

✓*svid*, Caus., to foment) until the dough swells, Sāmav-
Br. **Pishtāda**, mfn. eating flour, BhP. **Pishtānna**,
n. food prepared from flour, Suśr.; -*dāna*, n. N. of
wk. **Pishtōdaka**, n. water mixed with f°, MBh.
Pishtōdvapanī, f. a partic. sacrificial vessel, L.

Pishtaka, m. a cake or anything made of flour,
pastry, L.; a disease of the eyes, opacity of the cornea,
Suśr.; (*ikā*), f. a sort of grit, Bhpr.; Tamarindus
Indica, L.; n. flour or meal, Subh.; pounded sesa-
mum-seeds, L. — **samkrānti**, f. N. of a partic.
festival, W.

Pishtāta and **taka**, m. perfumed powder or
dust (which the Hindus sprinkle over each other at
the Holi or spring festival), Ratnāv.; Kād.; Rājat.
(cf. RTL. 430).

Pishtī, f. powder, Rasēndrac.

Pishtika, n. a cake made of rice flour, L.

Pishtī, f. flour, meal, Bhpr. — **rasa**, m. a partic.
medicinal preparation, Rasēndrac.

Pishtī-√kri, to grind down, Nilak.

Pishtāndī, f. Tamarindus Indica, L. (cf. under
pishtaka).

पिष्टप् *pishṭapa*, v. l. for *vishṭapa*, q. v.

पिष्टल् *pishyala*, w. r. for *pippala*, q. v.

पिस् *pis*, cl. 4. P. (Naigh. ii, 14) *pīsyati*
(pf. 3. pl. *pīpisuh*), to stretch, expand, ŠBr.; cl. 1.
pesati, to go, move, Dhātup. xvii, 69; cl. 10. *pesa-
yati*, id.; to hurt; to be strong; to give or to take;
to dwell, xxxii, 32 (cf. *pish*, Caus.)

पिस्प्रिक्षु *pisprikshu*, mfn. (✓*spriś*) wishing
or being about to touch; (with *jalam* or *salilam*)
being about to rinse the mouth or to perform ablutions,
MBh.; R.

पिहित् *pi-hita*, *pi-hiti*. See *pi-√dhā*.

पिहुलि *pihuli*, m. N. of a serpent-demon, L.

पी 1. *pī* (connected with ✓1. *pā*, to which
belong pass. *pīyāte*, pp. *pīta*, *pītvā* &c.), cl. 4. Ā.
pīyate, to drink, MBh.; Dhātup. xxvi, 32.

पी 2. *pī* or *pi* (connected with ✓*pyai*), cl. 1.

Ā. *pāyate* (cl. 2. Ā. pr.p. *pīyāna*, cl. 3. P. Impv.
pīpihī; impf. *āpīpet*, *āpīpayat*; Subj. *pīpyatam*,
-*tām*; *pīpayat*, Ā. *°yanta*; p. Ā. *pīpyāna*; pf. P.
pīpāya, 2. sg. *pīpetha*, 3. pl. *pīpyur*; p. Ā. *pī-
pyāna*), to swell, overflow, be exuberant, abound,
increase, grow; (trans.) to fatten, cause to swell or
be exuberant, surfeit, RV.

पीठ *pīṭha*, n. (rarely *i*, f.; possibly cor-
rupted fr. *pi-sad*, to sit upon) a stool, seat, chair,
bench, GrS.; MBh. &c.; a religious student's seat
(made properly of Kuśa grass), W.; case, pedestal
(esp. of an idol), Rājat.; Var., Sch.; royal seat,
throne, RāmatUp.; place, office (cf. *pīṭhādhikāra*);
N. of various temples (erected on the 51 spots where
the limbs of Pārvatī fell after she had been cut to
pieces by the discus of Vishnu), L.; a district, prov-
ince, Pañc.; a partic. posture in sitting, Cat.; (in
geom.) the complement of a segment, Col.; m. a
kind of fish, L.; the sun, Gal.; N. of an Asura, MBh.;
of a minister of Kānsa, Hariv. — **keli**, m. a male
confidant, parasite, L. — **ga**, m. moving about in a
wheel-chair, lame, crippled, MBh. — **garbha**, m.
the cavity in the pedestal of an idol, Var., Sch.
— **cakra**, n. a chariot with a seat, ĀśvGr. — **cint-
tāmaṇi**, m. N. of wk. — **nāyikā**, f. a girl of four-
teen (before menstruation) who impersonates Durgā
at the festival of that goddess, L. — **nirūpana**, n.,
-**nirñaya**, m. N. of wks. — **nyāsa**, m. N. of a
partic. mystical ceremony, Tantras. — **bhū**, f. a basis,
basement, L. — **marda**, mfn. very impudent, L.;
m. a companion, parasite, MBh. iv, 674 (= *rāja-
priya*, Nilak.); the companion of the hero of a
drama in any great enterprise, Daśar.; Sāh.; a dancing
master who teaches courtesans, L.; (*ikā*), f. a
lady who assists the heroine of a drama in securing
her lover, Mālav. i, 14. — **lakshana**, n. N. of wk.
— **vivara**, m. = *garbha*, Var., Sch. — **sakti-nir-
naya**, m. N. of wk. — **sarpa** (MBh.; Nilak. 'a
boa'), -**sarpīn** (VS.), mfn. = *ga*. — **sūtra**, n. N. of
wk. — **sthāna**, n. N. of a city (= *prati-sthāna*),
Sinhās. **Pīṭhādhikāra**, m. appointment to a place
or office, Rājat. **Pīṭhopapālī**, mfn. one whose
ear-lobes have been entirely cut off, Suśr.

Pīṭhaka, m. or n. a stool, chair, bench, BhP.;
a kind of palanquin, Kāraṇḍ.; (*ikā*), f. a stool, bench,
R.; Mālav.; Kathās.; a base, pedestal (esp. of an

idol, Kathās.), Kāraṇḍ.; Var., Sch. (cf. *pūrva-
pīṭhikā*).

Pīṭhāya, Nom. Ā. *°yate*, to become a stool, L.

पीड़ *pīḍ* (prob. fr. *pīsd* = *pi-√sad*),

pf. *pīḍidé*, to be squeezed or pressed out
(as Soma), RV. iv, 22, 8; cl. 10. P. or Caus. *pī-
dayati* (ep. also *°te*; aor. *api-pīdat* or *apīpidat*,
Pān. vii, 4, 3), Dhātup. xxxii, 11; to press, squeeze
(*kālam kālena pīdayan*, 'pressing time against
time,' i.e. 'leaving everything to time,' Mn. i, 51),
AV. &c. &c.; to hurt, harm, injure, oppress, pain,
vex, Mn.; MBh. &c.; to beleaguer (a city), R.;
to break (a vow), Yājñ.; to neglect (one's family),
MBh.; (in astrol.) to cover (esp. with something
inauspicious), to eclipse, obscure, Var.: Pass. *pī-
dyate*, to be pressed or pained or afflicted, MBh.;
Kāv. &c.; to cause pain, hurt, Pañcad.

Pīḍa, m. n., in *tila-p*, *triṇa-p*.

Pīḍaka, m. an oppressor (cf. *tālu-p*).

Pīḍana, mfn. pressing, afflicting, molesting, pain-
ing (cf. *cakshu-p*); n. the act of pressing or
squeezing, R.; Kathās.; Git.; an instrument for
pressing, press (= *pīḍana-dravya*), Suśr.; the act of
oppressing or suppressing, paining, harassing, afflicting,
R.; Kām.; Rājat.; devastation, laying a country
waste, W.; misfortune, calamity, Mn. ix, 299; ob-
scuration, eclipse (of a planet, cf. *graha-p*), Suśr.; sup-
pression (of sounds, a fault in pronunciation), RPrāt.

Pīḍaniya, mfn. used for pressing, serving for a
press, Suśr.; = next, MBh.

Pīḍayitavya, mfn. to be oppressed or harassed
or molested or pained, MBh.

Pīḍā, f. pain, suffering, annoyance, harm, injury,
violation, damage (*ayā*, ind. with pain, i.e. un-
willingly), Mn.; MBh. &c.; devastation (cf. *pīḍana*),
W.; restriction, limitation, Kātyār., Sch.; obscuration,
eclipse (of a planet, cf. *graha-p*), Var.; pity,
compassion, L.; a chaplet or garland for the head,
L. (cf. *āpīda*); *Pinus Longifolia*, L.; a basket, L.;
w.r. for *pīṭha*. — **kara**, mfn. pain-causing, afflicting,
tormenting, Yājñ. — **karana**, n. the causing of pain,
torturing, W. — **krit**, mfn. = *kara*, Var. — **kṛita**,
n. the infliction of pain or disadvantage, Gaut.
— **gṛīha**, n. torture-chamber, house of correction,
Sāy. — **bhāj**, mfn. showing wavy marks of pressure
or indentations, Kir. — **yantra-gṛīha**, n. = *pīḍā-
gṛīha*, Sāy. — **sthāna**, n. (in astrol.) an unlucky
position, inauspicious distance (of a planet), Var.

Pīḍāya, Nom. Ā. *°yate*, to feel pain, be uneasy,
Sāṃkhyak., Sch.

Pīḍita, mfn. squeezed, pressed, Mn.; MBh. &c.;
hurt, injured, afflicted, distressed, troubled, badly
off, ib.; covered, eclipsed, obscured, Var.; laid
waste, W.; bound, tied, ib.; suppressed; badly
pronounced, APrāt.; (am), ind. closely, R.; n.
damage, Gaut.; harassment, annoyance, MBh. (v.l.
pīḍana); a kind of coitus, L. — **tā**, f., -**tva**, n. the
being pressed or afflicted or distressed, Suśr.

Pīḍin, mfn. annoying, distressing (ifc.), Naish.

पीठ 1. *pīṭā*, mfn. (✓1. *pā*) drunk, sucked,
sipped, quaffed, imbibed, RV. &c. &c.; ifc. having
drunk, soaked, steeped, saturated, filled with (also
with instr.), Mn.; MBh. (cf. g. *āhitāgnī-ādi*); n.
drinking, L. — **kośa**, mfn. one who has ratified a
treaty by drinking from a cup, Rājat. (cf. under *kośa*).
— **taila**, mfn. one who has drunk oil, filled with
oil (cf. *taila-pīṭa*); (ā), f. *Cardiospermum Halicacabum* and some other species, L. — **dugdhā**, f.
a cow whose milk has been pledged (lit. already drunk),
L.; a cow tied up to be milked, any milch cow, W.;
a kind of shrub (= *kshiriṇī*), L. — **nidra**, mfn.
immersed in slumber, BhP. — **pratibaddha-vatsā**,
f. a cow whose calf has drunk milk and been tied
up, Ragh. — **madya**, mfn. one who has d° wine or
any other intoxicating liquor, MW. — **māruta**, m.
a kind of snake, Car. — **rāsa**, m. whose juice is d°,
ib. — **vat**, mfn. one who has d°, Suśr.; containing
✓1. *pā*, AitBr. — **vipīṭa**, mfn., g. *sāka-pārthivāḍi*
(cf. *bhukta-vibhukta*). — **sesha**, mfn. left from
drinking; m. remainder of anything drunk, Gobh.; R.

— **śoṇita**, mfn. (a sword) that has d° blood, bloody,
Kathās. — **soma-pūrva**, mfn. (a Brāhmaṇa) who
has d° before the Soma-juice (at a sacrifice), Mn. xi,
8. — **Pīṭabdhi**, m. 'by whom the ocean was d°', N.
of the Muni Agastya (s.v.), L. — **Pīṭavasesha**,
mfn. drunk up with the exception of a small
remainder, Kām. — **Pīṭodaka**, mfn. one who has
d° water or whose w° has been d°, KathUp.

I. **Pīṭi**, f. drinking (with acc. or gen.), a draught,
RV.; a tavern, L.; m. a horse, L.

I. **Pītin**, mfn. drinking, one who has drunk (see
soma-p); m. a horse, L.

Pītu, m. 'who drinks or dries up,' the sun or
fire, Up. i, 71, Sch.; the chief elephant of a herd,
L. — **dāru** (*pītu-*), m. a kind of tree (= *deva-dāru*
or = *khadira*), ŠBr.; Kāṭh. (cf. *pīta-dāru*).

Pītvā, ind. having drunk or quaffed, RV. &c.
&c. — **sthiraka**, mfn. somewhat refreshed by a
draught, g. *mayūra-vyānsakaddi*.

Pītvī (RV.) and **pītvīnam** (Kāś. on Pān. vii, 1,
48), ind. having drunk or quaffed.

I. **Pītha**, m. a drink, draught (cf. *go-p*, *surā-p*,
soma-p); n. water, L.; melted butter, L.

Pīthi, m. a horse, L. (cf. *pīṭi*).

Pīthin, mfn. drinking up, exhausting (cf. *kośa-p*).

पीठ 2. *pīṭa*, mfn. (possibly fr. ✓2. *pī* or
✓*pyai*, the colour of butter and oil being yellowish)
yellow (the colour of the Vaiśyas, white being that
of the Brāhmans, red that of the Kshatriyas, and
black that of the Śūdras), GrS.; Up.; MBh. &c.;
m. yellow colour, W.; a y° gem, topaz, L.; a y°
pigment prepared from the urine of kine, L.; N. of
sev. plants (*Alangium Hexapetalum*, *Carthamus
Tinctarius*, *Trophis Aspera*), L.; of the Vaiśyas in
Śālmala-dvīpa, VP.; (ā), f. N. of sev. plants (*Cur-
cuma Longa* and *Aromaticā*, a species of *Dalbergia
Sissoo*, a species of *Musa*, *Aconitum Ferox*, *Pani-
cum Italicum*, = *mahā-jyotishmatī*), L.; a kind of
y° pigment (= *go-rocanā*), L.; a mystical N. of the
letter sh, Up.; n. a y° substance, ChUp.; gold, L.;
y° orpiment, L. — **kadalī**, f. a species of banana, L.
— **kanda**, n. *Daucus Carota*, L. — **karavīraka**, m.
oleander with y° flowers, L. — **kāvera**, n. saffron, L.;
bell-metal, L. — **kāshṭha**, n. y° sanders, L.; *Chloroxylon
Swietenia*, L. — **kīlā**, f. a species of plant
(= *āvartaki*), L. — **kushṭha**, n. y° leprosy, L.
— **kedāra**, m. a species of rice, Gal. — **kauseya-
vāsas**, mfn. dressed in y° silk; m. N. of Kṛiṣṇa,
MW. — **gandha**, n. y° sandal, L. — **ghoshā**, f. a
species of creeper with y° flowers, L. — **cañcu**, m.
'y°-beak,' a kind of parrot, Gal. — **candana**, n.
y° sandal, L.; saffron, L.; turmeric, L. — **campaka**,
m. 'y° as the Campa,' a lamp, L.; a looking-glass,
Gal. — **tandula**, m. *Panicum Italicum*, Gal.; (ā),
f. id. (also *likā*), L.; a species of *Solanum*, L.
— **tā**, f. yellowness, MBh. — **tunda**, m. 'y°-beak,'
Sylvia Sutoria, L. — **tva**, n. = *tā*, MW. — **dāru**, m.
Pinus Deodora and *Longifolia*, L.; *Curcuma Aro-
matica*, L.; *Chloroxylon Swietenia*, L. — **dīptā**, f.
N. of a Buddh. deity, KālaC. — **dru**, m. *Pinus
Longifolia* or *Curcuma Aromaticā*, L. — **nīla**, mfn.
'yellow-blue,' green, L. — **parṇī**, f. 'y°-leaved,'
Tragia Involucrata, L. — **pādaka**, m. a tree similar
to the *Bignonia*, L. — **pādā**, f. 'y°-footed,' *Turdus
Salica*, L. — **pura**, n. 'y°-town,' N. of a town,
Sinhās. — **pushpa**, m. 'y°-flowered,' N. of sev.
plants (*Pterospermum Acerifolium* or some other
species, *Michelia Champaka*, *Tabernaemontana
Coronaria*, a species of y° *Barleria*), L.; (ā), f. the
cocolynth, L.; a kind of shrub, L.; *Cajanus Indicus*,
L., (ā), f. *Andropogon Acicularis*, L.; the colocynth
and other kinds of gourd, L.; a Barleria with y°
flowers, L.; n. *Tabernaemontana Coronaria*, L.
— **prasava**, m. = *karavīraka*, L. — **ph**