

open, expand, blow (as a flower), MBh. — **tubarī**, f. alum, L. — **dāman**, n. a kind of metre, Chandom. — **drishti**, **-nayana** and **-netra**, mfn. having eyes dilated (with joy), smiling, happy, W. — **nalini**, f. a lotus plant in full bloom, Mṛicch. — **padmōt-pala-vat**, mfn. abounding in full-blown lotus flowers of various kinds, R. — **pura**, n. N. of a town, Rājat. — **phāla**, m. the wind raised in winnowing corn, L. (cf. *phalla*, *phala*). — **locana**, mfn. = **-drishti**; m. 'full-eyed', a kind of antelope, L.; n. a large full eye, W. — **vat**, mfn. expanded, blossoming, blowing, Pāṇ. viii, 2, 35, Sch. — **vadana**, mfn. 'smiling-faced', looking pleased or happy, W. — **sūtra**, n. N. of wk. **Phullāmbikā**, f. N. of a woman, Cat. **Phullāranya-māhātmya**, n. N. of ch. of AgP. **Phullōtpala**, n. 'having blooming lotus flowers,' N. of a lake, Hit.

Phullaka, m. a worm or a snake, L.
Phullana, mfn. (ifc.) puffing up, inflating, Vcar.
Phulli, f. expanding, blossoming, W.
Phullita, mfn. expanded, blown, L.

फलय *phalaya*, m. N. of a mountain, Cat.

फलसतीरा *phalāsatiṇa*, m. or n. (?) N. of a country (Palestine?), Cat.

फलायोषित् *phalāyoshit*, f. a cricket, L. (cf. *phalīngā*).

फलिग *phaligā* (Padap. °*li-gā*), m. (prob.) a cask or leather-bag or anything to hold fluids (applied to clouds or water-receptacles in mountains), RV.

फलूष *phalūsha*, m. a species of creeper, L.

फलेलाङ्कु *phalēlāṅku*, n. = *puñjātuka* (?), L.

फलोनि *phaloni* (!), f. pudenda muliebria, L.

फल्क *phalka*, mfn. one who has an expanded or extended body (= *visāritāṅga*), L.; = *viśodhitāṅka* (?), L.

फल्गु *phalgū*, mf(ū or vī)n. reddish, red, TS.; small, minute, feeble, weak, pithless, unsubstantial, insignificant, worthless, unprofitable, useless, VS. &c. &c.; f. *Ficus oppositifolia*, L.; a red powder usually of the root of wild ginger (coloured with sappan wood and thrown over one another by the Hindūs at the Holi festival; cf. *phalgūtsava*), W.; the spring season, L.; (scil. *vāc*) a falsehood, lie, L.; N. of a river flowing past Gayā, MBh.; Hariv.; du. (in astrol.) N. of a Nakshatra. — **tā**, f. (MBh.), **-tva**, n. (Mn.) worthlessness, vanity, insignificance. — **tīrtha**, n. N. of a sacred bathing-place near Gayā, Vishṇ. — **da**, mfn. 'giving little', avaricious, BhP.; (ā), f. N. of a river (= *phalgu*), Pur. — **prāsaha** (°*gū*), m. of little strength, ŚBr. — **rakshita**, m. N. of a man, HPariś. — **vāṭikā**, f. *Ficus oppositifolia*, L. — **vrinta**, m. a species of *Symplocos*, L. — **vrintāka**, m. a species of *Calosanthus*, L. — **śrāddha**, n. a kind of Śrāddha, RTL. 312. — **hastinī**, f. N. of a poetess, Cat. **Phalgūtsava**, m. the vernal festival commonly called Holi (cf. RTL. 430), W.

Phalguna, °*naka*, °*pi*, w.r. for *phalguna*, °*naka*, °*nī*.

Phālguna, mf(ī)n. reddish, red, VS.; TS.; born under the Nakshatra Phalgunī, Pāṇ. iv, 3, 34; m. N. of a man (*-svāmīn*, m. a temple built by Ph°), Rājat.; the month Phālguna, L.; N. of Arjuna, L.; (ī), f., see below. °*naka*, m. N. of a man, Rājat.; pl. N. of a people, MärkP. °*nāla*, m. the month Phālguna (= *phālgunāla*), L.

Phālgunī, f. (sg. du. and pl.) N. of a double lunar mansion (*phūvā* and *uttarā*), AV. &c. &c.; *Ficus oppositifolia*, L.; N. of a woman, Pravara. — **pūrṇa-māsā**, m. the full moon in the Nakshatra Uttara-Phalgunī, TS. — **pūrva-samaya**, m. the time when the moon is in the N° Pūrva-Ph°, MBh. — **bhava**, m. N. of the planet Jupiter, L.

Phalguluka, m. pl. N. of a people, Var.; MärkP.

Phalgvā, mfn. weak, feeble, RV. iv, 5, 14.

Phālguna, °*pi*, w.r. for *phālguna*, °*nī*.

Phālgunā, mf(ī)n. relating to the Nakshatra Phalgunī, ŚBr.; ŚrS.; born under the N° Ph°, Pāṇ. iv, 3, 34 (v.l.); m. (with or scil. *māsa*) the month during which the full moon stands in the N° Ph° (February–March), Mn.; MBh.; N. of Arjuna (= *phalguna*), MBh.; Hariv.; *Terminalia arjuna* (= *nadi-ja*), L.; (ī), f., see below; n. a species of

grass used as a substitute for the Soma plant (and also called *arjunānī*), ŚBr.; TBr.; ĀsvŚr.; N. of a place of pilgrimage, BhP. — **māhātmya**, n. N. of wk. **Phālgunānuja**, m. 'younger brother of the month Phālguna,' the vernal month Caitra, L.

Phālgunāla, m. the month Phālguna (= *phalgunāla*), L.

Phālgunī, m. patr. fr. *phālguna* (= *arjuna*), MBh.

Phālgunika, mfn. relating to the Nakshatra Phalgunī or to the day of full moon in the month Phālguna, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 23; m. (scil. *māsa*) the month Phālguna, L.

Phālgunī, f. the lunar mansion Phalgunī (q. v.), Hariv.; R.; MärkP.; = **-paurṇamāsī**, GrŚrS. — **paksha**, m. the dark half in the month Phālguna, Lāty. — **paurṇamāsī**, f. the day of full moon in the month Phālguna (on which the Holi or great vernal festival is celebrated), Pāṇ. vi, 3, 63, Sch. — **bhava**, m. N. of the planet Jupiter, L. (cf. *phalgunī-bh°*).

Phālgunya, m. N. of the planet Jupiter, L.

फल्फ *phalph*, to grow, increase (*vriddhau*), KātyŚr., Sch.

Phalpha. See *vi-phalpha*.

फल्लकिन् *phallakin*, m. a kind of fish (= *phalakin*), L.

फल्लफल *phalla-phala*, m. the wind raised in winnowing grain (= *phulla-phāla*), L.

फषाजिग *phashājiga* and *phashājima*, m. or n. (?) N. of two places, Cat.

फा *phā*, m. (nom. *phās*) heat, L.; idle talk, L.; increase or increaser, L.

फाट् *phāt*, ind. an interjection of calling, W.

फाटकी *phātakī*, f. alum (= *sphāṭī*), L.

फाणि *phāni*, f. (√*phaṇ*?) unrefined sugar, molasses, L.; flour or meal mixed with curds (= *karambha*), L.

Phāṇita, m. (Nīlak.) n. (fr. Caus. of √*phaṇ*; cf. Pāṇ. vii, 2, 18, Sch.) the inspissated juice of the sugar cane and other plants, Apast.; MBh.; Hariv. [Cf. Arab. *فانيد*; Pers. *بانيد*; medieval Lat. *penidium*.] **Phāṇitī-bhūta**, mfn. inspissated, Suśr.

Phāṇṭa, mf(ā)n. (contracted from *phāṇita*; cf. Pāṇ. vii, 2, 18) obtained by straining or filtering, Ṛigvidh.; made or won by an easy process, readily or easily prepared, L.; one who does not exert himself or takes things easy, L.; m. an infusion, decoction, pounded medicinal substances mixed with four parts of hot water and then filtered, ŚārngS. (also °*taka*, m.); Bhaṭṭ.; n. the first particles of butter that are produced by churning, ŚBr.; Kauś. **Phāṇṭāhṛita**, m. N. of a man, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 90, Sch.; patr. fr. *phāṇṭāhṛiti*; pl. the disciples of Phāṇṭāhṛiti, iv, 1, 150, Sch. **Phāṇṭāhṛitāyani**, m. patr. fr. *phāṇṭāhṛiti*, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 150. **Phāṇṭāhṛiti**, m. N. of a man (a Sauvira), ib., Sch.; patr. fr. °*hṛita*, 90, Sch.

Phāṇṭaya, Nom. fr. *phāṇṭa* (ind. p. °*yivā*), Kauś., Sch.

Phāṇḍa, n. the belly (= *phandā*), L.

Phāṇḍin, m. N. of a serpent-demon, L.

फारिव *phāriva*. See under √*phar*.

फारी *phāri*, f. black cumin, L.

फाल *phāla* &c. See p. 717, col. 3.

फाल्गुन *phālguna* &c. See col. 1.

फि *phi*, m. a wicked man, L.; idle talk, L.; anger, L.

फिङ्गक *phīṅgaka*, m. the fork-tailed shrike (= *kaliṅga*, *kuliṅga*), L.

फिडसूत्र *phīṭ-sūtra*, n. N. of a grammat. wk. by Śāntānavācārya. — **vṛitti**, f. the same with comm.

फिरङ्ग *phiraṅga*, mfn. Frankish, European (with *vyādhi*, m. = °*gāmaya*), Bhpr.; m. the country of the Franks i. e. Europe, or = °*gāmaya*, L. — **rotī**, f. European bread, L. **Phiraṅgāmaya**, m. the disease of the Franks i. e. syphilis, Bhpr.

Phiraṅgin, m. a Frank, a European (f. *īnī*), L.

फिराल *phirāla*, m. or n. (?) N. of a place, Cat.

फिरिण्ड *phiriṇḍa*, m. N. of a prince, Cat.

फु *phu*, m. a magical formula, L.; useless or idle talk, L.

फुक *phuka*, m. a bird, L.

फुट *phuṭa*, m. n. (or °*tā*, f.) the hood or expanded neck of a snake (= *phāṭa*, *phāṇa*), L. **Phuṭāṭopa**, m. the swelling of a serpent's hood, Pañcat.

फुट्टक *phuṭṭaka*, n. a kind of cloth (also °*ka-vastra*, n.), Divyāv.; (*ikā*), f. a sort of woven texture, Kathās.

फुडुत् *phuḍut*, ind. an interjection, Kāśikh., Sch.

फुत् *phut* or *phūt*, ind. an onomat. word (used only with √*ḥkri*, and its derivatives; sometimes expressive of contempt). — **kāra**, m. 'making a crackling noise,' fire, L. — **kartu-manas**, mfn. wishing to make a derisory noise, intending to cry aloud, MW. — **kāra**, m. puffing, blowing, hissing, the hiss of a serpent (also *phūt-k°*), Kathās.; Kuval.; shrieking, screaming, Bhartṛ.; Kathās.; **-randhra**, n. the hole to which the mouth is applied in playing a flute, Saṃgīt.; **-vat**, mfn. hissing, shrieking, L. — **kārya**, mfn. in *a-phūt-k°*, requiring no blowing, Kathās. — √*kṛi*, P. Ā. **-karoti**, **-kurute**, to puff, blow, make a bubbling noise, blow into, Pañcat.; Hit.; to shriek, yell, Kathās.; Pañcat.; to be insolent or defiant, Ratnāv. iv, 12. — **kṛita**, mfn. puffed, blown &c.; n. the sound of a wind instrument, L.; a loud scream, shriek, Rājat. — **kṛiti**, f. the blowing of a wind instrument, Saṃgīt.; blowing, hissing, Naish.; crying aloud, R.

फुफ्फु *phupphu*, ind. an onomat. word. — **kā-raka**, mf(ikā)n. panting, gasping, L.

Phupphusa, m. (Suśr.) and **phuphusa**, n. (ŚārngS.) the lungs.

फुम्फुसा *phumphuā*, ind. imitation of the sound made by the crackling of a fire, L.

फुराफुराय *phurāphurāya*, Nom. Ā. °*yate*, to tremble, flicker, Mṛicch.

फुलिङ्ग *phulinga*, m. syphilis, Cat. (cf. *phiraṅga*).

फुल्ल *phull*, cl. 1. P. *phullati* (Dhātup. xv, 24), see under *phulla*, p. 717, col. 3.

फुल्लरीक *phullarika*, m. a district, place, L.; a serpent, L. (cf. *phullaka*, col. 1).

फूत् *phūt*, *phūt-kāra* &c. See *phut* above.

फेचक *pheṅcaka*, m. a kind of bird, Cat.

फेट् *phet*, ind. an onomat. word. — **kāra**, m. howling, a howl, Śatr. (cf. *phet* &c.)

फेण *phena* &c. See *phena*.

फेण्ट *phenṭa*, m. a kind of bird, Cat.

फेत् *phet*, ind. an onomat. word. — **kāra**, m. howling (of the wind or of animals), BhP.; Prab., Sch. — **kārin**, mfn. howling, yelling (as a jackal), Prab.; °*riṇī-tantra* or °*riya-tantra*, n. N. of wk. — **kṛita**, n. howling, a howl, Śatr.

फेन *phēna*, m., once n. (often written *phēna* and prob. connected with √*phaṇ*; but see Uṇ. iii, 3) foam, froth, scum, RV. &c. &c.; moisture of the lips, saliva, Mn. iii, 19; n. (m., L.) Os Sepiae (white cuttle-fish bone, supposed to be indurated foam of the sea); Car.; m. N. of a man (son of Ushad-ratha and father of Su-tapas), Hariv.; (ā), f. a kind of shrub (= *sātālā*), L.; (ī), f. a kind of food, L. [Cf. Slav. *phēna*; Angl. Sax. *fam*; Eng. *foam*; Germ. *Feim*.] — **giri**, m. N. of a mountain near the mouth of the Indus, R.; Var. (v.l. *phēna-g°*). — **tā**, f. frothiness, vapour, W. — **duḡdhā**, f. a kind of small shrub (= *duḡdha-phēnī*), L. — **dharmān**, mfn. 'having the nature of foam,' transient, MBh. — **pa**, mfn. 'foam-drinking,' feeding on foam, MBh.; BhP.; (feeding on fruits fallen from the trees, BhP., Sch.) — **pinḍa**, m. 'mass of foam,' a mere bubble, nonsense, L. — **prakhya**, mfn. f°-like, resembling foam, Yājñ. — **mehin**, mfn. discharging frothy urine, Suśr. — **i**. **-vat**, mfn. frothy, foaming, MBh. — **2**. **-vat**, ind. like foam, Śāntiś. — **vāhin**, mfn. 'carrying of the scum;' (with *vastra*), n. a filtering cloth,