

—**dhara**, m. 'rain-holder,' a cloud, L.; a mountain bounding a Varsha, Śatr.; the ruler of a Varsha, BhP.; 'withholding generative fluid,' a eunuch, attendant on the women's apartments, Kāv.; Pañcat. &c. —**dhārsha**, m. a eunuch, W. —**dhāra**, m. N. of a serpent demon, Buddh. —**dhārā-dhara**, mfn. containing torrents of rain, Cāṇ. —**nakshatra-sūcaka**, m. a weather-prophet and astrologer, Nār. —**nirñij** (*varshā-*), mfn. clothed with rain (said of the Maruts), RV.; ŚāṅkhGr. —**m-dhara**, m. N. of a Rishi, ĀrshBr., Sch. —**pa** or **-pati**, m. the ruler of a Varsha, BhP. —**pada**, n. a calendar, L. —**pad-dhati**, f. N. of various wks. —**parvata**, m. one of the mountainous ranges supposed to separate the Varshas or divisions of the earth from each other (6 in number, viz. Himavat, Hema-kūṭa, Nishadha, Nila, Sveta and Śringin or Śringa-vat; Meru constitutes a 7th, and others are given), L. —**paśu-prayoga**, m. N. of wk. —**pākin**, m. Spondias Mangifera, L. —**pāta**, m. (pl.) fall of rain, Mricch. —**purusha**, m. an inhabitant of a Varsha, BhP. —**pushpa**, m. N. of a man, Saṃskarak.; (*ā*), f. a kind of creeping plant, L. —**pūga**, m. n. (sg. or pl.) quantity of rain, BhP.; a series or succession of years, MBh.; BhP. —**pratibandha**, m. stoppage of rain, drought, Pāṇ. iii, 3, 51. —**pradīpa**, m. N. of wk. —**praveśa**, m. the entrance into a new year, MW. —**prāvan** (*varshā-*), mfn. giving plenty of rain, TBr. (Sch.). —**priya**, m. 'fond of rain,' the Cātaka, Cuculus Melanoleucus, L. —**phala**, n., **la-pad-dhati**, f., **la-rahasya**, n., **bhās-kara**, m. N. of wks. —**bhuḥ**, m. the ruler of a Varsha, BhP. —**mañ-jarī**, f. N. of wk. —**maryādā-giri**, m. = **-giri**, (q. v.), BhP. —**mahōdaya**, m. N. of wk. —**mātra**, n. one year only, MW. —**medas** (*varshā-*), mfn. thick or plentiful through rain, AV. xii, 1, 42 (*medhas*, AV. Paipp.). —**rātra** or **tri**, w.r. for *varshā-* below, R. —**rtu** (for *-ritu*), m. the rainy season, MW.; **māsa-pakshāho-velā-deśa-pradeśa-vat**, mfn. containing a statement of the place and country and time and day and fortnight and month and season and year, Yājñ., Sch.; **-varṇana**, n. N. of wk. (prob. the Ritu-saṃhāra). —**lambhaka**, m. (prob.) = **-parvata** (q. v.), MBh. —**vat**, ind. as in rain, ŚāṅkhGr. iv, 7. —**vara**, m. a eunuch, one employed in the women's apartments, Kād. —**vardhana**, mfn. causing increase of years, Uttarak.; n. increase of years, MW. —**vardhāpana-vidhāna**, n. N. of a section of the Lubdha-jātaka. —**vasana**, n. (more correctly *varshā-v*) the dwelling in houses (of the Buddhist monks) during the rainy season, Buddh. —**vicāra**, m. N. of wk. —**vridhā** (*varshā-*), mfn. grown up in or through rain, AV.; VS.; ŚBr.; Kauś. —**vridhī**, f. 'year-increase,' birthday, L.; N. of wk.; **-prayoga**, m. N. of wk. —**sata**, n. a century, ChUp.; Mn. &c.; **tādika**, mfn. more than a century, Vet.; **tin**, mfn. 100 years old, Hariv. —**sahasrā**, n. 1000 years, ŚBr.; R.; **raka**, n. id., Hariv.; mfn. living or lasting 1000 y<sup>o</sup>, MBh.; Pañcar.; **rāya**, Nom. A. **yate**, to appear like 1000 years, Kād.; **rika**, mf(ā)n. lasting 1000 y<sup>o</sup>, MBh.; **rin**, mfn. 1000 years old, becoming 1000 years old, MBh.; **rīya**, mfn. id., MBh. —**sthāla**, n. a rain-vessel (?), Divyāv. **Varshānsa** or **saka**, m. 'year-portion,' a month, L. **Varshānga**, n. 'y<sup>o</sup>-member,' a month, L.; (*ā*), f. Boerhavia Procumbens, L. **Varshājya**, mfn. 'having ghee for rain' or 'having rain for ghee,' AV. **Varshādhipa**, m. the regent of a year, Gaṇit. **Varshāmbu**, n. rain-water; **-pravaha**, m. a receptacle or reservoir of rain-water, Yājñ. **Varshāmbah-pārāna-vrata**, m. 'breaking fast on rain-water,' the Cātaka bird, L. **Varshāyuta**, n. 10,000 years, MBh. **Varshārdha**, m. a half year (*āt*, after a h<sup>o</sup> y<sup>o</sup>), VarBrS. **Varshārha**, mfn. sufficient for a year, Hcat. **Varshāhika**, m. a kind of venomous snake, Suśr. **Varshe-ja**, mfn. = *varsha-ja*, Pāṇ. vi, 3, 16. **Varshēsa**, m. the regent of a year, L. **Varshāka**, mfn. yearly, annual, W. **Varshōpala**, m. 'rain-stone,' hail, VarBrS. **Varshāgha**, m. a torrent, sudden shower of rain, Kāv.

**Varshaka**, mfn. raining, falling like rain, Pāṇ.; Siddh.; m. or n. (?) a summer-house, Buddh.; (ifc.) = *varsha*, a year (e.g. *pañca-v*<sup>o</sup>, 5 years old), MBh.

**Varshana**, mf(ā)n. (mostly ifc.) raining (with *astram*, a missile causing rain), Hariv.; R.; BhP.; Inscr.; n. raining, causing to rain, pouring out, shedding out gifts upon (comp.), Hariv.; VarBrS.; Pañcat. &c.; sprinkling, MW.

**Varshani**, f. (only L.) raining; abiding; action; sacrifice.

**Varshat**, mfn. raining (*varshati*, loc. 'while it rains'), AV. &c. &c.; m. rain, ŚBr.; m. or n. (?) a summer-house, MW.

**Varshāyanti**, f. (fr. Caus. of *√vrish*) causing to rain; N. of one of the 7 Kṛittikās, TS.

**Varshā**, f. rain, ŚāṅkhGr.; VarBrS.; pl. (exceptionally sg.) the rains, rainy season, monsoon (lasting two months accord. to the Hindū division of the year into six seasons [see *ritu*], the rains falling in some places during Śrāvāṇa and Bhādra, and in others during Bhādra and Āsvina; and in others for a longer period), TS. &c. &c.; Medicago Esculenta, L. [Cf. Gk. *ἔρσαι*, 'rain-drops.'] —**kāra**, m. N. of a Brāhman, Divyāv. —**kāla**, m. the rainy season, R.; Vās.; Hit.; **lika**, mfn. relative to the rainy season, R., Sch.; **lina**, mfn. belonging to or produced in the r<sup>o</sup> s<sup>o</sup>, MW. —**gama** (*varshāgh*<sup>o</sup>), m. beginning of the rainy s<sup>o</sup>, VarBrS. —**ghosha** (*varshāgh*<sup>o</sup>), m. 'uttering cries in the r<sup>o</sup> s<sup>o</sup>,' a large frog, L. —**cara**, mfn. (of obscure meaning), MBh. —**dhṛita**, mfn. worn in the rainy season (as a garment), KātyŚr. —**nadi**, f. a river which becomes swollen in the rainy season, Bhām. —**prabhañjana**, m. 'rain-scattering,' a high wind, gale, W. —**bīja**, n. hail, L. —**bhava**, m. a red-flowering Boerhavia, L. —**bhū**, m. 'produced in the rains,' a frog, L.; an earth-worm, L.; a lady-bird, L.; (*ū*), f. a female frog, L.; Boerhavia Procumbens, Suśr.; (*vi*), f. id., L.; (*ū* or *vi*), f. an earth-worm, MW. —**mada**, m. 'rejoicing in the rains,' a peacock, L. —**rātra**, m. or **tri**, f. the rainy season, R. —**rois** (*varshā*<sup>o</sup>), m. the planet Mars (as visible in the r<sup>o</sup> s<sup>o</sup>), L. —**lah-kāyikā** (?), f. Trigonella Corniculata, L. —**vasāna** (*varshā*<sup>o</sup>), m. (?) or **sāya**, m. the close of the rainy season, autumn, L. —**vastu**, n. N. of a section in the Vinaya, Buddh. —**vāsa** (*varshā*<sup>o</sup>), m. the residence during the rains, Divyāv. —**śarād**, f. du. the rainy season and autumn, ŚBr. (once *-saraddu*). —**sāti**, f. a garment worn in the rainy s<sup>o</sup> (also *ī-civara*; *ī-gopaka*, m. a keeper of such garments), Buddh. —**samaya**, m. the rainy season, HPariś.; Vās.; Kathās. **Varshāsu-ja**, mfn. arising or appearing in the rainy s<sup>o</sup>, Pāṇ. vi, 3, 1, Vārtt. 6, Pat. **Varshā-hū**, f. Boerhavia Procumbens, TS.; a frog, VS. **Varshōpanāyikā**, f. the first residence in houses during the rainy season (when Buddhist monks suspend their peregrinations), Divyāv. **Varshōshita**, mfn. one who has spent the rainy season, Divyāv.

**Varshālī**, ind. with *√kri*, *bhū*, *as*, *g. ūry-ādi*.

**Varshika**, mfn. raining, rainy, relating or belonging to the rains, W.; shedding, showering, pouring down, ib.; (ifc.) = *varsha*, a year (e.g. *dvā-dāsa-v*<sup>o</sup>, 12 years old), ĀśvŚr.; n. Agallochum, MW.

**Varshita**, mfn. fallen like rain, VarBrS.; n. rain, Hariv. (v. l. *varshana*; for *tā* see under *varshin*).

**Varshitri**, mfn. raining, one who makes rain, Nir.

**Varshin**, mfn. raining, discharging like rain, pouring out, showering down, distributing (anything good or evil; mostly ifc.), ŚāṅkhGr. &c. &c. (*shī-tā*, f.); shedding profuse tears, Kāv.; (ifc.) attended with a rain of (see *sāma-v*<sup>o</sup>); (ifc.) having (so many) years (e.g. *shashṭi-v*<sup>o</sup>, 60 years old), MBh.

**Varshikā**, f. a kind of metre, Nidānas.

**Varshīna**, mfn. (ifc.) so many years old, Pāṇ. v, 1, 86 &c.

**Varshīya**, mfn. (ifc.) id. (e.g. *tri-v*<sup>o</sup>, 3 years old), MBh.; Pañcar.

**Varshu**, mfn. 'lasting' or 'produced by rain,' VS. (Sch.)

**Varshuka**, mf(ā)n. rainy, abounding in rain, TS.; Br.; Bhaṭṭ.; raining, causing to rain, pouring out, Śiś. (cf. *ratna-v*<sup>o</sup>); m. N. of a man; pl. his descendants, *g. yashkādī*. **Varshukābda**, m. a rainy cloud, MW. **Varshukāmbuda**, m. a rain-cloud, ib.

**Varshṭri**, mfn. one who rains, TS.

**Varshyā**, or **vārshya**, mf(ā)n. of rain or belonging to rain, rainy, RV.; VS.; TS. &c.; to be rained or showered, MW.; to be sprinkled, ib.; (*vārshyā*), f. pl. rain-water, Kauś.

**वर्षिन् varshiman**, m. (prob. in some of the following senses connected with *√vri*, 'to cover') height, length, width, breadth, VS. [Cf. Slav. *vrichū*; Lith. *virshūs*.]

**Varshishṭha**, mfn. (accord. to Pāṇ. vi, 4, 157

superl. of *vridhā*) highest, uppermost, longest, greatest, very great, RV.; Br.; BhP.; oldest, very old, L. —**kshatra** (*vā*<sup>o</sup>), mfn. having the greatest power or might, RV.

**Varshīyas**, mfn. (compar. of *vridhā*; cf. prec.) higher, upper, longer, greater than (abl.), RV.; AV.; VS.; Br.; better than (abl.), Āpast.; very great, considerable, important, BhP.; thriving, prosperous, ib.; aged, old, Bhadrab.

1. **Varshma**, m., PārGr. i, 3, 8 (*varshmo 'smi* prob. w.r. for *varshmāsmi*); n. body, form, = *varshman*, MW.

2. **Varshma**, in comp. for *varshman*. —**vat**, mfn. having a body, MBh. —**vīrya**, n. vigour of body, MW. —**seka**, m. pouring water upon the body (to cool it), HPariś. **Varshmābha**, mfn. resembling the body or form (of anything), MW.

**Varshmān**, m. height, top, RV.; AV.; the vertex, RV.; n. (*vārshman*) height, top, surface, uttermost part, RV.; VS.; TS. &c.; height, greatness, extent, MBh.; Hariv. &c.; measure, W.; body, MBh.; Hariv.; Yājñ. &c.; a handsome form or auspicious appearance, L.; mfn. holding rain, W.

**Varshmala**, mfn. fr. *varshman*, *g. sidhmādi*.

**वर्ह varh**. See *√barh*.

**वर्ह varha**, *varhishṭha*, *varhis*. See *barha* &c.

**वल val** (cf. *√bal*, *vall*, and *vri*), cl. I. **Ā**. (Dhātup. xiv, 20) *valate* (oftener P. *valati*; cf. Vām. v, 2, 3; pf. *vavale*; ind. p. *valitvā*, Kāv.; aor. *avalishṭa*; fut. *valitū* &c., Gr.), to turn, turn round, turn to (with *abhimukham* and acc., or loc.), Kāv.; Kathās. &c.; to be drawn or attached towards, be attached to (loc.), Nalōd., Git.; to move to and fro, Hcat.; to go, approach, hasten, Mcar.; Śiś.; to return i. e. come back or home, Uttamac.; to return i. e. depart or go away again, ib.; HPariś.; to break forth, appear, Git.; to increase, Sāh.; to cover or enclose or to be covered (cf. *√i. vri*), L.: Caus. *valayati* or *vālayati* (Dhātup. xix, 58; aor. *avivalat*), to cause to move or turn or roll, Śiś.; HPariś.; Naish., Sch.; to cherish &c., W. (rather *bālayati*; see *√2. bal*); Desid. of Caus. in *vivālayishu*, q. v.

1. **Valā**, m. 'enclosure,' a cave, cavern, RV.; AV.; Br.; a cloud, Naigh. i, 10; a beam or pole, KātyŚr., Sch.; N. of a demon (brother of Vṛitra, and conquered by Indra; in later language called *Bala*, q. v.) —**m-rujā**, mfn. shattering caverns, RV. —**krama**, m. N. of a mountain, VP. —**gā**, n. a partic. charm or spell hidden in a pit or cavern, any secret charm or spell, AV.; VS.; (*-ga-*)*hān*, mfn. destroying secret charms, VS. —**gin**, mfn. versed in secret charms, AV. —**nāsana**, **-bhīd**, **-sūdāna** &c., see under *bala*. —**rasā**, f. sulphur, L. —**vat**, mfn. containing the word *vala*, AitBr.

2. **Vala** = *vali* (see *sata-vala*).

**Valaka** (cf. *balaka*), m. or n. (?) a beam, pole, KātyŚr., Sch.; n. a procession, Kathās.; m. N. of one of the seven sages under Manu Tāmasa, MārKp. **Valakēśvara-tīrtha**, n. N. of a Tīrtha, Cat.

**Valana**, n. (ifc. f. *ā*) turning, moving round in a circle, waving, undulation, agitation, Kāv.; Sāh.; Rājat.; (also *ā*, f.) deflection (in astron.), Sūryas.; VarBrS. **Valanānsa**, m. degree of deflection, MW.

**Valantikā**, f. a partic. mode of gesticulation, Vikr. (v. l. *valabhikā*).

**Valabhi** or (more usual) **bhī**, f. (perhaps abbreviated fr. *vala-bhīd*, 'cloud-splitting') the ridge of a roof, top or pinnacle of a house, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a turret or temporary building on the roof of a house, upper room, L.; N. of a town in Saurāshṭra, Daś. (also *bhī-pura*). **Valabhī-niveśa**, m. an upper room, Dharmas.

**Valaya**, m. n. (ifc. f. *ā*) a bracelet, armet, ring (worn by men and women on the wrist), MBh.; Kāv. &c. (also applied to waves as compared to bracelets); a zone, girdle (of a married woman), MW.; a line (of bees), Śiś.; a circle, circumference, round enclosure (ifc. often = 'encircled by'), Gol.; Kāv.; Kathās.; m. a sore throat, inflammation of the larynx, Suśr.; a kind of circular military array, Kām.; a branch, MW.; pl. N. of a people, AV. Paris.; n. N. of certain round bones, Bhpr.; multitude, swarm, Kād. —**vat**, mfn., see *latā-valaya-vat*.

**Valayita**, mfn. encircled, surrounded, encompassed, enclosed by (instr. or comp.), Kāv.; Chandom.; put round (the arm, as a bracelet), Śiś.; forming a circle, curling, whirling round, Kād.; Mālatim.

**Valayitri**, mfn. encircling, surrounding, Dharmas.