

iv, 3, 23) matutinal, early, Bālār.; relating to the next day, future, L.; -nīsa, mfn. one who (sleeps) in the early morning as (if it were) night, MBh.; -śaya, mfn. asleep early in the morning, ib.

प्रगयण *pra-gayana*, n. an excellent answer, Daś. (w.r. for -gāmanā?)

प्रगर्जे *pra-√garj*, P. -garjati, to begin to thunder, MBh. °garjana, n. roaring, roar (cf. siñha-). °garjita, n. a roar, noise, din, L.

प्रगर्धिन् *pra-gardhīn*, mfn. (✓gridh) pressing or hastening onwards, eager, RV.

प्रगल्त *pra-√gal*, Caus. -gālayati, to cause to fall off, Car. °galita, mfn. dripped down, Megh.

प्रगल्भ *pra-√galbh*, Ā. -galbhate, to be bold or confident, behave resolutely, Śis.; to be capable of or ready to (loc. or inf.), Bālār.; Vcar.; to be equal to or fit to pass for (nom.), Sarvad.; to be arrogant or proud, W. °galbha, mf(ā)n. bold, confident, resolute, brave, strong, able, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; proud, arrogant, impudent, Ragh.; skilful, Kād.; illustrious, eminent, W.; mature (as age), MW.; m. N. of the fire employed at the Jātakarman, Grīhyas.; (with ācārya) N. of an author (called also Śubham-kara), Cat.; (ā), f. a bold and confident woman (esp. one of the classes of heroines in dram. composition), Sāh.; N. of Durgā, L.; (am), ind. courageously, resolutely, Mṛicch.; -kulāla, m. a skilful potter, Bhārt.; -tā, f. (Kum.), -tva, n. (W.) boldness, wilfulness, resolution, energy, strength, power; -manas, mfn. resolute-minded (a-), Amar.; -lakṣaṇa, n. and °na-prakāśa, m. N. of wks.; -vāc, mfn. speaking confidently or proudly, Kum. °galbhita, mfn. proud, arrogant, MW.; eminent, conspicuous, ib.; shining or resplendent with (instr.), Cat.

प्रगा *pra-√gā*, P. -jigāti, to go forwards, proceed, advance, move, go, RV.; MBh. i. °gāṇa, n. (for 2. see under *pra-√gai*) access, approach, see *prithu-prag*.

प्रगाढ़ *pra-gāḍha* &c. See *pra-√gāh* below.

प्रगाढ़ *pra-gātha*. See *pra-√gai*, col. 2.

प्रगाह *pra-√gāh*, Ā. -gāhate, to dive into, penetrate, pervade, RV. °gāḍha, mfn. dipped or steeped in, mixed with, soaked, impregnated (ifc.), Suśr.; much, excessive, MBh.; rich in, full of (ifc.), Kām.; advanced, late (hour), Daś.; hard, difficult, L.; (am), ind. much, exceedingly, greatly, Kāv.; Suśr.; tightly, firmly, W.; n. a crowd, MBh. iv, 1977 (= sam̄-kāṭa, Nilak.); pain, privation, penance, W.; -tā, f., -tva, n. abundance, excessiveness, MW.; hardness, ib. °gāhana, n. dipping or plunging into (gen.), ApŚr.

प्रगीत *pra-gīta*, °ti. See *pra-√gai*.

प्रगुण *pra-guṇa*, mf(ā)n. straight (lit. and fig.), right, correct, honest, upright, Mālatīm.; Hcar.; being in a good state or condition, excellent, Ragh.; Mālatīm.; -racanā, f. = next, Daśar. °gunana, n. putting straight, arranging, Mālatīm. °gunaya, Nom. P. °yati, to put straight, set right, Dhananj.; to develop, exhibit, manifest, Nyāyam. °gunita, mfn. made even or smooth or straight, put in order, properly arranged, Bālār.; Pañc. °gunin, mfn. smooth or even i.e. friendly towards (loc.), MBh.

Pra-guṇī, in comp. for °guṇa. -karanya, n. putting straight, arranging properly, KātySr., Sch. -√kṛi, to put straight or in order, make smooth or even, Car.; Pañc.; to make amenable to (loc.), Mudr.; to nourish, bring up, A. -√bhū, to make one's self fit or ready for (dat.), Kuv.

Pragunya, mfn. more exceeding, excellent, W.

प्रगृप *pra-√gup*, Caus. -gopayati, to protect, guard, Pañc.; Bhaṭṭ.; to conceal, keep secret, Hcar. °gopana, n. protection, preservation, salvation, W.

प्रगृर *pra-√gur* (only aor. -gūrta), to cry aloud, RV. i, 173, 2 (Sāy. 'to make great efforts').

प्रगृ *pra-√i. gī*, P. -gīṇāti, to proclaim, announce to (loc.), RV. i, 152, 5; to extol, praise, Bhp.

प्रगे *pra-ge*. See under *pra-√gam*.

प्रगी *pra-√gai*, P. -gāyati (ep. also Ā. °te), to begin to sing, sing, celebrate, praise, extol; to sound, resound, RV.; MBh.; Bhp. 2. °gāṇa, n. (for 1. see *pra-gā*) singing, song, L. °gāṭri, m. a singer, MBh. ('excellent singer,' L.) °gāṭha, m. a kind of stanza (the combination of a Bṛihati or Kakubh with a Sato-bṛihati so as to form a triplet), VS.; RPrāt. &c.; N. of a Rishi with the patr. Kānya and Ghaura, the author of RV. viii, 1, 2; 10; 48; 51-54; (pl.) N. of RV. viii (which contains a great many Pr° stanzas); -kāram, ind. combining into a Pr° stanza, Lāṭy. °gāyin, mfn. beginning to sing, singing, Hariv. °gīta, mfn. recited in a singing tone, sung, Sarvad.; resonant with singing, vocal, MBh.; R.; singing, one who has begun to sing, Kathās.; n. song, Ritus.; Caur.; a sing-song or drawling recitation (regarded as a fault), Śiksh. °gīti, f. a kind of metre, Col.

प्रग्रथ *pra-√grath*, P. -grathnāti or -grathati, to string together, join, connect, Nyāyam., Sch. °grathana, n. connecting or stringing together, intertwining, Sāy.

प्रग्रस् *pra-√gras*, P. -grasati, to eat up, devour, swallow, MBh.

प्रग्रह *pra-√grah*, P. Ā. -gṛihṇāti °nīte, to hold or stretch forth, hold, AV. &c. &c.; to offer, present, ŚBr.; ŚāṅkhŚr.; to seize, grasp, take hold of, take, ŚrS.; MBh. &c.; to accept, receive, Śak.; Var.; to draw up, tighten (reins), stop (horses), Śak.; to befriend, favour, further, promote, MBh.; Hariv.; R.; to keep separated or isolated (cf. below): Caus. (inf. -grāhitum) to receive, accept, MBh. °gṛihita, mfn. held forth or out, taken, accepted &c., R.; Hariv. &c.; lofty, Divyāv.; joined, united with (ibc.), Bhp.; kept separate, pronounced without observing the rules of Saṃdhī; -pāda, mf(ā)n. having the words pronounced separately, RPrāt. i. °gṛihya, mfn. to be seized or taken or accepted, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; (in gram.) to be taken or pronounced separately, not subject to the rules of Saṃdhī (as the final ī, ī, and e of the dual terminations, e.g. kāvī etāu, 'these two poets'), Prāt.; Pāñ. &c. 2. °gṛihya, ind. having taken or grasped, carrying away with, with, MBh.; Kāv. &c. °graha, m. (ifc. f. ā) holding in front, stretching forth, MBh.; seizing, clutching, taking hold of (°ham̄ gatah, seized, taken), ib.; Hariv.; a partic. manner of fighting, MBh. (= śatror uttānapātanārtham pāḍḍakarshanam or = gala-hastakah, Nilak.); the seizure of the sun or moon, beginning of an eclipse (cf. graha), Sūryas.; friendly reception, kindness, favour, MBh.; Hariv.; obstinacy, stubbornness (°ham̄ gatah, obstinate, stubborn), MBh.; a rein, bridle, Kāṭhp.; MBh. &c.; a ray of light (like all words meaning 'rein' or 'bridle'), L.; a rope, halter, cord, string, thong, MBh.; the cord or string suspending a balance, L.; a guide, leader, ruler (also as N. of Vishṇu-Krishṇa), MBh.; a companion, satellite, ib.; binding, L.; taming, breaking (a horse), L.; the arm, L.; a species of plant, Car. (Cassia Fistula, L.); a vowel not subject to the rules of Saṃdhī, TPrāt. (-tva, n., Sch.; cf. i. *pra-grihya*); N. of a partic. sacrificial rite (also -homa, KātySr., Sch.); mf(ā)n. receiving, kind, hospitable (with sabhā, f. a hall of reception, an audience hall), R. (B.); = īrdhvabāhu (?), R., Sch. (cf. prāñjali-pragr°); -vat, mfn. (ifc.) one who has seized, holding, MBh.; receiving kindly, obliging, R. (Sch. 'keeping down the wicked' or 'controlling the organs of sense'); °hāḍi-darpana, m. N. of wk.; °hin, mfn. guiding the reins, Bhp. °grahāṇa, m. a leader, guide (only ifc. [f. ā] 'led by'), MBh.; stretching forth, offering, ŚāṅkhŚr.; taking, seizing, holding, ib.; the seizure of the sun and moon, commencement of an eclipse, VarBrS.; Sūryas.; a means for taming or breaking in, MBh.; the being a leader or guide, authority, dignity, ib.; a rein, bridle, MW.; a check, restraint, ib. °grāhitavya, mfn. to be checked or controlled, Vajracch. °grāha, m. (only L.) seizing, taking, bearing, carrying (cf. Pāñ. iii, 3, 46); a rein, bridle (cf. ib. 53); the string of a balance (cf. ib. 52); -vat, mfn. having the string of a balance, MW. °grāham, ind. taking the words separately, not pronouncing them according to the rules of Saṃdhī, AitBr.

प्रग्रीव *pra-grīva*, m. n. (g. ardharādi; also -ka, ifc., Hcar.) a wooden balustrade or fence round a building, Rājat. viii, 328; a window, lattice, balcony (projecting like a neck; cf. grīvā), L.; a

summer-house, pleasure-house, L.; a painted turret, L.; a stable, L.; the top of a tree, L.

प्रग्लै *pra-√glai*, P. -glāyati, to fade, wither away, Bhaṭṭ. (Sch. -mlāyati): Caus. -glāpāyati, Vop. °gīla, mfn. wearied, fatigued, exhausted, W.

प्रघट *pra-√ghat*, Ā. -ghātate, to exert one's self, devote one's self to (loc.), Bhaṭṭ.; to commence, begin, ib. °ghātaka, (ifc.) a precept, rule, doctrine, Cat. °ghāṭā, f. the rudiments or first elements of a science; -vid, m. = sāstra-gāṇḍa, L.; a general reader (but not a profound one), W. (cf. chāṭtra-g°).

प्रघटक *pra-ghāṭaka*, m. (✓ghāṭī) a precept, rule, doctrine, Kap., Sch. (cf. *pra-ghāṭaka*).

प्रघण *pra-ghāṇa*, m. n. (✓han) a place or a terrace before a house, Hcar. (also °ghāṇa), L.; an iron mace or crowbar, L.; a copper pot, L. °ghāṇa, m. = prec.; also v.l. for *prāṭhāṇa*, Phaseolus Mungo, L. °ghāṇa, m. n. = or v.l. for °ghāṇa, Hcar.; L.; the trunk of a tree, L. °ghāṭā, m. a blow, stroke, TS., Sch.; a battle, fight, L.; the edging of a garment, ŚBr. °ghāṇa, see °ghāṇa.

प्रघस *pra-ghāṣa*, m. (✓ghas) a devourer (pl. N. of false gods), L. (cf. Pāñ. ii, 4, 37; 38); N. of a Rākshasa, MBh.; of a monkey follower of Rāma, R.; (ā), f. N. of one of the Mātṛis attending on Skanda, MBh. °ghāṣa, see *Varuna-praghāṣā*. °ghāṣīn (VS.), °ghāṣyā (TS.), mfn. voracious.

प्रघातय *pra-ghāṭaya*, P. °yati (Caus. of *pra-ghan*), to strike, kill, Divyāv.

प्रघुण *praghūṇa*, m. a guest, visitor, L. (prob. w.r. for *prāghuṇa*).

प्रघुष *pra-√ghush*, Caus. -ghoshayati, to cause to announce aloud, proclaim, MBh. °ghushta, mfn. sounding forth, Var. °ghosha, m. sound, noise, Bhp. (also -ka, L.); N. of a son of Krishṇa, Bhp. °ghoshin, m. 'roaring,' N. of the 9 classes of the Maruts, MW.

प्रघुर्ण *pra-ghūrṇa*, mfn. (✓ghūrṇ) turning round or rolling violently, W.; wandering, roaming, ib.; m. a guest, visitor, L. (prob. w.r. for *prāgh*).

प्रघे *pra-√ghri*, P. -gharati, to ooze out, Divyāv.

प्रघष *pra-√ghrīsh*, P. -gharshati, to rub to pieces, Kauś.; to rub into, anoint, Suśr. °gharsha, m. rubbing, anointing, Car. °gharshana, m. grinding, crushing, destroying, Kāv.; n. rubbing, a remedy for rubbing in or anointing, Car. °ghrīshṭa, mfn. rubbed in, embrocated, anointed, Suśr.

प्रच *praca*. See *acyuta-pr* and *nakha-pr*.

प्रचकित *pra-cakita*, mfn. (✓cak) trembling, shuddering, terrified, Pañc.

प्रचक्र *pra-cakra*, n. an army in motion, L.

प्रचक्ष *pra-√caksh*, Ā. -cakṣte, to tell, relate, declare, MBh.; Ragh.; to suppose, regard or consider as (acc.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; to name, call, Mn.; Bhp.: Caus. -cakshayati, to irradiate, illumine, RV. °cakshānam, ind. (after a fin. verb), g. gotrāddi. °cakshas, m. N. of the regent of the planet Jupiter, Bṛhas-pati, W.

प्रचक्षश *pra-caṅkāśa*. See *a-pr*.

प्रचरण *pra-canda*, mf(ā)n. excessively violent, impetuous, furious, fierce, passionate, terrible, direful, formidable, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; great, large, hot, burning, sharp (see comp. below); m. a species of oleander with white flowers, L.; N. of a Dānava, Kathās.; of a goblin, MārkP.; of a son of Vatsa-prī and Su-nandā, ib.; (ā), f. a species of Dūrvā with white flowers, L.; a form or Śakti of Durgā, Cat. °ghona, mfn. large-nosed, having a long or prominent nose, MBh. -caṇḍikā, f. a form of Durgā; -sahasra-nāma-stotra, n. N. of a Stotra. -tarī-√bhū, to become fiercer or more passionate, Kād. -tā, f. great violence or passion, Uttarā. -deva, m. N. of a prince, W. -pāṇḍava, n. 'the wrathful sons of Pāṇḍu,' N. of a drama by Rāja-śekhara (= Bāla-bhārata). -bhairava, (prob.) m. N. of a Vyāyoga (kind of drama). -bhairava-rasa, m. N. of a partic. medicinal preparation, L. -mādhava, m. (with Kāśmīra) N. of a poet, Cat. -mūrti, m. Crataeva Roxburghii, L. -vadana, mf(ā)n. having