Prātīpa, m. (fr. pratīpa) patr. of Šam-tanu, MBh. °pika, mf(ī)n. contrary, adverse, hostile, Pān. iv, 4, 28. °pya, n. hostility, HPariš.

Prātībodhī-putra, m. N. of a teacher, AitĀr. (cf. under prāti-bodha above).

Prāty, in comp. for prāti before vowels. — aksha (g. prajūddi), -akshika (Sarvad.), mf(i)n. perceptible to the eyes, capable of direct perception. — antika, m. (fr. -anta) a neighbouring chief, VarBṛS. — ayika, mf(i)n. (fr. -aya) relating to confidence, confidential; m. (with pratibhū) a surety for the trustworthiness of a debtor, Yājū. — avêkshā, w. r. for praty-avo. — ahika, mf(i)n. (fr. -aham) occurring or happening every day, daily,

प्रातिका prātikā, f. the China rose, Hibiscus Rosa Sinensis, L.

Kap.; Sūryas., Sch.; Kull.

प्रातिका prātikya, n. (fr. pratika), g. purohitâdi.

प्रातीयेयी prātītheyī, (prob.) w.r. for prātitheyī (see p. 702, col. 1).

मातृद prātuda, prātrida &c. See under 3. prā, p. 702, col. 1.

पात्पग्रिथ prātyagrathi, m. patr. fr. pratyagratha, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 173.

prathama-kalpa) being (anything) first of all or in the strictest sense of the word (v. l. for prathama-kalpita, q. v., Mn. ix, 166); m. a student who is a beginner, L.; a Yogi just commencing his course, Sarvad. (cf. prathama-kalpika).

Prāthamika, mf($\bar{\imath}$)n. (fr. prathama) belonging or relating to the first, occurring or happening for the first time, primary, initial, previous &c., TPrāt.; Vedântas.; Kull.

Prāthamya, n. priority, ApSr., Sch.; Kull.

माद prâd (pra-\ad; only 3. pl. impf. prâdan), to eat up, devour, SBr.

प्रादिश्वाप prādakshinya, prādānika &c. See under 3. prā, p. 702.

पादा prâ-dā (pra-ā-√1.dā), P.-dadāti (inf. prâ-dātum, ind. p. prâ-dāya), to give, bestow, MBh.

मादित्य prâditya (pra-ād°), m. N. of two princes, Buddh.

Alg. prādúr, ind. (prob. fr. prā = pra + dur, 'out of doors;' prā-dús, g. svar-ādi; 'dush before k and p, Pān. viii, 3, 41; 'duh shyāt, shanti for syāt, santi, 87) forth, to view or light, in sight, AV. &c. &c. (with \sqrt{as} or bhū, to become manifest, be visible or audible, appear, arise, exist; with \sqrt{kri}, to make visible or manifest, cause to appear, reveal, disclose). -bhāva, m. becoming visible or audible, manifestation, appearance (also of a deity on earth), GṛŚrS.; MBh. &c. -bhūta, mfn. come to light, become manifest or evident, appeared, revealed, MBh.; Kāv. &c.

Prādush, in comp. for *prādur* (cf. above). - karaṇa, n. bringing to light, manifestation, production, GṛŚrŚ. - kṛita, mfn. made visible, brought to light, manifested, displayed, made to blaze (as fire), Mn.; MBh. &c.; -vapus, mfn. one whose form is manifested, appearing in a visible form (as a deity), Rājat. - pīta, mfn., Pān. viii, 3, 41, Sch.

Prādushya, n. = prādur-bhāva, Un.ii, 118, Sch.

urgusa prādurākshi, m. patr., Pravar.

(w. r. for prādur-akshi?)

पाइ prâ-dru (pra-ā-√dru), P. -dravati, to run away, flee, escape, MBh.

प्राथा prādhā, prādhānika &c. See under 3. prā, p. 702.

dhyeti, odhîte, to continue to study, advance in studies, SānkhGr. Prâdhîta, mfn. one who has begun his studies, R.; advanced in study, well-read, learned (said of Brāhmans), Gaut. Prâdhyayana, n. commencement of recitation or study, SānkhGr.

प्राध्येषण prādhy-eshaņa, n. (fr. pra-adhi-1. ish) incitement, exhortation (to study), Sāṅkh-Gṛ.; Kathās.

प्राध्व prâdhva, mfn. (fr. pra + adhvan; but

accord. to some fr. pra and $\sqrt{dhvri} = hvri$) being on a journey, Pāṇ. v, 4, 85; inclined, L.; humble, L.; distant, long, W.; m. start, precedence, first place (°dhve \sqrt{kri} , with acc. and gen. 'to place a person at the head of'), Kāṭh.; a long way or journey, L.; a bond, tie, L.; a joke, sport, L.; (am), ind. far away (with \sqrt{kri} , 'to put aside'), MBh.; after the precedent of (gen.), Apast.; favourably, kindly, Ragh.; humbly, Hcar.; conformably, L. Prâdhvaná, n. the bed of a river or stream, RV.

प्राध्वर prādhvara, mf(ī)n. (only °rī-sākhā?), Cat.

प्रान् prán. See prán, p. 705, col. 1.

प्रानाडी prānādī. See under 3. prā, p.702. प्रान्त prānūna, m.pl.N. of a people, Baudh.

प्रान्त prânta (pra-anta), m. n. (ifc. f. ā) edge, border, margin, verge, extremity, end, MBh.; Kāv. &c. (yauvana-pro, the end of youth, Pancat.; oshtha-prântau, the corners of the mouth, L.); a point, tip (of a blade of grass), Kaus.; back part (of a carriage), Vikr. (ibc., finally, eventually, Kāv.; Pañcat.); m. thread end of a cloth, L.; N. of a man, g.asvadi; mfn.dwelling near the boundaries, Divyav. -ga, mfn. living close by, L. -cara, mfn. id. (ifc.), MarkP. - tas, ind. along the edge or border (of anything), marginally, L. - durga, n. 'borderstronghold,' a suburb or collection of houses outside the walls of a town, L. -nivāsin, mfn. dwelling near the boundaries, MBh. - pushpa, f. a kind of plant, L. - bhūmi, f. final place or term; (au), ind. finally, at last (others 'up to the verge of the border'), Yogas. - virasa, mfn. tasteless in the end, Pañcat. - vriti, f. 'end-circle,' the horizon, Mālatīm. - sayanasana-bhakta, mfn. living in the country (also -sayana-bhakta and -sayanasanasevin), Divyav. - stha, mfn. inhabiting the borders, MW.

Prantayana, mfn. patr. fr. pranta, g. aśvadi.

Urat prantara (pra-ano), n. a long desolate road, MärkP.; Hit.; the country intervening
between two villages, L.; a forest, L.; the hollow

of a tree, L. - sūnya, n. a long dreary road, W.

प्राप् prâp (pra- √āp), P.Ā. prâpnoti (irreg. Pot. prâpeyam), to attain to, reach, arrive at, meet with, find, AV. &c. &c.; to obtain, receive (also as a husband or wife), MBh.; Kav. &c.; to incur (a fine), Mn. viii, 225; to suffer (capital punishment), ib. 364; (with disah) to flee in all directions, Bhatt.; to extend, stretch, reach to (a), Pan. v, 2, 8; to be present or at hand, AV.; (in gram.) to pass or be changed into (acc.), Siddh.; to result (from a rule), be in force, obtain (also Pass.), Kas.: Caus. prapayati, ete (ind. p. prapayya or prapya, Pan. vi, 4, 57, Sch.), to cause to reach or attain (2 acc.), advance, promote, further (P., ChUp.; MBh. &c.; A., TBr.; MBh.); to lead or bring to (dat.), VP.; to impart, communicate, announce, relate, Mn.; MBh. &c.; to meet with, obtain, R.: Desid. prepsati, to try to attain, strive to reach, SBr.

I. Prapa, m. (for 2. p. 708, col. I) reaching, obtaining (cf. dush-prapa). Prapaka, mf(ikā)n. causing to arrive at, leading or bringing to (gen. or comp.); Kathās.; KātySr., Sch.; procuring, Kull.; establishing, making valid, L.; m. a bringer, procurer, Kathās. Prapana, mf(ī)n. leading to (comp.), Samk.; n. occurrence, appearance, Jaim.; reach, extension (bāhvoh prapanante, 'as far as the arms reach'), KātySr.; arriving at (loc.), Kathās.; attainment, acquisition, Mn.; Apast.; MBh.; bringing to, conveying, Dhātup.; establishing, making valid, TPrāt., Sch.; reference to (loc.), AsvSr.; elucidation, explanation, Pat.; = ātañcana, L. Prapanīya, mfn. to be reached, attainable, MBh.; to be caused to attain, to be brought or conveyed to (acc.), Megh.; Kathās. Prapayitri, mfn. one who causes to attain, procurer, Say. Prapita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) caused to attain to or arrive at, led, conveyed or conducted to or into, possessed of (acc.), MBh.; Kav. &c.; got, procured, ib.; brought before (the king), commenced (as a lawsuit), Mn. viii, 43; occurred, obtained (-tva, n.), Nyāyam. Prapin, mf(inī)n. attaining to, reaching (comp.), Kālid. Prapipayishu, mfn. (fr. Desid.) wishing to cause to reach; (with adhah) wishing to press down, Sis. v, 69.

Prapta, mfn. attained to, reached, arrived at, met with, found, incurred, got, acquired, gained,

Mn.; MBh. &c.; one who has attained to or reached &c. (acc. or comp.), AV. &c. &c.; come to (acc.), arrived, present (prapteshu kāleshu, at certain periods), Mn.; MBh. &c.; accomplished, complete, mature, full-grown (see a-pro); (in med.) indicated, serving the purpose, Susr.; (in gram.) obtained or following from a rule, valid (iti prapte, 'while this follows from a preceding rule'), Pān. i, 1, 34, Sch. &c.; fixed, placed, L.; proper, right, L.; m. pl. N. of a people, MarkP. - karman, n. that which results or follows (as direct object of an action) from a preceding rule (°ma-tva, n.), Pān. ii, 3, 12, Sch. - kārin, mfn. one who does what is right or proper, Suir. - kala, m. the time or moment arrived, a fit time, proper season, MBh.; Kāv. &c. (-tva, n., KātyŚr.); $mf(\bar{a})n$, one whose time has come, seasonable, suitable, opportune, ib.; (with dehin), m. a mortal whose time i.e. last hour has come, Hariv.; (with kumārī), f. a marriageable girl, Sak.; (am), ind. at the right time, opportunely, MBh. - krama, mfn. fit, proper, suitable, Jātakam. - jīvana, mfn. restored to life, Hit. - tva, n. the state of resulting (from a grammatical rule), TPrāt. -dosha, mfn. one who has incurred guilt, R. - pañca-tva, mfn. 'arrived at (dissolution into) 5 elements,' dead, L. -prakāsaka, mfn. advanced in intelligence, Sāmkhyak., Sch. - prabhāva, m. one who has attained power, Kav. - prasava, f. a woman who is near parturition, Uttarar. - bīja, mfn. sown, R. - buddhi, mfn. instructed, intelligent, W.; becoming conscious (after fainting), ib. - bhāra, m. a beast of burden, L. - bhāva, mfn. wise, W.; handsome, ib.; one who has attained to any state or condition, of good disposition, MW.; m. a young bullock, L. (w. r. for -bhāra?) - mano-ratha, mfn. one who has obtained his wish, R. - yauvana, $mf(\bar{a})n$, one who has obtained puberty, being in the bloom of youth, Nal. - rupa, mfn. fit, proper, suitable, Das.; pleasant, beautiful, L.; learned, wise, L. - rtu (ta-ritu), f. a girl who has attained puberty, L. - vat, mfn. one who has attained to or gained, MW. - vara, mfn. fraught with blessings, ib. -vikalpa, m. an alternative or option between two operations one of which results from a grammatical rule (-tva, n.), Kāš. on Pān. i, 4, 53. -vibhāshā, f. id., ib. i, 3, 50. -vyavahāra, m, a young man come of age, an adult, one able to conduct his own affairs (opp. to 'a minor'), MW. - srī, mfn. possessed of fortune, Kum.; Pañcat. -sūrya, $mf(\bar{a})n$, having the sun (vertical), Var. Praptanujna, mfn. allowed to withdraw or depart, R. Praptaparadha, mfn. guilty of an offence, Mn. viii, 299. Praptartha, mfn. one who has attained an object or advantage, Kathas.; m. an object attained, Kap.; othågrahana, n. the not securing an advantage gained, MW. Praptavasara, m. a suitable occasion or opportunity; mfn. suitable, fit, proper, Mālatīm. Praptôdaka, mfn. (a village) that has obtained water, Pan. ii, 3, 1, Sch. Praptôdaya, mfn. one who has attained exaltation, MW.

Praptavya, mfn. to be reached or attained or gained or procured, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to be met with or found, Hit. — m-artha, m. N. given to a man (who whenever asked his name replied praptavyam artham labhate manushyah, 'a man takes anything that is to be got'), Pañcat.; n. (when used with nāman), a name, ib.

Prapti, f. advent, occurrence, AV.; Yājñ.; Pañcat.; reach, range, extent, Sūryas.; reaching, arrival at (comp.), R.; the power (of the wind) to enter or penetrate everywhere, BhP.; the power of obtaining everything (one of the 8 superhuman faculties), MārkP.; Vet.; MWB.245; saving, rescue or deliverance from (abl.), Ratnav.; attaining to, obtaining, meeting with, finding, acquisition, gain, Mn.; MBh. &c.; the being met with or found, Nyāyas., Sch.; discovery, determination, Sūryas.; obtainment, validity, holding good (of a rule), KātySr.; Pān.; APrāt.; (in dram.) a joyful event, successful termination of a plot (Dasar.); a conjecture based on the observation of a particular thing, Sah.; lot, fortune, luck, SvetUp.; MBh.; (in astrol.) N. of the 11th lunar mansion, Var.; a collection (= samhati), L.; N. of the wife of Sama (son of Dharma), MBh.; of a daughter of Jarā-samdha, Hariv.; Pur. - mat, mfn. met with, found, Nyāyas., Sch.; (ifc.) one who has attained to or reached, Sarvad. - saithilya, n. diminution of probability, slight po, MBh. - sama, m. a partic. Jāti (q. v.) in logic, Nyāyas. Praptyāsā, f. the hope of obtaining (an object), Sāh.