

mfn. one who has acquired lustre or beauty, MW.
—**lobha**, mfn. one who has a desire of (comp.), Git.

Lambhuka, mfn. one who is accustomed to receive (acc.), ChUp.

Lābha, m. meeting with, finding, Mn.; Kathās.; obtaining, getting, attaining, acquisition, gain, profit, Mn.; MBh. &c.; capture, conquest, Hariv.; VarBrS.; apprehension, perception, knowledge, Śamk.; Sāh.; BhP.; enjoying, MW.; N. of the 11th astrological house or lunar mansion VarBrS. (also -sthāna, Cat.) —**kara** (MW.) or -krit (W.), mfn. causing gain, making profit, gainful, profitable. —**kāraṇāt**, ind. for the sake of gain or profit, MBh. —**tās**, ind. = *yathā-lābhām*, Car. —**lipsā**, f. greediness of gain, avarice, covetousness, SāringP. —**vat**, mfn. one who has gain or advantage, Ragh.; (ifc.) one who has got possession of, Kathās. **Lābhālābha**, m. du. profit and loss, gain and detriment, Mn. ix, 331.

Lābhaka, m. gain, profit, advantage, VarBrS.

Lābham. See under *lābhā*.

Lābhīn, mfn. (ifc.) obtaining, meeting with, finding, Rājat.; Pracānd.; Kārānd.

Lābhya, n. = *lābhā*, L.

Lipsā, f. (fr. Desid.) the desire to gain, wish to acquire or obtain, longing for (loc. or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.

Lipsita, mfn. wished to be obtained, desired, R. **Lipsitavya**, mfn. desirable to be obtained, wished for, MBh. **Lipsu**, mfn. wishing to gain or obtain, desirous of, longing for (acc. or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c. (*lipsu-tā*, f. 'desire of gaining').

Lipsya, mfn. to be wished to be obtained, desirable to be acquired, Vop.

Lipsitavya, mfn. worthy to be acquired, desirable, AitBr.

लम् lam (= √ram; not in Dhātup.; only pf. *lalāma*), to delight in, sport, enjoy sexually, Hariv.

Lamaka, m. a lover, gallant, W.; = *tīrtha-sōdhaka*, Un. ii, 33, Sch.; N. of a man; pl. his descendants, g. *upakāddī*.

लम् lamna, m. pl. N. of a partic. tribe, Rājat.

लम्पक lampaka, m. pl. N. of a Jain sect, W.

लम्पट lampāta, mf(ā)n. covetous, greedy, lustful, desirous of or addicted to (loc. or comp.), Inscr.; Kāv.; Pur.; m. a libertine, lecher, dissolute person, W.; (ā), f. a partic. personification, L. —**tā**, f., -**tva**, n. greediness, dissoluteness, lewdness.

Lampāka, mfn. = *lampāta*, Nalac.; pl. N. of a people and country (= *muraṇḍa*; accord. to some the district of Lamghan in Cabul), MBh.; MārkP.; (ā), f. a woman from the country of the Lampākas, Bālar.; (prob. n.) N. of a wk. on accents (*svara-sāstra*) by Padma-nābha.

लम्पा lampā, f. the black banana, L.; N. of a town and of a kingdom, Kathās.; Buddh. —**pāṭaha**, m. a kind of drum, L. (cf. *lambā-p*).

लम्प *lampha*, m. a leap, spring, jump, L. (cf. *jhampa*).

Lamphana. See *ul-* and *pra-P*.

लम् I. *lamb* (cf. √I. *ramb*), cl. I. Ā. (Dhātup. x, 15) *lāmbate* (m.c. also °ti; pf. *lambe*, MBh. &c.; aor. *alambishṭa*, Gr.; fut. *lambitā*, ib.; *lambishyati*, MBh.; inf. *lambitum*, ib.; ind. p. *-lambya*, ib.), to hang down, depend, dangle, hang from or on (loc.), Suparṇ.; MBh. &c.; to sink, go down, decline, fall, set (as the sun), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to be fastened or attached to, cling to, hold or rest on (loc.), ib.; to fall or stay behind, be retarded, Sūryas.; to lag, loiter, delay, tarry, MBh.: Caus. *lambayati* (aor. *alalambat*), to cause to hang down or depend, let down, Kathās.; to hang up, suspend, ib.; to cause to be attached or joined, MW.; to stretch out, extend (the hand) for (dat.), Ragh.; (prob.) to depress, discourage, MBh. i, 1445 (C. *langhayitvā* for *lambayitvā*): Desid. *lilambishate*, to be about to sink or decline, Hcar., v.l. [Cf. Gk. *λοβός*; Lat. *labi*, *labare*, *labes*; Germ. *lappa*, *Lappen*; Eng. *lap*, *limp*.]

Lamba, mf(ā)n. hanging down, pendent, dangling, hanging by or down to (comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; long, large, spacious (see comp.); m. (in geom.) a perpendicular, Col.; (in astron.) complement of latitude, co-latitude, the arc between the poie of any place and the zenith, Sūryas.; N. of a partic. throw or move (at a kind of chess or backgammon or

draughts), L.; a present, bribe, L. (prob. w.r. for *lañcā*); = *nartaka*, *aṅga*, or *kānta*, L.; N. of a Muni, Cat.; of a Daitya, Hariv.; (ā), f., see s. v.; (ā), f. a kind of food prepared from grain, Madanav.; a flowering branch, Harav. —**karna**, mf(ā) or ī)n. having pendulous ears, long-eared, MBh.; R.; m. a he-goat, goat, L.; an elephant, L.; a hawk, falcon, L.; a Rākshasa, L.; Alangium Hexapetalum, L.; N. of one of Śiva's attendants, L.; of an ass, Pañcat.; of a hare, ib. —**keśa**, mfn. having hanging or flowing hair, Grīhyas. —**keśaka**, m. 'long-haired,' N. of a Muni, Cat. —**guṇa**, m. (in astron.) the sine of the co-latitude, Gol. —**jāthara**, mfn. big-bellied, MBh. —**jihva**, mfn. letting the tongue hang out; m. N. of a Rākshasa, Kathās. —**jyakā** or -**jiyā**, f. (in astron.) the sine of the co-latitude, Sūryas. —**dantā**, f. a kind of pepper, L. —**payo-dharā**, f. a woman with large or pendent breasts, MBh.; N. of one of the Mātṛis attending upon Skanda, ib. —**bijā**, f. a kind of pepper, L. —**māla**, mfn., (prob.) w.r. for *lambamāna*, Hariv. —**rekhā**, f. (in astron.) the complement of latitude, co-lat°, Gol. —**stanī**, f. a woman with flaccid breasts, Suśr. —**sphic**, mfn. having large or protuberant buttocks, MBh. **Lambāksha**, m. 'long-eyed,' N. of a Muni, Cat. **Lambālaka**, mfn. having pendulous curls, Daś.; -**tva**, n. pendulosity of curls, MW. **Lambādara**, mf(ā)n. having a large or protuberant belly, pot-bellied (-**tā**, f.), MBh.; Kād.; Kathās.; voracious, L.; m. N. of Gaṇeśa, Pañcar.; Kathās.; of a king, Pur.; of a Muni, Cat.; (ā), f. N. of a female demon, Suśr.; of a river, Cat.; *ra-prahasana*, n., °ri-nadi-māhātmya, n. N. of wks. **Lamb'oshta** (Śiksh.) or *bāshṭha* (L.), mfn. having a large or prominent under-lip; m. a camel, L.

Lambaka, m. (in geom.) a perpendicular, Āryab.; (in astron.) the complement of latitude, co-latitude, Gol.; a partic. implement or vessel, L.; N. of the 15th astrological Yoga, L.; N. of the larger sections or books in the Kathā-sarit-sagara (there are 18 Lambakas containing 124 Taramgas or chapters); w.r. for *lambhaka*, Kathās. Ixi, 24; (*ikā*, f. the uvula or soft palate (cf. *lambikā-kokilā*).

Lambana, mfn. hanging down or causing to hang down (said of Śiva), MBh.; m. a camp-follower, soldier's boy, Hcar.; phlegm, the phlegmatic humour, L.; N. of a son of Jyotish-mat, VP.; n. hanging down, depending, falling, W.; a partic. mode of fighting, Hariv.; the moon's parallax in longitude, the interval of the lines between the earth's centre and surface, Sūryas.; Gol.; a fringe, L.; a long necklace (depending from the neck to the navel), L.; N. of a Varsha in Kuśa-dvīpa, MārkP. —**vidhi**, m. (in astron.) the rule for calculating the moon's parallax in longitude.

Lambara, m. a kind of drum, BrĀrUp.

Lambā, f. of *lamba*, q.v.; a kind of bitter gourd or cucumber, Suśr.; a present, bribe, L. (perhaps w.r. for *lañcā*); N. of Durgā and Gaurī, Hariv.; of Lakshmi, L.; of one of the Mātṛis attending upon Skanda, MBh.; of a daughter of Daksha and wife of Dharma (or Manu), Hariv.; Pur.; of a Rākshasi, Buddh. —**pāṭaha**, m. a kind of drum, Hcar. —**viśvavayasan**, m. du., w.r. for *bambā-v*, g. *vanaspaty-ādi*.

Lambika, m. the Indian cuckoo, Kārānd.

Lambikā-kokilā, f. N. of a goddess, Cat.

Lambita, mfn. hanging down, pendent, MBh.; hanging by (instr.), ib.; sunk, gone down, glided down, fallen off, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; (ifc.) clinging or adhering to, supported or resting on, R.; Ragh.; = *vi-lambita*, slow (of time in music), L.

Lambin, mfn. hanging down, pendent, hanging by or down to (comp.), Kālid.; (*ini*), f. N. of one of the Mātṛis attending on Skanda, MBh.

Lambuka, m. N. of the 15th astrological Yoga, Col. (cf. *lambaka*); N. of a serpent-demon, Buddh.

Lambushā, f. a necklace of seven strings, L.

लम् 2. *lamb* (cf. √2. *ramb*), cl. I. Ā. *lambate*, to sound, Dhātup. x, 15.

लम् lamb (cf. √2. *ramb*), cl. I. Ā. *lambhate*, to sound, Dhātup. x, 24 (Vop.).

लम् lambha, °bhaka, °bhana &c. See p. 896, col. 3.

लय lay (cf. √ray), cl. I. Ā. *layate*, to go, Dhātup. xiv, 10 (Vop.).

लय laya, *layana* &c. See p. 903, col. 2.

ललिता lalitā.

लद् lard, cl. I. P. *lardayati*, to load, Divyāv. (cf. Hindi *lāq*).

लर्ब larb, cl. I. P. *larbati*, to go, Dhātup. xi, 37.

लल् lal (cf. √lad), cl. I. P. (Dhātup. ix, 77) *lalati* (m.c. also °te), to play, sport, dally, frolic, behave loosely or freely, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to loll or wag the tongue (see below): Caus. *lālayati*, °te (Pass. *lālyate*), to cause to sport or dally, caress, fondle, foster, cherish, ib.; to wave, flourish, Hariv.; to favour, Sāh.; (Ā.) to desire, Dhātup. (cf. under √lad).

Lala, mfn. sporting, playful, W.; lolling, wagging, ib.; wishing, desirous, ib.; m. a partic. fragrant substance, Gal.; n. a shoot, sprout, L.; a garden, L.

Lalaj-jihva, mf(ā)n. (fr. pr. p. *lalat* + j°) lolling the tongue, moving the tongue to and fro, Kathās.; Hcat.; fierce, savage, L.; m. a camel, L.; a dog, L.

Lalad-ambu, m. (fr. pr. p. *lalat* + a°) the citron tree, L.

Lalana, mfn. sporting, playing, coruscating (as light or colour), BhP.; m. Vatica Robusta, L.; *Buchanania Latifolia*, L.; (ā), f., see below; n. play, sport, dalliance, L.; the lolling or moving the tongue to and fro, MārkP. **Lalanāksha**, m. 'having quivering eyes,' a kind of animal, L.

Lalanā, f. a wanton woman, any woman, wife, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; the tongue, L.; N. of various metres, Col.; of a mythical being, R. (v.l. *analā*).

priya, mfn. dear to women, L.; m. Nauclea Cadamba, L.; a kind of Andropogon, L. —**varūthin**, mfn. surrounded by a troop of women, BhP.

Lalanikā, f. (dimin. fr. *lalanā*) a little woman, miserable woman, Kāvyād.

Lalantikā, f. (fr. *lalantī*, f. of pr. p. *lalat*) a long pendulous necklace, L.; a lizard, chameleon, W.

Lalalla, (onomat.) indistinct or lisping utterance, Kathās.

Lalita, mfn. sported, played, playing, wanton, amorous, voluptuous, Kāv.; Kathās.; Rājat.; artless, innocent, soft, gentle, charming, lovely (am., ind.), ib. &c.; wished for, desired, MBh.; Mārcch.; BhP.; quivering, tremulous, Bālar.; m. a partic. position of the hands in dancing, Cat.; (in music) a partic. Rāga, Sāh.; (ā), f. a wanton woman, any woman, W.; musk, L.; N. of various metres, Col.; (in music) a partic. Mūrchanā, Samgīt.; a partic. Rāga, ib.; N. of a gram. wk.; N. of a Durgā or a partic. form of her, Hcat.; Cat.; of a Gopī (identified with Durgā and Rādhikā), PadmaP.; of the wife of a Śatāyudha, HParīś.; of a river, Kālp.; n. sport, dalliance, artlessness, grace, charm, R.; Kpr.; languid gestures in a woman (expressive of amorous feelings, 'lolling, languishing' &c.), Daśar.; Sāh.; N. of 2 metres, Piṅg., Sch.; of a town, Kājat. (cf. -*pura*); a kind of necklace (?), L. —**caitya**, m. N. of a Caitya, W. —**tāla**, m. a partic. time (in music), Cat. —**tri-bhaṅga**, m. N. of wk. —**pada**, mf(ā)n. consisting of amorous or graceful words, elegantly composed, VarBrS.; n. a kind of metre, VarBrS.; —**bandhana**, n. an amorous composition in verse, a metrical composition treating of love, MW.

pura, n. N. of a town, W. —**purāṇa**, n. = -*vis-tara-purāṇa*. —**prahāra**, m. a soft or gentle blow, MW. —**priya**, m. (in music) a kind of measure, Samgīt. —**mādhava**, n., -**ratna-mālā**, f. N. of dramas. —**lalita**, mfn. excessively beautiful, Uttarar.; Pañcar. —**locana**, nif(ā)n. beautiful-eyed, MBh.; Rājat.; (ā), f. N. of a daughter of the Vidyā-dhara Vāma-datta, Kathās. —**vanitā**, f. a lovely woman, MW. —**vistara**, m. or °ra-purāṇa, n. N. of a Sūtra wk. giving a detailed account of the artless and natural acts in the life of the Buddha. —**vyūha**, m. (with Buddh.) a partic. kind of Samādhi or meditation, Lalit.; N. of a Deva-putra, ib.; of a Bodhi-sattva, ib. —**sva-cchanda**, m. N. of wk. **Lalitāṅga**, m. N. of a man, HParīś.; (ā), f. a beautiful woman, Vcar.; -**narēśvara-carita**, n. N. of wk. **Lalitāditya**, m. N. of a king of Kaśmīra, Rājat.; -**pura**, n. N. of a town founded by him, ib. **Lalitānurāga**, m. N. of a poet, Subh. **Lalitāpīda**, m. N. of a king, Rājat. **Lalitābhinaya**, m. erotic performance, representation of love scenes, Bhar. **Lalitārtha**, mfn. having an amorous meaning; -**bandha**, mfn. composed in words of love or in words having an amorous meaning, Vikr.

Lalitaka, n. N. of a Tirtha, MBh. (v.l. *lalitika*). **Lalitā**, f. (see *lalita*) in comp. —**krama-dīpi-**