

-*tvacā*, L. - *parṇī*, f. id., L.; Hemionitis Cordifolia, Car.; Suśr. - *pindā*, m. a distant kinsman who offers the Śrāddha oblation (see *pindā*) by himself and not together with the other relations, Mn. v, 78 (Kull. = 'samāñdaka'). - *sabda*, m. a separate or distinct or independent word, Vop. - *sayyā*, f. sleeping apart, Hit. - *śayin*, mfn. (pl.) sleeping alone or apart, Vishn. - *śruti*, mfn. uttering a distinct sound, distinctly heard, RPrāt. - *sukha*, mfn. (pl.) having different joys, MBh. - *sthita*, mfn. existing separately, separate, MW. - *sthiti*, f. separate existence, separation, Vikr.

Pṛithakat, ind. = *prithak*, Pāṇ. v, 3, 72, Sch. **Pṛithag**, in comp. for *thak*. - *abhimati*, mfn. regarding the world as separate (from God), MW. - *artha*, mfn. (pl.) having separate or distinct advantages, MBh.; having s° or d° meanings (-tā, f.), Kir. - *ātman*, mfn. 'having a s° nature or essence,' separate, distinct, individual, W.; m. individualized spirit, the individual soul (as distinct from universal spirit or the soul of the universe), ib.; *ma-tā*, f. separateness, severality, L.; discrimination, judgment, W.; *mikā*, f. separate or individual existence, individuality, L. - *ālaya*, mfn. (pl.) having s° dwellings, Kathās. - *īsa-mānin*, mfn. regarding God as s° from the universe, MW. - *upā-dāna*, n. s° mention, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 113, Sch. - *gana*, m. a s° company or class, Mn. i, 37. - *guna*, mfn. having distinct properties, W. - *gotra*, mfn. (pl.) belonging to different families, MārkP. - *jana*, m. a man of lower caste or character or profession, Mn.; MBh. &c. (-vat, ind., Ragh. viii, 89); an ordinary professing Buddhist, MWB. 132; a fool, blockhead, Sīś.; a villain, L.; pl. common people, the multitude (also sg.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; = *prithak-kshetra*, W.; - *kalyāṇaka*, m. a man wishing for conversion, Divyāv. - *jana-pada*, n. each single country or people, Lāty. - *jaya*, m. victory in a separate combat or duel (*a-prith*), Gaut. - *driś*, mfn. seeing something different from (abl.), BhP. - *devata*, mfn. having a separate or special deity, Sāy. - *dvāra*, n. pl. special doors i.e. means of attainment, MBh. - *dharma-vid*, m. pl. each knowing different laws, Gaut. - *bija*, m. Semecarpus Anacardium, L. - *bhāva*, m. separate state or condition, difference, distinctness, individuality, KathUp.; MBh. &c. - *bhū*, to be peculiar to, Divyāv.; - *bhūta*, mfn. become separate, separated, different, MW. - *yoga*, mfn. (prob.) w.r. for *bhāga* (having different lots) or *bhoga* (h° d° enjoyments), Kathās. - *yoga-karanya*, n. the separation of a grammatical rule into two, Pāṇ., Sch. (cf. *yoga-vibhāga*). - *rasa-maya*, mf(ī)n. made of a distinct or special sap or essence, BhP. - *rūpa*, mfn. variously shaped, diverse, different, manifold, L. - *lakṣaṇa*, mf(ā)n. having d° characteristics, Kātyār. - *vartman* (*prithag-*), mfn. having d° courses, ŠBr.; ChUp. - *varsha*, n. pl. a year in each case, each and every year, Gaut. - *vādin*, mfn. each saying something different, ŠBr. - *vidha*, mfn. of d° kinds, manifold, various, Mn.; MBh. &c.; d° from (abl.), BhP.

Pṛithān, in comp. for *thak*. - *nishtha*, mfn. existing by itself, being something different or distinct in each case, MBh.

Pṛithavī, f. = *prithivī*, L.

Pṛithi, m. N. of a man (protected by the Aśvins, according to Sāy. a Rājarshi), RV. (Cf. *prithī*, *prithu*; *pārtha*, *thyā*). - *sava*, m. N. of a partic. ceremony, TBr., Sch.

Pṛithikā, f. a centipede, L.

Pṛithivi, f. = *vī*. - *tvā*, n. the state or condition of the earth, TS.; TBr. - *dā*, mfn. earth-giving, Kāth.; ĀpŚr. - *bhāga* (*vī*), mfn. having the e° as a share, entitled to it, TS. - *mūla*, m. 'e-rooted,' N. of a man, L. - *lokā*, m. the e° regarded as a world, ŠBr. - *shād*, mfn. = *sad*, AV.; - *shāha* or *shāhā*, mfn. standing on the e°, stepping firmly (as a horse), RV. - *sād*, mfn. sitting on the earth, VPrāt.

Pṛithivī, f. (= *prithvī*, f. of *prithu*) the earth or wide world ('the broad and extended One,' personified as *devī* and often invoked together with the sky [cf. 3. div and *dyāvā-prithivī*; RTL.182]; according to VP. daughter of *Prithu*; the Veda makes 3 earths, one called *bhūmi*, inhabited by men, and 2 under it; there is also an earth between the world of men and the circumambient ocean [ŠBr.] and one extending through the 3 worlds [Naigh.]), RV. &c. &c.; land, ground, soil, ib.;

earth regarded as one of the elements, Prab.; Suśr.; = *antariksha*, Naigh. i, 3; *vya vrata* and *samsarpa*, n. N. of Sāmans, ĀrshBr. - *kampa*, m. an earthquake, MBh. - *krītsna*, n. one of the 10 mystical exercises called *Kṛītsna*, L. - *kshit*, mfn. dwelling on or ruling over the e°, m. a prince, king, Kātyār.; ChUp. &c. - *grantha*, m. N. of wk. - *candra*, m. 'e°-moon,' N. of a prince of the Tri-gartas, Rājat. - *jaya*, v.l. for next, Hariv. - *m-jaya*, mfn. e°-conquering; m. N. of a Dānava, MBh.; of a son of Virāṭa, ib. - *tala*, n. 'e°-surface,' ground, the terrestrial or infernal regions, MBh.; Kāv. &c. - *tirtha*, n. N. of a Tirtha, MBh. - *tva*, n. state or condition of the e°, earthiness, Sarvad. - *dandapāla*, m. the police-magistrate of a country (-tā, f.), Mṛicch. - *devī*, f. N. of a woman, Kathās. - *dyāvā* (*vī*), nom. du. e° and heaven, RV. (cf. *dyāvā-prithivī*). - *dhara*, m. (with *misrīcārya*) N. of an author, Cat. - *dharana*, n. a prop or support of the e°, Hariv. - *m-dadā*, f. 'e°-giving,' N. of a Gandharvī, Kāraṇḍ. (cf. *prithivi-dā*). - *ndra* (*vīndra*), m. 'the Indra of the e°,' a prince, king, A. - *pati*, m. 'e°-lord,' a prince, king, TBr.; Mn. &c.; N. of Yama, L.; (with *sūri*) N. of an author, Cat.; a species of bulbous plant growing on the Himālaya, L. - *paripālaka*, m. 'e°-guardian,' a prince, king, MārkP. - *pārvata*, m. or n. rock-oil, petroleum (?), L. - *pāla* (MBh.; Kāv.), *laka* (MārkP.), m. = *paripālaka*. - *prā*, mfn. e°-filling, AV. - *plava*, m. 'e°-flood,' the sea, Gal. - *bhuj*, m. 'e°-enjoyer,' a king, Vikr.; Rājat. - *bhujamga*, m. 'e°-lover,' a king, MārkP. - *bhrīt*, m. 'e°-bearer,' a mountain, Sīś. - *mānda*, m. or n. e°-scum, L. - *māndala*, m. or n. the circuit of the e°, MW. - *māya*, mf(ī)n. formed of e°, earthen, ŠBr. - *rāsa*, m. e°-sap, L. - *rājya*, n. 'e°-dominion,' sovereignty, Kathās. - *ruha*, m. 'e°-grower,' a plant, tree, Hariv. - *lōka*, m., v.l. for *vi-lokā*, q.v. - *vara-locana*, m. N. of a Bodhi-sattva, Kāraṇḍ. - *sa* (*vīsa*), m. 'e°-lord,' a king, MārkP. - *sakra*, m. 'the Indra of the e°,' id., L. - *svara* (*vīsv*), m. = *vīsa*, R.; MārkP. - *shad*, mfn. abiding on e°, MānŚr. (v.l. - *sad*). - *samsita* (*vī*), mfn. impelled by the e°, AV. - *sava*, m. N. of a partic. ceremony, ĀpŚr.

Pṛithivy, in comp. for *vī* before vowels. - *āpīda*, m. N. of 2 princes of Kaśmīra, Rājat. - *upasamkramanā*, f. N. of a Kim-nari, Kāraṇḍ.

Pṛithī, m. (nom. *thī*, dat. *thyai* or *thaye*, gen. *thyās*) N. of a mythical personage with the patr. Vainya (said to have been the first anointed sovereign of men, to have ruled also the lower animals, and to have introduced the arts of husbandry into the world; he is enumerated among the Rishis and said to be the author of RV. x, 148), RV.; AV.; Br. (cf. *prithi*, *prithu*; *pārtha*).

Pṛithū, mf(*vī* or *u*)n. broad, wide, expansive, extensive, spacious, large; great, important; ample, abundant; copious, numerous, manifold, RV. &c. &c. (u, ind.); prolix, detailed, Var.; smart, clever, dexterous, L.; m. a partic. measure of length (= *pritha*), L.; fire, L.; N. of Śiva, MBh.; of one of the Viśe Devās, VP.; of a Dānava, Hariv.; of a son of An-enas, MBh.; Hariv.; of a Vṛishṇi and son of Citraka, ib.; of a son of Citra-ratha, BhP.; of a descendant of Ikshvāku (son of An-aranya and father of Tri-śāṅku), R.; of a son of Pāra, Hariv.; of a son of Prastāra, VP.; of a son of Rucaka, BhP.; of a son of one of the Manus, Hariv.; of one of the Saptarshis, ib.; of a son of Vaṭeśvara (father of Viśākha-datta), Cat.; of a son of Veṇa, MWB. 423; of a monkey, R.; (u), f. Nigella Indica, L.; = *hingu-pattrī*, L.; opium, L.; (*vī*), f. see below. [Cf. Gk. πλατύς; Germ. *platt*; Eng. *plate*.] - *karman*, m. N. of a son of Śāsa-bindu and grandson of Citra-ratha, VP. - *kalpiṇī*, f., v.l. for *patha-kalpanā*. - *kirti*, mfn. far-famed, R.; N. of a son of Śāsa-bindu, VP.; f. N. of a daughter of Surā, Hariv. - *kucōtpīḍam*, ind. pressing a full bosom, Prab. - *krishṇā*, f. a species of cumin, Bhpr. - *kola*, m. a species of jujube, L. - *gra*, m. pl. 'far-moving,' N. of a class of deities under Maṇu Cākshusha, VP. - *gmān*, mfn. (prob.) = *jman*, RV. - *grīva*, m. 'broad-necked,' N. of a Rākshasa, RV. - *cārv-añcītēkshana*, mf(ā)n. having large and beautiful and curved eyes, Nal. - *cohada*, m. 'broad-leaved,' a species of plant, L. - *jaghana*, mf(ā)n. large-hipped, Bhārt. - *jaya*, m. 'victorious far and wide,' N. of a son of Śāsa-

bindu, VP. - *jman*, mfn. broad-hipped, AV. (cf. *gman*). - *jrāya* (f. ī) and *jrāyas*, mfn. widely extended, RV. - *m-jaya*, v.l. for *thu-j*. - *tama*, mfn. broadest, widest, largest, greatest, MW. - *tara*, mfn. broader, wider, larger, greater; *rī* / *kri*, to open (the eyes) wider, Ratnāv. - *tā*, f., - *tva*, n. breadth, width, largeness, greatness, Suśr.; Var. - *dānshtra*, mfn. large-tusked, MBh. - *datta*, m. N. of a frog, Pañcat. - *darsin*, mfn. far-seeing, far-sighted (met.), Suśr. - *dātri*, m., v.l. for *dāna*. - *dāna*, m. N. of a son of Śāsa-bindu, VP. - *dīrghabāhu*, mfn. having broad and long arms, MW. - *dharani-dhara*, m. N. of Vishnu, MBh. - *dharma*, m., v.l. for *karman*. - *dhāra*, mfn. broad-edged, MBh.; R. - *nitamba*, mfn. large-hipped, MW. - *pākshas*, mfn. br°-flanked (said of a horse), RV. - *pattrā*, m. a kind of garlic (= *rakta-laśuna*), L. - *pārsu*, mfn. armed with large sickles, RV. - *palāsikā*, f. Curcuma Cedoaria (= *śatī*, *palāśaka*), L. - *pāja-vat*, mfn. containing the word *prithu-pājas*, ĀpŚr. - *pājas*, mfn. far-shining, resplendent, RV. - *pāni* (*prithū-*), mfn. br°-handed, RV. - *pīna-vakshas*, mfn. having a br° and fleshy breast, Var. - *pragāna* (*prithū-*), mfn. having a wide approach or access, approached by w° avenues, RV. - *pragāman* (*prithū-*), mfn. w°-striding, taking w° strides, RV. - *prajña*, mfn. having a w° understanding, L. - *pratha*, mfn. far-famed, having a wide reputation, Rājat. - *protha*, mfn. having broad or w° nostrils (said of a horse), MBh. - *bāhu*, mfn. broad-armed, having brawny arms, MBh. - *bījaka*, m. lentils, L. - *budhna* (or *prithū-b*), mfn. br°-based, having a br° basis or foot, having a br° sole or under-part, RV.; AV.; VS.; ShādvBr.; Lāty.; br° in the hinder part (as a worm), Car. - *bhuvana*, n. the wide world, Bhārt. - *mat*, m. N. of a prince, VP. - *mukha*, mfn. wide-mouthed, Pāṇ. vi, 2, 168; having a thick point, Kātyār. - *mṛidvīkā*, f. 'w° grape,' (prob.) a raisin, MBh. - *yaśas*, mfn. far-famed, of w° renown, MBh.; Hariv.; VarBr.; m. N. of a son of Śāsa-bindu, VP.; of a son of Varāha-mihira, Cat.; of an author, ib. - *yāman*, mfn. having a broad path (said of Ushas), RV. - *raśmi*, m. N. of a Yati, PañcavBr.; Kāth. - *rukma* or *man*, m. N. of a son of Parā-jit (or Parā-vrit), Hariv.; VP. - *roman*, m. 'having br° hairs or scales,' a fish, VarBrS.; *mayugma*, n. the zodiacal sign Pisces, VarBr. - *lalāṭatā*, f. having a wide forehead (one of the 80 minor marks of a Buddha), Dharmas. lxxxiv, 72. - *locana*, mf(ā)n. having large eyes, MBh. - *vaktrā*, f. 'wide-mouthed,' N. of one of the Mātris attending on Skanda, MBh. - *vakshas*, mfn. having a broad breast, R. - *vega*, m. 'having excessive force or impetus,' N. of a prince, MBh. - *vyāssa*, mfn. br°-shouldered, MBh. - *simba*, m. a species of Śyonāka, L. - *sīras* (*prithū-*), mfn. br°-headed, flat-headed, AV.; Suśr.; f. N. of a daughter of Puloman, Hariv. - *śringa*, m. a br°-horned species of sheep, Bhpr. - *śekhara*, m. 'broad-crested,' a mountain, L. - *śrava*, m., w.r. for next. - *śrāvas*, mfn. far-famed, of wide renown; m. N. of a man, RV.; MBh.; of a son of Śāsa-bindu, Hariv.; VP.; BhP.; of a son of Raghu, BhP.; of a son of the 9th Manu, MārkP.; of a serpent-demon, PañcavBr.; MBh.; of a being attendant upon Skanda, MBh. (w.r. - *śrava*); of the elephant of the north quarter, Var. - *śrī*, mfn. having great fortune, highly prosperous, MBh. - *śroni* (*prithū-*) and *śroni*, f. broad-hipped, having large hips or buttocks, ŠBr.; MBh. - *shena* (sh for s), m. 'having an extensive army,' N. of a son of Rucira (or Rucirāśva), Hariv.; VP. (v.l. - *sena*); of a son of Vibhu, BhP. - *shtu* or *shṭuka*, mfn. having a br° tuft of hair, RV. (= *jaghana*, Nir.) - *sattama*, m. N. of a prince, VP. - *sattvavat*, mfn. abounding in great living creatures, MW. - *sampad*, mfn. possessing large property, rich, wealthy, Rājat. - *sena*, m., v.l. for *shena*, q.v. - *skandha*, m. 'b°-shouldered,' a boar, L. - *hara*, m. N. of Śiva, MBh. **Pṛithūdaka**, n. 'having extensive waters,' N. of a sacred bathing-place on the northern bank of the Sarasvatī, MBh.; m. and *svāmin*, m. N. of the author of a Comm. on the Brahma-gupta, BhP.; Col. **Pṛithūdara**, m. 'br°-bellied,' a ram, L.; N. of a Yaksha, Kathās. **Pṛithūpākhyāna**, n. 'episode of Pṛithu,' N. of the 29th and 30th ch. of Part II of PadmaP.

Pṛithuka, m. n. rice or grain flattened; rice scalded with hot water and then dried over a fire