

n. a drinking-house, tavern, L. — **madāndha**, mfn. blind through drunkenness, dead drunk, BhP. — **mayā**, mf(i)n. consisting of intoxicating liquor, Hcar. — **rñava** (<sup>o</sup>*rārñ*), m. N. of wk. — **vatī**, f. N. of a girl (and of Kathās. xiii so called after her); of another girl, Hcar. — **vaśa-ga**, mfn. subdued by i.e. drunk with wine, Hariv. — **sālā**, f. = *griha*, MW. — **sakha**, m. ‘friend of wine,’ the mango tree, L. — **sava** (<sup>o</sup>*rās*), m. any intoxicating liquor, R. **Madirōtkaṭa**, mfn. excited or intoxicated with spirituous liquor, R. **Madirōnmattha**, mfn. drunk with wine or spirituous liquor, MaitrUp.

**Mádiṣṭha**, mf(ā)n. (superl. of *madin*) very intoxicating or exhilarating &c., RV.; AV.; Pañcav-Br.; (ā), f. any intoxicating beverage, L.

**Madishnu**, mfn. = *mandu*, Nir. iv, 12.

**Madúgha**, m. N. of a plant yielding honey or a species of liquorice, AV.; Kaus.

**Madura**, m. a bird, L.; N. of a prince, VP.

**Maderū**, mfn. ‘very intoxicating’ or ‘worthy of praise,’ RV. x, 106, 6 (Sāy.).

2. **Mádyā**, mf(ā)n. (for 1. see p. 777, col. 2) intoxicating, exhilarating, gladdening, lovely, RV.; n. any intoxicating drink, vinous or spirituous liquor, wine, Mn.; MBh. &c. — **kīta**, m. a kind of insect or animalcule bred in vinegar &c., L. — **kumbha**, m. a vessel for intoxicating liquors, brandy-jar, Kāv.

— **druma**, m. Caryota Urens, L. — **pa**, mf(ā)n. drinking intoxicating liquor, a drunkard, ChUp.; Mn. &c.; m. N. of a Dānava, Hariv.; — **pāśana**, n. a drunkard’s meal, L. — **pāṅka**, m. vinous liquor for distilling, mash, L. — **pāna**, n. the drinking of intoxicating liquors, MBh.; Pañcat.; Suśr.; any int<sup>o</sup> drink, MārkP. — **pīta**, mfn. = *pīta-madyā*, g. *āhitāgnī-ādi*. — **pura**, n. du. (?), Divyāv. — **pushpā** or **pushpī**, f. Grislea Tomentosa, L. — **bija**, n. lees of wine, ferment, L. — **bhājana** (L.), — **bhāṇḍa** (Vas.), n. = *kumbha*, q. v. — **māṇḍa**, m. yeast, barm, froth, L. — **maya**, mf(i)n. consisting of intoxicating liquors, Jātakam. — **lālasa**, m. Mimusops Elengi, L. — **vāsinī**, f. = *pushpā*, L. — **vikraya**, m. the sale of int<sup>o</sup> liquors, Yājñ., Sch. — **vīja**, see *-bija*. — **samdhāna**, n. distillation of spirit, L. **Madyākshepa**, m. addiction to drink, Car. **Madyāmoda**, m. Mimusops Elengi, L. **Madyāsattaka**, m. N. of a man, Rājat. (prob. w.r. for *madyāsaktaka*).

**Madrā**, m. a country to the north-west of Hindūstan proper, or a king (pl. the people) of this c°, ŠBr. &c. &c.; N. of a son of Śibi (the progenitor of the Madras), Pur.; (ā), f. N. of a daughter of Raudrāśva, Hariv.; (in music) a personification of the first Mūrchanā in the Gāndhāra-grāma; (ī), f. a princess of Madra, Pān. iv, 1, 177, Sch.; n. joy, happiness (*madram tasya* or *tasmai*, ‘joy to him!’ cf. n. of *bhadra*), Pān. ii, 3, 73. — **kāra**, mfn. causing joy or happiness, Pān. iii, 2, 44; m., v.l. for *madra-gāra*, VBr. — **kūla**, g. *dhūmāddi*. — **gāra** or **gāri**, m. N. of a man, VBr.; Pravar. — **m-kara**, mfn. = <sup>o</sup>*dra-kāra*, Pān. iii, 2, 44. — **ja**, mfn. born in Madra, VP. — **nagara**, n. the city of the Madras, Pān. vii, 3, 24, Sch. — **nābha**, m. a partic. mixed caste, MBh. — **pa**, m. a ruler of the Madras, ib. — **rāja**, m. a king of the Madras, Hariv. — **vāñija**, m. a merchant who goes to Madra, Pān. vi, 2, 13, Sch. — **sadesa**, -*sanīda*, -*samaryāda*, -*savida*, -*savesa*, n. neighbourhood of the M°, Pān. vi, 2, 23, Sch. — **sutā**, f. ‘daughter of the king of M°’, N. of Mādri (the second wife of Pāṇḍu), L. — **strī**, f. a Madra woman, MBh. — **hrada**, m. N. of a lake, Pat. **Madrārma** and <sup>o</sup>*drāsmārma*, n., Pān. vi, 2, 91. **Madrēsa** or <sup>o</sup>*svara*, m. a sovereign of the Madras, Hariv.; Pur.

**Madraka**, mfn. = *mādro mādrau vā bhaktir asya*, Pān. iv, 3, 100, Vārtt. 2, Pat.; belonging to or produced in Madra, W.; m. (pl.) N. of a degraded people (= *madra*), MBh.; Hariv.; Pur.; (sg.) a prince or an inhabitant of Madra, MBh.; N. of Śibi (see under *madra*), Hariv.; of a poet, Cat.; (īkā), f., see below; n. N. of a kind of song, Yājñ.; a kind of metre, Col. — **pati**, m. a ruler of the Madras, VarBṛS. — **gīti**, f. the song called Madraka, L. **Madrakādhama**, mfn. the lowest or meanest of the Madras, MBh.

**Madrā-√kri**, P. -*karoti*, to shear, shave, Pān. v, 4, 67 (cf. *bhadrā-√kri*).

**Madrāya**, Nom. A. <sup>o</sup>*yate*, to be glad, rejoice, g. *lohitādi*.

**Madrikā**, f. a Madra woman, MBh. — **kalpa**, mfn. resembling a M°w°, Pān. vi, 3, 37, Sch. — **bhār-**

**ya**, m. ‘having a M°w° for wife,’ the husband of a M°w°, ib. — **mānin**, mfn. thinking (a person to be) a Madra woman, ib.

**Madrikāya**, Nom. A. <sup>o</sup>*yate*, to be like a Madra woman, Pān. vi, 3, 37, Sch.

2. **Madvat**, mfn. (for 1. see p. 777, col. 2) intoxicating, gladdening, ŠāṅkhBr. (Sch.); containing a form or derivative of √2. *mad*, Br.

**Mádvan**, mfn. addicted to joy or intoxication, RV. viii, 81, 19; gladdening, intoxicating, ib. ix, 86, 35; m. N. of Śiva, Un. iv, 112, Sch.

**मददिन्** *madadin*, g. *pragady-ādi*.

**मदर्पत्तपुर** *madarpata-pura* or <sup>o</sup>*pita-pura*, n. N. of a town, Rājat.

**मदामेद** *madārmada*, m. a species of fish, L. (cf. *mahōnmada*).

**मदि** *madi* or *madikā*, f. a kind of harrow or roller, Kṛishis. (cf. *matya*).

**मदीयु** *madiṇu*, N. of a place (Medina ?), Romakas.

**मदीय** *madiya*. See p. 777, col. 2.

**मद्ग** *madga*. See *puru-madga*.

**मद्गु** *madgū*, m. (accord. to Un. i, 7 fr. √*majj*) a diver-bird (a kind of aquatic bird or cormorant; cf. Lat. *mergus*), VS. &c. &c. (also <sup>o</sup>*guka*, R.); a species of wild animal frequenting the boughs of trees (= *parna-mṛiga*), Suśr.; a kind of snake, L.; a partic. fish, Nilak.; a kind of galley or vessel of war, Daś.; a partic. mixed caste, Mn. x, 48 (the son of a Nishṭya and a Varuṭi, a Māhishya who knows medicine, or a Pāra-dhenuka who proclaims orders, L.); a person who kills wild beasts, L. (cf. Mn. x, 48); N. of a son of Śvaphalka, Hariv. — **bhūta**, w. r. for *maiku-bh*, Divyāv.

**Madgura**, m. (Un. i, 42) a species of fish, Macropteronatus Magur, Lālit.; Bhpr. (-*priyā*, f. a female M°, L.); a diver, pearl-fisher (as a partic. mixed caste), MBh.; Hariv.

**Madguraka**, m. Macropteronatus Magur, L.

**Madgurasi**, f. a species of fish, L.

**मद्हक** *maddhaka*, m. (with *pāṇḍita*) N. of a poet, Cat. (cf. *madraka*).

**मद्भू** *mad-√bhū*. See p. 777, col. 2.

**मद्य** I. 2. **madya**. See pp. 777 and 779.

**मद्र** *madra* &c. See col. I.

**मद्रिक्** *madrik*. See p. 777, col. 2.

**मद्रुकस्थली** *madruka-sthali*, f., g. *dhūmāddi*.

**मद्रुमरकन्थ** *madrumara-kantha*, n., g. *cihānāddi*.

**मद्रच्छ** *madryāñc*. See p. 777, col. 2.

**मद्रचन** *mad-vacana* &c. See p. 777, col. 2.

**मध्य** *madhavya*. See p. 781, col. I.

**मधु** *mádu*, mf(ū or vī)n. (gen. n. Ved. *mádhvas*, *mádhos* or *mádhunas*; instr. *mádhvā*; dat. *mádhune*; loc. *mádhau*) sweet, delicious, pleasant, charming, delightful, RV.; TS.; bitter or pungent, L.; m. N. of the first month of the year (= Caitra, March-April), ŠBr. &c. &c.; the season of spring, Var.; Kālid.; Bassia Latifolia, L.; Jonesia Asoka, L.; liquorice, L.; N. of Śiva, MBh.; of two Asuras (the one killed by Vishṇu, the other by Śatru-ghna), MBh.; Hariv.; Pur.; of one of the 7 sages under Manu Cākshusha, MārkP.; of a son of the third Manu, Hariv.; of various princes (of a son of Vṛisha, of Deva-kshatra, of Bindu-mat, of Arjuna Kārtaviryā), Hariv.; Pur.; of a son of Bhatta-nārāyaṇa, Kshitiś.; of a teacher (= *Madhva* or *Ananda-tīrtha*), Col.; of a mountain, MārkP.; (pl.) the race of Madhu (= the Yādavas or Māthuras), MBh.; Hariv.; BhP.; (ū), f. a partic. plant (= *jivā* or *jivanti*), L.; n. anything sweet (esp. if liquid), mead &c., RV.; AV.; TBr.; Soma (also *somyam madhu*), RV.; honey (said to possess intoxicating qualities and to be of 8 kinds; *madhuno leha*, m. licker of honey, a bee, W.), RV. &c. &c.; milk or anything produced from milk (as butter, ghee &c.), RV.; VS.; GṛŚrS.; the juice or nectar of flowers, any sweet intoxicating drink, wine or spirituous liquor, Kāv.;

Var.; Sāh.; sugar, L.; water, L.; pyrites, Bhpr.; N. of a Brāhmaṇa, ŠBr.; a kind of metre, Col. [Cf. Gk. μέθη, μέθη; Slav. medī; Lith. midūs, medūs; Germ. Meth.; Eng. mead.] — **kanṭha**, m. the Indian cuckoo (= *kokila*), L.; N. of a poet, Cat.

— **kara**, m. ‘honey-maker,’ a bee, Hariv.; Kāv. &c.; a lover, libertine, L.; Eclipta Prostrata or Asparagus Racemosus, L.; Achyranthes Aspera, W.; the round sweet lime, W.; (ī), f. a female bee, Kāv.; Pañcat. (v.l.) &c.; N. of a girl, Hcar.; -*gāna*, m. a swarm of bees, ŠāringP.; -*maya*, mfn. consisting of bees, Kād.; -*rājan*, m. the king of bees i.e. the queen b°, PraśuUp.; -*śreni*, f. a line of b°s, Megh.; -*sāha* (Cat.) and -*sāhi* (Inscr.), m. N. of two kings.

— **karāya**, Nom. A. <sup>o</sup>*yate*, to represent a bee, Daś.

— **karikā**, f. N. of woman, Mālav. — **karin**, m. a bee, Pañcat. (v.l.) — **karkatikā**, f. the sweet lime, L.; the date, L. — **karkati**, f. the sw° l°, L.; the sw° cucumber, L. — **karna**, g. *kumudādi*. — **kasā**,

f. ‘whip of sweetness,’ a kind of whip or lash belonging to the Aśvins with which they are said to sweeten the Soma juice (afterwards a symbol of plenty), RV.; AV.; TāṇḍyaBr.; KātyāSr. — **kānda**, n. N. of the first Kāṇḍa of the Bṛihad-āranyakōpanishad. — **kānana**, n. the forest of the Asura Madhu, Pañcar. — **kāra**, m. ‘honey-maker,’ a bee, BhP.; (ī), f. a female bee, R.; a partic. wind-instrument, Saṃgit. — **kārin**, m. a bee, W. — **kiri**, f. N. of a Rāga, Saṃgit. — **kukkutikā**, f. = *kukkuṭi*, L.; another plant (= *madhurā*), L. — **kukkuti**, f. a kind of citron tree with ill-smelling blossomis, L.

— **kumbhā**, f. N. of one of the Mātṛis attending on Skanda, MBh. — **kulyā**, f. a stream of honey, h° in str°s, ŠBr.; N. of a river in Kuśa-dvīpa, BhP.

— **kūta**, m. N. of a poet. — **kūla** (*mádu-*), mf(ā)n. whose banks consist of butter, AV. — **krīt**, mfn. making honey or sweetness; m. a bee, AV.; TS.; Br.; ChUp. — **keśata**, m. ‘honey-insect,’ a bee, L.

— **kaitasa-sūdana**, m. N. of Vishṇu, Vishṇ. (w.r. for -*kaiṭabha-s*). — **kosa**, m. ‘h°-receptacle,’ a bee-hive, L.; N. of sev. wks.; n. a honeycomb, ĀpŚr., Comm. — **krama**, m. a bee-hive, L.; a honeycomb, MW.; pl. a drinking bout, L. — **kroḍa**, m. or n. (?) a fritter with sweet stuffing, Car. — **kshira** (L.) or <sup>o</sup>*raka* (A.), m. Phoenix Silvestris. — **kharjūrikā** or <sup>o</sup>*jūri*, f. a kind of date, L. — **gandhika**, mfn. sweet-swelling, Suśr. — **gāyana**, m. the Indian cuckoo, L. — **guñjana**, m. Hyperanthera Moringa, L. — **grahā**, m. a libation of honey, ŠBr.; KātyāSr.

— **gluntha**, m. a lump of honey (honeycomb?), ĀpŚr. — **ghosha**, m. ‘sweetly-sounding,’ the Indian cuckoo, L. — **cchattrā**, m. or n. (?) = *vṛikshādāna*, L. — **cchada**, m. Flacourtie Sapida, L. (also ī, f.; BhP.) — **cchandas**, m. (mostly m. c.) = next, MBh.; Hariv.; R. — **cchandas**, m. N. of the 51st of Viśvā-mitra’s 101 sons, AitBr.; ŚāṅkhāSr. &c.; pl. N. of all the sons of V°, BhP. — **cyut**, mfn. (MBh.; R. &c.) or <sup>o</sup>*cyuta*, mf(ā)n. (R.; BhP.) dropping sweets or honey. — **ja**, mf(ā)n. obtained from honey, L.; (ī), f. sugar made from h°; s°-candy, L.; the earth, L.; n. bees-wax, L. — **jambīra**, -*jambhala*, m. a kind of sweet citron, L. — **jāta** (*mádu-*), mf(ā)n. sprung or produced from h°, AV. — **jālaka**, n. a h°-comb, AVParis. — **jit**, m. ‘conqueror of the Daitya Madhu,’ N. of Vishṇu, L.

— **jihva** (*mádu-*), mfn. h°-tongued, sweet-t°, sweetly-speaking, RV.; VS.; ŠBr. — **taru**, m. (Vās., Comm.) and -*triṇa*, m.n. (Vās.) sugar-cane. — **traya**, n. the three sweet things (viz. *sitā*, *mākshika* and *sarpis*, q.v.), L. — **tva**, n. sweetness, MaitrUp.

— **dalā**, f. Sansevieria Roxburghiana, L. — **dīpa**, m. ‘lamp of spring,’ the god of love, L. — **dūgha**, mf(ā)n. milking (i.e.