

राक्षो rākshoghna, mf(i)n. (fr. rāksho-ghna) relating to the slayer of a Rakshas, TS.; AitBr. &c.; n. N. of various Sāmans, ĀrshBr.

Rākshosura, mf(i)n. (fr. rāksho'sura) relating to or treating of the Rakshas and Asuras, g. devā-surādī; containing the words rāksho'sura, g. vimuktādi.

राख rākh (cf. √lākh), cl. I. P. rākhati, 'to be dry' or 'to suffice' (śośhaṅlam-arthayoh), Dhātup. v, 8.

राखडी rākhaḍī (?), f. a partic. kind of ornament, Pañcat.

राग rāga, m. (fr. √rañj; ifc. ā or ī) the act of colouring or dyeing (cf. mūrhdhaja-r°); colour, hue, tint, dye, (esp.) red colour, redness, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; inflammation, Car.; any feeling or passion, (esp.) love, affection or sympathy for, vehement desire of, interest or joy or delight in (loc. or comp.), Up.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; loveliness, beauty (esp. of voice or song), Śak.; Pañcat.; a musical note, harmony, melody (in the later system a partic. musical mode or order of sound or formula; Bharata enumerates 6, viz. Bhairava, Kausika, Hindola, Dīpa-ka, Śrī-rāga, and Megha, each mode exciting some affection; other writers give other names; sometimes 7 or 26 Rāgas are mentioned; they are personified, and each of the 6 chief Rāgas is wedded to 5 or 6 consorts called Rāginīs; their union gives rise to many other musical modes), Bhar.; Saṃgīt.; Rājat.; Pañcat. &c.; nasalization, RPrāt.; a partic. process in the preparation of quicksilver, Sarvad.; seasoning, condiment, Car.; a prince, king, L.; the sun, L.; the moon, L.; (ā), f. Eleusine Coracana (a sort of grain, commonly called Rāgy, and much cultivated in the south of India), L.; N. of the second daughter of Aṅgiras, MBh.; (ī), f. Eleusine Coracana, L. — **kāshṭha**, n. the wood of Caesalpinia Sappan, L. — **khāḍava**, w.r. for next or -shāḍava, q.v. — **khāḍava**, m. or n. a kind of sweetmeat, MBh.; R.; °vika, m. a maker of it, MBh. — **graha-vat**, mfn. containing passions compared to crocodiles, Bhartṛ. — **candrōdaya**, m. N. of wk. — **cūrṇa**, m. Acacia Catechu (a tree yielding an astringent resin, the wood of which is used in dyeing), L.; a red powder (which Hindūs throw over each other at the Holī festival), L.; lac, L.; Kāma-deva, god of love, L. — **ochanna**, m. 'love-covered,' N. of the god of l°, L.; of Rāma, L. — **tattva-vibodha**, m. N. of wk. — **da**, mfn. colour-giving, colouring, passion-inspiring, W.; m. a kind of shrub, L.; (ā), f. crystal, L. — **dālī**, m. a kind of lentil, L. — **drāś**, m. a ruby, L. — **dravya**, n. 'colour-substance,' paint, dye, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 1, Sch. — **dvesha**, m. du. love and hatred, Mn. xii, 26; -**prakaraṇa**, n. N. of wk.; -**moha-parimokshana**, m. a partic. Samādhi, Kāraṇḍ. — **dhyānādi-kathanādhyāya**, m. N. of wk. — **paṭṭa**, prob. w.r. for rāja-p°, q.v. — **pushpa**, m. Pentapetes Phoenicea, L.; the red globe-amaranth, L.; (ī), f. the Chinese rose, L. — **prasava**, m. Pentapetes Phoenicea, L.; the red globe-amaranth, L. — **prastāra**, m. N. of wk. — **prāpta**, mfn. conformable to desire, gratifying the senses, ĀpŚr., Sch. — **bandha**, m. connection of the Rāgas, expression or manifestation of affection, passion, Kālid. — **bandhin**, mfn. exciting or inflaming the passions, Ragh. — **bhañjana**, m. N. of a Vidyā-dhara, Kathās. — **mañjarikā**, f. a diminutive from rāga-mañ-jarī below ('wicked Rāga-mañjarī'), Daś. — **mañ-jarī**, f. N. of a woman, ib.; N. of wk. — **maya**, mf(i)n. 'consisting of colour or of a red colour,' red-coloured, red, Kāv. &c.; dear, beloved, ib. — **mālā**, f. 'string or series of musical Rāgas,' N. of various wks. — **yuj**, m. a ruby, L. — **rajju**, m. Kāma-deva, the god of love, Vās. — **ratnākara**, m., -**rāginī-svarūpa-velā-varṇana**, n., -**lakshana**, n. N. of wks. — **latā**, f. 'Passion-creeper,' N. of Rati (wife of Kāma-deva), L. — **lekhā**, f. a streak or line of paint, stroke, the mark of dye, Mālav.; N. of a woman, Vās. — **vat**, mfn. having colour, coloured, red, Git.; impassioned, enamoured, Śiś.; m. Areca Catechu, L. — **vardhana**, m. (in music) a kind of measure, Saṃgīt. — **vibodha**, m., -**vibodha-viveka**, m., and -**viveka**, m. N. of musical wks. — **vi-hinsana-vrata-nirṇaya**, m. N. of wk. — **vṛinta**, m. 'Passion-stem,' N. of Kāma-deva, the god of love, L. — **shāḍava** (or -shāḍhava), m. a kind of sweetmeat or syrup compounded of grapes and pomegranates and the juice of Phaseolus Mungo (or

of half ripe mango fruit with ginger, cardamoms, oil, butter &c.), R.; Suśr. (also written rāga-khāḍava, cf. rāga-khāḍava). — **sūtra**, n. (only L.) any coloured thread or string; a silk thread; the string of a balance (also °traka). **Rāgāngī** or **rāgā-dhyā**, f. Rubia Munjista (= mañjishṭhā), L. **Rā-gātmaka**, mf(i)n. composed of or characterized by passion, impassioned, Bhag. **Rāgānugā**, f. (with vivṛiti) N. of a Comm. on a musical wk. **Rāgān-dha**, mfn. blind with passion or desire, MaitrUp. **Rāgānvita**, mfn. having colour or dye, coloured, W.; affected by passion or desire, ib. **Rāgāyāta**, n. the uprising of passion, excess of p°, MW. **Rā-gārnava**, m. N. of a wk. on the musical Rāgas. **Rāgārha**, mfn. worthy of affection, any suitable object of affection, W. **Rāgāsani**, m. a Buddha or Jina, L. **Rāgōtpatti**, f. N. of wk. **Rāgōdre-ka**, m. excess of passion, MW.

Rāgāru, mfn. one who raises hopes of a gift which he afterwards disappoints, L.

Rāgi, in comp. for rāgin. — **taru**, m. 'the red or passionate tree,' Jonesia Asoka, L. — **tā**, f. the state of being coloured or impassioned, fondness or desire for, longing after (loc. or comp.), Kām.; Kathās.

Rāgin, mf(i)n. (fr. √rañj and rāga) coloured, having a partic. colour (applied to a kind of Amaurosis or blindness when it affects the second membrane of the eye, as opp. to a-rāgin, which affects the first), Suśr.; colouring, dyeing, L.; red, of a red colour, Pañcat.; Kathās.; impassioned, affectionate, enamoured, passionately fond of or attached to or hankering after (loc. or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; gladdening, delighting, Mālatm.; m. a painter, L.; a lover, libertine, ib.; a sort of grain, L.; (inī), f. a modification of the musical mode called Rāga (q.v.; 35 or 36 Rāginīs are enumerated), Saṃgīt.; Pañcar.; Śukas.; a wanton and intriguing woman, W.; N. of the eldest daughter of Menakā, Pur.; of a form of Lakshmī, ib.

राघ I. rāgh (cf. √lāgh), cl. I. Ā. rāghate (pf. rarāghe &c.; Caus. rāghayati, aor. ararāghat, Gr.), to be able or competent, Dhātup. iv, 38.

2. **Rāgh**, m. (nom. rāk) an able or efficient person, MW.

राघव rāghava, m. (fr. raghu) a descendant of Raghu, patr. of Aja, of Daśa-ratha, and (esp.) of Rāma-candra (du. rāghavau = Rāma and Lakshmaṇa), R.; Ragh. &c.; N. of various authors and others (also with ācārya, bhāṭṭa, pañcānana-bhāṭṭācārya, cakravartin, rāya &c.), Cat.; of a serpent-demon, L.; the sea, ocean, L.; a species of large fish, L. — **caritra**, n. N. of a modern abridgment of the Rāmāyaṇa. — **caitanya**, m. N. of a poet, Cat. — **deva**, m. N. of various authors, ib. — **nandana**, m. N. of an astronomer, ib. — **paṇ-dita**, m. N. of a poet; °tiya, n. his wk. — **pāṇ-dava** (ibc.) the Rāghavas and the Pāṇḍavas; -**pra-kāśa**, m.; -**yādaviya**, n. N. of poems. — **pāṇ-daviya**, n. N. of an artificial poem by Kavi-rāja (giving a narrative of the acts of both Rāghavas and Pāṇ-ḍavas in such a way that it may be interpreted either as the history of one or the other); of another poem by Veñkaṭācārya. — **prabandha**, m. N. of a musical wk. — **yādava-pāṇḍaviya**, n., -**yādaviya**, n., -**yādaviya-carita**, n. N. of poems. — **rahasya**, n., -**vilāsa**, m. N. of wks. — **siṅha**, m. 'R°-lion,' N. of Rāma-candra, R. **Rāghavānanda**, m. N. of various authors and others (also with muni, yati, śarman, and sarasvatī), Cat.; of a drama by Veñkaṭēśvara. **Rāghavānuja**, mfn. referring to the younger brother of Rāma, MW. **Rāghavābhya-daya**, m. 'rise of Rāma,' N. of a drama. **Rāgha-vāshṭaka**, n. N. of a wk. by Saṃkarācārya. **Rāghavēndra**, m. 'R°-chief,' N. of various authors and others (also with ācārya, muni, yati, śatāvadhāna, and sarasvatī), Cat.; -**stotra-vyākhyā**, f.; °**drīya**, n. N. of wks. **Rāghavēśvara**, 'R°-lord,' N. of one of Śiva's Liṅgas, Kshitiś. **Rāghavōllē-sa**, m. N. of a poem.

Rāghavāyaṇa, n. Rāma's history, i.e. the Rāmāyaṇa, AgP.

Rāghaviya, n. (with or scil. kāvyā) the poem composed by Rāghava, Cat.

राङ्गल rāṅkala, m. a thorn, L.

राङ्गव rāṅkava, mf(i)n. belonging to the Raṅku deer, MBh.; made from the hair of the R° deer, woollen, ib., R.; coming from Raṅku (said of

animals), Pāṇ. iv, 2, 100; m. a woollen cover or blanket, MBh.; R. — **kūṭa-sāyin**, mfn. lying on a heap of woollen rugs, MBh. **Rāṅkavājina**, n. a woollen skin; -**sāyin**, mfn. lying upon a w° skin, ib.; -**samsparśa**, m. the touch of a woollen skin, MBh. **Rāṅkavāstarāṇa**, n. a w° coverlet, R. **Rāṅka-vāstrīta**, mfn. covered with a woollen rug, ib.

Rāṅkavaka, mf(i)n. coming from Raṅku (said of men), Pāṇ. iv, 2, 134.

Rāṅkavāyaṇa, mf(i)n. coming from Raṅku (said of animals), Pāṇ. iv, 2, 100.

राङ्ग rāṅga, m. (fr. raṅga) an actor (?), Dhūrtas.

राङ्गण rāṅgaṇa, n. a kind of flower (commonly called Rangan), L.

राचित rācīta, m. patr. fr. racīta, g. bidādi.

Rācītāyana, m. patr. fr. racīta, g. haritādi (v.l.)

राज I. rāj (prob. originally two roots;

cf. √raj, rañj, riñj), cl. I. P. Ā. (Dhātup. xix, 74) rājati, °te (Ved. also rāshṭī, rāt; pf. rarāja; rarāje or reje, 2. sg. P. rarājitha or rejitha, MBh. &c.; aor. arājishuh, RV.; arājishṭa, Gr.; fut. rājītā, rājishyati, ib.; inf. rājāse, RV.), to reign, be king or chief, rule over (gen.), direct, govern (acc.), RV. &c. &c.; to be illustrious or resplendent, shine, glitter, ib.; to appear as or like (iva), Kum. vi, 49; Caus. rājayati, °te (aor. ararājat), to reign, rule, AV.; MBh.; to illuminate, make radiant (cf. rājita); Desid. rirājishati, °te, Gr.: Intens. rārājyate, rārāshṭī, ib. [For cognate words see under rājan.]

2. **Rāj** (ifc.) shining, radiant &c.; (rāj), m. (nom. rāj) a king, sovereign, chief (in later language only ifc.), RV. &c. &c.; anything the best or chief of its kind (cf. saṅkha-r°); N. of an Ekāha, ŚrS.; a kind of metre, RPrāt.; f. N. of a goddess (explained by rājamānā), TBr.

1. **Rāja**, m. (ifc.) = I. rājan, a king, sovereign, chief or best of its kind, MBh.; Kāv. &c.

2. **Rāja**, in comp. for I. rājan. — **rishi** = -rshi, BhP. — **kathā**, f. history of kings, royal h°, Rājat. — **kadamba**, m. Nauclea Cadamba or a similar tree, L. — **kandarpa**, m. N. of a writer on music, Cat. — **kanyakā**, f. a king's daughter, Kathās.; Rājat. — **kanyā**, f. id., ib.; a kind of flower, L. — **kara**, m. king's tax, tribute paid to a king, Śiṅhās. — **karaṇa**, n. a law-court, Mṛicch. — **karkaṭī**, f. a kind of cucumber, L. — **karna**, m. an elephant's tusk, Col. — **kartṛi**, m. 'king-maker,' pl. those who place a king on the throne, AitBr.; R. — **karman**, n. the business or duty of a k°, Pat.; royal service, Mn. vii, 125; the Soma ceremony, Kauś.; pl. royal or state affairs, Pañcat. — **karmin**, mfn. working for a prince, Pāṇ. i, 4, 49, Vārtt. 2, Pat. — **kalāśa**, m. N. of the father of Bilhaṇa, Rājat.; of another man, Vcar. — **kalā**, f. the 16th part of the moon's disk, Śāh. — **kali**, m. a bad king who does not protect his subjects, MBh. xii, 363. — **kaseru**, m. or f. Cyperus Rotundus, L. (also °rukā, Car.); n. the root of Cyperus Pertenuis, L. — **kārya**, n. a king's duty or business, state affairs, MBh.; R. &c.; royal command, Yājñ., Sch. — **kilbishin**, mfn. one who being a king has committed a transgression, MBh. — **kira**, m. a species of parrot, L. — **kuñjara**, m. 'king-elephant,' a great or powerful monarch. — **kun-ḍa**, m. N. of a Sch. on the Kirātārjunīya. — **ku-māra**, m. a king's son, prince, Vet.; Śāh.; °rikā, f. a princess, Kathās. — **kula**, n. a king's race, royal family (pl. = kings, princes), Kāv.; BhP.; a royal palace or court (where also law is administered), ShaḍvBr.; MBh. &c.; a main road or street, R. (B.); -**prajāta**, mfn. born from a race of kings, R.; -**bhāṭṭa**, m. N. of a poet, Cat.; -**vivāda**, m. a contest among kings, ShaḍvBr.; °**lānumantavya**, mfn. to be approved by k°s, Inscr.; °**īya**, mfn. of royal race or descent, MW. — **kushmāṇḍa**, m. Solanum Melongena, L. — **kṛit**, m. = -**kartṛi**, AV.; ŚBr. — **kṛita** (rāja-), mfn. made or performed by a k°, AV.; -**pratijña**, mfn. one who has fulfilled the k°s conditions, MW. — **kṛitya**, n. a k°s duty or business, state affairs, Kathās.; Pañcat. — **kṛitvan**, mfn. (with acc.) = -**kartṛi**, Bhāṭṭ. (Pāṇ. iii, 2, 95). — **kṛishna**, m. Oldenlandia Herbacea, L. — **kola**, m. a kind of jujube, L. — **kolāhala**, m. (in music) a kind of measure, Saṃgīt. — **kośa-nighaṅṭu**, m. N. of a dictionary by Raghu-nātha Paṇḍita (also called rāja-vyavahāra-kośa). — **kośātaka**, n. a gourd or cucumber, L.; (ī), f. Luffa Foetida or some