

Mutṭa, m.(?), Subh.

मुड़ mud, cl. १. P. *modati*, to crush, grind, Dhātup. ix, 38 (v. l. for *mut*).

मुण् muṇ, cl. ६. P. *muṇati*, to promise, Dhātup. xxviii, 44.

मुण्ट muṇṭ, cl. १. P. *muṇṭati*, to crush, grind, Dhātup. ix, 38 (v. l. for *mut*).

मुण्ठ munṭh, cl. १. Ā. *muṇṭhate*, 'to run away' or 'to protect' (*palāyane*, v. l. *pālāne*), Dhātup. viii, 12.

मुण्ड mund (prob. artificial, to serve as the supposed source of the words below), cl. १. P. to cut (*khanḍane* = *chidi*), Dhātup. ix, 40; to crush, grind, ix, 38 (v. l. for *mut*); cl. १. Ā. 'to cleanse' or 'to sink' or 'to shave' (*mārjane*, v. l. *magne* and *munḍane*), viii, 22: Caus. *muṇḍayati* (or *muṇḍāpaya*, Divyāv.), see *muṇḍaya* below.

Munda, mf(ā)n. shaved, bald, having the head shaved or the hair shorn, Mn.; MBh. &c.; having no horns, hornless (as a cow or goat), Var.; stripped of top leaves or branches, lopped (as a tree), MBh.; pointless, blunt, Kathās.; without awns or a beard (a kind of corn), L.; low, mean, W.; m. a man with a shaven head, bald-headed man, Yājñ. i, 271 (also applied to Śiva), MBh.; the trunk of a lopped tree, W.; a barber, L.; N. of Rāhu, L.; of a Daitya, Hariv.; of a king, Buddh.; pl. N. of a people, MBh.; of a dynasty, VP.; (ā), f. a (close-shaved) female mendicant, L.; a widow, Gal.; a species of plant, L.; Bengal madder, W.; (ī), f. Sphaeranthus Hirtus, Bhpr.; N. of one of the Mātriś attending on Skanda, MBh.; n. (L. also n.) a shaven head, any head, Kāv.; Rājat.; iron, L.; myrrh, L. — **khaṇḍeyōpaniṣad**(?), f. N. of an Upanishad. — **caṇaka**, m. a kind of pulse, L. — **ja**, n. steel, L. — **dhānya**, n. a kind of grain without awns, Suśr. (v. l. *rūḍha-dh*). — **dhārin**, mfn. wearing (a garland of) heads or skulls. — **prishṭha**, m. or n. (?) N. of a place, Cat. — **phala**, m. a cocoa-nut tree (the fruit being one step towards a human head made by Viśvāmitra, when attempting a creation in opposition to that of Brahmā), L. — **mandalī**, f. a number of shaven heads, MW.; a collection of inferior troops, Hit. — **mathanā**, f. N. of Durgā, MārkP. — **mālā-tantra**, n. N. of a Tantra. — **mālinī**, f. a form of Durgā, W. — **loha**, n. iron, L. (cf. *muṇḍāyasa*). — **vedāṅga**, m. N. of a serpent-demon, MBh. — **śayanāsana-vārika**, m. a partic. official in a monastery, Buddh. — **sāli**, m. a species of rice, L. — **śrīnkhalika**, m. N. of a subdivision of the Pāśupatas, L. **Muṇḍākhyā**, f. a species of plant, L. **Muṇḍāyasa**, n. iron, L. (cf. *muṇḍa-loha*). **Muṇḍāsana**, n. a partic. posture in sitting, Cat. **Muṇḍēśvara-tīrtha**, n. N. of a place of pilgrimage, ib.

Mundaka, mfn. shaved, shorn, Divyāv.; m. the lopped trunk or stem of a tree, pollard, L.; a shaver, barber, L.; (ikā), f. a species of plant, L.; n. the head, L.; N. of the chapters into which the Mundakopanishad is divided. **Mundakopanishad**, f. N. of a well-known Upanishad of the Atharva-veda (called also Ātharvanopanishad and said to take its former name from the word *mundā*, because every one who comprehends its sacred doctrine is 'shorn,' i. e. liberated from all error, a similar idea being probably involved in the name of the Kshurikopanishad or 'Razor Upanishad'; cf. IW. 35, 39 &c.); *oṣhat-khaṇḍārtha*, m.; *oṣhat-āloka*, m., *oṣhad-dīpikā*, f., and *oṣhad-bhāshya*, n. N. of Comms. on the MuṇḍUp.

Mundana, n. shaving the head (with or scil. *śirasaḥ*), tonsure, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; protecting, defending (cf. *√muṇṭh*), L.; m. N. of one of Śiva's attendants, Kāśikh. **Mundanēśa**, m. N. of Śiva, ib.

Mundanaka, m. a species of rice, L. (cf. *muṇḍa-sāli*); (ikā), f., see *mahā-mī*.

Muṇḍaya, Nom. P. *°yati*, to shave, shear, Hariv.; Pañcat.

Mundāra, n. N. of a place at which the sun is worshipped, Cat.

Mundita, mfn. shaved, bald, shorn, lopped, Kāv.; Hit.; (ā), f. a window, Gal.; n. iron, L. — **prahasana**, n. N. of a drama. — **muṇḍa**, -*mūrdhan*, -*sīras*, mfn. shaven-headed, bald-pated, Kāv.; Kathās.

Muṇḍitikā, f. Sphaeranthus Hirtus, L.

Mundin, mfn. shaven, bald (also applied to Śiva), MBh.; Hariv.; Kām.; hornless, Bhpr.; m. a barber, L.

Muṇḍibhā, m. N. of a man (the supposed author of VS. xxv, 9), ŠBr.; TBr.

Mundi-kalpa, m. N. of wk.

Mundīra, m. the sun, L.

Mundīrikā and *°rī*, f. a species of plant, L.

Mundīvara-tīrtha, n. (fr. *muṇḍin* + *īśv*) N. of a Tīrtha, Cat. (cf. *muṇḍēśv*).

मुतव mutava, m. or n. (?) a species of grass, Gobh.

मुत्कल mutkala, m. N. of a man, Rājat.

मुत्खलिन् mutkalin, m. N. of a Deva-putra, Lalit.

मुत्य mutya, n. a pearl, L.

मुथशिल muthashila = مُثْصَل (in astrol.) N. of the third Yoga.

Muthasilita and *°silin*, mfn. from the prec.

Muthahā, an astrol. term.

मुद mud, cl. १०. P. *modayati*, to mix, mingle, blend, unite, Dhātup. xxxiii, 66.

मुद २. mud, cl. १. Ā. (Dhātup. ii, 15) *mōdate* (ep. and m. c. also P. *°ti*; pf. *mumbda*, RV.; *mumude*, MBh. &c.; aor. *amodishṭa*, Gr.; Pot. *mudimahi*, RV.; Prec. *modishīshṭhās*, AV.; fut. *moditā*, Gr.; *modishyate*, MBh.; ind. p. -*modam*, MBh.), to be merry or glad or happy, rejoice, delight in (instr. or loc.), RV. &c. &c. : Caus. *modayati*, *°te* (aor. *amūmudat*), to gladden, give pleasure, exhilarate, MBh.; Bhatt.: Desid. of Caus. *mumodayishati*, ŠBr.: Desid. *mumodishate* or *mumudishate*, Pāṇ. i, 2, 26: Intens. *momudyate*, *momuditi*, *momotti*, Gr.

Muda, mfn., see *hasā-mudā*; m. N. of a teacher, L.; (ā), f., see below.

Muda-kara(?), m. pl. N. of a people.

Mudā, f. pleasure, joy, gladness, MBh.; Kāv. &c.

-kara, m. (with *sūri*) N. of an author, Cat.

-°nvita (*°dānv*), mfn. filled with joy, pleased, delighted, R. — **yukta** and **-yuta**, mfn. id., MBh.

-vat, mfn. rejoicing, glad, delighted (see *nāti-mudāvat*), MBh.; (ā), f. N. of a daughter of king Vidūratha, MārkP. — **vasu**, m. N. of a son of Prajāti, ib.

Mudita, mfn. delighted, joyful, glad, rejoicing in (instr. or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; m. a partic. sort of servant, R.; (ā), f. joy, gladness, complacency, Lalit.; sympathy in joy, Divyāv.; n. a kind of sexual embrace, L.; a partic. Siddhi, Sāṃkhyas., Sch.; w. r. for *nudita* and *sūdita*. — **pushpā**, f. N. of a female Gandharva, Kāraṇḍ. — **bhadra**, m. N. of a man, Buddh. — **madālasa**, m. or n. (?) N. of a drama.

Mudira, m. a cloud, Git.; Bhām.; a lover, L.; a frog, L. — **phala**, m. Asteracantha Longifolia, L.

Mudī, f. moonshine, L.

Mudgā, m. (accord. to Uṇ. i, 127 fr. *√mud*) Phaseolus Mungo (both the plant and its beans), VS. &c. &c.; a cover, covering, lid, L.; a kind of seabird, L. (prob. w. r. for *madgu*, q. v.) — **giri**, m. N. of a city, Buddh. — **parṇī**, f. Phaseolus Trilobus, Bhpr. — **bhuj** or **-bhojin**, m. 'bean-eater,' a horse, L. — **modaka**, m. a kind of sweetmeat, Bhpr.

-yūsha, n. bean-soup, L. — **vat**, mfn. having beans &c., Nir. — **Mudgābha**, mfn. bean-coloured, VarBṛS.

Mudgādraka-vāṭa, m. a kind of sweetmeat, Bhpr. — **Mudgāudana**, m. a soup made of beans and rice, SāṅkhGr.

Mudgapa, m. N. of a man, Col.

Mudgara, m. (prob. fr. *mudga*) a hammer, mallet, any hammer-like weapon or implement, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a bud, L.; a kind of jasmine (n. its blossom), L.; a species of fish, L.; N. of a Nāga, MBh.; n. a partic. posture in sitting, Cat. — **gomin**, m. N. of a man, Buddh. — **parṇaka** and **-piṇḍaka**, m. N. of two Nāgas, MBh. — **phala**, m. Averrhoa Carambola, L. — **Mudgarākāra**, mfn. shaped like a hammer, MW.

Mudgaraka, ifc. (f. ikā) = *mudga*, a hammer, Kathās.; m. Averrhoa Carambola, L.

Mūḍgala, m. (prob. fr. *mudga*) N. of a Rishi

with the patr. Bhārmyaśa (the supposed author of RV. x, 102), AV.; Nir.; MBh. &c.; of a disciple of Śakalya, VP.; of a son of Viśvāmitra, MBh.; of various authors and other men (also with *bhaṭṭa*, *sūri* &c.), Cat.; pl. the descendants of Mudgala, TBr.; N. of a people, MBh.; n. a species of grass, L.; = *mudgalōpanishad*. — **deva**, m. N. of an author (who translated the Prākrit passages of the Ratnāvali), Cat. — **-purāṇa**, n., -*smṛiti*, f. N. of wks. — **Mudgalāryā**, f. N. of wk. — **Mudgalōpanishad**, f. N. of an Upanishad.

Mudgalāni, f. the wife of Mudgala, RV. x, 102, 2 (cf. Pāṇ. iv, 1, 49, Vārtt. 5, Pat.)

Mudgashta and *°taka*, m. a species of bean, L.

Mudgashta and *°thaka*, m. id., ib.

Mudrā, mfn. joyous, glad, AV.; (ā), f., see *mudrā* below.

मुद्र mudara, v. l. for *mridura*.

मुदानादत mudānādata, m. N. of a divine being, HParīś.

मुद्ग mudga &c. See col. 2.

मुह mudda, an astrological term.

मुद्रा mudrā, f. (fr. *mudra*, see above) a seal

or any instrument used for sealing or stamping, a seal-ring, signet-ring (cf. *anguli-m*), any ring, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; type for printing or instrument for lithographing, L.; the stamp or impression made by a seal &c.; any stamp or print or mark or impression, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a stamped coin, piece of money, rupee, cash, medal, L.; an image, sign, badge, token (esp. a token or mark of divine attributes impressed upon the body), Kāv.; Pur.; Rājat.; authorization, a pass, passport (as given by a seal), Mudr.; shutting, closing (as of the eyes or lips, gen. or comp.), Kāv.; a lock, stopper, bung, Amar.; Bhpr.; a mystery, Cat.; N. of partic. positions or intertwinnings of the fingers (24 in number, commonly practised in religious worship, and supposed to possess an occult meaning and magical efficacy, Daś.; Sarvad.; Kāraṇḍ.; RTL. 204; 406); a partic. branch of education ('reckoning by the fingers'), Divyāv.; parched or fried grain (as used in the Śākta or Tāntrik ceremonial), RTL. 192; (in rhet.) the natural expression of things by words, calling things by their right names, Kuval.; (in music) a dance accordant with tradition, Saṃgīt. — **kara**, m. a maker of seals, engraver, coiner, MW. — **°kshara** (*°drāksh*), n. type, print (often used in the title-pages of books). — **°kshēpa** (*°drāksh*), m. taking away or removing a seal, MW. — **°nka** (*°drānka*), mfn. stamped, sealed, marked, Rājat.; m. N. of a poet, Cat.

°nkitā (*°drānīk*), mfn. = prec. mfn., Kāv.; Kathās.

dhārana, n. 'wearing a seal-ring'; -*māhātmya*, n., -*stotra*, n. N. of wks. — **prakāśa**, m. N. of two wks. — **bala**, n. a partic. high number, Buddh.

mārga, m. = *brahma-randhra*, Cat. — **yantra**, n. a printing-press; *°trālaya*, m. n. a printing office (often in the title-pages of books). — **rakshaka**, m. a keeper of seals, MW. — **rākshasa**, n. 'Rākshasa (N. of a minister) and the seal-ring,' N. of a celebrated drama by Viśakha-datta; -*kathā-saṃgraha*, m.; -*kathā-sāra*, m., -*pūrva-pīthikā*, f., -*prakāśa*, m. N. of wks. — **°rṇava** (*°drārṇī*), m. (and *°va-lakṣaṇa-tīkā*, f.), -*lakṣaṇa*, n. N. of wks. — **lipi**, f. 'printed writing,' print, lithograph, L. — **vidhi**, m., -*vivarāṇa*, n. N. of wks. — **sthāna**, n. the place (on the finger) for a seal-ring, Śāk.

Mudrana, n. the act of sealing up or closing or printing, Vcar.; Sāh.

Mudrāni-pattra, n. a proof-sheet, Āryav., Introd.

Mudraya, Nom. P. *°yati*, to seal, stamp, print, mark, Hariv.; Kāv.

Mudrikā, f. a little seal, seal, seal-ring, MBh.; stamp, impression, stamped coin, L.; a sealed or signed paper, W.; a partic. surgical instrument, Suśr.; N. of partic. positions or intertwinnings of the fingers (= *mudrā*, q. v.), Pañcar.

Mudrita, mfn. sealed, stamped, impressed, printed, marked, Kāv.; Kām.; contracted, closed, sealed up, Kāv.; Kathās. (*nidrā-m*, sunk in sleep, Daś.); strung, bound, L.; unblown (as a flower), L.; intertwined in partic. forms (as the fingers; cf. *mudrā*), Pañcar.; n. impressing a seal on (loc.), Hit. — **pañ-su**, mfn. making impressions on dust or sand (said of drops of water