

arrangement, disposition, management, accomplishment, performance, preparation, production, fabrication, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a literary production, work, composition, VarBṛS.; Sāh.; style, Sāh.; putting on, wearing (of a garment), Mṛicch.; arrangement (of troops), array, Pañcat.; contrivance, invention, Kathās.; BhP.; a creation of the mind, artificial image, Jaim.; fixing the feathers on an arrow, L.; dressing the hair (cf. *keśa-r°*), L.; stringing flowers or garlands, W. (often ifc. with concrete meaning, e. g. *nivāsa-racanā*, a building, Mṛicch.; *gīti-racanā*, a song, Rājat.; *kūṭa-racanā*, an artifice, trick, Kathās.; accord. to L. also = *pari-spanda* or *pari-syanda*, *prati-yatna*, *granthana*, *gumpka*, *vyūha*, *niveśa*, *sthiti*; also = *pāśa*, *bhāra* &c., abundance, quantity, ifc. after a word meaning 'hair'; cf. Pān. ii, 3, 44, Sch.); (*ā*), f. N. of the wife of Tvashṭri, BhP.

Racayitri, m. an author, composer, Cat.

Racita, mfn. produced, fashioned, constructed, performed, arranged, prepared, made of (instr. or comp.), Kāv.; Var.; BhP.; made or chosen for (nom.), Bhaṭṭ.; placed, inserted, inlaid, fixed on or in (loc.), Kāv.; Kathās.; BhP.; set out, displayed in (loc. or comp.), Kālid.; directed towards (loc.), BhP.; furnished, provided, set or studded with (instr. or comp.), Hariv.; Kālid.; Suśr.; (ifc.) occupied with, engaged in, Bālar.; (with *mṛishā*) invented, Kathās.; m. N. of a man, g. *biddādi*. — **tvā**, n. the being composed or written, Sarvad. — **dhī**, mfn. one whose mind is directed to (loc.), intent upon, BhP. — **pañkti**, mfn. forming a line, MW. — **pūrva**, mfn. what has been prepared or performed before, Śak. (v. l.) — **mañgala**, mfn. one who has performed an auspicious ceremony, Kathās. — **śikhara**, mfn. having the summit adorned, Megh. — **svāgata**, mfn. one who has offered a welcome, Kathās. **Racitātithya**, mfn. one who has shown hospitality, ib. **Racitānati**, mfn. one who has made his obeisance, ib.

Racitārtha, mfn. one who has obtained his object, ib. **Racitōtsava**, mfn. one who has celebrated a festival, ib.

राज *raj*. See *√rañj*.

Raja, **rajani** &c. See p. 863, col. 1.

राजि 1. *rajī*, m. N. of a demon or king subdued by Indra, RV. vi, 26, 6 (Sāy. 'a maiden or a kingdom called Raji'); of an Āngirasa, ĀrshBr.; of a son of Āyu, MBh.; *ubhā rajī* (RV. x, 105, 2), 'heaven and earth' or 'the sun and moon,' Sāy.

राजि 2. *rajī*, f. (cf. *riju*) direction, RV. x, 110, 12.

Rājishtha, mfn. (superl. of *riju*; cf. *rijiṣṭha* and Pān. vi, 4, 162) straightest, RV.; most honest or upright, ib.

Rajiyas, mfn. (compar. of *riju*) = *rijiyas*, Pān. vi, 4, 162.

राजीकु *rajī-kṛi*, **rajo-gātra** &c. See p. 863, col. 2.

राज्जु *rajju*, f. (ifc. sometimes m.; in earlier language also *rajju*, f.; Ved. acc. *rajjavam*; gen. *rajjavās*, Mn. xi, 168; probably fr. an unused *√rasj* or *rajji*; cf. *rasanā* = *rasanā*) a rope, cord, string, line, RV. &c. &c. (*rajjum ā-√sthā*, to have recourse to the rope, to hang one's self, MBh.); N. of partic. sinews or tendons proceeding from the vertebral column, Suśr.; a lock of braided hair, braid (= *venī*), L.; N. of a partic. constellation, VarBṛS.; Caryota Urens, L.; a measure of 8 Hastas or 192 inches, L. [Cf. Lith. *rezgū*, 'I plait.'] — **kañṭha**, m. N. of a preceptor, g. *saunakādi*. — **kriyā**, f. rope-work, rope-maker's work, ĀpGr., Sch. — **dāla** (*rajju-*), m. Cordia Myxa Latifolia, ŚBr.; = next, Vishṇ.; Mn. — **dālaka**, m. a kind of wild-fowl, Yājñ. — **dhāna**, n. the part of the neck of a domestic animal around which a rope is fastened, Kauś. — **piṭhikā**, f. a stool or bench suspended by ropes, Kathās. — **pedā**, f. a rope-basket, ib. — **bandha**, m. binding with ropes, tying with cords (*°dhena √bandh*, to bind with ropes), ib. — **bhāra**, m. N. of a teacher, g. *saunakādi*. — **maya**, mf(ī)n. consisting of ropes, ĀpGr. — **mātra-tva**, n. the condition of being merely a rope, MW. — **yantra**, n. a contrivance with cords, any mechanism worked with strings (asa doll), Kathās. — **lamba**, m. a hanging r°, ib. — **vartana**, n. the twisting of r°, Jātakam. — **vāla**, v. l. for *-dāla*, Mn. v, 12. — **śārada**, mfn. newly drawn up by a r° (as water), Pān. vi, 2, 9, Sch. — **samdānā**, n. rope and

foot-fetter, ŚBr. — **sarjā**, m. a rope-maker, VS. **Raj-jūta**, mf(ā)n. twisted or plaited out of r°, KātyŚr. **Rajjūddhṛita**, mfn. drawn up by means of a rope, Uṇ. i, 16, Sch. **Rajjv-avalambin**, mfn. hanging by a string, MW.

Rajjavyā, n. material for a rope, ŚBr.

Rajjuka (ifc.) = *rajju*, Kathās.

Rajjū-√kṛi, P. -*karoti*, to use as a rope, A.

राञ्च *rañch*. See *ni-rañchana*.

राञ्ज *rañj* or *raj*, cl. I. 4. P. Ā. (Dhātup. xxiii, 30; xxvi, 58) *rajati*, °*te* (only Gr.; -*rañjati*, R. vii, 99, 11) or *rajyati*, °*te* (Gr. also pf. P. *rarañja*, 3rd du. *rarañjatuh* or *rarañjatuh*; Ā. *rarañje*; aor. *arāñkshīt*, *arankta*; Prec. *rajyāt*, *rañkshīṣṭa*; fut. *rañktā*; *rañkshyati*, °*te*; inf. *rañktum*; ind. p. *raktvā* or *rañktvā*), to be dyed or coloured, to redden, grow red, glow, AV.; Kāv.; to be affected or moved, be excited or glad, be charmed or delighted by (instr.), be attracted by or enamoured of, fall in love with (loc.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; (*rajati*, °*te*), to go, Naigh. ii, 14: Caus. *rajayati* (only AV.) and *rañjayati*, °*te* (aor. *arāñjat* or *ararañjat*; Pass. *rajyate*; aor. *arāñji* or *arāñjī*), to dye, colour, paint, redden, illuminate, AV. &c. &c.; to rejoice, charm, gratify, conciliate, MaitrUp.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; to worship, Naigh. iii, 14 (*rajayati mṛigān* = *ramayati mṛigān*, Pān. vi, 4, 24, Vārtt. 3, Pat.): Desid. *rirāñkshati*, °*te*, Gr.: Intens. *rārajīti* (Gr. also *rārajyate* and *rā-rañkti*), to be greatly excited, exult, RV. ix, 5, 2 (others 'to shine bright'). [Cf. Gk. *πέζω*, 'to dye,' *πέयेύς*, 'dyer.']

Rakta, mf(ā)n. coloured, dyed, painted, Br.; GrŚrS.; Mn. &c. (cf. Pān. iv, 2, 1); reddened, red, crimson, ŚāñkhGr.; MBh.; Kāv. &c. (said of 5 or 7 parts of the body which ought to be red, MBh. iv, 253; VarBṛS. lxviii, 84); 'coloured or modified by nasalization,' nasalized (said of a vowel), RPrāt. (cf. *rañga*); excited, affected with passion or love, impassioned, enamoured, charmed with (instr.), attached or devoted to, fond of (loc., gen. or comp.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; beloved, dear, lovely, pleasant, sweet, Kāv.; fond of play, engaging in pastime, sporting, L.; m. red colour, L.; safflower, L.; Barringtonia Acutangula, L.; N. of Śiva, MBh.; of the planet Mars, VarBṛS., Sch.; (*ā*), f. lac (= *lakshā*), Suśr.; Abrus Precatorius (or its seeds as a measure or weight, = *raktikā*), Car.; Rubia Munjista, L.; Echinops Echinatus, L.; N. of one of the 7 tongues of fire, L.; (in music) N. of a Śruti, Saṃgit.; n. blood, Mn.; Hariv. &c.; a partic. disease of the eyes, Hcat.; the menstrual fluid, L.; copper, L.; vermilion, L.; cinnabar, L.; saffron, L.; the fruit of Flacourtia Cataphracta, L.; = *padmaka*, L. — **kañgu**, m. Panicum Italicum, L. — **kañṭha**, m. a species of Celastrus, L. — **kañṭha**, mf(ī)n. sweet-voiced (said of a bird), BhP.; m. = *kokila*, the Indian cuckoo, ib., Sch. — **kañṭhin**, mfn. = *kañṭha*, MBh.; R. — **kadamba**, m. a red-flowering Kadamba, Vikr. — **kadalī**, f. a species of Musa or plantain, L. — **kanda**, m. coral, L.; Dioscorea Purpurea, L.; a kind of bulbous plant (= *rāja-palāṇḍu*), L. — **kandala**, m. coral, L. — **kamala**, n. a red lotus flower, L.; °*linī*, f. a group of red lotus f°, Vās. — **kambala**, n. = *kamala*, L. — **karavīra** or °*raka*, m. Nerium Odorum Rubro-simplex, L. — **kallola**, m. N. of a man, Hasy. — **kāñcana**, m. Baubinia Variegata, L. — **kāñḍā**, f. a red-flowering Punarnavā, L. — **kāla**, n. a species of earth, L. — **kāshṭha**, n. Caesalpinia Sappan, L. — **kunḍala** or **kumuda**, n. the flower of Nymphaea Rubra, red lotus, L. — **kṛimijā**, f. red lac, L. — **kṛishṇa**, mfn. dark red, ŚāñkhGr. — **kesara**, m. Rottleria Tinctoria, L.; the coral-tree, L. — **kairava** or **kokanada**, n. = *kumuda*, L. — **kośātakī**, f. a species of plant (= *mahā-jalī*), L. — **khadira**, m. a red-flowering Khadira, L. — **khādava**, m. a species of foreign date, L. — **gandhaka**, n. myrrh, L. — **garbha**, f. Lawsonia Alba, L. — **gulma**, m. a particular form of the disease called *gulma*, GāruḍaP.; °*minī*, f. a female suffering from it, Suśr. — **gairika**, n. a kind of ochre, L. — **gaura**, mfn. reddish yellow or white, DhyānabUp. — **granthi**, m. a kind of Mimosia, L.; a partic. form of urinary disease, Car. — **graha**, m. a kind of demon, L. — **grīva**, m. 'red-necked,' a kind of pigeon, L.; a Rākshasa, L. — **ghna**, m. 'blood-corrupting,' Andersonia Rohitaka, L.; (ī), f. a kind of Dūrvā grass, L. — **canḍana**, n. red sandal, Bhpr.; Caesalpinia Sappan, ib.;

saffron, L. — **citraka**, m. Plumbago Rosea, L. — **cillikā**, f. a kind of Chenopodium, L. — **cūrṇa**, n. vermilion, L. — **cūrṇaka**, m. the red powder on the capsules of Rottleria Tinctoria, L. — **cchada**, mfn. red-leaved (-*tva*, n.), Subh. — **cchardi**, f. vomiting or spitting blood, ŚārṅgS. — **ja**, mfn. produced from bl°, Suśr. — **jantuka**, m. a kind of worm, an earth-worm, L. — **jihva**, mfn. red-tongued; m. a lion, L. — **tara**, mfn. more red or attached &c. (see *rakta*); n. = *rakta-gairika*, L. — **tā**, f. redness, MBh.; the nature of blood, ŚārṅgS.; the being affected by passion, MW. — **tunḍa**, m. 'red-beaked,' a parrot, L. — **tunḍaka**, m. a kind of worm, L. — **trīṇā**, f. a species of grass, L. — **tejas**, n. flesh, L. — **trivṛit**, f. a red-flowering Ipomoea, L. — **tva**, n. redness, Bhartṛ.; = *-tā*, f., W. — **dat** or **ḍant**, mfn. having red or discoloured teeth, Āpast. — **ḍantikā** (MarkP.) or **ḍantī** (L.), f. 'red-toothed,' N. of Durgā. — **dalā**, f. a species of small shrub, L.; = *nalikā*, L. — **dūshana**, mfn. corrupting or vitiating the blood, Suśr. — **dris** or **drishti**, m. 'red-eyed,' a pigeon, L. — **druma**, m. a red-flowering Terminalia, L. — **dhātu**, m. red chalk or opiment, earth, ruddle, L.; copper, L. — **nayana**, mfn. red-eyed; m. Perdix Rufa, L. — **nādī**, f. a fistulous ulcer on the gum caused by a bad state of blood, ŚārṅgS. — **nāla**, m. or n. a kind of lotus, L.; = *jivanti*, L. — **nāsika**, m. 'red-beaked,' an owl, L. — **niryāsaka**, m. = *druma*, L. — **nīla**, mfn. blue-red, L. — **netra**, mfn. red-eyed, Pañcat.; Suśr.; -*tā*, f. (Suśr.), -*tva*, n. (ŚārṅgS.) the state of having red or blood-shot eyes. — **pa**, mfn. blood-drinking, blood-sucking, L.; m. a Rākshasa, L.; f. a leech, L.; a Dākinī or female fiend, L. — **paksha**, m. 'red-winged,' N. of Garuda, L. — **paṭa**, m. 'wearing red garments,' a kind of mendicant (= *sāṃkhya-bhikshu*), Var.; -*maya*, mf(ī)n. made of red cloth, Vās. (v. l.); -*vrata-vāhinī*, f. a Buddhist nun, Kād.; °*ī-krīta*, mfn. changed into a Rakta-paṭa mendicant, Bhartṛ. (v. l.) — **patana**, n. a flow of blood, VarBṛS. — **patra**, m. a kind of bulbous plant, L.; (*ā*), f. Boerhavia Erecta Rosea, L.; °*trāṅga*, n. a kind of red sandal, L.; °*trikā*, f. = *parṇa*, L.; = *nākulī*, L. — **padī**, f. a species of plant, L. — **padma**, n. a red lotus flower, VarBṛS. — **parṇa**, m. or n. (?) a red-flowering Punarnavā, L. — **pallava**, m. Jonesia Asoka, L. — **pākī**, f. the egg-plant, L. — **pāta**, m. bloodshed, spilling of blood, L.; (*ā*), f. a leech, L. — **pāda**, mfn. red-footed; m. a bird with red feet, Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; a parrot, L.; an elephant, L.; a war-chariot, L.; (ī), f. Mimosa Pudica, L. — **pāyin**, mfn. blood-drinking; m. a bug, L.; (*inī*), f. a blood-sucker, leech, L. — **pārada**, m. n. cinnabar, L. — **pitikā**, f. a red boil or ulcer, ŚārṅgS. — **piñḍa**, m. Hibiscus Rosa Sinensis, L.; n. its flower, L. (W. also 'discharge of blood from the nose and mouth'; a red pimple; the plant Ventilago Madraspatana). — **piñḍaka** or **piñḍalu**, m. = *raktālu*. — **pitta**, n. 'bile-blood,' a partic. disturbance of the blood caused by bile, plethora, spontaneous hemorrhage from the mouth or nose, Suśr. &c.; -*kara*, mfn. causing the above disease, ib.; -*kāsa*, m. the cough connected with it, Car.; -*hā*, f. 'removing it,' a kind of Dūrvā grass, ib.; °*ttika* or °*ttin*, mfn. subject to or suffering from it, Car. — **pītāsita-śyeta**, mf(ī)n. red-yellow-blackish white; m. r°-y°-bl° whiteness, L. — **pucchaka**, mf(īkā)n. red-tailed; (*ikā*), f. a kind of lizard, L. — **punarnavā**, f. a red-flowering Punarnavā, L. — **pushpa**, n. a red flower, Vet.; mfn. red-flowered, bearing red flowers, VarBṛS.; m. (only L.) Bauhinia Variegata Purpurea; Nerium Odorum; the pomegranate tree; Rottleria Tinctoria; Pentapetes Phoenicea; Andersonia Rohitaka; = *baka*; (*ā*), f. Bombax Heptaphyllus, L.; (ī), f. (only L.) Grisea Tomentosa; Bignonia Suaveolens; Hibiscus Rosa Sinensis; the senna plant; Artemisia Vulgaris or Alpinia Nutans; Echinops Echinatus; = *karunī*. — **pushpaka**, m. (only L.) Butea Frondosa; Salmalia Malabarica; Andersonia Rohitaka; Oldenlandia Herbacea; (*ikā*), f. (only L.) Mimosa Pudica; a red-flowering Punarnavā; Bignonia Suaveolens; = *bhū-pātālī*. — **pūya**, n. N. of a hell, Cat. — **pūraka**, n. the dried peel or integument of the Mangosteen, L. — **pūrṇa**, mfn. field of blood (-*tva*, n.), MW. — **paitta** or **paittika**, mfn. relating to *rakta-pitta* (q. v.), Suśr. — **pradara**, m. a flow of blood from the womb, ŚārṅgS. — **prameha**, m. a disease of the bladder, the passing of blood in the urine, MW. — **pravāha**, m. a stream of blood, Ragh. — **prasava**, m. Nerium Odorum