

m. or n. N. of wk. — **sundara**, m. a kind of coitus, L. — **sena**, m. N. of a king of the Colas, Rājat.; of a poet, Cat. **Ratīsa**, m. = *rati-pati*, Naish. **Raty-ānga**, n. pudendum muliebre, L.

Ratikā, f. (in music) a kind of Śruti, Saṃgīt.

Ratī, f., m. c. for *rati*, the goddess of love, MBh.; Hariv.

Rantavya, mfn. to be rejoiced at or enjoyed, to be toyed with or carnally known, Mṛicch.; n. pleasure, enjoyment, play, MW.

2. **Rānti**, f. (for 1. see p. 866, col. 3) loving to stay, abiding gladly with (loc.), AV.; VS.; pleasure, delight (used as a term of endearment for a cow), TS.; VS.; PañcavBr.; m. N. of a lexicographer (= *ranti-deva*), Śiś., Sch. — **deva**, m. N. of Vishṇu, L.; of a king of the lunar race (son of Saṃkṛiti; he spent his riches in performing grand sacrifices, and the blood which issued from the bodies of the slaughtered victims was changed into a river called *carman-vatī*; Sch. on Megh. 46), MBh.; Kāv.; Pur.; of another king, Hcar.; of a teacher of Yoga and various authors, esp. of a lexicographer (= *ranti*), Cat.; a dog, W. — **nāra** or **bhāra**, m. N. of a king, BhP.

Rantu, f. a way, road, L.; a river, L.

Rantu-manas, mfn. inclined to take pleasure, wishing to enjoy sexual intercourse, MW.

Rāntri, mfn. gladly abiding with, delighting in (loc.), RV.

Rantos. See *ram* and *a-rantos*.

Rama, mfn. pleasing, delighting, rejoicing (only ifc.; cf. *mano-r*); dear, beloved, W.; m. (only L.) joy; a lover, husband, spouse; Kāma-deva, the god of love; the red-flowering *Aśoka*; (*ā*), f., see s. v.

Ramaka, mfn. sporting, dallying, toying amorously; m. a lover, suitor, MW. — **tva**, n. love, affection, ib.

Ramaṇa, mf(ā)n. pleasing, charming, delightful, BhP.; m. a lover, husband (cf. *kshapā-r*), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; Kāma-deva, the god of love, L.; an ass, L.; a testicle, L.; a tree similar to the *Melia Bukayun*, L.; = *tinduka*, L.; N. of Aruṇa or the charioteer of the Sun, L.; of a mythical son of Manoharā, MBh.; Hariv.; of a man, Pravar.; pl. N. of a people (cf. *ramatha*), MBh.; (*ā*), f. a charming woman, wife, mistress, L.; a kind of metre, Col.; N. of Dakṣhāyāni in Rāma-tīrtha, Cat.; (*ī*), f., see s. v.; n. pleasure, joy, Subh.; dalliance, amorous sport, sexual union, copulation, Nir.; Śukas.; decoying (of deer), Śiś. vi, 9 (cf. Pat. on Pāṇ. vi, 4, 24, Vārtt. 3); (ifc.) gladdening, delighting, BhP.; the hinder parts, pudenda (= *jaghana*), L.; the root of *Trichosanthes Dioeca*, L.; N. of a forest, Hariv.; of a town, Divyāv. — **pati**, m. N. of a poet, Cat. — **vasati**, f. the dwelling-place of a lover, Megh. **Ramaṇāsakta**, mfn. addicted to pleasure, Subh.

Ramaṇaka, m. N. of a son of Yajña-bāhu, BhP.; of a son of Viti-hotra, ib.; of a Dvīpa, ib.; n. N. of a Varsha (ruled by Ramaṇaka), MBh.; BhP.; of a town, Divyāv.

Ramaṇī, f. a beautiful young woman, mistress, wife, Kāv.; Kathās.; BhP.; Aloe Indica, L.; a kind of metre, Col.; N. of a serpent-maid, Rājat. — **sakta**, mfn. devoted to a mistress or wife, Subh.

1. **Ramaṇīya**, mf(ā)n. to be enjoyed, pleasant, agreeable, delightful, charming, Up.; MBh. &c.; (*ā*), f. N. of a singer, Mālav.; of a town, HParīś. — **carana**, mfn. of pleasant conduct or behaviour, ChUp. — **janman**, mfn. of auspicious birth, born under an auspicious star, Mālatim. — **dāmara**, mfn. charming and amazing (*-tva*, n.), ib. — **tama**, mfn. most charming, MW. — **tara**, mfn. more charming or lovely (*-tva*, n.), Jātakam. — **tā**, f. loveliness, beauty, charm, Kāv.; Sāh. — **tāraka**, (prob.) m. N. of a Mantra. — **tva**, n. = *-tā*, R.; Śak. — **rāghava**, (prob.) n. N. of a poem.

2. **Ramaṇīya**, Nom. (fr. *ramaṇī*) *ā*. *°yate*, to represent a wife, be the mistress of (gen.), Sāh.

Ramaṇīyaka, m. or n. (?) N. of an island, Suparṇ.; w. r. for *rāmaṇīyaka*, q. v.

Ramaṇya, mfn. = 1. *ramaṇīya* (in *su-ramaṇya*, q. v.)

Ramāti, f. a place of pleasant resort, AV.; TBr.; (*rām*), mfn. liking to remain in one place, not straying (said of a cow), AV.; TS.; m. (only L.) a lover; paradise, heaven; a crow; time; Kāma-deva, the god of love.

Ramayantikā, f. N. of a dancing girl, Daś.

Ramā, f. of *rama*, q. v.; a wife, mistress, W.; N. of Lakṣmī, the goddess of fortune, Bhartṛ.; BhP.; good luck, fortune, splendour, opulence, Cāṇ.; splen-

dour, pomp, Bhām.; N. of the 11th day in the dark half of the month Kārttika, Cat.; of the syllable *śrīm* (also *rama*), Sarvad.; of a daughter of Śaśi-dhvaja and wife of Kalki, KalkiP. — **kānta** (Pañcat.) or **-dhava** (L.), m. 'lover or husband of Ramā,' N. of Vishṇu. — **dhīpa** (*°mādhi*), m. 'lord of R^o,' id., Cat. — **nātha**, m. id., MBh.; N. of various authors (also with *vaidyā* and *rāyī*), Cat. — **pati**, m. = *ramādhipa*, Kathās.; BhP.; N. of various authors (also with *misra*), Cat. — **priya**, n. 'dear to R^o,' a lotus, L. — **veshṭa**, m. turpentine, L. — **samkara**, m. N. of an author, Cat. — **śraya** (*°mās*), m. 'refuge of R^o,' N. of Vishṇu, BhP. **Ramēsa** (Kāv.) or **Ramēsvara** (Pur.), m. = *ramādhipa*.

Ramita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) gladdened, delighted, rendered happy, Git.; n. (prob.) pleasure, delight (see next). — **m-gama**, m. a proper N., Pāṇ. iii, 2, 47, Sch.

Ramyā, mf(ā)n. to be enjoyed, enjoyable, pleasing, delightful, beautiful, ŚBr. &c. &c.; = *bala-kara*, L.; m. *Michelia Champaka*, L.; another kind of plant (= *baka*), L.; N. of a son of Āgnīdhra, VP.; m. or n. (?) a pleasant abode, Vishṇu.; (*ā*), f. night, Hariv.; *Hibiscus Mutabilis*, L.; = *mahendra-vārunī*, L.; (in music) a kind of Śruti, Saṃgīt.; N. of a daughter of Meru (wife of Ramya), BhP.; of a river, W.; n. the root of *Trichosanthes Dioeca*, L.; semen virile, L. — **grāma**, m. N. of a village, MBh. — **tā**, f. (Pratāp.), **-tva**, n. (R.) pleasantness, loveliness, beauty. — **dārūna**, mfn. beautiful and terrible, MBh. — **deva**, m. N. of a man the father of Loṣhṭa-deva, Śrīkaph. — **patha**, mfn. furnished with pleasant roads, Laghuk. — **pushpa**, m. *Bombyx Heptaphyl-lum*, L. — **phala**, m. *Strychnos Nux Vomica*, L. — **rūpa**, mfn. having a lovely form, beautiful, Bhām. — **śrī**, m. N. of Vishṇu, Pañcar. — **sānu**, mfn. having pleasant peaks or summits (said of a mountain), MW. **Ramyākshi**, m. N. of a man, Pravar. **Ramyāntara**, mfn. pleasant at intervals, pleasantly diversified (said of a journey), Śak.

Ramyaka, m. *Melia Sempervirens*, Bhpr.; N. of a son of Āgnīdhra, BhP.; n. (in Sāmkhya) one of the 8 perfections or Siddhis, Tattvas.; Sāmkhyak., Sch. (also *ā*, f., scil. *siddhi*); the root of *Trichosanthes Dioeca*, Suśr.; n. N. of a Varsha called after Ramyaka, Pur.

Ramra, m. N. of Aruṇa (the charioteer of the Sun), L. (cf. *ramaṇa*); beauty, splendour (= *sobhā*), L.

रमठ ramatha, m. pl. N. of a people in the west of India (also read *ramata*, *rāmatha*), MBh.; VarBṛS.; n. = *rāmatha*, *Asa Foetida*, L. — **dhvani**, m. *Asa Foetida*, L.

रमल ramala, m. or n. (cf. Arabic *رمل*, *ramāl*) a mode of fortune-telling by means of dice (a branch of divination borrowed from the Arabs), Cat.; N. of various wks. — **grantha**, m., **-cintāmaṇi**, m., **-tattva-sāra**, m., **-tantra**, n., **-navaratna**, n., **-paddhati**, f., **-praśna**, m., **-praśna-tantra**, n., **-bhūshana**, n., **-yantrikā**, f., **-rahasya**, n., **-rahasya-sāra-saṃgraha**, m., **-sāstra**, n., **-sāra**, m., **-siktā** (?), f. N. of wks. **Ramalābhīdheya**, *°lāmṛita*, *°lendu-prakāśa*, m., *°lōtkarsha*, m. N. of wks.

रम्फ ramph (cf. *√riph* and *raph*), cl. 1. P. *ramphati*, to go, Dhātup. xi, 20 (accord. to Vop. also 'to kill').

रम्ब 1. ramb (cf. *√lamb*), cl. 1. *ā*. *rāmbate*, to hang down, RV. [Cf. Lith. *rambūs*, *rambōkas*.]

रम्ब 2. ramb (cf. *√2.rambh*), cl. 1. *ā*. *rambate*, to sound, Dhātup. x, 14; cl. 1. P. *rambati*, to go, xv, 87 (cf. *√raṇv*).

रम्भ 1. rambh. See *√rabh*.

1. **Rambha**, **rambhin**, &c. See p. 867, col. 2.

रम्भ 2. rambh (cf. *√2.ramb*), cl. 1. *ā*. *rambhate*, to sound, roar, Dhātup. x, 24 (only p. *rambhamaṇa*, BhP.)

2. **Rambha**, mfn. sounding, roaring, lowing &c. (see *go-r*); (*ā*), f. a sounding, roaring, lowing &c., L. **Rambhana** or *°bhita*, n. a lowing, L.

रम्य ramya, **ramra**. See above.

रय ray (cf. *√lay*), cl. 1. *ā*. *rayate*, to go, Dhātup. xiv, 10.

रय raya, m. (*√ri*) the stream of a river,

current, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; quick motion, speed, swiftness (*ena* and *āt*, ind. quickly, immediately, straightway), Kāv.; Pur.; course (cf. *saṃvatsara-r*); impetuosity, vehemence, ardour, zeal, Śiś.; BhP.; N. of a son of Purū-ravas, BhP.; of another king, Cat. — **praśna-sūtra-siddhānta**, m. N. of wk. — **maṇi**, m. N. of two Sāmans, ĀrshBr. — **vat**, mfn. of rapid course, swift, MW.

Rayana-sāra, m. N. of wk.

Rayishṭha, mfn. very swift or fleet or vehement, W.; m. N. of Agni or Kubera or Brahman, ib.; n. N. of various Sāmans, ĀrshBr.

रयक rayaka, v. l. for *ravaka*, q. v.

रयस् rayas. See *amūrta-rayas*.

रयि rayī, m. or (rarely) f. (fr. *√rā*; the following forms occur in the Veda, *rayis*, *°yīm*, *°yibhis*, *°yīnām*; *rayyā*, *°yyat*, *°yyām*; cf. 2. *rati*), property, goods, possessions, treasure, wealth (often personified), RV.; AV.; VS.; Br.; ŚrS.; ChUp.; stuff, materials, PraśnUp.; v. l. for *raji*, q. v. (?) mfn. rich, RV. viii, 31, 11; ix, 101, 7. — **dā** or **-dā**, mfn. bestowing wealth, RV. — **dhāraṇa-piṇḍa**, m. a lump of earth, Kauś. — **pāti**, m. lord of w^o, ib. — **māt**, mfn. = *-vat* (q. v.), ib.; VS.; ŚBr.; ChUp.; containing the word *rayī*, ŚBr. — **vāt**, mfn. possessing wealth, rich, RV. (cf. *revat*). — **vid**, mfn. obtaining or possessing w^o, RV. — **vṛidh**, mfn. enjoying w^o, ib. — **shác** (*-shác*), mfn. possessing w^o, ib. — **sháh** (*-sháh*), mfn. ruling over w^o, ib. — **shthā** or **-shthāna** (AV.), **-sthāna** (RV.), possessed of wealth, wealthy; m. a rich man.

Rayikva, v. l. for *raikva*, q. v.

Rayin-tama, mfn. (superl. of an unused form *rayin*; cf. Pāṇ. viii, 2, 17) possessing much property, very wealthy, RV.

Rayiyát, mfn. (p. from a Nom. *rayiyati*) wishing for wealth or riches, RV.

Rayishin, mfn. desiring treasures, SV. (prob. w. r.)

रयावट् rayāvātṭa, m. N. of a man, Rājat. (cf. *rathāvātṭa* under 1. *ratha*).

रराट rarāṭa, n. = *lalāṭa*, the forehead, brow, VS.; TBr.; Kāth.; PārGr.; (*ī*), f. id., BhP.; twisted grass used for the Havi-dhāna, Br.; ŚrS.

Rarāṭya, mf(ā)n. belonging or relating to the forehead, PārGr.; (*ā*), f. twisted grass &c. (= *rarāṭī*, q. v.), ŚāṅkhBr.; ŚrS.; the horizon, ŚāṅkhBr.

रराण rarāṇa, mfn. (*√rā*) distributing, bestowing, bountiful, liberal, RV.

Rārāvan, mfn., id., ib. (others 'w. r. for *ārāvan*').

रर्फ raph (cf. *√raph*), cl. 1. P. *raphati*, to go, Dhātup. xi, 18 (v. l.)

रलमानाथ ralamā-nātha, m. N. of a poet, Cat.

रलरोल ralarola, (prob.) m. howling, wailing, lamenting, HParīś.

रला rala, f. a species of bird, VarBṛS.

रलक rallaka, m. a species of stag or deer with a shaggy or hairy body, Kād.; a woollen cloth, coverlet, blanket, ŚārngS.; the eyelashes, L.

रव rāva, m. (*√1.ru*) a roar, yell, cry, howl (of animals, wild beasts &c.), RV. &c. &c.; song, singing (of birds), MBh.; R. &c.; hum, humming (of bees), Ragh.; Kathās.; clamour, outcry, Kathās.; thunder, RV.; MBh.; talk, MW.; any noise or sound (e. g. the whizz of a bow, the ringing of a bell &c.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; (*ā*), f., see s. v.

Ravana, mfn. roaring, yelling, crying, howling, singing &c., Bhartṛ.; sonorous (= *śabdāna*), L.; sharp, hot (= *tikṣhna*), L.; unsteady, fickle (= *cañcala*), L.; m. a sound, L.; a camel, L.; the Koil or Indian cuckoo, L.; a wagtail (= *bhaṇḍaka*), L.; a bee, L.; a big cucumber, L.; N. of a man, g. *śivādī*; of a serpent-king, L.; n. brass, bell-metal, L.

Ravat, **ravamāna**, **ravāṇa**. See under *√1.ru*.

Ravata, m. = *rava*, roaring, yelling &c., ĀpŚr. **Ravātha**, m. id., RV.; ŚBr.; Lāṭy.; the Indian cuckoo, L.

Ravas. See *purū-* and *bṛihad-r*.

Ravasa. See *purū-r*.

Ravitṛi, mfn. one who cries or calls out, crier, screamer, AitBr.

रवक ravaka, m. N. of a Dharāṇa or partic.