

**Pātuka**, mfn. falling or apt to fall (= *patana-śīla*, Pān. iii, 2, 154); falling down, Śiś. iii, 3; losing caste or going to the lower regions, MBh. xii, 3444; m. a precipice, L.; an aquatic animal (= *jalahastin*), L.; N. of a poet, Cat.

1. **Pātya**, mfn. to be felled or caused to fall; to be inflicted or imposed (as a penalty), R.

**पातंग** *pātanga*, mf(i)n. (fr. *patam-ga*) belonging to or peculiar to a grasshopper or moth, Rājat.; brown, MBh. vi, 422.

**पातंगि**, m. 'the son of the Sun,' N. of the planet Saturn, Var.; Sch.

**पातञ्जल** *pātanjala*, mf(i)n. composed by Patañjali; m. a follower of the Yoga system of P°, Cat.; n. the Y° s° of P°, ib. (also °*liya*, n.); the Mahā-bhāshya of P°, ib. — **tantra**, n., — **darśana**, n., — **bhāshya**, n. (— *vārttika*, n.), — **rahasya**, n., — **sūtra-bhāshya-vyākhyā**, f., — **sūtra-vṛtti-bhāshya-ochāyā-vyākhyā**, f. N. of wks.

**पातञ्जलि**, m., v.l. for *Pat°*.

**पातत्रिण** *pātatrīṇa*, mfn. containing the word *pātatrīṇa*, g. *vimuktādi*.

**पातत्य** *pātalya*, n. du. a partic. part of a carriage (= *kīlaka*, Sāy.), RV. iii, 53, 7.

**पातसाह** *pātasāha*, m. = بادشاه, a king, Cat.

**पाति** *pāti*, m. = *pati*, a master, lord, husband, Uṇ. v, 5, Sch.

**पतिव्रत्या**, n. (fr. *pati-vratā*) devotedness to 2 husband, conjugal fidelity, BhP.

**पतिनी**, Vṛiddhi form of *patni* (f. of *pati*) in comp. — **vatā**, mfn. belonging to Agni *patni-vat* (s.v.), VS.; TS.; Br.; ŚrS.; containing the word *patni-vat*, ŚāṅkhBr. — **sāla**, mfn. being in the *patni-sālā* (s.v.), Lāṭy.

2. **Pātya**, n. (for 1. see above) dominion, MBh.

**पातिली** *pātīlī*, f. (only L.; fr. √*pat*?), a trap or snare for catching deer; a small earthen pot (used by mendicants); a woman of a partic. class.

**पातृ** 3. *pātṛi*, m. (for 1. 2. see under √*i*. and 3. *pā*) a species of *Ocimum*, L.

**पात्तिगणक** *pāttigaṇaka*, n., fr. *patti-gaṇaka*, g. *udgātr-ādi*.

**पात्तिक्य** *pāttikya*, n. (fr. *pattika*), g. *purohitādi* (Kāś.).

**पात्र** 1. 2. *pātra*. See √*i*. and 3. *pā*.

**पात्रट** *pātraṭa*, mfn. spare, thin, L.; m. a ragged garment (*karpaṭa*) or a cup, pot (*karpara*), L.

**पाथ** *pātha*, m. = *patha*, g. *jvalādi*; fire, L.; the sun, L.; n. water, L.; N. of 2 Sāmāns, ĀrshBr.

**पथ**, n. a spot, place, RV.; AV.; Br.; ŚrS.; food, Nir. viii, 17; air, ib. vi, 7; water, Kāv.; Rājat.

— **pati**, m. 'lord of the water,' N. of Varuṇa, Kathās.

**पथिका**, m., °*kya*, n. (fr. *pathika*), g. *śivādi* and *purohitādi*.

**पथिकार्या**, m. patr. fr. *pathi-kara*, g. *kurv-ādi*.

**पथिस**, n. = *pāthas*, KapS. (°*thas*, MaitrS.); = *kīlāla*, L.; n. the sea or the eye, Uṇ. ii, 115, Sch.

**पथेया**, n. (fr. *pathin*) provender or provisions &c. for a journey, viaticum, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; = *pāthona*, Jyot. — **vat**, mfn. furnished with provisions for a journey, provisioned, Megh. — **śrāddha**, n. a kind of meal at a Śrāddha, Cat.

**पथेयका**, mfn., g. *dhūmādi*.

**पथो**, in comp. for °*thas*. — **ja**, n. 'water-born,' a lotus, Kāv.; Rājat.; °*jinī*, f. the 1°-plant, Prasanar. — **da** and **-dhara**, m. 'w°-giver and -holder,' a cloud, Vcar. — **dhi**, m. 'w°-receptacle,' the sea, ib. — **nātha**, m. = *pāthas-pati*, Mcar. — **nidhi**, m. = *dhi*, L. — **bhāj**, mfn. possessing room or space, ŚāṅkhBr. — **ruha**, n. 'water-grown,' a lotus, L.

**पथ्या**, mfn. (prob.) being in the air, heavenly, RV. vi, 16, 15 (N. of a Rishi, Sāy.)

**पाथोन** *pāthona*, m. (fr. Gk. *παρθένος*) the sign of the zodiac Virgo, Var. (cf. *pārthona*).

**पाथ्य** *pāthya*, m. a patr. of Dadhīca, Kāth.

**पाद्** *pād* (√*2*. *pad*), strong base of 3. *pad*, q. v.; also ifc. (see *tri-p°*, *dvi-p°*, *su-p°*).

**Pāda**, m. (ifc. f. *ā*, rarely *ī*) the foot (of men and animals), RV. &c. &c. (the pl. sometimes added to proper names or titles in token of respect, e. g. *deva-pādāh*, 'the king's majesty,'

Pañc.; *Nārāyaṇa-p°*, 'the venerable N°,' Sāh.; *pā-daiḥ*, ind. on foot [said of several persons], R.; °*dayoḥ* and °*de* √*pat*, to fall at a person's [gen.] feet, Kāv.; Hit.); the foot or leg of an inanimate object, column, pillar, AV.; ŚBr.; MBh. &c.; a wheel, Śiś. xii, 21; a foot as a measure (= 12 *Āṅgulas*), ŚBr.; ŚrS.; MärkP.; the foot or root of a tree, Var.; the foot or a hill at the f° of a mountain, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; the bottom (*drīteḥ pādāt*, 'from the b° of a bag,' v.l. *pātrāt*), MBh. v, 1047; a ray or beam of light (considered as the f° of a heavenly body), ib.; a quarter, a fourth part (the f° of a quadruped being one out of 4), ŚBr.; Mn.; MBh. &c. (pl. the 4 parts i. e. all things required for [gen.], Suśr.); the quadrant (of a circle), Āryabh., Sch.; a verse or line (as the fourth part of a regular stanza), Br.; ŚrS.; Prāt. &c.; the caesura of a verse, AgP.; the chapter of a book (orig. only of a book or section of a b° consisting of 4 parts, as the *Adhyāyas* of Pāṇini's grammar). — **kaṭaka**, m. n., — **kīlikā**, f. a foot-ring or ornament, anklet. — **kuṭhārikā**, f. a partic. position of the feet, ŚāṅkhGr. — **kṛic-chra**, m. 'quarter-penance,' a sort of p° (eating and fasting on alternate nights), Yājñ. — **kshepa**, m. a kick with the foot, Hariv. — **gaṇḍira**, m. swelling of the legs and feet, L. — **grīhya**, ind. seizing by the foot, RV. — **granthi**, m. 'f°-knot,' the ankle, L. — **grahaṇa**, n. laying hold of or clasping the feet (of a Brahman or superior, as a mark of respectful salutation), Mn.; Kum. — **ghṛita**, n. melted butter for anointing the f°, MBh. — **catara** or **-catvara**, m. (L.) a slanderer; a goat; a sand-bank; hail; *Ficus Religiosa*. — **cāpala** (Gaut.), °*lya* (Yājñ.), n. carelessness in placing the feet. — **cāra**, mfn. going on foot, walking, Ragh.; m. a foot-soldier, Uttarak.; walking on foot (*ena*, ind. on foot), MBh.; Kālid.; the daily position of the planets, W.; N. of wk. — **cārin**, mfn. going or fighting on foot, having feet, walking, moving, BhP.; Jātakam.; m. a pedestrian, foot-soldier, Kathās. — **cihna**, n. f°-mark, f°-print, MW. — **chedana**, n. cutting off a f°, Mn. viii, 280. — **ja**, m. 'born from the f° (of Brahmā),' a Śūdra, Hariv. — 1. **-jala**, n. water for (washing) the feet, L. — 2. **-jala**, mfn. containing (i. e. mixed with) one fourth of water, Bhpr. — **jāha**, n. = *mūla*, L. (g. *-karnādi*). — **tala**, n. sole of the foot, MBh.; Suśr.; (e), ind. (to fall) at a person's feet, Amar.; °*lāhati*, f. a kick, Kuval. — **tas**, ind. from or at or near the feet (*-taḥ* √*kṛi*, to place at the feet), ŚāṅkhGr.; Mn.; Kathās.; by the Pāda (i. e. quarter of a verse), RPrāt.; step by step, by degrees, Kām. — **tra**, m. or n. 'foot-covering,' a shoe, Rājat. (cf. *apa-pādatra*); — **dhāraṇa**, n. wearing shoes, Car. — **trāna**, n. = *-tra*, Suśr. — **dārikā** or °*rī*, f. 'feet-chap,' a chilblain, Suśr. — **dāha**, m. a burning sensation in the f°, ib. — **dhāvana**, n. washing the f°, MBh.; R.; °*nikā*, f. sand used for rubbing the f°, L. — **nakha**, m. a toe-nail, Cat. — **namra**, mfn. bowing down to the feet of any one, ML. — **nālikā**, f. an ornament for the feet, an anklet, L. — **niketa**, m. a foot-stool, BhP. — **nicṛit**, mfn. (a metre) wanting one syllable in each Pāda (w. r. *-ni-vṛit*), RPrāt. — **nishka**, m. a quarter of a Nishka (s. v.), Pān. vi, 3, 56, Pat. — **nyāsa**, m. putting down or placing the feet, R.; casting rays (said of the moon), Śak.; a dance or measured step, MW. — 1. 2. **-pa**, see p. 618. — **patana**, n. falling or bowing to another's feet, Ratnāv.; Kathās. — **patita**, mfn. fallen at an°'s f°, Kathās. — **paddhati**, f. a line of footsteps, a track, trail, Pañc. — **padma**, m. 'foot-lotus,' a f° beautiful as a 1°, Kāv.; N. of a teacher (= *Padma-pāda*), Cat. — **paricāraka**, m. a humble servant, Mcar. — **pāda-dhāvana**, n. washing one foot with the other, Gaut. — **pālikā**, f. an ornament for the feet, anklet, L. — **pāsa**, m. a foot-rope or an anklet, L.; (ī), f. id., ib.; = *khaḍuka*, ib. — **pīṭha**, m. a f°-stool, MBh.; R. &c.; (°*thi*-√*kṛi*), to make into a f°-st°, Kād. — **pīṭhikā**, f. any common or vulgar trade (as that of a barber &c.), L.; white stone, W. — **pūraṇa**, mfn. filling out (a verse &c.), expletive, RPrāt.; n. the filling out a line or the measure of a verse, Pān. vi, 1, 134. — **prakarāṇa-saṅgati**, f. N. of wk. — **prakshālana**, n. washing the feet, Āpast.; Gaut. — **praṇāma**, m. bowing to the feet, prostration, W. — **pratiśhṭhāna**, n. a foot-stool, MBh. — **pradhāraṇa**, n. 'foot-covering,' a shoe, L. — **prasāraṇa**, n. stretching out the feet, Gaut. — **prasveda**, m. perspiration of the f°, Hcat.; °*din*, mfn. suffering from it, ib. — **prahāra**, m. 'f°-blow,'

a kick, Kāv. — **baddha**, mfn. bound or held together by feet, consisting of verses (as a metre), Madhus. — **bandha**, m. a tie or fetter for the feet, MBh. — **bandhana**, n. id., L.; a stock of cattle, L. — **bhaṭa**, m. a foot-soldier, Kathās. — **bhāga**, m. a fourth part, quarter, MBh.; mfn. amounting to a qu°, L. — **bhāj**, mfn. possessing a qu° i. e. being only the fourth part of (gen.) with regard to (loc.), MBh.; dividing into Pādas or verses, L. — **mañ-jarī**, f. N. of a treatise on RV. — **madhya-yamaka**, n. paronomasia in the middle of the 4 verses of a stanza (as in Bhaṭṭ. x, 5). — **mātra**, n. the measure or distance of a foot, ŚrS.; (°*trā*), mf(i)n. a f° long, ŚBr. — **miśra** = *pan-miśra* (Pān. vi, 3, 56). — **mudrā**, f. the impression of a f°-step, any mark or sign, Rājat.; — **pañkti**, f. a line of f°-steps, a track, trail, Kathās. — **mūla**, n. 'f°-root,' the sole or heel (also as a polite designation of a person), Kāv.; Pur. (°*le ni*-√*pat*, to fall at a person's feet, R.); the foot of a mountain, Kathās. — **yamaka**, n. paronomasia within the Pādas or single verses, Vām. — **yuddha**, n. 'f°-fight,' fighting on f°, MW. — **raksha**, m. 'f°-guard,' pl. armed men who run by the side of an elephant in battle to protect its feet, MBh.; Hariv. — **rakshaṇa**, n., °*kshikā*, f. 'f°-covering,' a shoe, L. — **rajas**, n. the dust of the feet, MBh.; Mālav. — **rajju**, f. a rope or tether for the foot (of an elephant), L. — **rathī**, f. 'f°-vehicle,' a shoe, L. — **rohana**, m. 'growing from roots,' the Indian fig-tree, L. — **lagna**, mfn. sticking or hanging on the feet, lying at a person's feet, Cāṇ.; Kathās. — **lipta** (and *-sūri*), m. N. of a scholar, L. — **lepa**, m. an unguent for the feet, MärkP.; — **siddhi**, f. its effect, Caṇḍ. — **vat** (*pāda*-), mfn. having f°, AV. &c. — **vandana**, n. 'saluting the f°,' respectful salutation, Yājñ.; °*nika*, mfn. accompanied by a f° s°, L. — **valmīka**, m. elephantiasis, L. (cf. *valm°*). — **vigraha**, m. pl. (prob.) a mode of reading (cf. *pāda-v°*), Hariv. 12030 (v.l. *kāma* [for *krāma*] v°); mfn. one-footed (opp. to *catuḥ-pāda*), ib. 11305 &c. — **vidhāna**, n. 'arrangement of verses,' N. of a wk. ascribed to Śaunaka. — **vira-jas**, f. a shoe (lit. 'keeping the feet dustless'?), L. — **vṛitta**, m. N. a Svarita separated from the preceding Udātta by a hiatus, Prāt.; du. the 2 component elements of a verse, i. e. the long and short syllable, ib. — **veshṭanika**, m. or n. (and *ā*, f.) 'foot-covering,' a stocking, L. — **śabda**, m. the sound of f°-steps, Daś. — **śas**, ind. foot by f°, quarter by qu°, Mn.; MBh.; verse by v°, MānGr. — **śākhā**, f. 'f°-branch,' a toe, L. — **sūsrūshā**, f. obedience to (the feet of) any one (gen.), Hariv. — **śesha**, n. a quarter, fourth part (?), Hariv. 16218. — **sāila**, m. a hill at the foot of a mountain, L. — **śoṭha**, m. 'feet-swelling,' gout, W. — **sauca**, n. cleaning the f°, Yājñ. — **samhitā**, f. the junction of words in a quarter of a stanza, VPrāt. — **sevana**, n., °*vā*, f. 'foot-salutation,' service, duty, Kāv. — **stambha**, m. a supporting beam, pillar, post, Yājñ., Sch. — **sphoṭa**, m. a sore or ulcer on the foot, L. — **svedana**, n. causing perspiration in the feet; °*nika*, mfn. produced by it, g. *aksha-dyūtādi*. — **harsha**, m. numbness of the f°, Suśr. — **hāra-ka**, mfn. taken away with the f°, Pān., Sch.; m. a stealer with the f° (?), W. — **hināt**, ind. without division or transition, Suśr. **Pādāṅśika**, mfn. greater or smaller by a part, Car. **Pādākulaka**, n. N. of 2 kinds of metre, Col. **Pādāgra**, n. the point or extremity of the foot; — *sthita*, mfn. standing on tip-toe, Ratnāv. **Pādāghāta**, m. 'f°-blow,' a kick, Kathās. **Pādāṅgada**, n., °*dī*, f. 'f°-ring,' an anklet, L. **Pādāṅguliyaka**, n. a toe-ring, L. **Pādāṅgushṭha**, m. 'f°-thumb,' the great toe, MBh.; — *śrītāvani*, mfn. touching the ground with the toes, on tip-toe, MW.; °*thikā*, f. a ring worn on the great toe, W. **Pādādi** (ibc.), the beginning of a verse; — *madhya-yamaka*, n. paronomasia at the b° and in the middle of a verse (as Bhaṭṭ. x, 15); — *yamaka*, n. p° at the b° of a v° (ib. x, 4); °*dyanta-yamaka*, n. p° at the b° and end of a v° (ib. x, 11). **Pādādhisṭhāna**, n. a foot-stool, L. **Pādādhyāsa**, m. treading upon, kicking, W. **Pādānata**, mfn. = °*da-namra*, ib. **Pādānukramaṇī**, f. N. of wk. **Pādānudhyāta** or °*dhyāna*, mfn. 'thought of by (the feet of) such a one,' the rightful successor of any one (thought of by his predecessor), Inscr. **Pādānuprāsa**, m. alliteration in verses, Vām. **Pādānta**, m. extremity of the feet (°*te*, at a person's f°), Amar.; a claw, Pañc.; the end of a verse; — *yamaka*, n. paronomasia at