behind the stage (separated by the curtain from the *raṅga*), the postsceum, the tiring-room; (e), ind. behind the scenes (see esp. MW. Śak. p. 3, n. 2). — **gṛīha**, n. a toilet room, Mālav. — **grahaṇa**, n. making the t°, Ragh. — **prayoga**, m. the art of t°-making (one of the 64 Kalās), Cat. — **bhṛit**, mfn. wearing a costume, ib. — **vidhāna**, n. = *-grahaṇa*, Ragh.; Śak. — **samprayoga**, m. = *-prayoga*, Cat. — **savana**, n. a ceremony performed in full toilet, Mālav. (B. *nepathyā-s*). — **Nepathyābhīmukham**, ind. towards the tiring-room, Śak., Introd.

**नेपाल** *nepāla*, m. N. of a country and (pl.) of a people, Nepal or the Nepalese, Var.; Rājat. &c.; a species of sugar-cane, L.; (i), f. red arsenic, L.; the wild date-tree or its fruit, L.; n. copper, L. — **jā** or **jātā**, f. red arsenic, Suśr. — **nimba**, m. a kind of tree, L. — **pāla** (Cat.), *-pālaka* (Rājat.), m. a king of Nepal. — **māhātmya**, n. N. of wk. — **mūlaka**, n. a radish, Bhpr. — **vishaya**, m. the country of Nepal, Rājat.

**Nepālaka**, n. copper, L.; (i), f. red arsenic, L.

**नेम** *nēma*, mfn. (fr. *na + ima* [?]); loc. *nēmas-min*, nom. pl. *nēme* and *°mās*, cf. Pān. i, 1, 33) one, several; *nēma-nēma*, the one—the other, RV. (unaccented, vi, 16, 18); (ibc.) half (cf. Nir. iii, 20); m. N. of a Rishi with the patr. Bhārgava (author of RV. viii, 89); (only L.) portion; time; limit; boundary; the foundation of a wall (cf. *nemī*); a hole; upper part, above; deceit; acting, dancing; evening; a root; food, rice; n. a partic. high number, Buddh. [Cf. Zd. *naima*.] — **candra**, m. 'half-moon,' N. of a prince, L. — **dhīta** (‘*mā*-), Pān. vii, 4, 45; cf. Sāy. on RV. i, 72, 4 (the only form *tā* is prob. loc. of next). — **dhīti** (‘*mā*-), f. separation, conflict; (tā), ind. apart, aside, RV. — **nātha** (or *nitya-n*°), m. N. of an author, Cat. — **pīṣṭa** (*nēma*), mfn. half ground (-tā, f.), MaitrS. — **sāha**, m. N. of an author (cf. *nemī-s*). — **spīṣṭa**, mfn. half touched, Śiksh. — **Nēmā-ditya**, m. N. of Trivikrama-bhaṭṭa's father, Cat.

**नेमनिष** *nemann-īsh*, mfn. (prob. loc. *neman* [√2. *nī*] and √3. *ish*) following guidance, striving after, seeking to reach or overtake (sc. Indra, said of praises), RV. i, 56, 2 (Sāy. praisers 'moving reverentially or bearing oblations').

**नेमि** *nemī*, f. (‘*nam*) the felly of a wheel (also ‘*mī*, L.), any circumference or edge or rim (ifc. 'encircled' or 'surrounded by'), RV. &c. &c.; a windlass or framework for the rope of a well (also ‘*mī*), L.; a thunderbolt, L.; the foundation of a wall, Gal. (cf. *nēma*); m. Dalbergia Ougeinensis, L.; N. of a Daitya, BhP.; of a Cakra-vartin, Buddh. (cf. *nīmi*); of 22nd Arhat of present Ut-sarpiṇi, L. — **ghosha**, m. the noise of (the felly of) a wheel, the din of a carriage, Mṛicch. — **cakra**, m. a prince descended from Pari-kshit (said to have removed the capital of India to Kauśāmbī after the inundation of Hāstina-pura), BhP. — **caritra**, n. N. of wk. — **dhvani**, m. = *-ghosha*, Venīs. — **nātha**, m. N. of a man, W. — **nīnada**, m. = *-ghosha*, MBh. — **m-dhara**, m. (with Buddh.) N. of one of the mountains, Dharmas. 125. — **purāṇa** and **-rājarshi-caritra**, n. N. of wks. — **vṛiksha**, m. Acacia Catechu, L. — **vṛitti**, mfn. following the track of a person's wheels, entirely conforming to (gen.), Ragh. — **śabda**, m. = *-ghosha*, Mṛicch. — **sāha**, m. N. of an author (cf. *nēma-s*). — **svana**, m. = *-ghosha*, MBh.

**Nemita**, m. N. of a prince, Buddh.

**Nemin**, m. Dalbergia Ougeinensis, L.; N. of the 22nd Arhat of present Ut-sarpiṇi, L. (cf. *nemī*, m.)

**नेप** *neya*, mfn. (√*nī*) to be led or guided or managed or governed; to be led away or to be led to (loc.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to be brought into any state or condition (e.g. *sāntim*, *kshiba-tām*), Megh.; Kathās.; to be moved (*sāra*), Pān. v, 2, 9; to be applied or inflicted (*danda*), Kām.; to be spent or passed (*kāla*), Rājat.; Pān.; to be guessed (see *neyārtha* below). — **dhī**, mfn. of manageable or tractable character, Rājat. — **pāla**, m. N. of a prince, Buddh. — **Neyārtha** or *°thaka*, mfn. (a word or sentence) having a sense that can only be guessed, Vām. ii, 1, 13; -tā, f., -tva, n., Sāh.

569  
नेरणिवादार्थी *nerāni-vāddartha*, m. N. of a gramm. treatise by Nāgēśa.

**नेरि** *neri*, m. or f. a kind of dance (mus.)

**नेरुङ्गल** *nerungala*, m. N. of a prince, Col.

**नेरेल्ला** *nerella*, m. N. of a race, Cat.

**नेल** *nela*, *nelu*, and *nevalla*, m. a partic. number, Buddh.

**नेष** *nesh*, cl. 1. Ā. *neshate*, to go, move, Dhātup. xvi, 16 (*neshatu*, *neshātāt*, Pān. iii, 2, 135, Vārtt. 4, Pat.)

**नेष** *nēsha* (√*nī*), only in superl. instr. pl. *nēsha-tamais*, ind. with the best guides or guidance, RV. i, 141, 12.

**Neshāni**, loc. inf. of √*nī*.

**Neshātā** = *°tāri* in comp. — **potārau**, m. du. the Neshātī (see next) and the Potrī. — **Neshātōdgātārau**, m. du. the Neshātī and the Udgātī, Pān. vi, 3, 25, Kāś.

**Neshātī**, m. (prob. fr. √*nī*, aor. stem *nesh*; but cf. Pān. iii, 2, 135, Vārtt. 2 &c.) one of the chief officiating priests at a Soma sacrifice, he who leads forward the wife of the sacrificer and prepares the Surā (Tvashtī so called, RV. i, 15, 3), RV.; Br.; ŚrS. &c. — **tva-prayoga** or **-prayoga**, m. N. of wks.

**Neshātrā**, n. the Soma vessel of the Neshātī, RV. (cf. Nir. viii, 3); the office of the N°, Kātyār.

**Neshātrīya**, mf(ā)n. belonging to the Neshātī, relating to him, AitBr.

**नेष्टु** *neshātu*, m. a lump of earth or clay, a clod, MBh. xiii, 1541; Nilak. (perhaps w.r. for *loṣṭu*, *loṣṭā*).

**नै** *nai*, Vṛiddhi form of *ni* in comp. — **katika**, mfn. near, neighbouring, Hcar.; Bhaṭṭ. (cf. Pān. iv, 4, 73). — **katya**, n. nearness, neighbourhood, Kathās. — **kashi**, f. N. of Rāvaṇa's mother, AgP. (cf. *ni-kasha*). — **kasheya**, m. a Rākshasa (v. l. *seyā*). — **kṛiti** (Mn.; MBh. &c.), *-kṛitī* (Var.), mfn. dishonest, fallacious, low, vile. — **khānya**, mfn. liable to be buried, ShādvBr. — **gama**, mf(ā)n. relating to the Veda or Vedic words or quotations (a N. given to the collection of 278 separate words occurring in the Nigama or Veda and commented on by Yāśka; they are arranged in one chapter of three sections), Vedic, Nir.; BhP.; m. an interpreter of the sacred writings, Pān. v, 4, 118, Pat.; an Upanishad, L.; = *dṛiti*, L.; a way, means, expedient, MBh. xii, 3685; prudent conduct, L.; a citizen, townsman, SaddhP.; a trader, merchant, Yājñi.; MBh.; R. &c.; N. of an ancient teacher, Cat.; *-kāṇḍa*, m. or n. N. of the three chapters of the Nirukta where the Nigamas or Vedic words are explained by Yāśka; *°mābhīdhāna*, n. N. of wk.; *-gamīka*, mfn. relating to the Veda, Vedic, Kār. on Pān. vii, 1, 1; *-gāmeya*, m., see s. v. — **gutā**, m. destroyer of enemies (or of Ni-gut), RV. — **ghanṭuka**, mfn. mentioned by the way or incidentally, Nir.; m. author of a glossary, ĀpŚr., Sch.; n. N. of the 3 chapters or collections of Vedic words commented upon by Yāśka; *°kākḍīdhāya*, m. N. of a glossary by Bāhlikeya-miśra.

**-citya**, m. a prince of the Nicitas, Pān. iv, 1, 172, Sch. — **ja**, mfn. own, one's own, Hariv.; BhP. — **tala**, mfn. (fr. *ni-tala*); *-sadman*, n. Mcar. v, 18. — **tundi**, m. patr. fr. *ni-tunda*, Pravar. — **tośā**, mfn. (fr. *ni-tośā*, √*tuś*) munificent, liberal, RV. x, 106, 6. — **dāgha** (*nat-*), mf(ā)n. relating to the hot season, summer-like, scorching, Megh. (also *ghika*, BhP., and *ghīya*, TāndBr.); m. the hot season, AV.; TBr.; ŚBr. (*ghā*) &c. — **dāna**, m. an etymologist, Nir.; a pathologist, Śiś, Sch. — **desika**, m. 'executing orders,' a servant, BhP. — **dra**, mf(ā)n. (fr. *ni-drā*, f.) sleepy, somniferous, W.; closed (like the petals of a lotus), Śiś. vi, 43. — **dhāna**, mfn. (fr. 2. *ni-dhāna*) subject to death, perishable, deadly, funereal, final, Hariv.; R. &c.; (in astrol. with or sc. *gṛīha*) the 8th house, the house of death, Var. — **dhāna**, mf(ā)n. (a boundary) indicated by putting down various objects, Nār. (cf. g. *samkalādi*). — **dhānya**, n., g. *brāhmaṇḍī*, Kāś. — **dheya** (Pān. iv, 1, 122, Sch.), *-dhruva* (also pl., Pravar.), *-dhruvi* (*nat-*, ŚBr.), patr. fr. *ni-dhi* and *-dhruva*. — **pātika**, mfn. only mentioned incidentally or by the way, Brīh.