abounding in grass, Kathas.; n. much like go, almost go, a mere blade of go, Bhartr.; Sis.; m. Saccharum Munjia, L. - trishna, mfn. having great thirst, Kav. - tra, ind. in many ways or places, amongst many, Pān. v, 3, 10, Sch. - trā, ind. amongst many, to many, RV. (cf. Pān. v, 4, 56, Sch.) - trivarsha, mfn. well-nigh three years old, Laty. - tva, n. muchness, abundance, multitude, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; plurality, majority, Mn. viii, 73; (in gram.) the plural number (cf. bahu-tā). - tvakka, m. (fr. bahu + tvac), 'having much bark,' Betula Bhojpatra, L. -tvac, m. id., L.; Astonia Scholaris, L. - tha, ind. in numerous ways, in various manners, Pān. v, 3, 23, Sch. - da, mfn. 'much-giving,' liberal, munificent, W. - dakshiná, mfn. marked by many fees or donations (as a religious ceremony), liberal, lavish, bountiful, SBr. - dandika, or -dandin, mfn. having many staff-bearers, W. -dantī, f. N. of a woman; -suta, m. 'the son of Bahu-danti,' N. of an author, Kām. (v. l. valgudantī-sukha). - daršaka, mf(ikā)n. or -daršin, mfn. seeing much, prudent, circumspect, L.; 'si-tā, f. circumspection, ib. - dala-kanisa, m. a partic. species of grain, L. - dāna, n. a rich gift, Kāv.; (á), mfn. = -dāyin, SBr. - dāman or -dāmā, f. N. of one of the Mātris attending on Skanda, MBh. - dāyin, mfn. 'muchgiving,' liberal, munificent, ChUp. - dasa-purusha, mfn. having many slaves and servants, ApSr. - dāsa-pūrushá, mf(a)n., id., TBr. - duhkhavāsam, ind. (with \vas) to have a very painful abode, BhP. - dugdha, mfn. having much milk, L.; (ā), f. (a cow) giving much milk, L. (also -vatī, Hcat.); m. wheat, L. -dugdhikā, f. ' having much milk,' Tithymalus Antiquorum (which yields a caustic milky juice), L. - drisvan, m. one who has seen much, a great observer, very experienced, L. - drishta, mfn. = prec., W. - deya, n. munificence, liberality, GopBr. - devata, mfn. (a hymn) addressed to many deities (-tva, n.), Nir.; SrS. - devatya, mfn. belonging to many deities, TS.; SBr. - desa-darsin, mfn. one who has seen many countries, a great traveller, W. - daivata, mfn. relating to many deities, Nir. - daivatya, mfn. = prec., Cat.; n. N. of wk. -dosha, m. great harm or disadvantage, Mricch.;  $mf(\bar{a})$  n. having many faults or drawbacks, very wicked or bad, R.; Mricch. - dohanā, f. yielding much milk, MBh. -dhana, mfn. possessing much wealth, wealthy, rich (-tva, n.), Sak.; m. N. of a man, L.; neśvara, m. a very rich man, Kathās. - dhanya, w.r. for dhānya. -dhanvin, mfn. having many bows (said of Siva), MBh. - dhā, see p. 726, col. 2. - dhānya, m, 'abounding in corn,' N. of the 12th or 46th year in a 60 years' cycle of Jupiter, Var. - dhānyaka, m. or n. (?) N. of a place, MBh. - dhāra, n. 'manyedged, a diamond or the thunderbolt of Indra, L. -dhīvan, mf(=m. or arī)n. rather skilful, Vop. iv, 10. - dhenūka, n. a great multitude of milch cows, MBh. - dheya (!), m. pl. N. of a school, L. -dhmātá, mfn. often annealed or cast (as iron), SBr. - nāda, m. 'loud-sounding,' a conch shell, L. - nāman, mfn. having many names, BhP. - nihśrita, w.r. for bāhu-n°, q.v. - nishka or -naishkika, mfn. worth many Nishkas, Pan. v, I, 30, Sch. - patu, mfn. rather clever, Pan. v, 3, 68, Sch. - pattra, mfn. many-leaved; m. an onion, L.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. a partic. fragrant flower, L.;  $(\bar{i})$ , f. N. of various plants (Aloe Perfoliata, L.; basil; a species of Solanum &c.), L.; n. talc, L. - pattrikā, f. Flacourtia Cataphracta, L.; Trigonella Foenum Graecum, Bhpr.; = mahā-satāvarī, L. - patnīka, mfn. having many wives, Sak.; performed by m° wo, KātySr., Sch.; -tā, f. polygamy, MBh. - patnīkrit, m. one who takes many wives, MW. - patnita, f. polygamy, ib. - pad (strong form -pad), m. 'many-rooted,' the Indian fig-tree, L. - pada, mfn. many-footed, BhP. - pannaga, m. N. of a Marut, Hariv. (v. l. brahma- $p^{\circ}$ ). - parná, mf( $\hat{a}$ )n. many-leaved, T3.; TBr.; m. Alstonia Scholaris, L.; (ā), f. Trigonella Foenum Graecum, L. - parnikā, f. Salvinia Cucullata, L. - pasu, mfn. rich in cattle, Br.; GrS. - pākya, mfn. one at whose house much is cooked (for the poor), ChUp. - pad, see -pad. - pāda,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . many-footed, MBh.; composed of several Pādas (q. v.), RPrāt.; m. the Indian figtree, L. - pāyya, mfn. protecting many; n. a large hall, RV. (cf.  $nri-p\bar{a}yya$ ). - putra,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . one who has many sons or children, ManGr. (-ta, f., -tva, n., MW.); m. Alstonia Scholaris; N. of a Prajā-pati, R.; Pur.; (i), f. Asparagus Racemosus,

Bhpr.; Flacourtia Cataphracta, L.; N. of Durga, L. - putrikā, f. N. of one of the Mātris attending on Skanda, MBh.; w. r. for -pattrikā. - pushtá, mfn. being in great prosperity, MaitrS. - pushpa, m. 'many-blossomed,' Erythrina Indica, L. (ī or ikā, f. Grislea Tomentosa, Bhpr.); -prabāla-vat, mfn. having many flowers and young shoots, R.; -phalôpêta, mfn. having many flowers and fruits, MW. - prakāra, mfn. of many kinds, manifold, MārkP.; n. ind. in many ways, manifoldly, R. - prakriti, mfn. consisting of many primary parts or verbal elements (as a compound), VPrāt. - praja, mf(ā)n. having a numerous progeny, R. (also 'jás, RV.); cf. Pān. v, 4, 123; m. (only L.) a hog; a mouse; Saccharum Munjia. - prajna, mfn. very wise, Ml. - prajnana-salin, mfn. possessed of much knowledge, Kathās. - pratijna, mfn. containing more than one proposition, complicated, W.; (in law) comprising many counts (as a plaint), Yājñ., Sch. - pratyarthika, mfn. having many adversaries or opponents, MW. - pratyavâya, mfn. connected with many difficulties, Nag. - prada, mfn. 'muchbestowing,' liberal, munificent, bountiful, L. - prapanca, mfn. very diffuse or prolix, Hit. - pralapin, mfn. (Var.); pi-tā, f. (Prasannar.) = -bhāshin, 'shi-ta. - pravaha, mfn. 'many-streamed,' flowing in mo streams, W. - prasu, f. a mother of mo children, L. - prāsnika, mfn. containing mo questions, MW. - priyá, mfn. dear to many (= purupriyá), SBr. - preyasī, mfn. having many loved ones, Vop. - phala, mfn. 'mo-fruited,' fertile, W.; m. a partic. fruit tree, L.; Nauclea Cadamba, L.; (a), f. N. of various plants (Solanum Indicum or another variety of Solanum; Glycine Debilis; a species of Convolvulus Turpethum; various kinds of cucurbitaceous plants, Flacourtia Cataphracta), L.; (ī), f. N. of various plants (Emblica Officinalis; Ficus Oppositifolia &c.), L. - phalikā, f. a species of jujube, L. - phenā, f. a species of plant (= sātalā); na-rasā, f. = saptalā, Car. - bala, mfn. possessing great strength; m. a lion, L. - bahu, mfn. manyarmed; m. N. of a prince, Hariv. - bīja, mfn. having much seed, VarYog.; n. the fruit of Anona Reticulata or Squamosa, L.; (a), f. Trigonella Foenum Graecum, Bhpr.; a kind of Musa, L. - bollaka, m. a great talker, Divyav. - bhaksha, mfn. eating much, a great eater, MW. - bhadra, m. pl. N. of a people, MärkP. - bhastraka,  $mf(\bar{a} \text{ or } ik\bar{a})n$ . (fr. bahu + bhastrā), Pān.vii, 3, 47, Sch. - bhāgya, mfn. of great good fortune, fortunate, W. - bhashin, mfn. talking much, garrulous, AsvSr. (a-bo); °shi-tā, f. (MBh.) and °shya, n. talkativeness, garrulity. - bhuj, mfn. = -bhaksha, MBh. - bhuja, mfn. having many arms; (ā), f. N. of Durgā, L. - bhūmi, m. N. of a prince, VP. - bhūmika, mfn. having many floors or stories, Hcat. - bhrijj, mfn. (nom. -bhrit) roasting or frying much, Vop. - bhoktri, m. a great eater, Gobh., Sch. - bhogya, f. 'to be enjoyed by many,' a courtesan, prostitute, Das. - bhojaka, mfn. eating much, Subh. -bhojana, w.r. for -bhojaka. -bhojin, mfn. eating much, voracious ("ji-tā, f.), Kull. on Mn. ii, 57. - bhauma,  $mf(i)n. = -bh\bar{u}mika$ , R. - mañjarī, f. basil, Bhpr. - mata, mfn. much thought of, highly esteemed, valued, MBh.; Kav. &c.; having many different opinions, W. - mati, f. high opinion or esteem, Kir. - matsya, mfn. having many fish; n. a place abounding in fish, Kaus. - madhya-ga, mfn. going among or belonging to many, Mn. ix, 199. -mantavya, mfn. to be thought much of or esteemed highly, estimable, MBh. - mala, m. having much dross, 'lead, L. - mana, m. high esteem or estimation, great respect or regard for (with loc. of pers. or thing, rarely with gen. of pers.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; n. a gift made by a superior to an inferior, MW. - mānin, mfn. thought much of, highly esteemed, MBh. - mānusha-samkīrņa, n. 'crowded with many people,' an arbour, bower, Gal. - manya, mfn. to be thought much of, to be highly esteemed, estimable, Kull. on Mn. ii, 117. - māya, mfn. artful, deceitful, treacherous, MBh.; Pancat. - mārgī, f. a place where many roads meet; (v.l. ga, n.), L. -māla or -mālaka, mfn. possessing many necklaces, MW. - mālya-phala, mfn. rich in garlands and fruits, Pat. - māsha-tila, mf(a)n. rich in beans and sesamum, TS.; ApSr. - mitra, mfn. having many friends, Apast.; m. N. of a man (see bāhumitrāyana). - mukha, mf(ī)n. 'manymouthed, speaking variously, BhP. - mutra, mfn. making water in excess; -ta, f. diabetes, L. - mū-

traka, m. a kind of chameleon, L. - murti, mfn. multiform; f. the wild cotton shrub, L. - murdhan, mfn. many-headed, W.; m. N. of Vishnu, L. - mula, mfn. many-rooted, W.; m. a sort of reed or grass, L.; Hyperanthera Moringa, L.; (a), f. Asparagus Racemosus, L.; (ī), f. Emblica Officinalis, L.; 'la-phalânvita, mfn. provided or furnished with many roots and fruits, MW. - mulaka, m. a species of reed, L.; N. of a Naga, MBh.; n. the sweetscented root of Andropogon Muricatus, Bhpr. -mulya, mfn. high-priced, precious (-ta, f.), Pañcat.; n. a large sum of money, Rājat. - mriga, mfn. abounding in deer, MW. - maulya, w.r. for -mūlya, MBh. - yajvan, mfn. or -yajvā, f., Vop. iv, 5. - yājin, mfn. one who has offered many sacrifices, TS.; AitBr.; GrS. - yājya, mfn. one who has many institutors of a sacrifice, one who sacrifices on behalf of many, Kull. on Mn. iii, 151. - yojanā, f. N. of one of the Matris attending on Skanda, MBh. - rajas, mfn. very dusty or containing much pollen, Kāvyad. - ratna,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . rich in gems or jewels, Sinhas.; °tnāya, Nom. A. 'yate, to contain many jo, ib. - ratha, m. N. of a king, Hariv.; Pur. -randhrikā, f. 'much perforated,' N. of a particular medicinal root, L. - ramya, mfn. very delightful, MW. - rasá, mfn. having much juice, juicy, SBr.; (ā), f. Cardiospermum Halicacabum, L. -rājan, mfn., -rājā, f., Vop. iv, 5. - rāyasposhá, mf(a)n. possessing much wealth, TS.; ApSr. - rāsi, mfn. (in arithm.) composed of numerous terms; (with paksha), m. a series of many terms, Col. -ripu, mfn. one who has many foes, MW. - ruhā, f. a species of Cocculus, L. - rūpá, mf(a)n. multiform, variegated, checkered; manifold, VS.&c. &c.; m. N. of Siva, MBh.; of Rudra, ib.; Pur.; of a son of Medhātithi, BhP.; (only L.) a chameleon; hair; the resin of Shorea Robusta; the sun; N. of Brahmā; of Vishņu; of the god of love; of a Buddha;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. N. of one of the seven tongues of fire, L.; n. N. of a Varsha, BhP.; -kalpa, m. N. of wk.; -garba-stotra, n. N. of a Stotra; pashtaka-tantra, n. a collective N. for eight Tantras (viz. the Brāhmītantra, Māhesvarī-t, Kaumārika-t, Vaishnavī-to, Vārāhī-to, Indrānī-to, Cāmundā-to, Siva-dūtī-t°), Cat. - rūpaka, mf(ikā)n. multiform, manifold, MBh.; m. a kind of animal, L.; -sobhita, adorned in many ways, variously decorated, MBh. (v. l. pangaso). - rūpin, mfn. = -rūpaka, mfn., BhP. - rekha, m. pl. many lines or wrinkles, marks of care or pain, W. - retas, m. 'having much seed,' N. of Brahmā, L. - rai, mfn. having great riches, very rich, MW. - roman, m. 'having much hair or wool;' a sheep, L. - lavana, n. 'containing much salt;' a soil impregnated with salt, L. - vaktavya, mfn. to be said much about, Rajat. - vacana, n. the plural number, the caseendings and personal terminations in the plural number, SBr. &c. - vat, ind. plurally, in the plural number (e. g. api dvi-vad api hahu-vat, both in the dual and plural), Nir. - varna, mfn. manycoloured (-tā, f.), Susr. - varta, N. of a place (see bāhuvartaka). - varsha-sahasrika, mfn. lasting many thousand years, MBh. - varsha-sahasrin, mfn. id., many thousand years old, ib. - valka, m. 'having much bark,' Buchanania Latifolia, L. - valkala, m. id., Bhpr. - vallī, f. Hoya Viridiflora, L. - vādín, mfn. talking much, garrulous, babbling, VS. - vāra or -vāraka, m. Cordia Myxa, Bhpr. (°ka-phala, n. its fruit, Kull.) - vāram, ind. many times, often, Caur. - vārshika, mf(i)n. lasting many years, mo yoold, R.; Hcat. - vi, mfn. containing many birds, Un. iv, 133, Sch. - vikrama, mfn. very powerful, MW. - vighna, mfn. presenting many obstacles or difficulties (-tā, f.), Cān. - víd, mfn. much-knowing, very learned, TBr.; ChUp. - vidya, mfn. id.  $(-t\bar{a}, f.)$ , Kāv. - vidha, mf $(\bar{a})$ n. of many sorts or kinds, manifold, various, MBh.; Kav. &c.; (am, ind. diversely, in several directions, up and down, R.; Mricch.; Pancat.); m. N. of a prince, VP. - vistara, m. great extension, Subh.; (-yuktam, ind. in all directions, everywhere, R.);  $mf(\tilde{a})$  n. of wide extent, widely spread, ib. (also ctāra, Ml.); manifold, various, MBh.; Hariv.; very detailed (am, ind.), R. - vistīrņa, mfn. widespread, widely diffused (-tā, f.), Vcar.; (ā), f. Abrus Precatorius (a shrub bearing a small red and black berry and commonly called Kucai), L. - vija, see  $-bija. - virya, mf(\bar{a})n. very powerful or efficacious,$ MBh.; m. N. of various plants (Terminalia Bellerica; Bombax Heptaphyllum &c.), L.; (ā), f.