

of wood and iron, (or) a wooden vessel with an iron stand, L.; a mace or iron-bound club, W. — **vat**, mfn. windy, gusty, Pāṇ. v, 2, 129, Sch. (cf. *vātā-vat*); m. N. of a man (cf. *vātavata*; *dyuti-vātavator* *ayanam*, N. of a Sattrā, PañcavBr.) — **varsha**, m. (sg. and pl.) rain and wind, Pañcat.; Rājat. — **vasti**, f. suppression of urine, Suśr.; ŚāṅgīS. — **vaha**, m. N. of a village (^o*haka*, mfn.), Pat. — **vikāra**, m., ^o**rin**, mfn. = -*roga*, ^o*gin*, Suśr. — **vṛiddhi**, f. swelled testicle, W. — **vṛishṭi**, f. = -*varsha*, VarBrS. — **vega**, mfn. 'fleet as wind,' N. of a son of Dhṛita-rāshṭra, MBh.; of Garuḍa, ib. — **veṭaka**, v.l. for -*recaka*, MBh. — **vairin**, m. 'enemy of wind-disease,' the castor-oil tree &c., L. (cf. *vātāri*). — **vyādhi**, m. = -*roga*, Suśr.; -*karma-prakāśa*, m. N. of wk.; -*cikitsā*, f., -*nidāna*, n. the cure of any morbid affection of the w^o, MW. — **sīrsha**, n. 'wind-source,' the lower belly, L. — **śukra-tva**, n. a morbid state of the semen (also in women), MārkP. — **śūla**, n. 'w^o-pain,' colic with flatulence, Suśr. — **śonita**, n. diseased state of w^o and blood, Suśr.; ^o*taka*, mf(i)n. applied in that disease, Car.; ^o*tin*, mfn. suffering from it, Cat. — **śleshma-jvara**, m. a fever ascribed to the w^o and phlegm, ib. — **sakha**, mfn. (fire) having w^o as friend or companion, BhP. — **samcāra**, m. hiccup, L. — **saha**, mf(ā)n. bearing or enduring the wind (as a ship), MBh.; suffering from gout or rheumatism, L. — **sārathi**, m. 'having the Wind as charioteer,' Agni or Fire, L. — **suta**, m. a dissolute companion of a king or of a courtesan who knows one art (*kalā*), L. (cf. -*putra*). — **skandha**, m. 'wind-region,' the quarter from which the w^o blows (seven are enumerated), R.; N. of a Rishi, MBh. — **svana** (*vāta-*), mfn. sounding like w^o, RV. (also ^o*nas*); m. N. of a mountain, MārkP. — **hata**, mfn. smitten by the w^o (with *vartman*, n. a partic. disease of the eyelid), Suśr.; mad, Buddh. — **han**, mfn. = -*ghna*, Suśr.; (-*ghnī*), f. Physalis Flexuosa, L.; Desmodium Gangeticum, L.; Sida Cordifolia, L.; a species of shrub (= *śimridī*), L. — **hara**, mfn. = -*ghna*, Suśr. — **hudā**, f. = -*khudā* (with v.l. *rāja-śonita* for *vāta-s*), L. — **homā**, m. air-oblation (offered with the hollowed hand), SBr.; Kāth. — **Vātakhya**, n. a house with two halls (one looking south and the other east), VarBrS. — **Vātāgara** (*āgara* prob. for *āgāra*), g. *utkarāddi* (^o*riya*, mfn., ib.) — **Vātāgrā**, n. the point of the w^o, TS. — **Vātāta**, m. 'wind-goer,' a horse of the sun, L.; an antelope, L. — **Vātānda**, m. swelling of the testicles (mfn. suffering from it), L. — **Vātātapika**, mfn. occurring in w^o and sunshine, Car. — **Vātātisāra**, m. dysentery produced by vitiated w^o, MW. — **Vātātmaka**, mfn. having a rheumatic nature, Car. — **Vātātmaja**, m. 'son of the Wind,' patr. of Hanu-mat, R.; of Bhima-sena, MBh. — **Vātātman**, mfn. having the nature of wind or air, airy, Mahidh. — **Vātāda**, m. 'air-eater,' a kind of animal, Car.; the almond tree, L. (cf. *bādāma*). — **Vātādhipa**, m. = *vāta-pati*, MBh. — **Vātādhvan**, m. 'wind-way,' air-hole, a round window, BhP. (cf. I. *vātāyana*). — **Vātānulomana** or ^o**min**, mfn. forcing the w^o in the right direction or downwards (as in inflating the lungs), Suśr. — **Vātā-parjanyā**, m. du. w^o and rain (or the gods Vāta and Parjanya), RV. x, 66, 10. — **Vātāpaha**, mfn. = *vāta-ghna*, Suśr. — **Vātāpi**, mfn. (āpi fr. ā-^o*pyai*) w^o-swelled, fermenting, RV. i, 187, 8; m. (fr. āpi, 'friend, ally') 'having the w^o as an ally,' N. of an Asura (son of Hrāda; he is said to have been devoured by the Muni Agastya), MBh.; R. &c. (also ^o*pin*); (i), f. N. of a town (also called ^o*pi-puri*), Inscr.; -*dvish*, -*sūdana* or -*han*, m. N. of Agastya, L. — **Vātāpya**, mfn. = *vātāpa*, RV.; n. swelling, fermentation, ib. — **Vātābhra**, n. a w^o-driven cloud, Inscr. — **Vātāmodā**, f. musk, L. I. — **Vātāyana**, mfn. (for 2. see col. 2) moving in the w^o or air, MBh.; m. 'moving or fleet as w^o', a horse, L.; n. 'w^o-passage,' a window, air-hole, loop-hole, Kāv.; Kathās. &c.; a balcony, portico, terrace on the roof of a house, Vcar.; Kathās. &c. (— *valabhi*, VarBrS, Sch.); -*gata*, mfn. gone to or being at a window, R.; -*echidra-rajas* or -*rajas*, n. a partic. measure of magnitude (= 7 Trutis), Lalit.; -*stha*, mfn. standing or being at the window, MW. — **Vātāri**, m. 'enemy of w^o-disease,' N. of various plants (esp. Ricinus Communis; Asparagus Racemosus; Ptychotis Ajowan; Embelia Ribes &c.), L.; -*tanqulā*, f. Embelia Ribes, L. — **Vātāli**, f. a whirlwind, gale, Kathās. — **Vātā-vat**, mfn. windy, airy, TS.; Br.; m. N. of a man (cf. *vātāvata*, col. 2). — **Vātāvalī**, f. = *vātāli*, Ratnāv. — **Vātāsa** or ^o**śin**, m. 'w^o-eater,' a serpent, Kāv.; Rājat.

I. — **Vātya**, mfn. (for 2. see *sa-vātya*) being in the wind &c., VS. — **Vātyā**, f. a strong wind, gale, storm, hurricane, Kāv.; Kathās. &c. — **cakra**, n. a whirlwind, Venīs. — **Vātyāt-pamya**, mfn. resembling a storm, BhP. — **Vātyāya**, Nom. Ā. ^o*yate*, to resemble a storm, Kathās. — **Vāna**, mfn. (for 2. see p. 940) blown &c. (cf. *nir-vāṇa*); n. blowing, L.; a perfume, fragrance, L.; living, ib.; going, moving, rolling, W.; the rolling of water or of the tide (esp. the high wave in Indian rivers, commonly called 'the Bore'), ib. — **vāṇśa**, mf(i)n. (fr. *vāṇśa*) relating or belonging to sugar-cane, Car.; made of bamboo, W.; (i), f. bamboo-manna, Car.; BhP. — **kaṭhinika**, mfn. (fr. *vāṇśa-kaṭhina*) dealing in bamboo-poles, Pāṇ. iv, 4, 72, Sch. — **bhārīka**, mfn. (fr. *vāṇśa-bhārī*) carrying a load of bamboos, Pāṇ. v, 1, 50. — **Vāṇśika**, mfn. = *vāṇśa-bhārīka*, Pāṇ. ib.; m. a flute-player, piper, L.; a bamboo-cutter, W. — **vārīkīṭ** *vāh-kiṭi*, *vāh-pushpa* &c. See under *vār*, p. 943, col. 1. — **vāk** *vāka*. See *bāka* and p. 936, col. 2. — **vākala-rāśi** *vākala-rāśi*, m. N. of a Śaiva ascetic, Inscr. — **vākārakūṭ** *vākāra-krit*, m. N. of a man, Saṃskārak. — **vākīna** *vākīna*, m. N. of a man, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 158; (i), f. N. of a Tantra deity, Cat. (cf. *ḍākīni*, *rākīni*, *lākīni*). — **Vākinakāyani** or **vākīni**, m. patr. fr. *vākīna*, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 158. — **vākūcī** *vākūcī*, f. Vernonia Anthelmintica, L. — **vākūl** *vākula*. See *bākula*. — **vākōpavāk** *vākōpavāk* &c. See p. 936, col. 2. — **vāk-kalaha** *vāk-kalaha* &c. See p. 936, col. 1. — **vākya** &c. See p. 936, col. 2. — **vāg-utītā** *vāg-utītā* &c. See p. 936, col. 3. — **vāgara** *vāgara*, m. (only L.) ascertainment; a scholar, Pañdit; a hero, brave man; one desirous of final emancipation; submarine fire; an obstacle; a wolf; = *vāta-veshtaka*; = *śāṇa*. — **vāgā** *vāgā*, f. a bridle, L. (prob. w.r. for *valgā*). — **vāgāyan** *vāgāyan*, m. patr., Saṃskārak. (cf. *vāgmāyana*). — **vāgu** *vāgu*, (prob.) f. N. of a river, Cat. — **vāguji** *vāguji* or *vāguji*, f. = *vākūcī*, L. — **vāguñjār** *vāguñjāra*, m. a species of fish, L. — **vāguṇa** *vāguṇa*, n. Averrhoa Carambola, L. — **vāgurā** *vāgurā*, f. a net (for catching deer or wild animals), trap, toils, snare, noose, MBh.; Kāv. &c. — **vṛitti**, mfn. one who lives by snaring animals, Mn. x, 32; f. livelihood obtained by snaring or catching animals, W. — **Vāgura**, m. the son of a Vaiśya and a Venī, L.; N. of a poet, Cat. — **vāguri**, m. N. of a writer on medicine, Cat. — **vāgurika**, m. a deer-catcher, hunter, Ragh. — **vāgūlī** *vāgūlī* = *paṭi*, L. — **vāgusa** *vāgusa*, m. a species of large fish, L. — **vāgoyan** *vāgoyan*, m. or n. (?) N. of a place, Kshītiś. — **vāg-guṇa** *vāg-guṇa*, *vāg-guda* &c. See p. 936, col. 3. — **vāg-hāt** *vāg-hāt*, m. (prob. fr. a ^o*vāgh* = *vāh* = *vah*; cf. Ved. inf. *vāhe*) the institutor of a sacrifice, RV. (accord. to Nigh. = *ṛitvij* or *medhāvin*). — **vāghella**, N. of a family, Cat. — **vāṅka**, m. (cf. ^o*2. rak*, and *vaṅka*) the ocean, sea, L. — **vāṅksh** *vāṅksh* (connected with ^o*vāñch*, cf. *kāṅksh*), cl. I. P. *vāṅkshati*, to wish, desire, long for, Dhātup. xvii, 17.