

— **dhāriṇī**, f. N. of a Kiṃ-nara maid, Kāraṇḍ.
 — **dhāva**, m., v. l. for *-dhāna* or *-dhāra* (q. v.), VP.
 — **nanda**, m. N. of sev. authors, Cat. — **nāga**, m. N. of a snake-demon, MBh.; Hariv.; m. or n. (?) N. of a sacred bathing-place, MBh. — **niryātana**, n. the restitution of a jewel, R. — **pati-caritra**, n. N. of wk. — **padma**, m. N. of a Bodhi-sattva, W. — **parīkshā**, f. N. of wk. — **parvata**, m. 'jewel-mountain,' N. of a mythical mountain, Hariv. — **pālī**, f. a female keeper of jewels, g. *revaty-ādi*. — **puccha**, mf(ī)n. having lumps on the tail, Pān. iv, 1, 55, Vārtt. 2, Pat. — **pura**, n. N. of town (= *-pūra*, n.), MBh.; *-purēśvara*, m. = *-pūrō*, q. v., Rājat. — **pushpaka**, m. N. of the conch-shell of Saha-deva, Bhag. — **pushpēśvara**, m. N. of one of Śiva's attendants, Kathās. — **pūra**, m. the navel, L.; a sort of bodice (worn by women and richly adorned with jewels), L.; n. a partic. mystical circle on the navel, Pañcar.; Ānand.; N. of a town in Kalinga situated on the sea-shore (also read *-pura*, n.), MBh.; Rājat.; *-pati*, m. N. of king Babhru-vāhana, Rājat.; BhP.; *-vibhedana*, n. N. of a jewel, MW.; *reśvara*, m. = *rapati*, q. v., MBh. — **pūraka**, n. N. of a mystical circle on the navel, Cat. — **prakāśa**, m., *-prakāśaka-dīpti*, f., *-prakāśikā*, f., *-pratyaksha*, n. N. of wks. — **pradāna**, n. N. of the 34th ch. of the Sundara-kāṇḍa of the Rāmāyaṇa. — **pradīpa**, m. = *-dīpa* (q. v.), BhP.; ŚāringP.; N. of wk. — **prabhā**, f. 'jewel-splendour,' N. of a metre, Inscr.; of an Apsaras, Kāraṇḍ. (w. r. *-prastha*); of a lake, Cat.; of a wk. — **pravāla**, m. or n. (?) N. of wk. — **praveka**, m. a most excellent jewel, MBh. — **prastha**, (prob.) w. r. for *-prabhā* (q. v.), Kāraṇḍ. iii, 12. — **bandha**, m. the fastening or putting on of j's, Ragh.; the wrist (as the place on which j's are fastened), Suśr.; GāruḍaP.; a kind of metre, Col.; N. of a mixed race, ib. — **bandhana**, n. the fastening on of j's, MW.; a string of pearls, an ornament of p°, MBh.; the part of a ring or bracelet where the j's are set, MW.; the wrist, Śak.; Var.; Suśr.; &c. — **bija**, m. the pomegranate tree, L. — **bhadra**, m. N. of a brother of Kubera and king of the Yakshas (the tutelary deity of travellers and merchants), MBh.; Kathās.; Daś. &c.; of a Śreṣṭhin, Pañcat.; of a poet, Subh. — **bhadraka**, m. pl. N. of a race, MBh. (also read *pāri-bh°*); of a serpent-demon, Cat. — **bhava**, m. N. of one of the 5 Dhyāni-Buddhas, W. — **bhārava**, m., see *-tāraka*. — **bhitti**, f. 'jewel-walled,' N. of the palace of the serpent-demon Śeṣha, L. — **bhū**, f. a floor inlaid with j's, L. — **bhūmi**, f. = prec., L.; a mine of j's, L. — **bhūmikā-karman**, n. the inlaying or covering of a floor with j's (one of the 64 arts; accord. to a Schol. = *krītrima-putrikā-nirmāna*), Cat. — **mañjarī**, f. rows of j's or pearls, Git.; a species of metre, Col.; N. of sev. wks.; *-chedinī*, f. N. of wk. — **maṇḍapa**, m. a crystal hall or a h° on crystal pillars, Pañcar.; Rudray.; N. of the residence of Śeṣha, L.; of the residence of Nairṛita (the ruler of the south-west quarter), L.; *-māhātmya*, n. N. of wk. — **maṇḍita**, mfn. set or studded with j's or pearls, MW. — **mat**, mfn. adorned with j's, jewelled, BhP.; m. the sun, MW.; N. of a Yaksha, MBh.; of a servant of Śiva, BhP.; of a Rakshas, MBh.; of a Nāga, ib.; of a king (who was Vṛitra in a former birth), ib.; of a mountain, ib.; R.; Var.; of a Tirtha, MBh.; (*atī*), f. N. of a town of the Daityas, MBh.; Hariv.; of a river, W. — **madhya**, n. N. of 2 metres, Śrutab.; Chandom.; Col. — **mantha**, m. N. of a mountain, MBh.; n. rock-salt, L. — **maya**, mf(ī)n. formed or consisting of jewels, crystalline, MBh.; Hariv.; Kāv. &c.; *°yī purī*, f. N. of a mythical town of the Nirvāta-kavacas, R.; *-bhū*, f. a jewelled floor, Megh. — **mahēśa**, m. N. of a Tirtha, Cat. — **mālā**, f. a string or necklace of jewels or pearls, Chandom.; a circular impression left by a bite (esp. in amorous dalliance), L.; lustre, beauty, L.; a kind of metre, Chandom.; Col.; N. of Lakshmi, L.; of wk. — **māhātmya**, n. N. of wk. — **misra**, m. N. of 2 authors, Cat. — **muktā**, f. N. of a river, Cat. — **mekhala**, mfn. girdled with gems, surrounded by j's, Ritus. — **megha**, m. N. of a mountain, MārKP. — **yashti**, f. a string of pearls, Vikr.; a jewelled stick, MW. — **rata** (?), m. N. of a teacher, Buddh. — **ratna**, n. a jewel, gem, Hariv.; R. (with Buddhists 'one of a sovereign's 7 treasures, Dharmas. 85); *-maya*, mf(ī)n. formed or consisting of j's, crystalline, MBh.; *-mālā*, f. 'garland of j's,' N. of 2 wks.; *-vat*, mfn. containing jewels, MBh.; *-suvarṇin*, mfn. containing precious stones and gold, R.; *°ndkara*, m. N. of a wk. (also called *nāma-r°*).

— **radana**, mfn. pearl-toothed, Bhām. — **rāga**, mfn. having the colour of a jewel, L.; m. the colour of a j°, Var.; a kind of metre, L.; n. vermilion, L.; a kind of ruby, L. — **rāja**, m. 'j°-king,' (prob.) a diamond (cf. *maṇḍra*), Pañcar.; N. of a king, Virac. — **rāma**, m. N. of sev. authors; *-krishṇa-dikshitiya*, n. N. of wk. — **rūpya**, see *mañirūpyaka*. — **rocānī**, f. N. of a Kiṃ-nara maid, Kāraṇḍ. — **liṅgēśvara**, m. N. of one of the 8 Vita-rāgas, W. — **vara**, m. N. of a man, Hariv.; n. a diamond, Bhpr. — **varman**, m. N. of a merchant, Kathās.; n. a talisman consisting of jewels, Divyāv. — **vāla**, mfn. (prob.) having beads (or lumps of excrement) on the tail (accord. to Mahī-dhara = *mañi-suddhāvāla* or *mañi-varṇa-keśa*), VS. — **vāhana**, m. 'j°-bearer,' N. of Kuśāmba or Kuśa, MBh.; Hariv. — **viśeṣa**, m. a kind of j°, an excellent j°, MW. — **śaṅkha-śarkara**, mfn. having j°-like shells and gravel, ib. — **śabda**, m. N. of wk. — **śara**, see *-sara*. — **śilā**, f. a jewelled slab, MW. — **śrīṅga**, m. the god of the sun, Hariv. — **śekhara**, m. N. of a Gandharva, Bālar. — **śalla**, m. 'j°-mountain,' N. of a m°, MārKP. — **śyāma**, mfn. dark-blue like a jewel (i. e. like a sapphire), MBh. — **sara**, m. a string or ornament of pearls, Git. (w. r. *-sara*; cf. *muktā-m°*). — **sānu**, m. 'jewel-ridged,' N. of mount Meru, L. — **sāra**, m. or n. (?), N. of a Nyāya wk.; *-khaṇḍana*, n., *-darpaṇa*, m., *-prāmānya-vāda*, m. N. of wks. — **sūtra**, n. a string of pearls, L. — **sopāna**, n. steps or stairs formed of j's or crystal, Hariv.; a chain of golden beads, L. — **saupāna** (!), m. a staff or stick set with j's, W. — **skandha**, m. N. of a snake-demon, MBh. (v. l. *mañi* and *skandha* as 2 names). — **stambha**, m. a crystal post or column, BhP. — **sraja**, f. a garland of j's, Pañcar. — **harmya**, n. 'jewelled palace, crystal p°,' N. of a p°, Vikr. **Mañindra**, m. 'jewel-chief,' a diamond, Pañcar. **Mañiśvara-tirtha**, n. N. of a Tirtha, Cat. **Mañyāloka**, m. N. of wk.; *-kaṇṭakōddhāra*, m. N. of Comm. on it.

Mañika, m. a jewel, gem, precious stone, MW.; (ifc. f. *ā*) a water-jar or pitcher, AdbhBr.; GṛS.; KātyŚr., Sch.; MBh.; pl. (accord. to Sāy.) globular formations of flesh on an animal's shoulder, AitBr. **Mañilā**, mfn. having fleshy excrescences (as on the dew-lap &c.), TS., Comm.

Mañiva, mfn. in *a-m°*, q. v.; m. N. of a serpent-demon, Siddh.

Mañica, n. a hand, L.; a flower, L.; a pearl, L. **Mañicaka**, m. a king-fisher, halcyon, L.; n. a partic. jewel, = *candra-kānta*, L.; a flower, L. (cf. *mañivaka*).

Mañiya, Nom. *Ā. °yate*, to resemble a jewel, Cat. **Mañivaka**, m. N. of a son of Bhavya; n. N. of the Varsha ruled by that king, VP. (v. l. *śaṅiv°*); a flower, L.

Mañivatī, f. N., g. *śarādi*.

मणित्य *mañittha*, m. N. of an astronomer (= Manetho), VarBṛ. — **varsha-phala**, n. N. of wk.

मणत् *maṇṭ*, cl. 10. P. *maṇṭayati*, to act as an intermediary, TBr. (Sch.)

मणत्प *maṇṭapa*, m. n. = *maṇḍapa*, L.; (ī), f. a kind of purslain, L. (v. l. *maṇḍapī*).

मणित् *maṇṭi*, m. N. of a man, Pravar. (prob. w. r. for *mañṭi*).

मणत् *maṇṭh*, cl. 1. *Ā. maṇṭhate*, to long for, desire eagerly, Dhātup. viii, 10.

मणत् *maṇṭha*, m. a sort of baked sweetmeat, Bhpr.

Mañṭhaka, m. id., ib.; a partic. musical air, Cat.

मणत् *maṇḍ*, cl. 1. P. *maṇḍati*, to deck, adorn, Dhātup. ix, 36; *Ā. maṇḍate*, to distribute or to clothe, viii, 19; Caus. *maṇḍayati* (ep. also *°te*), to adorn, decorate (*Ā. 'one's self,'* Pān. iii, 1, 87, Vārtt. 18, Pat.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to glorify, extol, Prasannar.; to rejoice, exhilarate, L.

Maṇḍa, m. n. (ifc. f. *ā*) the scum of boiled rice (or any grain), Nir.; Uttarar.; Suśr.; the thick part of milk, cream, SvetUp.; MBh. &c. (cf. *dadhi-m°*); the spirituous part of wine &c., Hariv.; R. (W. also 'foam or froth; pith, essence; the head'); m. (only L.) Ricinus Communis; a species of potherb; a frog (cf. *maṇḍūka*); ornament, decoration; a measure of weight (= 5 Māshas); (*ā*), f. the emblic myrobalan tree, L.; spirituous or vinous liquor, brandy, L.; n., see *nau-maṇḍā*. — **karna**, m. N. of a man

(see *māṇḍakarnī*). — **kuṇḍa**, see *kuṇḍa-m°*.

— **citra**, m. N. of a man; pl. his family, Saṃskarak. — **jāta**, n. the second change which takes place in sour milk when mixed with Takra, L. — **pa**, mfn. (Up. iii, 145, Sch.) drinking the scum of boiled rice or of any liquor, Pañcar.; m. n. (g. *ardharcādi*; L. also ī, f.; cf. *maṇṭapī*) an open hall or temporary shed (erected on festive occasions), pavilion, tent, temple; (ifc. with names of plants) arbour, bower, Hariv.; Kāv. &c.; m. N. of a man, Cat.; (*ā*), f. a sort of leguminous plant (= *nishpāvī*), L.; *-pa-kshetra*, n. N. of a sacred district, Kathās.; *-pa-druma*, m., *-pa-nirṇaya*, m., *-pa-pūjā-vidhi*, m. N. of wks.; *-pa-pratishṭhā*, f. the consecration of a temple, MW.; *-°pāroha*, m. a species of plant, L.; *°pikā*, f. a small pavilion, an open hall or shed, Kād.; Bālar. — **pīṭhikā**, f. two quarters of the compass, L. — **pūla**, m. or n. (?) a top-boot, L. — **maya**, mf(ī)n. made of cream or from the scum of any liquid, MBh. — **vāṭa**, m. a garden (?), Divyās. (cf. *maṇḍala-v°*). — **hāraka**, m. a distiller of spirits &c. (the son of a Nishṭhya and a Śūdrā), L. **Maṇḍōḍaka**, n. barm, yeast, Suśr.; the decorating of walls &c. on festive occasions, L.; 'mental excitement' or 'variegated colour' (*citta-* or *citra-rāga*), L.

Maṇḍaka (ifc., with f. *ikā*), rice-gruel, Hariv.; m. a sort of pastry or baked flour, Pañcat.; Śukas.; Bhpr. (cf. *mañṭhaka*); a partic. musical air, Saṃgīt. (cf. id.); pl. N. of a people, VP. (cf. *mandaka*).

Maṇḍana, mfn. adorning, being an ornament to (gen.), Kāv.; Pur.; m. N. of various authors and other men (also with *kavi*, *bhaṭṭa*, *miśra* &c.), Cat.; n. (ifc. f. *ā*) adorning, ornament, decoration, MBh.; Kāv. &c. — **kārikā**, f. N. of wk. — **kāla**, m. time for adorning, Ragh. — **priya**, mf(ā)n. fond of ornaments, Pañcat. (cf. *priya-m°*). **Maṇḍanārha**, mfn. worthy of ornaments, MW.

Maṇḍanaka. See *mukha-m°*.

Maṇḍayanta, m. (only L.) an ornament; an actor; an assembly of women; food; (ī), f. a woman, L.

Maṇḍika, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. (B. *sunḍika*; cf. *maṇḍaka*).

Maṇḍita, mfn. adorned, decorated, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; m. (with Jainas) N. of one of the 11 Gaṇādhīpas, L. — **putra**, m. = prec. m., L.

Maṇḍitri, mfn. adorning, one who adorns (= ornament), Bālar.

Maṇḍilaka, m. a kind of cake, Divyāv.

मण्प *maṇḍa-pa*. See under *maṇḍa* above.

मण्दर *maṇḍara*, m. or n., g. *aṅguly-ādi*; (ī), f. a sort of cricket, L. (cf. *māṇḍarika*).

मण्डल *māṇḍala*, mf(ū)n. circular, round, VarBṛS.; n. (rarely m., g. *ardharcādi*, and f. ī, g. *gaurādi*) a disk (esp. of the sun or moon); anything round (but in Hcat. also applied to anything triangular; cf. *maṇḍalaka*); a circle (instr. 'in a circle'; also 'the charmed c° of a conjuror'), globe, orb, ring, circumference, ball, wheel, SBr. &c. &c.; the path or orbit of a heavenly body, Sūryas.; a halo round the sun or moon, VarBṛS.; a ball for playing, MBh.; a circular bandage (in surgery), Suśr.; (also n. pl.) a sort of cutaneous eruption or leprosy with circular spots, ib.; a round mole or mark (caused by a finger-nail &c.) on the body, Lāṭy.; KātyŚr., Sch.; a circular array of troops, MBh.; Kām.; a partic. attitude in shooting, L.; a district, arrondissement, territory, province, country (often at the end of modern names, e. g. Coro-mandal), Inscr.; AVParīś.; MBh. &c.; a surrounding district or neighbouring state, the circle of a king's near and distant neighbours (with whom he must maintain political and diplomatic relations; 4 or 6 or 10 or even 12 such neighbouring princes are enumerated), Mn. (esp. vii, 154 &c.); Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; a multitude, group, band, collection, whole body, society, company, Yājñ.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a division or book of the Rīg-veda (of which there are 10, according to the authorship of the hymns; these are divided into 85 Anuvākas or lessons, and these again into 1017, or with the 11 additional hymns into 1028 Sūktas or hymns; the other more mechanical division is into Aṣṭakas, Adhyāyas and Vargas, q. v.), RPrāt.; Bṛih. &c.; m. a dog, L.; a kind of snake, L.; (ī), f. Panicum Dactylon, L.; Coccus Cordifolius, Bhpr.; n. Unguis Odoratus, L.; a partic. oblation or sacrifice, L. — **kavi**, m. a poet for the crowd, bad poet, Dhanamj. — **kārmuka**, mfn. 'having a circular bow,' one whose bow is completely bent, MBh. — **cihna**, n. the