

Mādhurya, n. sweetness, Kāv.; Suśr.; loveliness, exquisite beauty, charm, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; (with Vaishṇavas) a feeling of tender affection (for Kṛiṣṇa like that of a girl for her lover), RTL. 141; (in rhet.) grace of style (esp. consisting in the employment of separated words in a sentence, as opp. to śleṣha, q.v.), Vām.; Kpr. &c.; mfn. sweetly speaking, Kull. on Mn. x, 33. — **kadambinī**, f. N. of wk.

माधुक mādhūka, mfn. (fr. madhūka) made from Bassia Latifolia, Kull. on Mn. xi, 95; (= madhura-bhāshin) sweet-voiced (said of the Maitreyakas), Mn. x, 33 (Kull.; cf. mādhuka); n. a kind of mead, Yājñ., Sch.

माधुची mādhūcī, f. du. (prob. formed after the analogy of mādhvī, q.v.) N. of the Aśvins, VS.

माधुल mādhūla, m. patr. fr. madhūla (also pl.), Saṃskārak.

माध्य mādhyā, mfn. (fr. madhya, of which it is also the Vṛiddhi form in comp.) middle, central, mid, TS. — **m-dina** (mādho), mf(ā)n. (fr. madhyam-dina) belonging to midday, meridional, RV. &c. &c.; m. = mādhyamdinah pavanah, ŚāṅkhŚr.; pl. N. of a branch of the Vājasaneyins, Inscr. &c. (cf. IW. 150; 245, 2); of an astron. school who fixed the starting-point of planetary movements at noon, Col.; of a family, Pravar.; (ī), f. (with sīkshā) N. of wk.; n. = mādhyamdinam savanam, Kātyār.; N. of a Tirtha, Cat.; -grihya, n. N. of wk.; -vat, ind. as at the midday oblation, Kātyār.; -śākha, f. the school of the Mādhyamdinās (khiya, mfn. belonging to it), Cat.; -samhitā, f., -samdhya-prayoga, m.; °ndranyaka-vyākhyā, f. N. of wks. — **m-dināyana**, m. (prob. fr. madhyam-dina) N. of a teacher, BrĀrUp. — **m-dini**, m. (fr. id.) N. of a grammarian, Kār. on Pāṇ. vii, 1, 94. — **m-diniya**, mf(ā)n. (fr. mādhyamdinā) usual at the midday oblation (also °yaka), ŚrS.; belonging to the school of the Mādhyamdinās, Cat. — **m-dineya**, m. pl. the school of the M°, ib. — **stha**, mfn. (fr. madhya-stha) being in a middle state, indifferent, impartial, Kām.; n. indifference, impartiality, Mn. iv, 257. — **sthya**, n. (fr. madhya-stha) = prec. n., Dhūrtas.; intercession, mediation, W. — **Mādhyāhnika**, mf(ā)n. (fr. madhyāhna) belonging to midday, taking place at noon, MārkP.; -mantra, m. or n., -sanidhyā-prayoga, m. N. of wks.

Mādhyama, mfn. (fr. madhyama) relating to the middle, middlemost, central (also applied to the composers of the middle portion of the R̄ig-veda i.e. of books ii-vii), ŚāṅkhBr.; GrS.; Pat.; middle-born, W.; m. pl. N. of a race, Pravar. — **sthya**, n. (fr. madhyama-stha) g. brāhmaṇādi.

Mādhyamaka, mf(ikā)n. (fr. madhyama) relating to the middle region (i.e. the atmosphere), Nir.; (ikā), f. N. of the middle portion of the Kāthaka. °keya, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. (v.l. madhyamakeya).

Mādhyamika, mfn. (fr. madhyama) = mādhyamaka, Nir. (also applied to a kind of cloth, Pat.); m. pl. N. of a Buddhist school, MWB. 157; 159; of a people in central India, VarBrS. °kiya, mfn. = madhyamikāyām bhavaḥ, Pat.

Mādhyamineya, m. metron. fr. madhyamā, g. kalyāny-ādi.

माध्व mādhva, m. an adherent of Madhva (see p. 782, col. 3), W. — **siddhānta-sāra**, m. N. of wk.

माध्वक mādhvaka, °vika, mādhvī. See p. 808, col. 3.

मान् mān, cl. I. 10. P. mānatī, mānayati, to honour, respect, Dhātup. xxxiv, 36 (cf. √man, of which mānayati is the Caus.)

मान I. māna, m. (√man) opinion, notion, conception, idea, Tattvas. (cf. ātma-m°); purpose, wish, design, AitBr.; self-conceit, arrogance, pride, KaushUp.; Mn. &c. (with Buddhists one of the 6 evil feelings, Dharmas. 67; or one of the 10 fetters to be got rid of, MWB. 127); (also n.) consideration, regard, respect, honour, Mn.; MBh. &c.; a wounded sense of honour, anger or indignation excited by jealousy (esp. in women), caprice, sulking, Kāv.; Daśar.; Sāh.; N. of the father of Agastya (perhaps also of A° himself; pl. the family of Māna), RV.; (in astron.) N. of the tenth house, VarBrS.

(W. also 'a blockhead; an agent; a barbarian'). — **kalaha**, m. quarrel arising from jealousy, rivalry, Kathās.; pl. N. of a people, MārkP. — **kali**, m. mutual disdain or ill-will, Amar. — **krit**, mfn. showing honour or respect (to others), MBh. — **kshati**, f. injury to h°, mortification, insult, Rājat. — **gṛīha**, n. N. of a place in Nepal. — **granthi**, m. violent or lasting anger, Cāṇ. — **grahana**, n. fit of sulking, Ratnāv. — **tantavya**, prob. w.r. for mā-nut°, Gobh. — **tas**, ind. from or through honour, for honour's sake, MBh. — **tā**, f. the being a proof, Nyāyam. — **tunga**, m. 'a man high in h°', N. of various authors (also -sūri and °gacārya), Cat. — I. — **tva**, n. haughtiness, arrogance, MW. — I. — **da**, mfn. (√dā) giving or showing honour (esp. voc. sg. 'honour-giver' in respectful address), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; m. a mystical N. of the letter ā, RāmatUp.; pl. N. of a people, MārkP.; (ā), f. the second Kalā or digit of the moon, Cat.; n. (scil. astra) N. of a partic. magical weapon, R. — 2. — **da**, mfn. (√do) destroying arrogance or pride, MW. — **deva**, m. N. of a prince, L. — **dhana**, mfn. rich in honour, Ragh. — **dhmāta**, mfn. puffed up with pride, MW. — **para**, mf(ā)n. wholly addicted to pride, very proud or arrogant, Śiś.; (ā), f. N. of a woman, Kathās. — **parikhanda**, n. = -bhāṅga, Cāṇ. — **purahsaram**, ind. with (lit. 'preceded by') honour, Pañcat. — **prāṇa**, mfn. valuing h° like one's life, Kathās. — **bhāṅga**, m. breach or loss of honour, Cāṇ. — **bhāj**, mfn. receiving h° from (comp.), Mn. ii, 139. — **bhrīt**, mfn. possessing pride, Kir. — **mandara** or **-mandira**, m. N. of Rāvaṇa, L. — **maya**, m. a partic. article of enjoyment or luxury (?), Hariv. 8455 (Nilak.). — **mahat**, mfn. great in pride, extremely proud, Bhartṛ. — **māṭra**, n. mere honour, Pañcat. — **mānya**, mfn. (to be) held in h°, MBh. — **mauna**, n. silence caused by pride, MBh. — **yajña**, m. a sacrifice instituted through pride, ib. — **ratha**, m. N. of a king, VP. — **vat**, mfn. enjoying honour, rich in h°, TUp.; (atī), f. (a woman) angry from jealousy, Śiś.; Kathās. — **varjaka**, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh.; Pur. (v.l. -vartika and -valaka). — **varjita**, mfn. destitute of h°, MBh.; dishonouring, BhP. — **vardhana**, mfn. increasing (a person's) h°, indicating respect, Mn. ix, 115. — **vikrayin**, mfn. selling one's h°, Kathās.; Rājat. — I. — **sāra**, m. or n. a high degree of pride, Daś.; m. N. of a king of Mālava, ib. — **sinha**, m. N. of a king and various authors, Cat.; -kīrti-muktaivalī, f. N. of wk. — **sthiti**, f., see under 2. māna. — **svarūpa**, n. the nature of honour; °pābhijñā-tva, n. knowledge of the n° of h°, Rājat. — **han**, mf(ghni)n. destroying pride, MārkP. — **hāni**, f. loss of honour, A. — **Mānāgnihotra**, n. an Agnihotra instituted through pride, MBh. — **Mānāṅka**, m. N. of an author, Cat. — **Mānānanda**, m. N. of a teacher of Yoga, ib. — **Mānānanda**, mfn. blinded by pride, Venis. — **Mānā-pamāna**, n. du. honour and dishonour, Bhag.; w.r. for mānāvabhaṅga. — **Mānārha**, mfn. worthy of h°, Mn. ii, 137. — **Mānāvabhaṅga**, m. destruction of pride or anger, Vikr. iv, 25. — **Mānāsa**, mfn. driving away pride or arrogance, Śiś. — **Mānāsakta**, mfn. given to pride, haughty, VarBrS. — **Mānōtsāha**, m. energy arising from self-confidence, Pañcat. — **Mānōtseka-parākrama-vyasanin**, mfn. possessing intense diligence, prowess, haughtiness and pride, Hit. — **Mānōnnata**, mfn. (a head) uplifted in pride, Ragh. — **Mānōnnati**, f. high honour, great respect, Bhartṛ. — **Mānōnmāda**, m. infatuation of pride, Pañcat. — **Mānōnmukta**, mfn. destitute of honour, VarBrS. — **Mānana**, mfn. (fr. Caus.) honouring, serving as a token of respect, Nir.; n. and (ā), f. paying honour, showing respect, MBh.; Kāv. &c. — **Mānāniya**, mfn. to be honoured, deserving honour from (gen.), Kāv.; Pur.; Rājat.; m. an honourable man, Kād. — **Mānayāna**, mfn. (for mānayamāna, cf. Vām. v, 2, 83) showing honour or respect, MBh.; BhP. — **Mānayitavya**, mfn. to be honoured, deserving honour or respect, MBh. — **Mānayitri**, mfn. one who honours or respects, ib., Hariv. &c. — **Māni**, in comp. for I. mānin. — **tā**, f. (ifc.) the fancying that one possesses, imaginary possession of (jñāna-m°), MBh.; honouring, esteeming, ib.; pride, Kir. — **tva**, n. (ifc.) the thinking one's self to be or have, MBh.; pride, arrogance (a-m°), Bhag.; the being honoured, receiving honour, MBh. — **Mānika** = I. mānin in pandita-mānika, q.v. — **Mānita**, mfn. (fr. Caus.) honoured, respected,

MBh.; Kāv. &c.; n. showing honour or respect, Hariv. — **sena**, m. N. of a king, Buddh.

I. — **Mānin**, mfn. (fr. √man or fr. I. māna) thinking, being of opinion, KathUp.; high-minded, haughty, proud towards (prati) or of (-tas), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; highly honoured or esteemed, ib.; (ifc.) thinking (esp. one's self) to be or have, appearing as or passing for (see darsanīya-, pandita-m° &c.); highly esteeming or honouring (see f.); m. Marsilia Dentata, L.; (īnī), f. a disdainful or sulky woman, Kāv.; (ifc.) the wife of (see madhu-mānī, lit. 'highly esteeming her husband'); Aglaia Odorata, L.; a kind of metre, W. (prob. w.r. for mālinī); N. of an Apsaras, VP.; of a daughter of Vidūrasha and wife of Rājya-vardhana, MārkP.

— **Mānya**, mfn. to be respected or honoured, worthy of honour, respectable, venerable, Mn.; MBh. &c.; (mānyā), m. patr. fr. I. māna, RV. i, 163, 14, &c.; N. of Maitrāvaraṇi (author of RV. viii, 67), RAnukr. — **tva**, n. the being honoured by (gen.), respectability, worthiness, VarBrS. — **sthāna**, n. a title to respect, Mn. ii, 136.

— **Māna** 2. māna, m. (√3. mā) a building, house, dwelling, RV.; an altar, Āpast.; (mānā) a preparation, decoction (?), RV. x, 144, 5; (ī), f. measure (see tiryān-m°); a partic. measure (= 2 Āñjalis), L.; n. measuring, meting out, Kātyār.; Hariv. &c.; measure, measuring-cord, standard, RV. &c. &c.; dimension, size, height, length (in space and time), weight, ib. (ifc. = fold, see śatā-m°); a partic. measure or weight (= krishnala or raktikā); accord. to Sch. on TS. and Kātyār. 100 Mānas = 5 Palas or Panas); form, appearance, RV.; likeness, resemblance, Śiś.; (in phil.) proof, demonstration, means of proof (= pra-māna, q.v.) — **kathana**, n. N. of wk. — **kanda**, m. Arum Indicum, Bhpr. — 2. — **tva**, mfn. (for I. and 2. see under I. māna) measuring, W. — **dīpikā**, f. N. of a Vedānta wk. — **dhānikā**, f. a species of gourd or cucumber, L. — **bhadraka**, m. a kind of pavilion, Vāstuv. — **mañjari**, f. a dictionary of Sanskrit and Bhāshā; -guṇa-leśa-sūcaka-daśaka, n. N. of wk. — **manohara**, m. or n. (?) N. of a wk. on the Mimānsā by Vāg-iśvara. — **m-paca**, mfn. (a vessel) cooking a partic. quantity of anything, Vop., Sch. — **yoga**, m. pl. the various methods or applications of measuring and weighing, Mn. ix, 330. — **randhrā** or **-randhrī**, f. a kind of water-clock or clepsydra, L. — **veda-campū**, f. -samuccaya-tikā, f. N. of wks. — 2. — **sāra**, m. N. of a wk. on architecture (or of a sage, its reputed author), IW. 185. — **sūtra**, n. a measuring-cord, Daś.; a cord or chain worn round the body, L. — **sthalaka**, mfn. (fr. māna-sthāli), g. dhūmāddi. — **sthiti**, f. 'right measure' or 'strong sentiment of honour' (the latter fr. I. māna), Sīhās. — **Mānāṅgula-mahā-tantra**, n. N. of a Tantra. — **Mānādhikā**, mfn. exceeding all measure, too large, VarBrS. — **Mānādhyāya**, m. 'measurement-chapter,' N. of ch. of Sūryas. — **Mānōnmānikā**, f., g. sāka-pārthivādi, Siddh.

— **Mānaka**, n. measure, weight, Hcat. (esp. ifc.); m. n. Arum Indicum (cf. mānaka and māna-kanda); (ikā), f. a partic. weight or measure (= 2 Āñjalis), Siddh. (cf. mānī); a partic. spirituous liquor, L.

2. — **Mānin**, mfn. measuring, applying a measure, measurable, VP.

— **Mānashilā** mānahśila, mf(ī)n. consisting of realgar or red arsenic, MBh.

— **Mānānā** mānana, mānāniya &c. See col. 2.

— **Mānāvā** mānavā, mf(ī)n. (fr. mānu) descended from or belonging to man or Manu, human, RV. &c. &c.; favouring men, RV. ix, 98, 9; m. a human being, man, RV. &c. &c.; patr. fr. mānu (N. of Nābhā-nedishtha, Śāryāta, Cakshus, Nahusha, Bhṛigu, Su-dyumna, Karūsha, and Deva-hūti), Br.; Pur. &c.; N. of a cosmic period, VP.; pl. the children of men, mankind, RV. &c. &c.; the races of men (of which 5 or 7 are reckoned), AV.; Br.; the subjects of a king, Mn.; R.; N. of a school of the black Yajurveda, Hcat.; (ī), f. a daughter of man, a woman, RV. &c. &c.; Jasminum Auriculatum, L.; N. of a Vidyā-devī, L.; of a goddess (executing the commands of the 11th Arhat of the present Avasarpīni), L.; of a river, MBh. (v.l. tāmasī); pl. N. of partic. verses, Gaut.; n. a man's length (as a measure), VarBrS.; a partic. penance, Prāyaśc.; N. of various