worldly existence, the world (= samsāra, L.), Kāv.; Pur.; (with Buddhists) continuity of becoming (a link in the twelvefold chain of causation), Dharmas. 42 (MWB. 102); well-being, prosperity, welfare, excellence (= sreyas, L.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; obtaining, acquisition (= āpti, prāpti), L.; a god, deity, W.; N. of Agni, SBr.; of a deity attending on Rudra and frequently connected with Sarva (later N. of Siva or a form of Siva; or N. of a Rudra, and as such of the number II or of the 11th lunar mansion, Gol.; Var., Sch.; du. bhavau = Bhava i.e. Siva and his wife Bhavānī, BhP.; cf. Vām. v, 2, 1), AV. &c. &c.; of the 1st and 4th Kalpa, Cat.; of a Sadhya, VP.; of a king, MBh.; of a son of Pratihartri, VP.; of Viloman, ib.; of a rich man, Buddh.; of an author, Cat.; n. the fruit of Dillenia Speciosa, L.; = bhavya, bhavishya, bhavana, L. - kalpa, m. N. of a partic. Kalpa, VāyuP. - kāntāra, m. or n. (?) the wilderness of worldly existence, L. - ketu, m. N. of a partic. phenomenon in the sky, Var. -kshiti, f. the place of birth, BhP. -khāmi(?), m. N. of a man, Rājat. (prob. w. r. for -svāmin, q.v.) -grāmīna-vādyôkta, m. N. of a poet, Cat. - ghasmara, m. a forest conflagration, L. - candra, m. N. of a man, Cat. - cchid, mfn. preventing births or transmigration, Kav.; BhP. - ccheda, m. prevention of births or tro, Sis.; N. of a Grāma, Rājat. - jala, n. the water (or ocean) of worldly existence, Kav. - trata, m. N. of an ancient teacher, VBr.; of a son of Bhava, Buddh. - datta, m. N. of a man, HParis.; of the author of Comms. on Naish. and Sis. - da, f. N. of one of the Matris attending on Skanda, MBh. - dāru, n. = devadāru, Pinus Deodora, L. - deva, m. N. of various authors (also with pandita kavi, bāla-valabhī-bhujamga, bhatta and misra), Cat. - nanda, m. N. of an actor, Kathās. - nandana, m. patr. of Skanda, Vās. - nandin, m. N. of a man, Buddh. -nāga, m. N. of an author, Cat. -nātha, m. N. of an author (also with thakkura, mahā-mahôpadhyāya and misra), Cat. - nāsinī, f. 'destroying worldly existence,' N. of the river Sarayū, Pur. -nigada-nibandha-cchedana, $mf(\bar{i})n.(Pa\tilde{n}car.)$ or dha-vināsin (MW.), mfn. destroying the chains and fetters of worldly existence. - nibandhavināsin, mfn. destroying the fetters of worldly exo, RāmatUp. - pratisamdhi, m. entering into ex, L. - bandhêsa, m. 'lord of the fetters of w' ex',' N. of Siva, Pancar. - bhanga, m. annihilation of w° ex°, delivery from births or transmigration, Hcat. - bhāj, mfn. partaking of worldly exo, living, W. - bhāva, m. love of wexe, NilarUp. (cf.-manyu). -bhāvana, mfn. conferring welfare, BhP.; m. 'author of exo,' N. of Vishnu, MW.; (a), f. (ifc.) regarding anything as good fortune, Santis. - bhīta, m. N. of a poet, Cat. (lit. = next). - bhīru, mfn. afraid of worldly exo or re-birth, Sinhas. - bhuta, mfn. being the origin or the source of all being, SvetUp. - bhūti, f. welfare, prosperity, AgP.; Hcat.; m. N. of a celebrated poet (who lived in the 8th century A.D., author of the 3 dramas Mālatīmādhava, Mahā-vīra-carita or Vīra-carita, and Uttararāma-carita; cf. IW. 499). - bhoga, (ibc.) the pleasures or enjoyments of the world, Santis. - manyu, m. resentment against the world, NîlarUp. (cf. -bhāva). — maya,  $mf(\bar{i})n$ . consisting of or produced from Siva, MBh. - mocana, m. 'releasing from worldly existence, N. of Krishna, Git. - rasa, m. delight in w° ex°, Sinhâs. - rud, a drum played at funeral ceremonies, L. - labha-lobha-satkaraparānmukha, mfn. averse to the benefit (and) to the longing for attainment of woexo (said of a Buddhist convert), Divyav. - vari-nidhi, m. = bhavajala, Vcar. - viti, f. liberation from the world, cessation of worldly acts, Kir. - vyaya, m. du. birth and dissolution, Bhag. - vrata-dhara, mfn. devoted to Siva, a worshipper of So, BhP. - sarman, m. N. of a man, Kathās.; of an author (and minister of king Nri-sinha of Mithila), Cat. - sekhara, m. 'Siva's crest,' the moon, Pracand. - samsodhana, m. a partic. Samādhi, Kārand. - samkrānti, f. N. of a Buddhist Sutra. - sangin, mfn. attached to worldly existence, Hcat. - samtati, f. an uninterrupted series of births and transmigrations, Vcar. - samudra (A.), -sāgara (Sinhâs.), m. the ocean of w° ex°. - sāyujya, n. union with Siva (after death), MBh. - sāra (Ml.), -sindhu (BhP.), m. =-jala. -svāmin, m. N. of a man, VBr.; of various authors, Cat. Bhavagra, n. the farthest

end of the world, Buddh. Bhavangana, n. the court of a Siva temple, Hcat. Bhavacala, m. N. of a mountain, MarkP. Bhavâtiga, mfn. one who has overcome worldly existence, Pancar. Bhavatmaja, m. 'Bhava's i. e. Siva's son,' N. of Ganêsa or Kārttikeya, A.; (ā), f. N. of the goddess Manasā, L. Bhavananda, m. N. of various authors (also with sarman and siddhanta-vag-īsa), Cat.; (ī), f. N. of Bho's Comm. on the Tattva-cintamani-didhiti; °dī-prakāša and -pradīpa, m. N. of Comms. on it; °dīya, n., °dīya-khandana, n., -vyākhyā, f. and -samgraha, m. N. of wks. Bhavanta-krit, m. 'destroying worldly existence,' N. of Brahmā or of a Buddha, L. Bhavântara, n. another existence (a former ex°, KātySr.; a later ex°, Pañcar.); -prapti-mat, mfn. one who has obtained an ex, Sarvad. Bhavâbdhi, m. the ocean of worldly exo, Santis.; -nāvi-navika, m. a pilot on the boat (which crosses) the ocean of wo exo, Pañcar. Bhavabhava, m. du. ex° and non-ex°; prosperity and adversity, MW. Bhavabhava, m. non-exo of the world, W. Bhavâbhibhāvin, mfn. overcoming the wo, ib. Bhavâbhîshta, m. 'dear to Siva,' bdellium, L. Bhavâmbudhi (A.), bu-rāsi (Bhartr.), m. = bhavâbdhi. Bhavâyanā (or nī), f. 'coming from Siva,' N. of the Ganges, L. Bhavaranya, n. = vakāntāra, Sāntis. Bhavari, m. an enemy of worldly existence, RāmatUp.; an enemy of Siva, Nalac. Bhavā-rudrá, m. du. Bhava and Rudra, AV. Bhavarnava, m. = bhavabdhi, Pancar. Bhavarta, m. sick of w ex, MW. Bhavasarvá, m. du. Bhava and Sarva, AV.; rvīya, mfn. relating to them, AVParis. Bhavesa, m. 'lord of week, N. of Siva, Pancar.; of a king (father of Hara-sinha), Cat.; of two authors, ib. Bhavôccheda, m. = va-ccheda, R. Bhavôttāraka, m. a partic. Samādhi, Kārand. Bhavôdadhi, m. = bhavâbdhi, Vcar. Bhavôdbhava, m. N. of Siva, Kir.

Bhavaka (ifc.) = bhava, being, existence (e.g. parartha-bh°, existing for others), BhP.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. = bhavatāt, Pān. vii, 3, 45, Vārtt. 3, Pat.

Bhávat, mf(antī)n. being, present, RV. &c. &c.; m.f. (nom. bhávān, vatī; voc. bhavan or bhos, q.v.; f. vati; cf. Mn. ii, 49) your honour, your worship, your lordship or ladyship, you (lit. 'the gentleman or lady present; cf. atra- and tatra-bho; used respectfully for the 2nd pers. pron., but properly with the 3rd and only exceptionally with the 2nd pers. of the verb, e.g. bhavān dadātu, 'let your highness give;' sometimes in plur. to express greater courtesy, e. g. bhavantah pramānam, 'your honour is an authority'), SBr. &c.; (anti), f. the present tense, Pat.; (atī), f. a partic. kind of poisoned arrow, L. - putra, m. your honour's son, your son, MW. - pūrva, mf(ā)n. preceded by bhavat, GrS.; (am), ind. with bhavat at the beginning, Mn. ii, 49. - sneha, m. the love for your ladyship or for you, R.

**Bhavad**, in comp. for bhavat. - antya,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . having bhavat at the end, ParGr. - anya, mfn. other than you, Ml. - aharartham, ind. for your food, ib. - uttaram, ind. with bhavat at the end, Mn. ii, 49. - deva, m. N. of a man, Cat. (for bhava-deva?). - bhī, mfn. having fear present, i.e. afraid, W. - bhūta-bhavye, ind. in present, past, and future, Vop. - vacana, n. your honour's speech, MW. - vasu (bhávad-), mfn. having wealth present, i. e. wealthy, opulent, AV. - vidha, mfn. any one like your honour or like you, R.; Pancat. - vidhi, m. your honour's manner (i.e. the way in which you are treated), MW. - viraha-nāma, n. the mere mention of separation from you, Ml.

Bhavadīya, mfn. your honour's, your, MBh.; BhP.; Pancat.

Bhavan, in comp. for bhavat. - madhya,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ , having bhavat in the middle, GrS.; (am), ind. with bhavat in the mo, Mn. ii, 79. - manyu, m. N. of a prince, VP.

Bhavana, n. (m., g. ardharcddi) a place of abode, mansion, home, house, palace, dwelling (ifc. f. ā), Mn.; Mbh. &c.; horoscope, natal star (see bhavanesa); m. N. of a Rishi in the 2nd Manvantara, VP.; a dog, L.; n. coming into existence, birth, production, Kap., Sch.; Kās. on Pān. i, 4, 31; a site, receptacle (ifc.), Pañcat.; the place where anything grows (ifc. = field, cf. sāli-bho); = bhuvana, water, L. - dvara, n. a palace-gate, Ratnav. | IW. 512, n. 1); "nīya, mfn. relating to the BhavP.

- pati, m. = -svāmin, A.; pl. (with Jainas) a partic. class of gods, L. -sthana, n. the place or room for a house, Hcat. - svāmin, m. the lord of a house, paterfamilias, ib. Bhavanadhisa, m. pl. = prec., L. Bhavanêsa, m. the regent of a horoscope or natal star, Var. Bhavanôdara, n. the interior apartments of a house, W. Bhavanôdyāna, n. a garden belonging to a house or palace, Mālatīm.

Bhavaniya, mfn. to be about to become or be or happen (yushmābhir etad bhavanīyam ca nânyathā, 'and you must not let this be otherwise'), Kathās.; n. (impers.) if is to be about to become; (with instr.) one should be, Vop.

Bhavanta, m. time, Un. iii, 128; present time, L.;  $(\bar{i})$ , f. a virtuous wife (cf. sat $\bar{i}$ ), W.

Bhavanti, m. (?) time being, present time, Un. iii, 50 (cf. bhavantī under bhavat).

Bhava, in comp. before d for bhavat. - driksha, mf(i)n. any one like your honour or like you, Vop. - dris and -drisa, mf(z)n. id., Kāv.; Kathās.; Rājat.

Bhavānī, f. (fr. bhava; cf. indranī, rudranī, sarvānī and Pān. iv, I, 49) N. of a goddess identified in later times with Parvatī (she is the wife of Siva in her pacific and amiable form; cf. RTL. 79), GrSrS.; Hariv. &c.; of various women, Cat.; of a river, L. - kavaca, n. 'Bh's armour,' N. of wk. - kānta, m. 'Bho's husband,' N. of Siva, Sinhas. -guru (L.), -tāta (Bhām.), m. 'Bho's father,' N. of Hima-vat. - dasa, m. N. of a king (also with cakra-vartin), Inscr.; Cat.; of various authors (also with kavi-raja), Cat. - nandana, m. N. of a poet, Cat. - pañcânga, n. N. of wk. - pati, m. =-kānta, Inscr.; Kāv. - para, m.orn. N.ofa Stotra, - pūjā-paddhati, f. N. of wk. - prasāda, m. N. of an author, Cat. - bhujamga, N. of a Stotra. - vallabha, m. = -kānta, Bālar. - vilāsa (?), N. of a poem. - samkara, m. N. of various authors, Cat. - sakha, m. 'Bho's friend,' N. of Siva, Balar. -sahasra-nāman, n. N. of ch. of BhavishôttaraP.; °ma-bījāksharī, f., °ma-yantra, n. and °ma-stotra, n. N. of wks. - sahāya, m. N. of an author, Cat. - stava-raja, m., -stava-sataka, n., -stotra, n. N. of work. Bhavany-ashtaka, n. N. of work.

Bhavāyya, m. N. of an author, Cat.

Bhavika, mfn. well-meaning, righteous, pious, HParis.; happy, well, right, prosperous, L.; n. a salutary state, prosperity, happiness, L.

**Bhavita**, mfn. =  $bh\bar{u}ta$ , become, been, L.

Bhavitavya, mfn. = bhavanīya; n. =  $vya-t\bar{a}$ ; impers. also with two instr., e.g. mayā tavanucarena bhavitavyam, 'I must become thy companion,' MBh.; Kāv. &c. - tā, f. the being about to be, inevitable consequence, necessity, fate, destiny, Kav.; Kathās.

Bhavitri, mf(tri)n. becoming, being (cf. tirobho); what is or ought to become or be, future, imminent ("ta, also used as future tense with or without Vas, SBr.; with bhūta and bhavyam, MBh. vii, 9468), Br. &c. &c.; being or faring well, L.

Bhávitos. See under \bhū.

Bhavitra, n. (prob.) the earth or the world, RV. vii, 35, 9 (bhuvanam antariksham udakam vā, Sāy.; cf. bhāvitra).

Bhavin, mfn. living, being, L.; m. a living being, man, Vcar.

Bhavinin, m. a poet, L. (vina, prob. w.r.) Bhavila, mfn. = bhavya, future, Un. i, 55, Sch.; good, L.; m. = vita, L.; N. of a man (son of Bhava), Buddh.; n. a house, L.

Bhavishtha. See sam-bho.

Bhavishnú, mfn. what is or ought to become or be, imminent, future, L.; faring well, thriving, MaitrS.; (ifc. after an adv. in am) becoming (cf. andham-, ādhyam-, dūram-bh° &c., and Pān. iii, 2, 57).

Bhavishya, mfn. to be about to become or come to pass, future, imminent, impending, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; n. the future, Hariv.; Pur.; =-purāna (below). - kāla, m. the future tense, MW. -jnana, n. knowledge of futurity, MW. -gangā, f. N. of a river, Cat. - purāna, n. N. of one of the 18 Puranas (the original of which is said to have been a revelation of future events by Brahmā; it is rather a manual of religious rites and observances,