

**-sambhava**, m. 'wind-born,' N. of Hanumat, W.; (*ā*), f. a red cow, L. **-savitrī** or **°trā**, m. du. Vāyu and Savitri, MaitrS. (cf. *vāyosāvitrā*). **-suta**, m. = *putra*, MW. **-sūnu**, m. patr. of Hanumat, RāmaUp.; R. **-skandha**, m. the region of the wind, Hariv.; VarBṛS. &c. **-stuti**, f. N. of two hymns. **-han**, m. N. of one of the 7 Rishis of the Maruts, MBh. **-hīna**, mfn. destitute of wind, MW.

**Vāyava**, mf. (*ī*)n. relating or belonging to the wind or air, given by or sacred to the god of wind &c., PārGr.; MBh.; north-western; (*ī*), f. (with or scil. *dis*) the north-west (cf. under *vāyu*), ĀśvGr.

**Vāyavīya**, mfn. relating to the air or the wind or the god of the wind, windy, aerial, Yājñ.; Suśr. &c. **-tantra**, n., **-samhitā**, f. N. of wks.

**Vāyavī-samhitā**, f. N. of wk. (= *vāyavīya-s*<sup>o</sup>).

**Vāyavyā**, mf. (*ā*)n. = *vāyava* (in both meanings), MaitrS.; VarBṛS.; Mārk.; n. (with or scil. *pātra*) N. of partic. Soma vessels shaped like mortars, TS.; Br.; GṛsrS.; the Nakshatra Svāti (of which Vāyu is the regent), VarBṛS.; (also m. and [*ā*], f.) the north-west (as presided over by V<sup>o</sup>), VarBṛS.; MārkP. **-purāna**, n. N. of a Purāna.

**Vāyuka**, m. endearing form for *vāyu-datta*, Pat.

**Vāyūra**, mfn. windy, ŠBr. (Sch.)

**Vāyv**, in comp. for 1. *vāyu*. **-agni**, m. du. Vāyu and Agni, MW. **-adhi**ka, mfn. 'having an excess of wind,' gouty, Divyāv. (w.r. *vāyv-ādh*<sup>o</sup>). **-abhi**-bhūta, mfn. = *vāyu-grasta*, Sarvad. **-āsva**, mf. (*ā*)n. having the winds for horses, TĀr. (w.r. *vāyav-āsva*). **-āspada**, n. 'wind-place,' the atmosphere, sky, L.

**वायू** 2. *vāyū*, mfn. (fr. √*vai*) tired, languid, RV. vii, 91, I.

**वायू** 3. *vāyū*, mfn. (fr. √*vī*) desirous, covetous, greedy (for food, applied to calves), TS.; desirable, desired by the appetite, RV.

**वायुन** *vāyuna*, m. a god, deity, L.

**वायुष** *vāyusha*, m. a kind of fish, L.

**वायोधस** *vāyodhasa*, mfn. relating or belonging to Vayo-dhas (i.e. Indra), Kātyāśr.

**वायोयानी** *vāyoyānī*, f. N. of a kind of brick, MaitrS.

**वायोर्विद** *vāyorvida*, prob. w.r. for *vāyo-vida*.

**वायोविद** *vāyorida*, m. (fr. *vayo-vid*) N. of a Rishi, Car.

**Vāyovidyikā**, m. (fr. *vayo-vidyā*) a bird-catcher, fowler, ŠBr.

**वायोमावित्र** *vāyosāvitrā* (in *°trāh*, said to be = *vāyu-savitribhyām*), TS.

**वाय्या** *vāyyā*, m. (fr. *vayya*) patr. of Satyavravas (represented as a poet and an Ātreya), RV.

**वायुग्नि** *vāyv-agni* &c. See above.

**वार** *vār*, n. (said to be fr. √I. *vṛi*) water, RV. &c. &c. (n. pl. once in BhP. *vāras*, as if m. or f.; *vārām* *nidhih*, 'receptacle of waters,' the ocean, Prab.); stagnant water, a pond, RV. iv, 19, 4; viii, 98, 8; ix, 112, 4; m. (?) a protector, defender, i, 132, 3; x, 93, 3. [Cf. accord. to some, Gk. *οὐρόν*, *οὐρέω*; Lat. *urina*, *urinari*.] **-āsana**, n. a water-reservoir, L. **-kāryā**, mfn. (prob.) producing w<sup>o</sup> or rain, RV. i, 88, 4 (Sāy. 'to be performed with w<sup>o</sup>').

**-gara**, m. 'w<sup>o</sup>-swallower (?), a wife's brother, Gal. (cf. *vādgala*). **-ghaṭī-yantra-cakra**, n. a wheel for drawing water, Dharmas. **-da**, m. 'w<sup>o</sup>-giving,' a rain-cloud, Satr. **-dara**, **-dala** &c., see s.v. **-dhānī**, f. a water-jar, HParī. **-dhārā**, f. a jet of water, Divyāv. **-dhi**, m. w<sup>o</sup>-holder, the sea, ocean, Kāv.; BhP.; *-phena*, n. Os Sepiæ, L.; *-bhava*, n. = next, L. **-dheya**, n. a kind of salt, L. **-bhāta**, m. 'w<sup>o</sup>-fighter,' an alligator, L. **-muc**, m. 'w<sup>o</sup>-discharger,' a cloud, BhP. **-rāsi**, m. 'water-heap,' the ocean, L. **-vatā**, m. 'water-exclosure (?),' a boat, vessel, L. (also written *vārbaṭa*). **-vatī**, f. containing w<sup>o</sup>, a river, Naigh. i, 13 (v.l. for *pārvatī*). **-vāha**, m. 'water-bearer,' a rain-cloud, Mcar.

**Vāh**, in comp. for *vār*. **-kiti**, m. 'water-pig,' the Gangetic porpoise, W. **-pushpa**, n. cloves, ib. **-sadana**, n. water-receptacle, L. **-stha**, mfn. standing in water, MW.

I. **Vāri**, n. = *vār*, water, rain, fluid, fluidity, Mn.; MBh. &c.; a species of Andropogon, Bhpr.; a kind

of metre, RPrāt. **-kantaka**, m. *Trapa Bispinosa*, L. **-karnikā**, f. *Pistia Stratiotes*, L. **-karpūra**, m. a kind of fish, *Clupea Alosa*, L. **-kubja** (W.) or *jaka* (L.), m. *Trapa Bispinosa*. **-kūṭa**, m. a turret or mound protecting the access to the gate of a town, L. **-koṣa**, m. the consecrated water employed at ordeals, Kathās. **-krimi**, m. 'water-worm,' a leech, W.; a water-fly, L. **-kheda-grāma**, m. N. of a village, Inscr. **-garbha**, m. 'filled with water,' a cloud, Harav.; *°bhōdara*, mfn. pregnant inside with rain (as a cloud), Śak. **-catvara**, m. a piece of water, W.; *Pistia Stratiotes*, L. **-cara**, mfn. or m. living in or near water, aquatic, an aquatic animal, MBh.; R.; Kathās.; m. a fish, MBh.; BhP.; pl. N. of a people, VarBṛS.; MārkP. **-cāmaṇa**, m. *Vallisneria (Blyxa) Octandra*, L. **-cārin**, mfn. living or moving on w<sup>o</sup>, Car. **-ja**, mfn. born or produced in or by w<sup>o</sup>, L.; m. a conch-shell, MBh.; R.; any bivalve shell, W.; (perhaps) a lotus, MBh. i, 3373 (Nilak. 'a fish'); n. a lotus, Kāv.; Kathās.; BhP.; a kind of pot-herb, L.; cloves, L.; a kind of salt, L.; *°jāksha*, mfn. lotus-eyed, Cat.; *°sha-caritra*, n. N. of a ch. of the Brahmanāda-purāṇa. **-jāta**, m. a conch-shell, MBh. **-jāvan**, Vop. xxvi, 69. **-jīvaka**, mfn. gaining a livelihood by water, VarBṛS. **-taranga**, m. a wave, Bhartṛ. **-tas**, ind. 'from water' (and 'restrained'; cf. *vārīta*, p. 944, col. I), ŚāringP. **-taskara**, m. 'water-thief,' N. of the sun (as absorbing water), MārkP.; a cloud, L. **-trā**, f. 'protecting from rain,' an umbrella, L. **-da**, mfn. giving w<sup>o</sup> or rain, Mn.; VarBṛS.; m. a rain-cloud, Kāv. &c.; *Cyperus Rotundus*, VarBṛS.; Suśr. &c. (in Bhpr. also n. or *ā*, f.); n. a sort of perfume (= *vālā* or *bāla*), L.; *°dāgama*, m. the rainy season, Vcar.; *°dānta*, m. 'end of the rainy season,' autumn, Bālar. **-durga**, mf. (*ā*)n. inaccessible or difficult of access by reason of water, Hariv. **-dra**, m. the Cātaka bird, W. **-dhara**, mf. (*ā*)n. holding water, MBh.; m. a rain-cloud, ib.; Kāv. &c. **-dhānī**, f. a w<sup>o</sup>-receptacle or reservoir, Kathās. **-dhāpayanta**, m. a patr. (also pl.), ĀśvSr. **-dhāra**, m. N. of a mountain, Pur.; (*ā*, f. (sg. or pl.; ifc. f. *ā*) a torrent of w<sup>o</sup> (*galad-asru-v*<sup>o</sup>, a t<sup>o</sup> of flowing tears), Kāv. &c.; a shower of rain, MW. **-dhi**, m. 'w<sup>o</sup>-holder,' the sea, ocean (sometimes four, sometimes seven oceans are enumerated), Kāv.; Kathās. &c.; N. of the number four, the fourth, Ked. **-nātha**, m. 'lord of waters,' the god Varuṇa, W.; the ocean, L.; a cloud, L.; the habitation of the Nāga or serpent race, L. **-nidhi**, m. 'w<sup>o</sup>-receptacle,' the ocean, Bālar.; Cāṇḍ. **-i.-pa**, mfn. drinking water, one who has drunk w<sup>o</sup>, MBh.; Naish. **-2.-pa**, mfn. protecting w<sup>o</sup>, Naish. **-patha**, m. a water-way, communication by water, Kām.; Pat. (see *-pathika*); a voyage, MBh.; *°thōpajīvin*, mfn. living by sea-traffic, Śak. **-pathika**, mfn. going by water, conveyed or imported by w<sup>o</sup>, Pāṇ. v, 1, 77, Vārtt. I, Pat. **-parṇī** or **-pālikā**, f. *Pistia Stratiotes*, L. **-piṇḍa**, m. a frog in the middle of a stone (*asma-madhya-ja*), L. **-pūra**, m. pl. a w<sup>o</sup>-stream, Nāg. **-pūrṇī**, f. *Pistia Stratiotes*, Col. **-pūrvam**, ind. after having first poured out water, Śiś. xiv, 34. **-priṣṇī**, f. = *pūrṇī*, L. (w.r. *-praśnī*). **-pravāha**, m. a waterfall, cascade, L. **-praśnī**, w.r. for *-priṣṇī*, q. v., L. **-badara**, n. the fruit of Flacourtie Cataphracta, L.; (*ā*, f. the plant F<sup>o</sup> C<sup>o</sup>, W. **-bandhana**, n. the damming or banking up of w<sup>o</sup>, Vāstuv. **-bālaka**, n. a perfume (= *bāla*), W. **-bindu**, m. a w<sup>o</sup>-drop, HParī. **-bijā**, n. the seed or germ of water, Sarvad.; N. of the mystical syllable *bam*. **-bhava**, n. antimony, L.; (prob.) a kind of plant, MW. **-mat**, mfn. abounding in w<sup>o</sup>, MBh. **-maya**, mf. (*ī*)n. consisting of water, MBh.; Hariv.; VarBṛS.; inherent in or peculiar to w<sup>o</sup>, MBh. **-masi** (more correctly *-mashī*), f. 'w<sup>o</sup>-ink,' a rainy cloud, L. **-muc**, mfn. discharging w<sup>o</sup> or rain (*prabhūta-v*<sup>o</sup>), VarBṛS.; m. a rain-cloud, ib.; Kāv. **-mūli**, f. *Pistia Stratiotes*, L. **-yantra**, n. a water-engine, machine for drawing up water, Mālav. **-ra**, mfn. giving or shedding water, W.; m. a cloud, Śiś.; *rārava*, mfn. sounding like clouds or like thunder, MW. **-ratha**, m. 'water-carriage,' a boat, ship, L. **-rāja**, m. N. of Varuṇa, Hariv. **-rāsi**, m. a great mass of w<sup>o</sup>, Ragh.; the sea, ocean, Kāv.; Kathās.; Hit. &c.; a lake, MW. **-ruha**, n. 'w<sup>o</sup>-growing,' a lotus-flower, Kāv.; Hariv.; Kathās. **-leśa**, m. a drop of w<sup>o</sup> (see *śrama-v*<sup>o</sup>). **-loman**, m. 'having watery hair,' N. of Varuṇa, L. **-vadana**, n. = (or w.r. for) *-badara*, L. **-vara**, m. *Carissa Carandas* (n. its fruit), L. **-varṇaka**, (perhaps) sand, Kṛishṇaj. **-vallabhā**, f. *Batatas Paniculata*, L. **-vaha**,

mf. (*ā*)n. carrying water, running with water, R. (in *ramya-vāri-vaha*, *śiva-v*<sup>o</sup>-*v*<sup>o</sup>). **-vāraṇa**, m. 'w<sup>o</sup>-elephant,' a kind of aquatic monster, Vcar. **-vālaka**, n. a kind of Andropogon, L. **-vāsa**, m. a distiller of spirit or spirituous liquors, L. **-vāna**, m. (*ā*)n. carrying water, running with w<sup>o</sup> (in *kūlātikrānta-vāri-vāha*), VarBṛS.; m. a rain-cloud, Kāv.; the god of rain, Singhās.; *-jāla*, n. a mass of clouds, MW. **-vāhaka**, mfn. carrying or bringing w<sup>o</sup>, Pañcat. **-vāhana**, m. a rain-cloud, L. **-vāhin**, mfn. carrying water, running with w<sup>o</sup>, Hariv. **-vindī** (?), f. a blue lotus, L. **-vihāra**, m. sporting and splashing one another in the w<sup>o</sup>, Ragh. **-śa**, m. (said to be fr. *vāri* + *śa* fr. √*śi*, to sleep) N. of Vishṇu, L.; n. N. of a Sāman, SV. **-saya**, mfn. living in w<sup>o</sup>, Car. **-sukti**, f. a bivalve shell (found in fresh water), L. **-shenā**, m. (fr. *vāri* + *senā*) N. of a king, MBh. (v.l. *-senā*); *°nācārya*, m. N. of a Jina, Inscr. **-shenya**, m. patr. fr. *-shena*, Pat. **-samjña**, m. a kind of Andropogon, VarBṛS., Sch. **-sambhava**, mf. (*ā*)n. produced in or from w<sup>o</sup>, R.; Suśr.; a kind of cane, L.; n. (only L.) cloves; the root of the plant Andropogon Muricatus; sulphuret of antimony. **-sāgara**, m. a partic. mixture, Rasēndrac. **-sāmya**, milk, L. **-sāra**, m. N. of a son of Candra-gupta, BhP. **-seṇa**, m. N. of a king, MBh.; Inscr.; (v.l. *-shena*); of a Jina, W. **-sthā**, mfn. standing in water, reflected in the w<sup>o</sup>, Mn. iv, 37. **Vārīta**, m. 'lord of waters,' the ocean, L. **Vārīti**, mfn. growing near the water (said of water-plants), VS.; TBr. 1. **Vārin** (ifc.) = I. *vāri*, water, R. (for 2. *vārin* see p. 944, col. I). **Variya**, Nom. Ā. *°yate*, to resemble water, Sāh. **Vāry**, in comp. for I. *vāri*. **-ayana**, n. a reservoir of water, pond &c., BhP. **-āmalaka**, m. a kind of Myrobolan growing near water, R. **-udbhava**, n. 'w<sup>o</sup>-born,' a lotus-flower, L. **-upajīvin**, mfn. or m. gaining one's living by w<sup>o</sup>. a w<sup>o</sup>-carrier, fisherman &c., VarBṛS. **-oka**, m. (W.) or *-okas*, (prob.) f. (Mn.; Suśr.) 'dwelling in water,' a leech. I. **Vārya**, mfn. (for 2. and 3. see p. 944, col. I) watery, aquatic, L. **वार** I. *vāra*, m. (earlier form of *vāla*, q. v.) the hair of any animal's tail (esp. of a horse's tail, = *oḍpā*), RV.; m. n. sg. and pl. a hair-sieve, ib. **-vat** (*vāra-*), mtn. long-tailed (as a horse), RV. **-vantīya**, n. (fr. prec.) N. of a Sāman, MaitrS.; Br.; ŚrS. (also *indrasya vāravantīyam*, *vāravantīḍḍyam*, and *vāravantīḍttaram*). **वार** 2. *vāra* (fr. √I. *vṛi*), m. keeping back, restraining (also mfn. ifc. = difficult to be restrained, TBr.; cf. *dur-v*<sup>o</sup>); anything which covers or surrounds or restrains, a cover, MW.; anything which causes an obstruction, a gate, door-way, W.; anything enclosed or circumscribed in space or time, esp. an appointed place (e.g. *sva-vāram samā-√sthā*, to occupy one's proper place), R.; the time fixed or appointed for anything (accord. to some fr. √2. *vṛi*, to choose), a person's turn, MBh.; Kāv. &c. (often, esp. with numerals, = times, e.g. *varāṇī trīn* or *vara-trayam*, three times; *bhūribhir vārāṇī* or *bhūri-vārāṇī* or *bahu-vāram* or *vāram vārāṇī* or *vārāṇī vārena*, many times, often, repeatedly); the turn of a day (under the regency of a planet), a day of the week (they are Āditya-, Soma-, Maṅgala-, Budha-, Guru-, Śukra-, and Śani-v<sup>o</sup>; cf. IW. 178, n. I), Gaṇit.; Yājñ.; Sch.; Kāv. &c. (cf. *dīna* and *divasa-v*<sup>o</sup>); a moment, occasion, opportunity, W.; a multitude, quantity (see *bāṇa-v*<sup>o</sup>); an arrow, L.; Achyranthes Aspera, L.; N. of Śiva, L.; (*ā*, f. a harlot, courtesan, MBh. vi, 5766 (cf. *-kanyakā* &c.); n. a vessel for holding spirituous liquor, L.; a partic. artificial poison, L. **-kanyakā**, f. 'girl (taken) in turn,' a harlot, courtesan, Daś. **-nārī**, f. id. (ifc. *°rīka*), Kathās. **-pāsi** or **-pāṣya**, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh.; VP. (cf. *-vāsi*).