

Mn.; -*vartin*, mfn. occupying one's self with one's own person, Pat. -*āngiras*, m. N. of a mythical personage (who like Āngiras married several of the daughters of Daksha), R. -*āngirasa*, m. N. of a mythical personage regarded as the father of certain Ricas, Hariv.; VP. -*āngirā*, f. Acacia Sirissa, Rasar.; a form of Durgā, one of the goddesses of the Tāntrikas, Cat.; -*kalpa*, m., -*tattva*, n., -*pāñcāṅga*, n., -*prayoga*, m., -*mantra*, m., -*mantrārik-samudāya*, m., -*sahasra-nāman* and °*māstotra*, n., -*siddha-mantrōddhāra*, m., -*sūkta*, n., -*stotra*, n., -*stotrōḍḍasandī*, m. or n. N. of wks. -*ajira*, n., g. *anśvādi*, Pāṇ. vi, 2, 193. -*āñc*, see p. 674. -*adhibarānam*, ind. at each paragraph, Nyāyam. -*adhidevatā*, f. a tutelary deity who stays in front or near one, Hcat. -*anantara*, mfn. being in the immediate neighbourhood of (gen.), R.; standing nearest (as an heir), Mn. viii, 185; closely connected with, immediately following, MBh.; R.; (am), ind. immediately after (abl.), MBh.; next in succession, W.; °*rī-√bhū*, to betake one's self close to (gen.), Prasannar. -*anilam*, ind. against the wind, MW. -*anīka*, mfn. hostile, opposed, injuring (with gen.); notwithstanding, resisting, MBh.; BhP.; Sarvad.; opposite, Suśr.; Sarvad.; equal, vying with, Kāvya; m. an adversary, enemy, BhP.; n. a hostile army, MBh.; Hariv.; hostility, enmity, a hostile relation, h° position, rivalry (sg. and pl.), MBh.; R.; injuring the relatives of an enemy who cannot be injured himself, Pratāp.; Kpr.; Kuval.; injuring one who cannot retaliate (?), W.; -*tva*, n. =-*bhāva*, Suśr.; the state of an enemy, hostility, MW.; -*bhāva*, m. being the contrary, Nyāyad. -*anuprāsa*, m. a kind of alliteration, Śiś., Comm. -*anumāna*, n. a contrary deduction, opposite conclusion, KapS. -*anuyoga*, m. a counter-question, qu° in return, Car. -*anukāntam*, ind. at the end of each back part of the altar, Kātyār., Comm. -*anta*, mfn. bordering on, adjacent or contiguous to, skirting, W.; m. a border, frontier, Ragh.; Lalit.; a bordering country i.e. a c° occupied by barbarians, L.; (pl.) barbarous tribes, Var.; -*janapada*, n. a bordering country; °*dōpapatti*, f. birth in a bord° or barbarous c° (with Buddhists one of the eight inauspicious ways of being born), Dharmas. 134; -*deśa*, m. a country bordering upon another, Śāṅkh., Sch.; -*parvata*, m. an adjacent (small) hill, L.; -*vāsa*, n. (!) a frontier-place, Lalit. -*antarī-√bhū* =-*anantarī-√bhū*, Uttarar. -*antāt*, ind. in each case to the end, Lāty. -*antika*, mfn. being or situated at the border, Kārāṇd. -*antima*, mfn. =-*antika*, Divyāv. -*andhakāra*, mfn. spreading shadow, Buddh. -*apara*, mfn. =-*avara*, q.v., Vajras. -*apāya*, m. perishing again, Śiś. -*abdam*, ind. every year, yearly, Kathās. -*abhyāsam*, ind. at each repetition, ĀpŚr., Comm. -*amitra*, mfn. opposed as an enemy, hostile; m. an enemy, opponent, adversary, MBh. -*ayanam*, ind. every half year, Yājñ. -*ayanastvā*, n. obtaining again, recovery, TBr. -*ara*, m. (ŚvetUp., Comm.) or -*arā*, f. (ŚvetUp.) an intermediate spoke of a wheel. -*aranya* (ibc.), near or in a forest, Buddh. -*ari*, m. a well-matched opponent, equally powerful enemy, MBh. -*arka*, m. a mock sun, parhelion, Var. -*argala*, n. the rope by which a churning-stick is moved, Gal. -*arṇam*, ind. at each syllable, Sarvad. -*artham*, ind. in relation to anything, Jaim.; at every object, in every case, Pāṇ. ii, 1, 6, Sch.; w.r. for *aty-a*, MBh. -*ardha*, g. *anśvādi*, Kāś. -*ardhi* (prāty-), mfn. (prob.) possessing or claiming half of, having equal claims, equal to (gen.), RV. -*arham*, ind. in *yathā-p*, q.v. -*ava-bhāṣha* or °*shā*, w.r. for -*bhāṣa*, q.v., Uttarar. -*ava-marsha*, °*sha-vat*, w.r. for *ava-marṣa*, °*sa-vat*, q.v. -*avayava* (ibc.) or °*vam* (ind.), on or at every part of the body, Naish., Comm.; in e° p° or particular, in detail, Bādar., Sch.; -*varnanā*, f. a detailed or minute description, Vikr. -*avara*, mfn. lower, more insignificant, less honoured than, (abl.), Mn.; MBh.; R. &c.; -*kālam*, ind. after, later than (with abl. or ifc.), Car. -*āśman*, m. red chalk, L. -*ashṭhilā*, f. a kind of nervous disease, Suśr.; BhP. -*asta-gamana*, n. the setting (of the sun), ChUp., Sch. -*astam*, ind. (with √*gam*) to go down, cease, Sarvad.; -*aya*, m. the setting (of the sun); cessation, disappearance, end, destruction, Bādar., Sch. -*astra*, n. missile hurled in return, BhP.; Kathās. -*aha*, mfn. daily, Rājat.; (am), ind. day by d°, every d°, Kātyār.; Mn.; Kāv.

&c.; in the morning, W. -*ākāra*, m. a scabbard, sword-sheath, L. -*āgāra* (?), m. former place or state, W. -*ācāra*, m. suitable behaviour, conformable conduct, MBh. -*ātāpā*, m. a sunny place, ŚBr.; Kātyār. -*ātma* (ibc.), or °*mam*, ind. for every soul, in ev° s°, Sarvad.; singly, Pat.; °*maviniyata*, mfn. individual, Car. -*ātmaka*, mfn. belonging to one's self, SaddhP. -*ātmika*, mfn. =-*ātmaka*, ŚāṅkhGṛ.; peculiar, original, Car. -*ātmya*, n. similarity with or resemblance to one's self; (ena), ind. after one's own image, BhP. -*ādarśa*, m., w.r. for -*ādeśa*, q.v., Pañcat. -*āditya*, m. a mock sun, parhelion, AVParīś.; MBh.; (ibc.) towards the sun (e.g. p°-guda, one whose hinder parts are t° the s°, Suśr.) -*ānika*, m. (with *rājan*) a partic. personification, ŚāṅkhGṛ. -*āpīda*, m. a kind of metre, Col. -*āmnāyam*, ind. for every single text-book, Āśvār., Comm. -*ārdra*, mfn. fresh; -*tara*, mfn., Buddh. -*ārdrā*, f., g. *anśvādi* to Pāṇ. vi, 2, 193. -*ārdri-√kri*, to moisten again, refresh ag°, Kād.; to wipe out, efface, Kir. -*ārdhapura*, g. *anśvādi* (Kāś., *praty-ardha*, *prati-pura*). -*ālayam*, ind. in every house, Dharmāśarm. -*āvāsakam*, ind. to every station, to e° tent, Kād. -*āvāsam*, ind. in every house, Vcar. -*āsam*, ind. in all directions, Venīs. -*āsā*, f. confidence, trust, hope, expectation, Prab.; Kathās. &c. (°*sa-tva*, n. ifc., Mālatīm.) -*āśin*, mfn. hoping, expecting, W.; trusting, relying upon, MW. -*āha*, mfn., w.r. for -*aha*, q.v., Rājat. -*āhuti*, ind. at each oblation, ĀpŚr.; Kauś. -*āuta*, see p. 677. -*uttara*, n. a reply to an answer, rejoinder, answer, Pañcat.; Hit.; Prab. &c.; °*rī-karāna*, n. replying, an answer, Mcar.; °*rī-√kri*, to answer, Kād. -*ādadhi*, ind. at the sea, Bālar. -*upamāna*, n. a counter comparison, the ideal of an ideal, Vikr. -*upasadam*, ind. at each celebration of an Upasad, Kātyār. -*upāsanam*, ind. for every kind of worship, Bādar., Sch. -*urasa*, n. =*pratigatam urah*, Vop.; (am), ind. against the breast, upon the b°, Śiś.; Kir. (cf. Pāṇ. v, 4, 82). -*ulūka*, m. a bird resembling an owl; (according to the Sch.) a hostile owl or a crow regarded as an owl's enemy, BhP. -*ulūkaka*, m. a bird resembling an owl, Hariv. -*ushtāra*, m., g. *anśvādi* to Pāṇ. vi, 2, 193. -*ūrdhvam*, ind. on the upper side of (acc.), above, Suśr. -*ricam*, ind. at or in each verse, Grīśr. -*ritu*, ind. in each season, Vait. -*eka*, mfn. each one, e° single o°, every o°, Jaim., Sch.; n. a partic. sin, Buddh.; (ibc. or am, ind.) one by one, one at a time, singly, for every single one, Śāṅkhār.; Mn.; Kāv. &c.; -*naraka*, m. a partic. hell, Divyāv.; -*buddha*, m. a Buddha who lives in seclusion and obtains emancipation for himself only (as opp. to those Buddhas who liberate others also), Buddh. (cf. MWB. 134 &c.); (-*kathā*, f., -*catushṭaya*, n. N. of wks.); -*tva*, n. the state of a Pratyeka Buddha, Buddh.); -*bodhi*, f. =-*buddhatva*, Kārāṇd.; -*śas*, ind. one by o°, singly, severally, MBh. -*enas* (prāty-), m. an officer of justice, punisher of criminals, ŚBr.; a surety, the heir nearest of kin who is responsible for the debts of a deceased person, Kathās.; Śāṅkhār.; Maitrī. -*enasya*, n. the nearest heirship to (gen.), Kathās.

प्रति 2. prati, m. N. of a son of Kuśa, BhP.

प्रतिक प्रतिक *pratika*, mf(i)n. (fr. 1. *prati*) worth a Kārshāpaṇa or 16 Paṇas of cowries, Pāṇ. v, 1, 25, Vārtt. 2.

प्रतिकम् *prati-√kamp*, Caus. -*kampayati*, to shake, cause to tremble, MBh.

प्रतिकर *prati-kara* &c. See *prati-√i. kri*.

प्रतिकर्ष *prati-karsha*, m. (°*krish*) aggregation, combination, Kātyār., Sch.; anticipating that which occurs afterwards, W. °*krishṭa*, mfn. ploughed back again, L.; thrust back, Kātyār.; rejected, despised, L.

प्रतिकाङ्ग *prati-√kāṅksh*, Ā. -*kāṅkshate*, to wish or long for, R. °*kāṅkshitavya*, mfn. to be expected, Vajracch. °*kāṅkshin*, mfn. wishing for, desirous of (gen. or comp.), MBh.; Hariv.

प्रतिकाश *prati-kāśa*, m. =*prati-k*°, L.

प्रतिकृच्छित *prati-kuñcita*, mfn. (°*kuñc*) bent, curved, W.

प्रतिकृज् *prati-√kūj*, P. -*kūjati*, to coo or warble in return (with acc.), R.

प्रतिकृ *prati-√i. kri*, P. Ā. -*karoti*, -*kurute*, (inf. *prati-kartum*, BhP.), to do or make an opposition, AitBr.; to return, repay, requite (good or evil [acc.], with gen. dat. or loc. of pers.), MBh.; R. &c.; to counteract, resist (acc. or gen.), ib.; to treat, attend to, cure (a disease), Suśr.; to repair, mend, restore, Mn.; to pay back (a debt), Gaut.: Caus. Ā. -*kārayate*, to cause to be repeated, ŚBr.: Desid. -*cikīrshati*, to wish to take revenge on (acc. or loc.) for (acc.), MBh.; R. °*kara*, mf(i)n. acting against, counteracting (ifc.), Suśr.; m. requital, compensation, R.; Rājat. °*karanīya*, mfn. to be counteracted or prevented, remediable, MW. °*kartavya*, mfn. to be requited or returned, to be repaid (lit. and fig.), MBh.; Hariv.; Śāṅk.; to be counteracted or resisted, R.; Prab.; to be treated or cured, Suśr. °*kartri*, m. a requiter, recompenser, MBh.; an opponent, adversary, Kull. °*karman*, n. requital, retaliation, corresponding action, MBh.; R.; counteraction, cure, medical treatment, Car.; decoration, toilet, personal adornment, MBh.; R. &c.; (a), ind. in every work, at each performance or celebration, Kātyār.; MBh. °*kāra*, m. (cf. *prati-k*°) requital, retaliation, reward, retribution, revenge, R.; Kathās.; Rājat.; opposition, counteraction, prevention, remedy, MBh.; Suśr.; =*sama* and *bhāṣa*, L.; -*karman*, n. opposition, resistance, Rājat.; -*jñā*, mfn. knowing what remedy should be applied, MBh.; -*vidhāna*, n. medical treatment, Ragh. °*kārin*, see *a-pratikārin*. °*kārya*, mfn. (cf. *prati-k*°) to be revenged; n. retribution, MBh. i, 6259 (Nilak., m. 'an enemy'). °*kṛita*, mfn. returned, repaid, requited &c., R.; n. recompense, requital, MBh.; resistance, opposition, Ragh. °*kṛiti*, f. resistance, opposition, prevention, Hariv.; retaliation, return, revenge, W.; an image, likeness, model; counterpart, substitute, MBh.; Kāv. &c. °*kriyā*, f. requital (of good or evil), retaliation, compensation, retribution, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; opposition, counteraction, prevention, remedy, help, ib. (ifc. = removing, destroying); -*tva*, n., MBh.; venting (of anger), Kathās.; embellishment, decoration (of the person), MBh.; -*śūlinī-stotra*, n. N. of a Stotra.

प्रति-cikīrsh, mfn. (fr. Desid.; nom. °*cikīr* before b°) wishing to requite (loc.), HPariś. °*cikīrshā*, f. wish to requite, desire to be revenged upon (acc. or loc.), MBh.; BhP. °*cikīrshu*, mfn. wishing to return or requite, MBh. (v.l. -*jihīrshu*).

प्रति-कृप *prati-√kri*, P. -*kirati*, to scatter towards (cf. *prati-s-√kri* and Pāṇ. vi, 1, 141). °*kirna*, mfn. scattered towards, MW.

प्रति-कृप *prati-√klrip*, Ā. -*kalpate* (pf. -*ca-klripe*), to be at the service of (acc.), receive hospitably, ŚBr.; to regulate, arrange, AV. °*kalpya*, mfn. to be arranged or prepared, MBh. (for *prati-kalpa*, see p. 661, col. 3).

प्रतिकोप *prati-kopa* (°*kup*), m. anger against (any one), wrath, MBh.

प्रतिक्रम *prati-√kram*, P. -*krāmati* (pf. -*ca-krāma* and -*cakrāma*), to come back, return, ŚBr.; ChUp.; MBh.; to descend, decrease (in number, opp. to *abhi-√kram*), Nid.; to confess, Satr. °*krama*, m. reversed or inverted order, Pratāp. °*krāmana*, n. stepping to and fro, ŚBr.; going to confession, Kalpas.; -*vidhi*, m., -*sūtra*, n. N. of wks.

प्रतिकृधु *prati-√krudh*, P. -*krudhyati*, to be angry with (acc.) in return, Mn.; MBh. °*kro-dha*, m. anger in return, Kull.

प्रतिकृष्ट *prati-krushṭa*, mfn. (°*krus*) miserable, poor, Divyāv. °*krosā*, m. crying out to, hallooing, AV.

प्रतिक्षि *prati-√kshi* (only pr. p. -*kshiyát*, RV., -*kshyát*, TS.), to settle near (acc.)

प्रतिक्षिप *prati-√kship*, P. -*kshipati* (cf. Pāṇ. i, 3, 80), to throw into (loc.), MBh. (v.l. *pari-*); to push against, hurt, Suśr.; to reject, despise, oppose, contradict, ridicule, confute, Kathās.; Sarvad.; Lalit. °*kshipta*, mfn. thrown into &c. (cf. prec.; -*tva*, n., Sarvad.); sent, dispatched, L.; n. medicine, L. °*kshepa*, m. contest, MBh. (v.l. *vyaati-*); objection, contradiction, repudiation, ib.;