

valence, R.; Hariv.; Hit.; Vedāntas.; the being Pradhāna, q.v.; (in MBh. iii, 173 = *jagat-kāraṇatā*; cf. *śarīra-p*<sup>o</sup>). — **tva**, n. pre-eminence, superiority, excellence, Āśvār.; MBh.; (in Sāṃkhya) the being Pradhāna, Sāṃkhyak., Sch. — **dātu**, m. ‘chief element of the body,’ semen virile, L. — **purusha**, m. a chief person, most distinguished personage, an authority, Mn.; Mālav.; ‘the supreme soul,’ N. of Śiva, MBh.; *śātāta*, m. transcending Pradhāna and Purusha (matter and spirit); N. of Śiva, MW. — **bhāj**, mfn. ‘receiving the chief share,’ most excellent or distinguished, MBh. — **bhūta**, mfn. one who is the chief person, Kāś. on Pāṇ. i, 4, 54. — **mantrin**, m. a prime minister, R.; Hit.; Vet. — **mitra**, n. a chief friend, R. — **vādin**, m. one who asserts the Sāṃkhyā doctrine (of Pradhāna), Bādar., Sch. — **vāsas**, n. the best clothes, full-dress, Mṛicch. — **vṛishti**, f. copious rain, heaviest rain, Var. — **śishtā**, mfn. taught or laid down as of primary importance, MW. (cf. *anvācaya-s*<sup>o</sup>). — **sabhika**, m. the chief of a gambling-house, Mṛicch. — **sevā**, f. chief or principal service, Pañcat. — **Pradhānāṅga**, n. a chief member, the ch<sup>o</sup> m<sup>o</sup> of the body; most eminent person in a state; principal branch of a science &c., W. — **Pradhānātman**, m. supreme or universal soul, N. of Vishṇu, VP.; (identified with the original cause of the universe or Viśva-bhāvana, W.) — **Pradhānādhyaksha**, m. a chief superintendent; — *tā*, f. the office of ch<sup>o</sup> s<sup>o</sup>, Kathās. — **Pradhānāmātya**, m. a prime minister, W. — **Pradhānottama**, mfn. best of the eminent, illustrious; warlike, brave, W.

**Pradhānaka**, n. (in Sāṃkhya) the original germ out of which the material universe is evolved (= *pradhāna*, *a-vyakta*, q.v.), Tattvas.

**Pradhānya**, w.r. for *prādh*<sup>o</sup>, q.v., MBh.

**Pra-dhí**, m. the felly of a wheel (also pl.), RV. &c. &c.; orb, disc (of the moon), RV. x, 138, 6; a segment, Śulbas.; — *mandala*, n. the circumference of (the felly of) a wheel, MW.; *dhyanīka*, n. the centre of a segment, Śulbas.; a well, L.

**प्रथा pra-√2. dhā.** See *pra-√dhe*, col. 2.

**प्रथाव् pra-√1. dhāv**, P. Ā. -*dhāvati*, <sup>o</sup>te, to run forwards, r<sup>o</sup> forth, r<sup>o</sup> away, set out, start, RV.; Śāṅkhār.; MBh. &c.; to rush upon, Kathās.; to run or go to (acc.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; to pervade, permeate, Suṣr.; to become diffused, spread, MBh.: Caus. P. -*dhāvayati*, to put to flight, Kathās.; to drive away, dr<sup>o</sup>, Br. 1. *°dhāvana*, m. a runner, L. *°dhāvita*, mfn. run away, set out, started, MBh.; R.; Pañcat. &c.

**प्रथाव् pra-√2. dhāv**, P. Ā. -*dhāvati*, <sup>o</sup>te, to wash or rub off, ŚBr.: Caus. P. Ā. -*dhāvayati*, <sup>o</sup>te, to wash or cause to w<sup>o</sup> off, MBh. 2. *°dhāvana*, m. air, wind, L. (regarded as a ‘purifier,’ cf. *pavana*; or perhaps fr. √1. *dhāv*, reg<sup>o</sup> as a ‘runner’); n. rubbing or washing off, Suṣr.; Gaut.

**प्रथि pra-dhi.** See above.

**प्रथी 1. pra-√dhī** (or *dīḍhī*, only p. pr. *-di-dhyat* and *-di-dhyāna*), to long for, strive after, RV. i, 113, 10; to look out, be on the watch, AV. x, 4, 11.

**प्रथी 2. pra-dhī**, f. great intelligence, Vop.; mfn. of superior i<sup>o</sup>, pre-eminently intelligent, ib.

**प्रथुर् pra-dhura**, n. the tip of a pole, ĀpŚr.

**प्रथु pra-√dhū**, P. Ā. -*dhūnoti*, <sup>o</sup>nute, to move forward, PañcavBr.; to blow away, ChUp.; MBh.; to blow or shake out (the beard after drinking), RV.: Intens. -*dodhuvat*, -*dūdhot*, to blow (the beard, acc.); to blow into (loc.), RV.

**Pra-dhūpita**, mfn. fumigated, perfumed, MBh.; heated, burnt; lighted, inflamed; afflicted; excited, W.; (ā), f. (with or scil. *diś*) the quarter to which the sun is proceeding, L.; a woman in trouble or affliction, ib.

**Pra-dhūmita**, mfn. smothered with smoke, giving out smoke, smouldering, Ragh.

**प्रथृ pra-√dhṛi** (only pf. Ā. -*dadhare*, with *manas*), to set the mind upon anything (dat.), resolve, determine, MBh.: Caus. P. -*dhārayati*, to chastise, inflict a punishment on any one (loc.; cf. *danḍam* √*dhṛi*), MBh.; to keep in remembrance, ib.; to reflect, consider, ib.; Pat.; (*pradhārayantu*, w.r. for *pra dhārā yantu*, ĀśvGr. iii, 12, 14). *°dhārāpa*, mfn. keeping, preserving, protecting

(see *pāda-pr*<sup>o</sup>); (ā), f. constantly fixing one’s mind on a certain object, MBh.

**प्रथृ॒ pra-√dhṛish**, P. -*dharshati*, -*dhṛishnoti*, to be bold against, assail with courage or daring, lay hands on, hurt, injure, harass, overpower, overcome, R.: Caus. P. -*dharshayati*, id., ib.; Kaush. Ār.; MBh. &c.; to violate (a woman), MBh.; to destroy, devastate, R. *°dhārsha*, m. attacking, assaulting, assailing (see *dush-p*<sup>o</sup>). *°dhārshaka*, mfn. (ifc.), molesting, hurting, violating (the wife of another), MBh.; R.; Hariv. *°dhārshana*, mfn. (ifc.) attacking, molesting, harassing, MBh.; n. or (ā), f. attacking, assailing, an attack, assault, ill-treatment, molestation (*keśa-p*<sup>o</sup>, dragging by the hair), MBh.; R. *°dhārshaniya*, mfn. to be assailed, assailable, open to attack, exposed to injury or ill-treatment, MBh. *°dhārshita*, mfn. (fr. Caus.) attacked, hurt, injured, MBh.; R.; BhP.; haughty, arrogant, W.; -*vat*, mfn. arrogant, proud, W. *°dhārshin*, mfn. = *°dhārshana*, mfn., Dharmaśarm. *°dhṛishta*, mfn. treated with contumely, W.; proud, arrogant, ib. *°dhṛishti*, f. overpowering, subjugation, Śāṅkhār. *°dhṛishya*, mfn. to be hurt or injured, violable (see *a-p*<sup>o</sup>, *dush-p*<sup>o</sup>, *su-p*<sup>o</sup>).

**प्रथृ॒ pra-√dhe**, Caus. -*dhāpayati*, to cause to suck, MānGr.

**प्रथा॒ pra-√dhmā** (or *dham*), P. (Ā. Pot. -*dhmāyīta*, ChUp.) -*dhāmati*, to blow before or in front, blow away, AV.; to scare, Car.; to destroy, MBh.; to blow into (esp. into a conch shell, acc.), ib.; Suṣr.; Hariv. &c.; (Ā.) to cry out, ChUp. vi, 14, 1; Śamk.; (others, ‘to be tossed about,’ ‘wander about’): Caus. P. Ā. -*dhmāpayati*, <sup>o</sup>te, to blow into, bl<sup>o</sup> (a conch shell), MBh.; R.; Hariv. *°dhāmaṇa*, n. blowing into (the nose, as powder); a sternutatory, Suṣr. *°dhmā*, mfn. blowing violently, MW. *°dhmāpana*, n. (fr. Caus.) a remedy for difficult respiration (in med.), Suṣr. *°dhmāpita*, mfn. blown into, blown (as a conch shell), MBh.

**प्रथृ॒ pra-√dhayai**, P. Ā. -*dhāyāti*, <sup>o</sup>te, to meditate upon, think of (acc. with or without *prati*), Gobh.; MBh.; Hariv.; to reflect, consider, MBh.; R.; Kir.; to excogitate, devise, hit upon, MBh. *°dhāyāna*, n. meditating upon, reflection, thinking, deep thought, subtle speculation, MBh.; R.; Suṣr.; Car.

**प्रथृ॒ pra-√dhraj**, P. -*dhārajati*, to run forward, RV. i, 166, 4.

**प्रथं॒ pra-√dhvāṇs**, Ā. -*dhvāṇsate*, to flow off (as water), ĀśvGr.; to fall to pieces, perish, ChUp.: Caus. -*dhvāṇsayati*, to scatter, sprinkle, ŚBr.; to cause to fall, destroy, cause to perish, MBh.; Śiś. *°dhvāṇsa*, m. utter destruction, annihilation, perishing, disappearance, Var.; Bhartṛ.; = *°dhvāṇsābhāva* (below), Sarvad.; -*tva*, n. state of destruction, desolation, ruin, KapS., Sch.; *°dhvāṇsābhāva*, m. non-existence in consequence of annihilation, ceasing to exist, Tarkas.; Sarvad. &c. *°dhvāṇsana*, mfn. destroying, annihilating, MBh.; m. one who destroys, a destroyer (as a partic. personification), ŚBr. (cf. *prādhvāṇsana*). *°dhvāṇsita*, mfn. (fr. Caus.) destroyed, annihilated, dispelled, MW. *°dhvāṇsin*, mfn. passing away, transitory, perishable (*utpanna-p*<sup>o</sup>, arisen and passing away again, i.e. having no further consequences, TPrāt., Comm.), MBh.; (ifc.) destroying, annihilating, R. *°dhvasta*, mfn. destroyed, perished, disappeared, MBh.; R.; Bhartṛ.; BhP.

**प्रथन्॒ pra-√dhvan**, P. -*dhāvanati*, to sound, resound, Śiś.: Caus. -*dhvāṇayati*, to cause to sound, Car. *°dhvāṇa*, m. a loud sound, Dharmaśarm.

**प्रनक्ष॒ pra-√naksh**, P. Ā. -*nakshati*, <sup>o</sup>te, to draw near, approach, RV. vii, 42, 1.

**प्रनम्॒ pra-naptri**, m. a great grandson, Uṇ., Sch.

**प्रनभ॒ pra-√nabh**, Ā. -*nabhate*, to burst asunder, open, AV.

**प्रनदे॒ pra-√nard**, P. -*nardati*, Pāṇ. viii, 4, 14, Sch. *°nardaka*, mfn., ib.

**प्रनष्ट॒ pra-nashṭa**. See *pra-ṇaś*, p. 659.

**प्रनायक॒ pra-nāyaka**, mfn. one whose leader is away, whose rulers are abroad; destitute of a guide, Pāṇ. i, 4, 59; viii, 4, 14, Sch.

**प्रनाल॒ pra-nāla**, -*nālī*=-*nāla*, -*nālī*, q.v.

**प्रनाशिन्॒ pra-nāśin**, w.r. for -*nāśin*, q.v.

**प्रनिसित॒ pra-ninsita**, -*ninsitavya*=-*ninsita*, -*ninsitavya*, q.v.

**प्रनिक्षण॒ pra-nikshāna**=-*nikshāna*, Pāṇ. viii, 4, 33, Sch.

**प्रनिधातन॒ pra-nighātana**, n. (fr. *pra-ni-* *han*) killing, slaughter, murder, L.

**प्रनिन्दन॒ pra-nindana**=-*nindana*, Pāṇ. viii, 4, 33, Sch.

**प्रनिभिद॒ pra-ni-√bhid**, P. -*bhinatti*, Pāṇ. viii, 4, 18, Sch.

**प्रनिरक्ष॒ pra-ni-√raksh**, P. -*rakshati*, Vop.

**प्रनीड॒ pra-nīda**, mfn. w.r. for *pra-dīna*, (q.v.), MBh. xii, 9314.

**प्रनुद॒ pra-nud**, mfn. w.r. for *nud* (q.v.), Suṣr.

**प्रनृत॒ pra-√nṛit**, P. Ā. -*nṛityati*, <sup>o</sup>te, to dance forwards, begin to d<sup>o</sup>, d<sup>o</sup>, AV.; MBh.; R. &c.; to gesticulate as in dancing (in token of derision) before any one (acc.), MBh.: Caus. -*nṛatyati*, to cause to dance, Kathās.; id. (met.), Kād. *°nartita*, mfn. caused to d<sup>o</sup> forwards, set in motion, shaken, agitated; dandled, MW. *°nṛitta*, mfn. one who has begun to d<sup>o</sup>, dancing, MBh.; R.; Kathās.; n. a dance, MārkP.; -*vat*, mfn. having begun to d<sup>o</sup>, MBh.; Kathās. *°nṛitya*, mfn. or n. w.r. for *nṛitta*. *°nṛitya-vat*, w.r. for *nṛitta-vat*.

**प्रपक्ष॒ pra-paksha**, m. the extremity of a wing (of an army drawn out in the form of a bird), MBh.; R.; mfn. forming the ex<sup>o</sup> of a w<sup>o</sup> (in an army so arranged), MBh.; m. N. of a son of Krishṇa, VP.

**प्रपञ्च॒ pra-√1. pac** (or *pañc*). See *pra-pañca* under *pra-pañca*.

**प्रपञ्च॒ pra-√2. pac**, P. Ā. -*pacati*, <sup>o</sup>te, to begin to cook, Pāṇ. viii, 1, 44, Sch.; to be accustomed to cook, R. *°pakva*, mfn. (in med.) inflamed, Suṣr. *°pāka*, m. ripening (of a boil &c.), Suṣr.; digestion, Car.; (prob.) a partic. part of the flesh of a victim, Kauś.

**प्रपञ्च॒ pra-pañca**, m. (√1. *pac* or *pañc*) expansion, development, manifestation, MāṇḍUp.; Kāv.; Kathās.; manifoldness, diversity, Kāv.; Śamk.; Pañcat.; amplification, prolixity, diffuseness, copiousness (in style; *°cena* and *°ca-tas*, ind. diffusely, in detail), Hariv.; Hit.; Bhāshāp.; appearance, phenomenon, Vcar.; (in phil.) the expansion of the universe, the visible world, Up.; Kap.; Sarvad.; (in rhet.) mutual false praise, Pratāp.; (in dram.) ludicrous dialogue, Sāh.; (in gram.) the repetition of an obscure rule in a clearer form, Pāṇ., Sch.; (said to be encl. after a finite verb, g. *gotrāddi*); deceit, trick, fraud, error, L.; opposition, reversion, L.; -*catura*, mfn. skilful in assuming different forms, Amar.; -*tva*, n. = *mārana*, death, Sāṃkhyas. (v.l.); -*nirmāna*, n. the creation of the visible world, BhP.; -*buddhi*, mfn. having a cunning mind, artful; m. N. of a man, Kathās.; -*mīthā-tva*, n. the unreality of the visible world; *°tvānumāna*, n., (*°māna-khaṇḍana*, n. and *°dāna-parāśu*, m.) N. of wks.; -*vacana*, n. diffuse or prolix discourse, Hit.; -*viveka*, m., -*sāra*, m., -*sāra-viveka*, m. and -*sāra-sāra-samgraha*, m. N. of wks.; *°cāmrīta-sāra*, m. N. of wk.; *°cāsya*, mf(ā)n. (prob.) having various faces, Hcat. *°pañcaka*, mf(ikā)n. multiplying, Hcat.; amplifying, explaining in detail, L.; (ikā), f. N. of a Yogi, Hcat. *°pañcana*, n. development, diffusion, copiousness, prolixity, MBh.; Pur.; Sarvad.

**Pra-pañcaya**, Nom. P. *yati*, to develop, amplify, explain in detail, Śamk.; Sāh.; to dwell upon a note (acc.) in music, Git. *°pañcita*, mfn. amplified, extended, treated at length, Hariv.; Rājat.; represented in a false light, BhP.; erring, mistaken, W.; deceived, beguiled, W.

**प्रपठ॒ pra-√paṭh**, P. -*paṭhati*, to recite aloud, Hariv. *°paṭha* or *°paṭhaka*, m. a lecture (i.e. chapter or subdivision of a book), TS.; Br. &c. *°paṭhita*, mfn. (fr. Caus.) taught, expounded, L.

**प्रपण॒ pra-panā**, m. (√*pan*) exchange, barter, AV.