a son of Bhrigu in the 10th Dvapara, VayuP. - bali, f. strong(?), Divyav. -bhadra, mfn. strong, powerful, L.; Bos Gavaeus, L.; Symplocos Racemosa, L.; a species of Kadamba, L.; N. of Balarāma or of An-anta (the great serpent identified with him), Pur.; W.; of a descendant of Bharata, of various men (esp. teachers and authors, also with ācārya, kāyastha, pañcanana, bhatta, misra, sukla, sūri), Cat.; of a mountain in Sāka-dvīpa, BhP.; (a), f. a young girl, maiden, L.; Ficus Heterophylla, L. - bhadrikā, f. Ficus Heterophylla, L.; a kind of cake made of bean-flour, L. - bhid, mfn. breaking or routing an army, W.; m. 'slayer of Bala,' N. of Indra, MBh.; Kāv. &c. (-bhit-sakhi, m. a friend of Io, MW.); a partic. Ekâha, PañcavBr.; SrS. - bhrit, mfn. 'might-bearing,' powerful, strong, MBh. - mada, m. pride in power, MBh. - mukhya, m. the chief of an army, R. - yukta or -yuta, mfn. endowed with strength, powerful, Var. - rāma, m. N. of the elder brother of Krishna and third of the Rāmas (regarded as the 8th Avatāra of Vishņu, sometimes as an incarnation of the great serpent Sesha or An-anta; he is also called Bala, Bala-deva, Bala-bhadra, and Halâyudha, cf. IW. 332 &c.), MBh.; Pur.; -pañcânana, m. N. of a grammarian, Cat. - vat (bála-), mfn. possessing power, powerful, mighty, strong, intense, VS. &c. &c.; vehement (as love, desire &c.), MBh.; dense (as darkness), Mricch.; preponderating, prevailing (also with abl., 'over'), VPrāt.; accompanied by an army, Inscr.; ind. powerfully, strongly, vehemently, much, well, SBr. &c. &c.; m. N. of the 8th Muhūrta, Var.; (atī), f. small cardamoms, L.; -tama (bálo), mfn. most powerful, strongest, mightiest, RV.; AV. &c.; -tara, mfn. more powerful, stronger, Mn.; MBh. &c.; -tā, f. (MBh.; Rājat.), -tva, n. (Kap.) powerfulness, superiority, preponderance. - varjita, mfn. destitute of strength, weak, infirm, Var. - varnin, mfn. strong and looking well, Suir. - vardhana, mfn. increasing power, strengthening, W.; m. N. of a son of Dhrita-rashtra, MBh. - vardhin, mfn. = prec. mfn., W.; (ini), f. a species of medicinal plant = jīvaka), L. - varman, m. N. of a king, Inscr.; ma-deva, m. id., ib.; N. of a merchant, Kathās. -vikarnikā, f. N. of a form of Durgā, Hcat. - vijnāyá, mfn. recognisable by strength, RV. - vinyāsa, m. arrangement of forces, array of troops, L. - vipula-hetu-mati, n. N. of an Asura, Buddh. - vīrya, n. strength and heroism, MBh.; m. 'possessing sto and ho,' N. of a descendant of Bharata, Satr.; -parākrama, mfn. strong and heroic and valorous, MW. - vritra, (ibc.) Bala and Vritra; -ghna, -nishūdana, and -han, m. 'destroyer of Bo and Vo, N. of Indra, MBh. - vyasana, n. the defeat or rout of an army, Kām.; Hit.; -samkula, mfn. (a king) embarrassed by disorder in (his) army, ib. - vyāpad, f. decrease of strength, Susr.; Bhpr. - vyūha, m. a partic. Samādhi, L. - sarman, m. N. of a lexicographer, Cat. - salin, mfn. having or possessing strength, strong, vigorous (°li-tā, f.), MBh.; possessing a great army, Var. - samuha, m. assemblage of forces, army, Ratnav. - sūdana, mfn. destroying armies, MBh.; m. 'destroyer of Bala, 'N. of Indra, MBh. - sena, m. N. of a warrior, Kathās.; (\bar{a}) , f. a strong army, an army, host, MBh. - stha, mfn. 'being in strength or power,' strong, powerful, vigorous, MBh. (cf. balavastha); m. being or belonging to an army,' a warrior, soldier, ib.; R. - sthala, m. N. of a son of Parijātra, BhP. (v. l. balah sthalah). - sthiti, f. 'army-station,' a camp, encampment, L.; a royal residence, royal camp or quarters, W. - han, mf(ghnī)n. one who slays or destroys armies, Hariv. (v.l. -vat); m. 'destroyer of strength,'phlegm, the phlegmatic humour, L. - hantri, m. 'slayer of Bala,' N. of Indra, MBh. - hara, m. 'taking away strength,' N. of a man, Rajat. - hīna, mfn. destitute of strength, weak (-tā, f.), R. Balaksha, m. N. of a prince, MBh. Balagra, n. the utmost strength, extreme force, Hariv.; the head of an army, ib.; R. Balangaka, m. 'strong-limbed (?),' the spring season, L. Balâncita, f. 'strongly stretched (?), 'N. of Rama's lute, L. Baladhya, m. 'rich in strength, strengthening (?), a bean, L. Balatmika, f. Tiaridium Indicum, L. Balâdhika, mfn. superior in strength, surpassing in power, MBh.; Kathās. Balâdhikarana, n. pl. the business or affairs of an army, MBh. Balâdhyaksha, m. the superintendent or commander of an army, a general, minister of war, Mn.; R.; Hariv. Balânīka, m. N. of a man, MBh. (cf.]

bala-sena). Balanuja, m. the younger brother of Baladeva, i.e. Krishna, L. Balânvita, mfn. possessed of power, powerful, strong, W.; suggestive of power, Ml.; leading an army, W. Balapakarsham, ind. by force, W. Balabala, min. at one time strong at another weak, MärkP.; n. strength and weakness, relative strength or power or weight or highness or dignity or importance, Mn.; Yājñ.; Kāv. &c.; -bīja-bhanga, m., -sūtra-brihad-vritti, f., °lakshepa-parihara, m. N. of wks. Balabhra, n. 'army-cloud,' an army in the form of a cloud, MBh. Balârāti, m. = bala-dvish, L. Balâri, m. id.; Mricch. (v. l.); Bhām. Balarthin, mfn. desirous of power, Mn. ii, 37. Balâvalepa, m. pride of strength or prowess, MärkP. Balâvastha, mfn. powerful, strong, ib. (cf. bala-stha). Balâsva, m. N. of a king (called also Karam-dhama), ib. Balâsura, m. N. of a washerman, Kathās. Balahva, f. Sida Cordifolia, L.; hva-kanda, m. a kind of esculent root, L. Balêsa, m. the chief or commander of an army, Var. Balôtkata, f. N. of one of the Matris attending on Skanda, MBh. Balôtsāha, m. ardour of troops or forces, R. Balônmatta, mfn. intoxicated with power, R. Balôpapanna, mfn. endowed with power or strength, MW. Balôpavishta, mfn. id., W. Balôpêta, mfn. id., ib. Balangha, m. a multitude of troops, numerous force, Sis.

Balaka, m. N. of a demon, Hariv. (cf. valaka); a dream at nightfall, L.; n. a mixture of treacle and milk, L.

Balana, mfn. strengthening, L.; n. the act of strengthening, Dhātup.

Balaya, Nom. P. vati, see upôd-balaya.

Balala, m. = bala-rāma, L.

Balāt, ind. (abl. of bala, q. v.) in comp. - kāra, m. employment of force, violence, oppression, injustice (ibc.; am and ena, ind. = forcibly, violently), Kāv.; Kathās.; (in law) the detention of the person of a debtor by his creditor to recover his debt, W.; orâbhilāshin, mfn. wishing to use force, intending to violate, Kathās. - kārita, mfn. = next, Cat. - krita, mfn. treated violently, forced, overpowered, MBh.; Kāv.; Pur.

I. Balāya, Nom. A. vate (for 2. see col. 3), to

put forth strength, Nir. x, 3.

Balin, mfn. powerful, strong, mighty, stout, robust, RV. &c. &c.; m. a soldier, Inscr. (cf. balastha); N. of Vatsa-prī, MārkP.; (only L.) a hog, bull, buffalo, camel, kind of sheep, serpent, Phaseolus Radiatus, a sort of jasmine, the phlegmatic humour, N. of a Bala-rāma; (inī), f. Sida Cordifolia, L.

Baliman, m. power, strength (in a-b°), ChUp. Bálishtha, mfn. (superl. fr. balin) most powerful, very strong or mighty, SBr. &c. &c.; stronger or mightier than (abl.), Ragh.; m. a camel, L. - tama, mfn. most powerful, mightiest, AitBr.

Bálīyas, mfn. (compar. fr. balín) more or most powerful or mighty or strong or important or efficacious, SBr. &c. &c.; ind. more powerfully or strongly &c., GopBr. - tara, mfn. more powerful, stronger, mightier, Kam. - tva, n. pre-eminence in strength, superior power, predominance, Kām.

Baliyasa, mfn. = baliyas, MBh.

Balula, mfn. powerful, strong, g. sidhmadi; = balam na sahate, Pān. v, 2, 122, Vārtt. 8, Pat. Balya, $mf(\bar{a})n$. (cf. Pān. iv, 2, 80) strengthening, giving strength, Susr.; powerful, strong, vigorous, W.; m. a Buddhist mendicant, L.; (ā), f. N. of various plants (Sida Cordifolia or Rhombifolia, Physalis Flexuosa, Paederia Foetida &c.), L.

बलक्ष baláksha, mf(ī)n. (also written valaksha) white, TS. &c. &c.; m. white (the colour), W.; (with paksha) the light half of a month, L. -gu, m. 'white-rayed,' the moon, Kavyad. -tandulā, f. Sida Cordifolia, L.

बलाखन balakhin, mfn. coming from Balkh, Kshitîs.

वलङ्ग balanga, balasha and balahasha, m. or n. (?), N. of places, Cat.

बलभ balabha, m. a partic. venomous insect, Suir.

बलाक balāka, m. (also written valāka) a kind of crane (the flesh of which is eaten), Gaut.; Hariv.; N. of a pupil of Sākapūni, VP.; of a pupil

Vatsa-prī, MārkP.; of a Rākshasa, ib.; (ā), f., see below. Balākāsva, m. N. of a descendant of Jahnu, MBh.; Hariv.

Balākā, f. a crane (more usual than ka, m., q.v.), VS. &c. &c.; a mistress, loved woman, L. (Megh. 9?); N. of a woman, g. bahv-ādi. - kaušiká, m. N. of a preceptor, SBr. - pankti-hāsin, mfn. smiling with rows of cranes, MBh.

Balākikā, f. a species of small crane, L. Balākin, mfn. abounding in cranes, Kālid. (cf. g. vrīhy-ādi); m. N. of a son of Dhrita-rāshtra, MBh.

वलाकार balāt-kāi a &c. See col. 2.

बलाद्या balādyā, f. Sida Cordifolia, L. (prob. w.r. for baldhva).

बलामोटा balāmotā, f. Artemisia Vulgaris or Alpinia Nutans, L.

बलाय 2. balāya, m. (for 1. see col. 2) Crataeva Roxburghii, L.

बलालक balālaka, m. Flacourtia Cataphracta, L.

बलास balāsa, m. (also written balāsa) a partic. disease, consumption or phthisis, VS.; AV.; the phlegmatic humour, Suir. - kshaya-kara, mfn. destroying the phlegmatic humour, Suir. -grathita, n. a kind of ophthalmia, ib. -ghna, mfn. = -kshaya-kara, Sušr. $-n\bar{a}$ sana, $mf(\bar{i})n$. destroying consumption, AV. - basta, m. a partic. disease of the eye, L. - vardhana, mfn. increasing the phlegmatic humour, Suir.

Balasaka, m. a yellow spot in the white of the

eye (caused by disease), Suir.

Balasín, mfn. consumptive, phthisical, AV.

बलाहक balāhaká or valāhaká, m. (Naigh.i, 10) a rain or thunder-cloud, any cloud, MBh.; Kāv. &c. (ifc. f. \bar{a}); one of the 7 clouds appearing at the destruction of the world, Cat.; a mountain, L.; Cyperus Rotundus, L.; a kind of crane (= balāka), L.; a kind of snake, Sušr.; a kind of metre, Col.; N. of a serpent-demon, MBh.; Hariv.; Pur.; of a commander, Kād.; of one of the 4 horses of Vishnu, ib.; of a brother of Jayad-ratha, MBh.; of a Daitya, L.; of a mountain, Kathās.

बाल balí, m. (perhaps fr. \bhri) tribute, offering, gift, oblation (in later language always with Whri), RV. &c. &c.; tax, impost, royal revenue, Br.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; any offering or propitiatory oblation (esp. an offering of portions of food, such as grain, rice &c., to certain gods, semi-divine beings, household divinities, spirits, men, birds, other animals and all creatures including even lifeless objects; it is made before the daily meal by arranging portions of food in a circle or by throwing them into the air outside the house or into the sacred fire; it is also called bhūta-yajña and was one of the 5 mahā-yajñas or great devotional acts; cf. RTL. 411, 421), GrSrS.; Mn. (esp. iii, 69, 71); MBh. &c. (often ifc. with the object, the receiver, the time, or the place of the offering); fragments of food at a meal, W.; a victim (often a goat or buffalo) offered to Durga, MW.; the handle of a chowrie or fly-flapper, Megh.; N. of a Daitya (son of Virocana; priding himself on his empire over the three worlds, he was humiliated by Vishnu, who appeared before him in the form of a Vāmana or dwarf, son of Kasyapa and Aditi and younger brother of Indra, and obtained from him the promise of as much land as he could pace in three steps, whereupon the dwarf expanding himself deprived him of heaven and earth in two steps, but left him the sovereignty of Pātāla or the lower regions), MBh.; Pur. &c. (cf. IW. 328); N. of Indra in the 8th Manv-antara, Pur.; of a Muni, MBh.; of a king, ib.; Pañcat.; of a son of Su-tapas, Hariv.; Pur. (cf. vali). - kara, m. pl. taxes and duties, MBh.; mfn. offering propitiatory sacrifices, W. (cf. Pān. iii, 2, 21). - karambha, m. sacrificial cake, W. - karman, n. offering oblations to all creatures, GrS.; Mn. &c.; presentation or payment of tribute, MW. - krit, mfn. paying taxes, tributary, AitBr. - gāyatrī, f. N. of a Mantra employed by the Saktas, RTL. 201. - ceshtitavarnana, n. N. of ch. of GanP. ii. -tantra, n, the regular form of an oblation to all creatures, Gobh. - dana, n. the presentation of an offering to a deity (consisting of rice, milk, fruits &c. when of Jätükarnya, BhP.; of a hunter, MBh.; of a son | presented to Vishnu, or of living victims when of Puru and grandson of Jahnu, BhP.; of a son of I offered to Siva or Durga), Pur.; presentation of