

composed by P° &c.; m. a disciple or follower of P° (or Pāṇina, iv, 3, 99, Sch.) and his grammar, iv, 2, 64, Sch.; n. (with or sc. *vyākaraṇa*) the system or grammar of P°, iv, 2, 66; 3, 115, Sch.; Śiḥ.; Kathās.; Hcat. — *mata-darpaṇa*, m., — *liṅ-gānuśāsana*, n., — *sikshā*, f., — *sūtra*, n. and — *sūtra-sāra-kośa*, m. N. of wks.

पाणीतक *pāṇitaka*, m. N. of one of Skanda's attendants, MBh.; pl. of a people, VP. (v. l. *karitī*).

पाण्ट *pāṇṭa*, (prob.) w. r. for *phāṇṭa*, Vait.

पाण्ड *pāṇḍa*, m. (ī, f.), g. *gaurādi*; w. r. for *pāṇḍya* and *pāṇḍu*. — *rāja-yaso-bhūshana*, n. N. of wk.; Cat. (w. r. for *pāṇḍya-r°*?)

पाण्डक *pāṇḍaka*, m. N. of a teacher, Vāyup.

पाण्डर *pāṇḍara*, *pāṇḍava*. See under *pāṇḍu*.

पाण्डित्य *pāṇḍitya*, n. (fr. *pāṇḍita*) n. scholarship, erudition, learning, cleverness, skill, ŚPr.; MBh.; Kāv. &c. — *darpaṇa*, m. N. of wk.

पाण्डु *pāṇḍu*, mf(=m)n. (√*paṇḍ*?) yellowish white, white, pale, ŚBr.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; jaundiced, Car.; m. jaundice, Car.; pale or yellowish white colour, W.; a white elephant, L.; Trichosanthes Dioeca, L.; a species of shrub, L.; N. of a son of Vyāsa by the wife of Vicitra-vīrya and brother of Dhṛita-rāshṭra and Vidura (he was father of the five Pāṇḍavas), AVParis.; MBh.; Hariv. &c.; of a son of Janam-ējaya and brother of Dhṛita-rāshṭra, MBh. i, 3745; of a son of Dhātṛi by Āyati, VP. (v. l. *prāṇa*); of an attendant of Śiva, L.; of a Nāgarāja, L.; pl. of a people in Madhya-deśa, VarBrS. (v. l. *pāṇḍya* and *°ḍva*); f. Glycine Debilis, L. — *kaṇṭaka*, m. Achyranthes Aspera, L. — *kambala*, m. a white woollen covering or blanket, a warm upper garment, R.; the housings of a royal elephant, W.; a kind of stone, L.; — *tilā*, f. N. of a part of the heavenly Paradise, Divyāv.; — *saṃvṛita* (R.); °*lin* (Pāṇ. iv, 2, 11), mfn. covered or lined with a white woollen blanket. — *karapa* or *-karmaṇ*, n. (in med.) making or rendering white, Suśr. — *gātra*, mfn. 'pale-bodied,' pale, white; — *tā*, f. paleness, Suśr. — *ochattra*, Nom. P. °*trati*, to resemble a yellow umbrella, Prasannar. — *ochāya*, mfn. white-coloured, Megh. — *taru*, m. Anogeissus Latifolia, L. — *tā*, f., — *tva*, n. whitish-yellow colour, paleness, MBh.; Suśr. &c. — *tīrtha*, n. N. of a sacred bathing-place, ŚivaP. — *dāsa*, m. N. of the patron of Śrī-dhara, Cat. — *dukūla*, n. a white winding-sheet, Lalit.; — *sīvana*, n. 'sewing of the wh° w°-sh°,' N. of a place (where Gautama Buddha made a wh° w°-sh°), ib. — *nāga*, m. a wh° elephant, W.; Rottlera Tinctoria, L. — *patra*, n. a pale leaf (°*trōdara*, n. a calyx of p° leaves), Śak.; mfn. having p° l°s (— *tā*, f.), Var. — *patrī* or *-patnī*, f. a kind of fragrant substance, L. — *putra*, m. a son of Pāṇḍu, any one of the Pāṇḍava princes, MBh.; (ī), f. = *-patrī*, BhP. — *prishṭha*, mfn. 'white-backed,' having no distinguished mark on the body, one from whom nothing great is to be expected, L. — *phala*, m. 'having yellow fruit,' Trichosanthes Dioeca, L.; (ā), f. a species of gourd, L.; (ī), f. a species of shrub, L. — *bhūva*, m. becoming yellowish-white, Suśr. — *bhūma*, m. a whitish or chalky soil, Yājñ., Sch.; mfn. = *-mrītika*, mfn., Vop. — *mukha*, mf(ī)n. pale-faced, Kathās. — *mrītika*, mfn. having a whitish or chalky soil, R.; (ā), f. = *-bhūma*, m., L. (also °*ka* ibc.) — *mrīd*, f. chalk, a chalky soil, L. — *raṅga*, m. a kind of vegetable, L.; N. of sev. authors, Cat.; (ā), f. N. of a goddess (?), ib.; — *māhātmya*, n., — *viṭhala stotra*, n., °*gāshṭaka*, n. N. of wks. — *rāga*, m. whiteness, pallor, W.; Artemesia Indica, L. — *rāshṭra*, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. (v. l. *pāṇsu-r°*). — *roga*, m. 'yellow disease,' jaundice, Var.; Suśr.; — *ghna* and *-nājana*, mfn. destroying j°, Suśr.; °*gin*, mfn. jaundiced, ib. — *lekha* or °*kha*, n. an outline or sketch made with a style or with chalk, Yājñ., Sch.; L. — *loma-parṇī* (Bhpr.), — *lomasā* and *-lomā* (L.), f. Glycine Debilis. — *loha*, n. 'white metal,' silver, Daś. — *varna*, mfn. white, Nal.; m. whiteness, W. — *varma-deva*, m. N. of a prince, Inscr. — *sarkarā*, f. light-coloured gravel (the disease), GāruḍaP. — *sarmilā*, f. N. of Draupadi (the wife of the sons of Pāṇḍu), L. — *sikata*, mfn. strewn with white sand, Śak. ii, 5. — *sūdana-rasa*, m. a partic. preparation made of quicksilver, Rasēndrac.

— *sopāka* or *-saupāka*, m. N. of a partic. mixed caste (the offspring of a Caṇḍāla by a Vaidehī mother), Mn. x, 37 (cf. MBh. xiii, 2588).

पण्डारा, mf(ā)n. whitish-yellow, pale, white, ŚBr. (cf. *-vāsas*) &c. &c.; m. a species of plant, L.; N. of a mountain, MärkP.; of a Nāga (also °*raka*), MBh.; of a sect (also °*raka*), L.; (ā), f. N. of a Buddhist Śakti or female energy, MWB. 216 (cf. *pāṇḍurā*); n. a jasmine blossom, L.; red chalk, L. — *dan-ta*, mfn. having white teeth or tusks (elephant), R. — *dvāra-gopura*, mfn. having white doors and city gates, MBh. — *pushpikā*, f. a species of plant (= *sītālā*), L. — *bhikshu*, m. 'a white-robed mendicant,' N. of a partic. sect, L. — *vāyasa*, m. a wh° crow (= something very rare), Kautukas. — *vāsas* (pā°), mfn. wh°-robed, ŚBr. — *vāsīn*, mfn. id. (v. l. *pāṇḍura-v°*); (īnī), f. N. of a Buddh. Tantra deity, L. **पण्डारतारा**, mfn. 'other than white,' black, dark; — *vāsas*, mfn. d°-robed, Suśr.

पण्डाला, prob. = °*ḍara* in comp. — *meghā*, f. N. of a serpent-maid, Kāraṇḍ.

पण्डावा, m. a son or descendant of Pāṇḍu or a partisan of the Pāṇḍavas; (pl.) the 5 reputed sons of Pāṇḍu (Yudhi-shṭhira, Bhīma, Arjuna, Nakula and Saha-deva; cf. Kuntī and Mādri) or their adherents, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; N. of a mountain, Lalit.; of a country, Cat.; mf(ī)n. belonging to or connected with the Pāṇḍavas, MBh. — *kula-prasūta*, mfn. born from the race of the Pāṇḍavas, Lalit. — *gītā*, f., — *carita*, n. N. of 2 poems. — *nakula*, m. N. of a poet, Cat. — *purāṇa*, n. N. of a Pur. — *pratāpa*, m. N. of a poem (in Prakṛit) by Śrī-dhara. — *vahni*, m. pl. 'the Pāṇḍava fires,' N. of the 3 elder sons of Pāṇḍu ('kindled on the Arāṇi i. e. Pṛithā or Kuntī'; cf. *Pāṇḍavārāni* and *Pṛithāraṇi*), MW. — *śreshṭha*, m. 'best of the sons of Pāṇḍu,' N. of Yudhi-shṭhira, MBh. **पण्डावानन्दा**, m. N. of a drama. **पण्डावानीका**, n. the army of the Pāṇḍavas, Bhag. **पण्डावबहिला**, m. N. of Kṛishṇa, L. **पण्डाववरानी**, f. the Arāṇi or mother of the Pāṇḍavas, VP. (cf. °*va-vahni*).

पण्डावयाना, m. (pl.) the children of Pāṇḍu, L.; (sg.) 'friend of the Pāṇḍavas,' N. of Kṛishṇa, L.

पण्डाविका, m. a kind of sparrow, L.

पण्डाविद्या, mfn. = *pāṇḍava*, mfn., MBh.

पण्डावेद्या, mfn. id., ib.; m. a son of Pāṇḍu or an adherent of the Pāṇḍavas, ib.

पण्डुका, mfn. = *pāṇḍu*, L.; m. a pale or yellowish-white colour, W.; jaundice, L.; a species of rice, Suśr. (cf. °*ḍūka*); (with Jainas) N. of one of the 9 treasures; N. of a son of Janam-ējaya and brother of Dhṛita-rāshṭra, L.; n. N. of a forest, Śatr. °*kin*, mfn. jaundiced, Suśr.

पण्डुरा, mf(ā)n. whitish, white, pale, yellow, R.; Var.; Suśr. &c.; m. a form of jaundice, L.; Anogeissus Latifolia, L.; an Andropogon with white flowers, L.; N. of one of the attendants of Skanda, MBh.; (ā), f. Glycine Debilis, L.; of a Buddhist deity, Dharmas. iv (cf. *pāṇḍarā*); n. the white leprosy, vitiligo, L. — *tā*, f. white colour, whiteness, Pañc. — *druma*, m. Wrightia Antidysenterica, Bhpr. — *prishṭha*, mfn. = *pāṇḍu-p°*, L. — *phali*, f. a species of shrub, L. — *vāsīn*, mfn. white-robed, MBh. **पण्डुरकशु**, m. a kind of sugar-cane, L.

पण्डुरका, mf(ikā)n. whitish, Divyāv.

पण्डुराया, Nom. P. *yati*, to colour white, Vāsav. °*rita*, mfn. white-coloured, Kād.; Bālar.

पण्डुरिमान, m. white colour, Naish.

पण्डुरी-करणा, n. colouring white, Vcar. — √*kṛi*, to colour white, Kād.

पण्डुका, m. a species of rice, Var. (cf. *pāṇḍuka*).

पण्ड्या, m. pl. N. of a people and country in the Dekhan (also v. l. for *pāṇḍu*, m. pl. a people in Madhya-deśa), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; (sg.) a prince of the Pāṇḍyas, ib. (cf. Pāṇ. iv, 1, 168, Vārtt. 3, Pat.); N. of a son of Akṛīḍa, Hariv.; of the mountain range in the country of the P°s, MBh.; R. — *deśa*, m. the country of the P°s, Nilak. — *narēśvara*, — *nātha*, — *rāja*, — *rāshṭrādhipa*, m. a king or sovereign of the P°s, MBh.; Hariv. &c. — *vāta*, m. or n. N. of a district in which pearls are found, Var.; °*taka*, mfn. situated in this district, ib.

पण्ड्व, in comp. for *pāṇḍu* before vowels. — *ari-rasa*, m. N. of a partic. medicinal preparation, L. — *avabhāsa*, mfn. appearing or looking pale, Suśr. — *āmaya*, m. 'yellow disease,' jaundice, Suśr.; °*yin*, mfn. jaundiced, ib.; Car. — *ārti*, f. = *āmaya*, Car.

पण्डवा, n. an uncoloured woollen garment,

ŚBr.; m. pl. N. of a people in Madhya-deśa (v. r. for *pāṇḍu* and °*ḍya*), Var.

पाण्य 2. *pānya*, mfn. (√*paṇ*) praiseworthy, excellent, L. (For 1. see p. 615, col. 3.)

पात *pāt*, m. (√*pat*) falling; sin, wickedness, W.

2. **पता**, m. (for 1. see under √3. *pā*) flying, mode of flying, flight, MBh.; throwing one's self or falling into (loc.) or from (abl.), fall, downfall (also ifc. after what would be a gen. or abl. &c., e. g. *griha-*, fall of a house; *parvata-*, fall from a mountain; *bhū-*, fall on the earth), Mn.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; alighting, descending or causing to descend, casting or throwing upon, cast, fall (of a thunderbolt), throw, shot, MBh.; R.; Pañcat.; a stroke (of a sword &c.), Kathās.; application (of ointment, of a knife &c.), Kāvād.; casting or directing (a look or glance of the eyes), Ragh.; decay of the body (= *deha-pāta*), death, Kathās.; Bādar.; (with *garbhāsyā*) fall of the fetus, miscarriage, Suśr.; an attack, incursion, Var.; a case, possibility, ŚāṅkhBr.; happening, occurrence, appearance, Prab.; Kathās.; Daśar.; a fault, error, mistake, Sūryas.; the node in a planet's orbit, ib. (cf. IW. 179); a malignant aspect, ib.; N. of Rāhu, L.; pl. N. of a school of the Yajur-veda, ib. — *bheda*, m. = *śāla-kāla-kriyā-vishesha*, L. — *śrīṇī*, f. N. of wk. **पतान्दिनीया** (fr. *pāta* + ?) N. of a school of the Yajur-veda, Āryav. **पतधिकरौद्रहरणा**, n. N. of wk.

पतका, mfn. causing to fall (see *garbha-*); n. (rarely m.; ifc. f. ā) 'that which causes to fall or sink,' sin, crime, loss of caste, GṛŚrS.; Mn.; MBh. &c. — *yoga*, m. incurring guilt, acting sinfully, W.

पतकिन, mfn. guilty of a crime, wicked, sinful, a sinner (°*ki-tva*, n.), Hariv.; Kāv.; Pur. &c.

पताना, mf(ī)n. (fr. Caus.) causing to fall, felling, laying low, striking off or down (with gen. or ifc.), MBh.; Hariv.; MärkP.; n. the act of causing to fall &c.; lowering, humbling, W.; the act of casting (as dice or a glance of the eyes), Kathās. (cf. *aksha-*); (with *danḍasya*) causing the rod to fall, chastising, punishing, Mn.; (with *garbhāsyā*) causing the fall of the fetus or abortion, Yājñ.; (with *jalaukasām*) application of leeches, Suśr.; removing, bringing away, ib.; causing to fall asunder, dividing, Śamk.; N. of a partic. process to which minerals (esp. quicksilver) are subjected, Sarvad.

पतानिका, f. fitness, correspondence, Bhāmatī.

पतानिया, mfn. to be caused to fall upon, to be thrown or shot at (loc.), Śak. i, 10 (v. l.)

पतयित्त्रि, mfn. one who causes to fall, thrower of (dice &c.), Pāṇ. ii, 1, 10, Sch.

पतला, n. (rarely m.; ifc. f. ā; perhaps fr. 2. *pāta* as *antarāla* fr. *antar*; cf. Up. i, 116) one of the 7 regions under the earth and the abode of the Nāgas or serpents and demons (cf. RTL. 102, n. 1 &c.; sometimes used as a general N. for the lower regions or hells; in MBh. also N. of a town in the serpent-world), ĀruṇUp.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; an excavation, hole in the earth, MBh.; the submarine fire, L.; (in astrol.) the fourth house, Var.; N. of a Tīrtha, Cat.; m. = *-yantra* below, L.; (in astron.) N. of Jupiter's year of 361 days; (in music) a kind of measure; N. of the attendant of the 14th Arhat of present Ava-sarpiṇī. — *ketu*, m. N. of a Daitya prince, Prab. — *khaṇḍa*, m. or n. N. of ch. of SkandaP. — *gaṅgā*, f. the Ganges which flows through Pātāla, MW. — *garudāhvaya*, m., — *garudī*, f. a species of creeper, Bhpr.; L. — *tala*, n. the bottom of P° (°*lam*, ind. down to P°), Hcar. — *nagarī*, f. a town in P°, Kathās. — *nilaya*, m. an inhabitant of P°, an Asura, L.; a serpent, L. — *prastha*, n. N. of a village of the Bāhikas (°*thika*, mfn.), Pat. — *bhogi-varga*, m. N. of ch. of Amara-siṅha. — *yantra*, n. a sort of apparatus for distillation or for calcining and subliming metals, L. — *varṇana*, n. 'description of P°,' N. of ch. of the Pātāla-khaṇḍa. — *vāsīn*, m. = *-nilaya*, MW. — *vijaya*, m. 'victory over P°,' N. of a poem. **पतलानका**, m. an inhabitant of Pātāla, an Asura, L.

पतिका, m. Delphinus Gangeticus, L.

पतित, mfn. (fr. Caus.) made to fall, felled, struck down, lowered, depressed, overthrown, R.; Kālid. &c.

पतित्या, n. (fr. *patita*) loss of position or caste, degradation, Pur.; Kull.

पतिन्, mfn. flying, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; falling, sinking, Megh.; Kathās.; rising, appearing, Kathās.; being in (cf. *antah-* and *eka-*); causing to fall, throwing down, emitting (comp.), MBh.; Var.; Rājat.