

an end or limit, reach or attain anything as an end, Pāṇ. v, 2, 8, Sch.

**मर्व** marv (cf. √marb), cl. I. P. marvati, to fill, Dhātup. xv, 69; to go, move, Vop.: Caus. marvayati, to utter a partic. sound (v.l. for mārj), Dhātup. xxxii, 106.

**मर्ष** marṣa, m. (√I. mṛis) any substance used to excite sneezing, a sternutatory, Bhpr. (cf. prati-marṣa); counsel, advice, W.

**Marsana**, n. touching (esp. a woman), MBh.; inquiring into, examining (=mīmānsā), BhP.; advising, counselling, deliberating, W.; explaining, explication, MW.; rubbing off, removing, ib.

**मर्ष** marsha, m. (√mṛish) patience, endurance, L. (cf. a- and dur-marsha). **०shāna**, mfn. (ifc.) enduring, forgiving, BhP.; n. = prec., MBh.; R. **०shaniya**, mfn. to be forgiven or pardoned, ib.; deserving indulgence, MBh. **०shita**, mfn. borne, endured, forgiven, Bh. (-vat, mfn. one who has borne or forgiven, patient, enduring), W.; patient, content, W. (cf. a-marshita); n. patience, W. **०shin**, mfn. patient, forgiving, indulgent, MBh.; Kāv. &c.

**मर्षिका** marshikā, f. a kind of metre, RPrat.

**मल** mal (cf. √mall), cl. I. Ā. 10. P. malate, malayati, to hold, possess, Dhātup. xiv, 22; xxxv, 84, Vop. **Mali**, f. holding, having, possession, W.

**मल** māla, n. (in later language also m.; prob. fr. √mlai) dirt, filth, dust, impurity (physical and moral), AV. &c. &c.; (in med.) any bodily excretion or secretion (esp. those of the Dhātus, q.v., described as phlegm from chyle, bile from the blood, nose-mucus and ear wax from the flesh, perspiration from the fat, nails and hair from the bones, rheum of the eye from the brain; cf. also the 12 impurities of the body enumerated in Mn. v, 135), Suśr.; Vāgbh. &c.; (with Śaivas), original sin, natural impurity, Sarvad.; camphor, L.; Os Sepiae, L.; m. the son of a Śūdra and a Mālukī, L.; (ā), f. Flacourtie Cataphracta, L.; n. tanned leather, a leathern or dirty garment (?), RV. x, 136, 2; a kind of brass or bell-metal, L.; the tip of a scorpion's tail, L. (v.l. ala); mfn. dirty, niggardly, L.; unbelieving, godless, L. [Cf. Gk. μέλας; Lat. mālus; Lith. mōlis, m. ēlynas.] — **karshana**, mfn. removing dirt, Cat. — **kūta**, m. or n. (?) N. of a country, Buddh. (cf. mālā-kūta). — **koshthaka**, m. N. of a man, Rājat. (w.r. -koshṭaka; cf. malla-koshṭaka). — **gá**, m. (perhaps) a fuller, washerman, AV. — **grahi**, mfn., Vop. xxvi, 48. — **ghna**, mfn. removing dirt, cleansing, L.; m. the root of Salmalia Malabarica, L. (cf. -hantri); (ī), f. Artemisia Vulgaris or Alpinia Nutans, L. — **ja**, mfn. arising from filth or dirt, L.; m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. (VP.); R. (cf. malaka, malada, malaya); n. purulent matter, pus, L. — **jñu**, mfn. having dirty knees, MānGr. — **tva**, n. dirtiness, filthiness, Ragh. — **dāyaka**, mfn. casting a blemish upon any one, Kād. — **digdhāṅga**, mfn. having the limbs defiled with dirt, h° the body soiled with dust, MBh.

— **dūshita**, mfn. soiled with dirt, filthy, L. — **drava**, m. the impure fluid which becomes separated from the chyle and produces urine, ŚāringS. — **drāvin**, mfn. dissolving impurity, L.; n. the seed of Croton Tiglum, L. — **dhātri**, f. a nurse who attends to a child's bodily necessities, Buddh. — **dhārin**, m. a Jaina monk, L. — **paṅka**, m. or n. (?) dirt, MBh. — **paṅkin**, mfn. covered with dust and mire, MBh.; MārkP. — **pū**, f. Ficus Oppositifolia, Suśr.; Bhpr.; Car.; = kshīra and vidārī, L.; (prob. u), n. = śringī and nala, L. — **prishṭha**, n. 'dust-page,' the outer or first page of a book (left unwritten because liable to be dirtied), MW. — **bhuj**, mfn. feeding on impurity, L.; m. a crow, L. — **bhedini**, f. (prob.) Helleborus Niger, L. — **mallaka**, n. a piece of cloth passing between the legs and covering the privities (=kaupīna), Daś.; -sesha, mfn. having nothing left but a small piece of cl° to cover the pr°, MW. — **māsa**, m. an intercalary month, an intercalated 13th m° (in which no religious ceremonies should be performed), Cat. &c.; -kathā, f., -tattva, n., -nirūpana, n., -nirnaya, m. (and <sup>०</sup>ya-tantra-sāra, m.), -pūjā, f., -māhātmya, n., -vicāra, m. N. of wks.; -vrata, n. N. of a partic. ceremony, Cat.; of a ch. of the BhavP.; -sāriṇī, f.; <sup>०</sup>sāgha-marshāṇī, f. N. of wks. — **mūtra-parityāga**, m. evacuation of feces and urine, Subh. — **rodha**, m. or -rodhāna, n. constipation of the bowels, L. — **vat**, mfn. dirty,

filthy, Mn.; (māla-vad)-vāsas, mfn. wearing d° or impure clothes, MW.; f. a menstrual woman, TS.; GrS. &c. (cf. malōdvāsas). — **vānara**, m. pl. N. of a people, VP. — **vārin**, m. a Jaina beggar, L. (w.r. for -dhārin?). — **vāhin**, mfn. carrying filth or soil, bearing or containing dirt, Hit. — **vināśini**, f. 'dirt-destroyer,' Andropogon Aciculatus, L. — **visodhana**, mfn. cleansing away filth, R. — **vishṭambha**, m. constipation (of the feces), L. — **visarga**, m. (MW.) or -visarjana, n. (W.) the act of removing dirt, cleansing (of a temple); evacuation of feces. — **vega**, m. diarrhoea, L. — **vaisamya**, n. a kind of dysentery, Gal. (correctly -vaiśadya). — **śuddhi**, f. clearing away of feculent matter, evacuation of the bowels, MW. — **sruti**, f. evacuation of the feces, L. — **hantri**, m. the bulbous root of the Salmalia Malabarica, L. (cf. -ghna). — **hā**, f. N. of a daughter of Raudrāśva, Hariv. — **hāraka**, mfn. taking away impurity, removing sin, MW.; a person who knows how to please an elephant, L. — **Mālākarshin**, m. 'dirt-remover,' a sweeper, scavenger, L. — **Malāpakarshana**, n. the act of removing dirt or impurity, removal of sin, L. — **Malāpahā**, f. a partic. preparation, L.; N. of a river, L. — **Malābha**, mfn. dirty-looking, ŚāringS. — **Malāyana**, n. the path of the excretions, i.e. the rectum, Car. — **Mālāri**, m. 'dirt-enemy,' a kind of natron, L. — **Malāvarodha**, m. obstruction of the feces, MW. — **Malāvaha**, mfn. bringing or causing defilement, Mn. xi, 70. — **Malāsaya**, m. 'receptacle of feculent matter,' the bowels, ŚāringS. — **Malōtsarga**, m. evacuation of the feces, Sīnhās. — **Malōdvāsas**, f. a woman who has put off her soiled clothes (after her impurity), ŚBr. — **Malōpahata**, mfn. soiled, dirty, Sīs. — **Malaka**, m. pl. N. of a people, MārkP.

**Malina**, mfn. dirty, filthy, impure, soiled, tarnished (lit. and fig.), Yājñ.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; of a dark colour, gray, dark gray, black, Sīs.; Rājat. &c.; m. a religious mendicant wearing dirty clothes (perhaps) a Pāśupata, Vishn.; N. of a son of Tānsu, VP. (v.l. anila); (ā) [Prāyaśc.] or ī [L.], f. a woman during menstruation; n. a vile or bad action, Pañcat.; Bhartṛ.; Viddh.; buttermilk, L.; water, L.; borax, L. — **tā**, f. dirtiness, impurity, Sāh.; moral imp°, blackness, moral bl°, MW. — **tva**, n. blackness, Cāṇ.; moral bl°, wickedness, Vās. — **prabha**, mfn. whose light is obscured or clouded, W. — **manas**, mfn. having a foul mind, Prasaṅg. — **mukha** (only L.), mfn. 'dirty-faced, dark-f°, vile, wicked; cruel, fierce; m. fire; a kind of ape; a departed spirit, ghost, apparition. — **Malinātman**, mfn. having a spotted nature (the moon), ŚāringP.; impure-minded, ŚāringP. — **Malināmbu**, n. 'black-fluid,' ink, L. — **Malināsya**, mfn. 'dirty-faced, dark-faced,' vulgar, low, wicked, L.; savage, cruel, W.

**Malinaya**, Nom. P. <sup>०</sup>yati, to soil, make dirty, defile, tarnish (lit. and fig.), Ragh.; Śak.; Kuval.

**Malinita**, mfn. dirtied, soiled, defiled, Bālar.; Rājat.; tainted, wicked, W.

**Maliniman**, m. dirtiness, impurity, MW.; blackness, Vās.; Sīs.; vileness, wickedness, Vās.

**Malini**, in comp. for malina. — **karana**, n. the act of soiling, staining; an action which defiles, Prāyaśc. — **karaniya**, mfn. fitted to cause defilement, Mn. xi, 125. — **krī**, P. -karoti, to make dirty, soil, stain (properly and fig.), Hariv.; VP.; to darken, make obscure, Kathās. — **bhū**, P. -bhavati, to become dirty, Śak.; to pass away, vanish, Naish., Comm.

**Malishṭha**, mfn. excessively dirty, filthy; (ā), f. a woman during menstruation, L.

**Malimasa**, mf(ā)n. dirty, impure, soiled (lit. and fig.); of a dark or dirty gray colour, Kāv.; Hit.; Kathās. &c.; m. (!) iron, L.; m. (!) or n. yellowish vitriol of iron, L.

**Maliyas**, mfn. excessively dirty, filthy, W.; very sinful, wicked, ib.

**मलद** malada, m. Phaseolus Radiatus, L.; pl. N. of a people, MBh.; VP. (cf. malaka, malaja, malaya); (ā), f. N. of a daughter of Raudrāśva, Hariv. (v.l. malandā).

**मलन** malana, m. a tent, L.; (ā), f. the long cucumber, L.; n. crushing, grinding, L. (=mardana; cf. pari-mala).

**मलप्रालदेश** malaprāla-deśa, m. N. of a country (<sup>०</sup>sīya, mfn.), Cat.

**मलबार** malabāra, the country Malabar (also -deśa, m.), ib.

**मलय** malaya, m. (Un. iv, 99) N. of a mountain range on the west of Malabar, the western Ghāts (abounding in sandal trees), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; of the country Malabar and (pl.) its inhabitants, ib.; of another country (=śailānṣa-deśaḥ or śailānīgo d°), L.; of an Upa-dvipa, L.; of a son of Garuḍa, MBh. (B. mālāya); of a son of Rishabha, BhP.; of a poet, Cat.; a celestial grove (=nandana-vana), L.; a garden, L.; (in music) a kind of measure, Saṅgit.; (ā), f. Ipomoea Turpethum, L.; N. of a woman, Vās., Introd. — **ketu**, m. N. of various princes, Vcar.; Mudr. — **gandhinī**, f. N. of a Vidyā-dhāri, Cat.; of a companion of Umā, L. — **giri**, m. the Malaya mountains, Daś.; another mountain, Buddh.; N. of an author, Cat. — **ja**, mfn. growing on the M° m°; m. a sandal tree, MBh.; N. of a poet, Cat.; n. sandal, Kāv.; Suśr.; N. of Rāhu, L.; -rajas, n. the dust of s°, Bhartṛ.; -rasa, n. s° water, Vām.; -jālepa, m. s° unguent, Śukas. — **deśa**, m. the country of M°, L. — **druma**, m. M° tree, a sandal tree, Ragh. — **dvīpa**, n. N. of one of the 6 islands of Anudvīpa, L. — **dhvaja**, m. N. of a king of the Pāndyas, MBh.; BhP.; of a son of Meru-dhvaja, Kathās.; -narapati, m. a king of Malaya, Mudr. — **parvata**, m. the M° mountain, Kathās. — **pura**, n. N. of a town, ib. — **prabha**, m. N. of a king, ib. — **bhū-bhṛit**, m. = -parvata, ib. — **bhūmi**, f. N. of a district in the Himālaya, L. — **marut**, m. wind (blowing) from Malaya (an odoriferous wind prevalent in Southern and Central India during the hot season), Amar. — **mālin**, m. N. of a man, Kathās. — **rāja**, m. N. of a poet, Cat.; -stotra, n. N. of a hymn. — **ruha**, m. 'growing on the M° mountain,' a sandal tree, Sīs. — **vati**, f. N. of a Surāṅganā, Sīnhās.; of other women, Kathās.; Nāg. — **vāta**, m. = -marut, Vikr. — **vāsinī**, f. 'dwelling on the M° mountain,' N. of Durgā, Hariv. — **samīra**, m. = -marut, Git. — **sinha**, m. N. of two princes, Kathās. — **Malayācala**, m. = <sup>०</sup>ya-parvata, ib.; -khanda, m. or n. N. of ch. of SkandaP. — **Malayādri**, m. = <sup>०</sup>ydala; -vāyu, m. = next, Kāv. — **Malayānila**, m. = <sup>०</sup>ya-marut, Ratnāv. — **Malayāvati**, f. N. of a woman, Cat. (cf. malaya-vati). — **Malayāndu**, m. (with sūri) N. of an author, Cat. — **Malayādbhava**, n. sandal wood, L. (cf. malaya-ja).

**मलयु** malayū, f. Ficus Oppositifolia, Bhpr. (cf. mala-pū).

**मलर** malara, m. or n. (?) a partic. high number, Buddh.

**मलवेश** malava-deśa, m. N. of a country, Cat.

**मलाका** malakā, f. (only L.) a female messenger, confidante; an amorous woman; a female elephant.

**मलिक** malika, m. (=ملک) a king, Cat.

**मलिन** malina &c. See col. 2.

**मलिम्लु** malimlu or malimlū; m. (prob. a mutilated form) a robber, thief, AV.; VS.; MaitrS. — **senā**, f. a band of robbers, TS.

**Malimluc**, m. (fr. Intens. of √mluc) 'one who goes about in the dark,' a robber, thief, MānSr.; a partic. demon, ĀpSr. (cf. deva-m°).

**Malimlucā**, m. a thief, robber, Rājat. (Naigh. iii, 24); a demon, imp, AV.; PārGr.; a gnat, mosquito, L.; a Brāhmaṇa who omits the 5 chief devotional acts, L.; an intercalated 13th month (introduced every 5th year to approximate the lunar and solar modes of computation; cf. mala-māsa), ŚrS.; Sūryas.; fire, L.; wind, L.; frost or snow, L. — **tattva**, n. N. of wk. (=mala-māsa-tattva).

**मलिह** malihā, mfn. = malhā, MaitrS.

**मलुक** maluka, m. the belly, L.; a quadruped, L.

**मलुद** maluda and maluma, m. or n. (?) partic. high numbers, Buddh.

**मलुक** maluka, m. a kind of worm, L.; a bird, L. — **candrikā**, f. N. of wk.

**मलमलाभवत्** malmalā-bhāvata, mf(antī)n. flashing, glittering, TS.; MaitrS. (=jvalat, Naigh. i, 17).

**मल** mall (cf. √mal), cl. I. Ā. mallate, to hold, have, Dhātup. xiv, 23.