

**bara**, m. or n. (MBh.; C. °môd°) N. of Tîrthas. **Brahmôdyâ**, n. rivalry in sacred knowledge, playful discussion of theological questions or problems, Br.; ŠrS.; mf(ā)n. relating to sacred questions or problems, Vop.; (ā), f. (with *kathâ*) a story or riddle from the Veda, Mn. iii, 231 (cf. *brahma-vadya*). **Brahmôpanadesa**, m. instruction in sacred knowledge, A.; -*netri*, m. Butea Frondosa, ib. (cf. -*môpanetri*). **Brahmôpanishad**, f. mystical teaching concerning Brahmâ (ChUp.) or the Brâhmans (MBh. xv, 940); N. of 2 Upanishads. **Brahmôpanetri**, m. Butea Frondosa, L. (cf. *padesa-netri*). **Brahmôpâsanâ**, f. worship of Brahmâ, RTL. 493. **Brahmôpêta**, m. N. of a Rakshas, VP. (cf. *Brahmôpeta*). **Brahmaudanâ**, m. boiled rice distributed to Brâhmans and esp. to the chief priest at a sacrifice, AV.; TS.; Br.; ŠrS. **Brahmâupagava**, m., Pân. vi, 1, 88, Sch.

**Brâhmañas-pâti**, m. (fr. *brahmañas*, gen. of *brahma* + p°) = bṛîhas-pâti, RV. &c. &c. (-sûkta, n. N. of wk.); °nas pâtnî, f. the wife of the priest called Brahmân, TS.

I. **Brahmanyâ**, Nom. P. °yâti (only pr. p. °yât) to pray, be devout or religious, RV.

2. **Brahmanyâ**, mfn. relating to Brahmâ or Brahmâ, devoted to sacred knowledge or friendly to Brâhmans, religious, pious, MBh.; Kâv. &c. &c.; m. N. of Kârttikeya, MBh.; of the planet Saturn, W.; the mulberry tree, L.; Saccharum Munjia, L.; (ā), f. N. of Durgâ, L.; (onyâ), n. (pl.) 'praise' or 'sacrificial food' (?), RV. viii, 6, 33 (Sây.). -tâ, f. friendliness towards Brâhmans, piety, MBh.; BhP. -tîrtha, m. N. of a teacher, Cat. -deva, m. N. of Vishnu, Hariv. (= *brahmanyânâm śreshthah*, Sch.) -bhâskara, m. N. of a man, Cat.

I. **Brâhmañ-vat** (°vât, TBr.), mfn. accompanied by prayer, devout, AV.; Br.; practising a sacred work (and 'having a Brâhman'), TS.; Kâth.; including or representing the Brâhmans (as Agni), Br.; ŠrS.; containing the word *brahma*, AitBr.; (i), f. N. of an Ishṭakâ, TS.

2. **Brahman-vat**, ind. like Brahmâ or Brahmâ or a Brâhman, ŠBr.; KâtySr.

**Brahmâñi**, f. the Sakti or personified female energy of Brahmâ, the wife of Br°, Pur. (cf. IW. 522); N. of Durgâ, Hariv.; DeviP. (w.r. *brâhmâñi* or *brâhmanî*); a kind of perfume, L.; a kind of brass, L.; N. of a river, MBh. (v.l. *brâhmanî*).

-mantra, m. a partic. verse or formula, MärkP.

**Brahmâya**, Nom. Ā. °yate, to become Brahmâ, Vâs.

**Brahmin**, mfn. belonging or relating to Brahmâ or Brahmâ, Târ.; 'possessing sacred knowledge,' N. of Vishnu, MBh.

**Brâhmishtha**, mfn. (superl. fr. *brahmân*) a Brâhman in the highest degree (as a N. of Bṛîhaspati or Prajâ-pati and of very learned and pious Brâhmans or princes), TS. &c. &c.; m. N. of a prince, Ragh.; (ā), f. N. of Durgâ, DeviP.

I. **Brâhmî**, f. holy, devout (?), RV. ix, 33, 5 (Sây. = *brâhmañ-prerita*); a kind of fish, Macrognathus Pancalus (commonly called Pancal), L.; a kind of vegetable, L.; Clerodendrum Siphonanthus, L.

2. **Brâhmî**, in comp. for °ma or °man. -bhûta, m. N. of Śamkarâcârya, Gal.

**Brâhmîyas**, mfn. (compar. fr. *brahmân*) more or most devout or skilled in sacred knowledge; m. a pious or learned Brâhman, Br.

**Brâhmâ**, mf(ā)n. (fr. *brahma*, for which it is also the Vîddhi form in comp.) relating to Brahmâ or Brahmâ, holy, sacred, divine, AV. &c. &c.; relating to sacred knowledge, prescribed by the Veda, scriptural, Mn. ii, 150 &c.; sacred to the Veda (with or scil. tîrtha, n. the part of the hand situated at the root of the thumb), ii, 59 &c.; relating or belonging to the Brâhmans or the sacerdotal class, peculiar or favourable to or consisting of Brâhmans, Brâhmanical, Mn.; MBh. &c. (with *nidhi*, m. money bestowed on the sacerdotal class, Mn. vii, 89); belonging to an inhabitant of Brahmâ's world, Jâtakam.; m. (with or scil. vivâha) N. of a form of marriage (in which the bride is bestowed on the bridegroom without requiring anything from him), Mn. iii, 21 &c.; N. of a man (son of Krishna and father of Mahâsvara), Cat.; patr. of Nârada, L.; of Kavi, MBh.; of Ürdhva-nâbhan and Raksho-han, RAnukr.; (ā), f. see *brâhmî*; n. sacred study, study of the Veda, BhP.; (with or scil. tîrtha), see above. -kârikâ, f. pl. N. of partic. Kârikâs, Cat. -kri-teya, m. patr. fr. *brahma-krita*, g. *subhrâddi*.

-gupta, m. pl. (fr. *brahma-gupta*) N. of a race, Kâr. on Pân. v, 3, 116 (v.l. *brahma-g°*); °ptîya, m. a prince of the Brâhmaguptas, ib. (v.l. *brahma-g°*).

-danda, m. (prob.) w.r. for *brahma-d°*, Râjat.

-dattayana, m. patr. fr. *brahma-datta*, g. *subhrâddi*. -deya, mfn. = *brahma-d°*, mfn., MBh. iii, 12729 (B.); Kull. on Mn. iii, 185. -parvan, n. N. of wk. -palâsa, m. pl. N. of a school (also read *brahma-p°*, q.v.) -pingâ (?), f. silver, W.

-purâna, n. = *brahma-p°*, VP. -pushpi, m. patr. fr. *brahma-pushpa*, Cat. (w.r. *brahma-pushpi*). -prajâpatya, mfn. (fr. *brahma-prajâpati*), L. -muhûrta, m. n. a partic. period of the day (that included between the 4th Ghatikâ and the 2nd before sunrise), dawn, L. (cf. Mn. iv, 92).

-râti, m. (fr. *brahma-râta*) patr. of Yâjñavalkya, VâyuP. -laukika, mfn. (fr. *brahma-loka*) possessing claims to Brahmâ's world, R. -vivâha, m. = °mo viv° above. -siddhânta, m. N. of wk.

**Brâhmâho-râtra**, m. a day and night of Brahmâ (a period of 2000 ages of the gods or 2 Kalpas of mortals), L. (cf. Mn. i, 72). **Brâhmeshthi**, f. a partic. Ishṭi, Up. **Brâhmôdhâ**, f. a woman married according to the Brâhma rite, Vishnu, Sch. **Brâhmôtsava**, m. a class of periodical religious festivals, RTL. 510. **Brâhmaudanika**, m. (fr. *brahmaudana*; with or scil. agni) the fire on which the rice for the priests is boiled, ĀpSr.

**Brâhmaka**, n. = -*brahmañâ kritam (samjñâ-yâm)*, g. *kulâldî*; (ikâ), f. Clerodendrum Siphonanthus, L.

**Brâhmañâ**, mfn. relating to or given by a Brâhman, befitting or becoming a Br°, Brâhmanical, AV.; TBr.; MBh.; (°nâ), m. one who has divine knowledge (sometimes applied to Agni), a Brâhman, a man belonging to the 1st of the 3 twice-born classes and of the 4 original divisions of the Hindû body (generally a priest, but often in the present day a layman engaged in non-priestly occupations although the name is strictly only applicable to one who knows and repeats the Veda), RV. &c. &c.; = *brâhmañâ-chânsin*, KâtySr.; a Brâhman in the second stage (between Mâtra and Śrotriya), Hcat.; N. of the 28th lunar mansion, L.; (ā), f. see *brâhmañi*; n. that which is divine, the divine, AV.; sacred or d° power, ib.; ĀśvGr.; Brâhmanical explanation, explanations of sacred knowledge or doctrine (esp. for the use of the Brâhmans in their sacrifices), Br.; the Brâhmañâ portion of the Veda (as distinct from its Mantra and Upanishad portion) and consisting of a class of works called Brâhmañâs (they contain rules for the employment of the Mantras or hymns at various sacrifices, with detailed explanations of their origin and meaning and numerous old legends; they are said by Sâyanâ to contain two parts: 1. *vidhi*, rules or directions for rites; 2. *artha-vâda*, explanatory remarks; each Veda has its own Brâhmañâ, that of the RV. is preserved in 2 works, viz. the Aitareya, sometimes called Āśvalâyana, and the Kaushîtaki or Śâṅkhâyana-Br°; the white Yajur-veda has the Śata-patha-Br°; the black Yajur-veda has the Taittiriya-Br° which differs little from the text of its Samhitâ; the SV. has 8 Br°s, the best known of which are the Praudha or Pañca-viñâ and the Shadviñâ; the AV. has one Br° called Go-patha), Nir.; GrSrS. &c.; the Soma vessel of the Brâhman priest, RV.; AV.; a society or assemblage of Brâhmans, a conclave, W. -kalpa, m. pl. the Brâhmañâs and Kalpas (two kinds of Vedic texts), Pân. iv, 3, 105; mfn. like a Brâhman, AitBr. -kâmyâ, f. love for Br°s, Mricch. -kâraka, mfn. making a person a Br°, Pat. on Pân. ii, 2, 6. -kumâra, m. a Br° boy, TândBr. -kula, n. the house of a Br°, Gobb. -krîta, m. N. of a man; °teya, m. patr. fr. prec. (ā), f. g. *sâriigaravâddi*. -grîha, n. = -kula, KâtySr., Sch. -ghna, m. the killer of a Brâhman, Mn. ix, 232. -cândâla, m. 'Cândâla among Br°s,' a degraded or out-caste Br°, Mn. ix, 87; the son of a Sudra father by a Brâhmañi mother, W. -ja, mfn. (ā)n., said of an Ishṭi, ĀpSr., Sch. (cf. Pân. iii, 2, 101, Sch.); n. = next, MW. -jâtâ, n. (ŠBr.), -jâti, f. (W.) the Brâhmanical caste or race; °tiya, mfn. belonging to it, W. -jîvikâ, f. the occupation or subsistence of a Brâhman, ib. -jushtha, mfn. pleasing to Br°s, ŚâṅkhGr. -dimbha, m. a Br° lad, young Br°, Mâlatîm. -tarpana, n. the feeding or satisfying of Br°s, SâmavBr. -tâ, f. the rank or condition of a Br°, AitBr.; Mn. -trâ, ind. among the Br°s, Pân. v, 4, 55, Sch. -tva, n. = -tâ, Lâty., Sch.; Mâllin.; -vicâra, m. N. of wk. -dârikâ,

f. a Br° girl, Buddh. -dravya, n. the property of a Br°, Mn. ix, 198. -dveshin, mfn. hating Br°s, R.

-dhana, n. the fee bestowed on Br°s, Vait. -nidaka, mfn. reviling Br°s, MBh. -pañcikâ, f., -paddhati, f. N. of wks. -patha, m. a Brâhmañâ text, RPrât., Sch. -pâla, m. N. of a prince, L.

-putraka, m. a Brâhman boy, Kathâs. -prasaṅga, m. the applicability of the term Brâhmañâ, the idea of Brâhman, Vajras. -prâtivesya, m. a neighbouring Brâhman, Yâjñ. ii, 263. -priya, m. a friend of Br°s (said of Vishnu), Vishnu. -bruva, m. 'calling one's self a Brâhman,' a Br° only by name or a Br° who disgraces his caste, Mn.; MBh. &c. (cf. dvija-bruva and *brahma-bruvâna*).

-bhâva, m. the rank or condition of a Br°, L.

-bhâshya, n. N. of wk. -bhûyishtâ, mfn.

principally consisting of (or containing) Br°s, R. -bhojana, n. the feeding of Br°s (as a religious act), ShadvBr.; GrS.; -vidhi, m. N. of wk. -mahimâdarsha, m. N. of wk. -mukhina, m. pl. N. of partic. verses or formulas, Târ., Sch. -yajñâ, m. a sacrifice intended for Br°s, ŠBr.; a s° offered by Br°s, MBh. -yashikâ or -yashî, f. Clerodendrum Siphonanthus, L. -rûpa-bhrît, mfn. bearing the form of a Br°, MW. -lakshana, n. N. of wk.

-linga, mfn. resembling the texts called Brâhmañâs (said of verses or formulas), Kaus. -vacana, n. the statement of a Brâhmañâ text, Āpast. -vât, mfn. connected with a Br°, TS.; (brâh°), possessed of or in accordance with a Brâhmañâ, correct, TBr.; (atî), f. N. of partic. Ishṭakâs, Nyâyam., Sch. -vadha, m. the murder of a Brâhman, Mn. xi, 89. -vara, m. N. of a prince, Kathâs. -varcasâ, n. the excellence or dignity of a Brâhman, AV. (cf. *brahma-v°*).

-vâkyâ, n. = -vacana, KâtySr., Sch. -vâcana, n. the recitation of benedictions (as becomes Br°s), Hcat. (w.r. *brahma-v°*). -vidhi, m. any injunction (contained) in a Brâhmañâ work, Kaus.

-vilâpa, m. 'the Brâhman's lament,' N. of an episode of the MBh. (i, 6104 &c., more usually called Baka-vadha-parva). -vihita, mfn. prescribed in a Brâhmañâ, Lâty. -vedam, ind. (to feed &c.) as many Brâhmans as one knows, Pân. iv, 3, 29, Sch.

-śramana-nyâya, m. the rule or phrase of the Brâhman Śramana; (atî), ind. according to the phrase 'a Br° Śr°' (which involves a contradiction as it expresses a Br° Buddhist; cf. śramana), Sâh.

-samsthâ, mfn. belonging to or abiding with a Br°, W. -sattama, m. the best of Br°s, MW.

-samtarpana, n. = -tarpana, ib. -sarvasva, n. N. of wk. -sava, m. N. of a partic. sacrifice, TBr., Sch. -sât, ind. to the Brâhmans (with √kri, to present to or bestow on the Br°s, MBh.; Hariv.; Kathâs.; with √as, to belong to the Br°s), MBh.

-stuti, f. 'praise of the Br°s,' N. of ch. of PurS.

-sva, n. the property of Br°s, Āpast. -svara, m. the accent usual in a Brâhmañâ, KâtySr., Sch. -hita, mfn. suitable to or fit for a Brâhman, W. **Brâhmañâkriya**, m. an initiated Br° who is not familiar with sacrifices, Hcat. **Brâhmañâc-chânsin**, m. (fr. °nât-sân°) 'reciting after the Brâhmañâ or the Brâhman,' a priest who assists the Brâhman or chief priest at a Soma sacrifice, Br.; ŠrS.; °sina ukhya, n., °si-prayoga, m., °si-sastra, n. N. of wks.; °sîya, n. (KâtySr.), °sîyâ, f. the office of the Br°-ch°; °syâ, mfn. relating to the Br°-ch°, ŠBr.; n. his office, ib. **Brâhmañâtikrama**, m. disrespect towards Brâhmans, Mn. iii, 63. **Brâhmañâtmaka**, mfn. belonging to Br°s, W.; containing an account of the Br°s, ib. **Brâhmañâda**, mfn. devouring Br°s (said of a Râkshasa), MBh. **Brâhmañâdarshana**, n. absence of Brâhmañâ instruction or guidance, Mn. x, 43 (others 'not seeing or consulting Brâhmans'). -**Brâhmañâ-paśraya**, mfn. seeking refuge in Br°s, MW. **Brâhmañâbhâshana**, n. N. of a kind of artificial composition (contained in the Kavi-kalpa-latâ, q.v.) **Brâhmañâbhûhyupapatti**, f. protection or preservation of a Brâhman, Mn. viii, 112. **Brâhmañâshtha**, m. the mulberry tree, L. **Brâhmañâkta**, mfn. prescribed in a Brâhmañâ, ŠrS.

**Brâhmañaka**, m. a bad Brâhman, a Br° only by name, MBh.; a country inhabited by warlike Br°s, Pân. v, 2, 71 (°kîya, mfn. iv, 2, 104, Vârtt. 30, Pat.); (ikâ), f. (prob.) a species of lizard, Cat. (cf. *brâhmañi*); Trigonella Corniculata, L.

**Brâhmañâyâna**, m. a mere descendant of a Brâhman, ŠBr.; Kaus. (Sch. 'a Br° whose father or elder brother or any elder relative is still alive'); a Brâhman sprung from learned and holy progenitors, W.