

— *sambhava*, m. 'wind-born,' N. of Hanumat, W.; (ā), f. a red cow, L. — *savitri* or *°trā*, m. du. Vāyu and Savitri, MaitrS. (cf. *vāyosāvitri*). — *suta*, m. = *putra*, MW. — *sinu*, m. patr. of Hanumat, RāmaUp.; R. — *skandha*, m. the region of the wind, Hariv.; VarBrS. &c. — *stuti*, f. N. of two hymns. — *han*, m. N. of one of the 7 Rishis of the Maruts, MBh. — *hina*, mfn. destitute of wind, MW.

Vāyava, mf(ā)n. relating or belonging to the wind or air, given by or sacred to the god of wind &c., PārGr.; MBh.; north-western; (ī), f. (with or scil. *dis*) the north-west (cf. under *vāyu*), ĀsvGr.

Vāyaviya, mfn. relating to the air or the wind or the god of the wind, windy, aerial, Yājñ.; Suśr. &c. — *tantra*, n., — *samhitā*, f. N. of wks.

Vāyavi-samhitā, f. N. of wk. (= *vāyaviya-s°*).

Vāyavyā, mf(ā)n. = *vāyava* (in both meanings), MaitrS.; VarBrS.; Märk.; n. (with or scil. *pātra*) N. of partic. Soma vessels shaped like mortars, TS.; Br.; GrŚrS.; the Nakshatra Svāti (of which Vāyu is the regent), VarBrS.; (also m. and [ā], f.) the north-west (as presided over by V°), VarBrS.; MärkP. — *purāṇa*, n. N. of a Purāṇa.

Vāyuka, m. endearing form for *vāyu-datta*, Pat.

Vāyura, mfn. windy, ŚBr. (Sch.)

Vāyv, in comp. for 1. *vāyu*. — *agni*, m. du. Vāyu and Agni, MW. — *adhika*, mfn. 'having an excess of wind,' gouty, Divyāv. (w. r. *vāyv-ādḥ*). — *abhibhūta*, mfn. = *vāyu-grasta*, Sarvad. — *āsava*, mf(ā)n. having the winds for horses, TĀr. (w. r. *vāyv-āsava*). — *āspada*, n. 'wind-place,' the atmosphere, sky, L.

वायु 2. vāyú, mfn. (fr. *√vai*) tired, languid, RV. vii, 91, 1.

वायु 3. vāyú, mfn. (fr. *√vi*) desirous, covetous, greedy (for food, applied to calves), TS.; desirable, desired by the appetite, RV.

वायुन vāyuna, m. a god, deity, L.

वायुष vāyusha, m. a kind of fish, L.

वायोधस vāyodhasa, mfn. relating or belonging to Vayo-dhas (i. e. Indra), KātyŚr.

वायोयानी vāyoyāni, f. N. of a kind of brick, MaitrS.

वायोर्विद vāyorvida, prob. w. r. for *vāyovida*.

वायोविद vāyovida, m. (fr. *vayo-vid*) N. of a Rishi, Car.

Vāyovidyikā, m. (fr. *vayo-vidyā*) a bird-catcher, fowler, ŚBr.

वायोमावित्र vāyosāvitri (in *°trāḥ*, said to be = *vāyu-savitriḥyām*), TS.

वाय्य vāyyā, m. (fr. *vayya*) patr. of Satyaśravas (represented as a poet and an Ātreya), RV.

वायुग्नि vāyv-agni &c. See above.

वार vār, n. (said to be fr. *√I. vri*) water, RV. &c. &c. (n. pl. once in BhP. *vāras*, as if m. or f.; *vāraṃ nidhīḥ*, 'receptacle of waters,' the ocean, Prab.); stagnant water, a pond, RV. iv, 19, 4; viii, 98, 8; ix, 112, 4; m. (?) a protector, defender, i, 132, 3; x, 93, 3. [Cf., accord. to some, Gk. *oipov*, *oipēw*; Lat. *urina*, *urinari*.] — *āsana*, n. a water-reservoir, L. — *kāryā*, mfn. (prob.) producing w° or rain, RV. i, 88, 4 (Sāy. 'to be performed with w°'). — *gara*, m. 'w°-swallower (?)', a wife's brother, Gal. (cf. *vādgalā*). — *ghaṭi-yantra-cakra*, n. a wheel for drawing water, Dharmas. — *da*, m. 'w°-giving,' a rain-cloud, Satr. — *dara*, — *dala* &c., see s. v. — *dhāni*, f. a water-jar, HParis. — *dhārā*, f. a jet of water, Divyāv. — *dhi*, m. w°-holder, the sea, ocean, Kāv.; BhP.; — *phena*, n. Os Sepiæ, L.; — *bhava*, n. = next, L. — *dheya*, n. a kind of salt, L. — *bhata*, m. 'w°-fighter,' an alligator, L. — *muc*, m. 'w°-discharger,' a cloud, BhP. — *rāsi*, m. 'water-heap,' the ocean, L. — *vaṭa*, m. 'water-exclosure (?)', a boat, vessel, L. (also written *vārbaṭa*). — *vatī*, f. containing w°, a river, Naigh. i, 13 (v. l. for *pārvatī*). — *vāha*, m. 'water-bearer,' a rain-cloud, Mcar.

Vāh, in comp. for *vār*. — *kiṭi*, m. 'water-pig,' the Gangetic porpoise, W. — *pushpa*, n. cloves, ib. — *sadana*, n. water-receptacle, L. — *stha*, mfn. standing in water, MW.

1. **Vāri**, n. = *vār*, water, rain, fluid, fluidity, Mn.; MBh. &c.; a species of Andropogon, Bhpr.; a kind

of metre, RPrāt. — *kaṅṭaka*, m. *Trapa Bispinosa*, L. — *karnikā*, f. *Pistia Stratiotes*, L. — *karpūra*, m. a kind of fish, *Clupea Alosa*, L. — *kubja* (W.) or *°jaka* (L.), m. *Trapa Bispinosa*. — *kūṭa*, m. a turret or mound protecting the access to the gate of a town, L. — *kośa*, m. the consecrated water employed at ordeals, Kathās. — *krimi*, m. 'water-worm,' a leech, W.; a water-fly, L. — *kheḍa-grāma*, m. N. of a village, Inscr. — *garbha*, m. 'filled with water,' a cloud, Harav.; *°bhōdara*, mfn. pregnant inside with rain (as a cloud), Śak. — *catvara*, m. a piece of water, W.; *Pistia Stratiotes*, L. — *cara*, mfn. or m. living in or near water, aquatic, an aquatic animal, MBh.; R.; Kathās.; m. a fish, MBh.; BhP.; pl. N. of a people, VarBrS.; MärkP. — *cāmaḷa*, m. *Vallisneria* (*Blyxa*) *Octandra*, L. — *cārin*, mfn. living or moving on w°, Car. — *ja*, mfn. born or produced in or by w°, L.; m. a conch-shell, MBh.; R.; any bivalve shell, W.; (perhaps) a lotus, MBh. i, 3373 (Nīlak. 'a fish'); n. a lotus, Kāv.; Kathās.; BhP.; a kind of pot-herb, L.; cloves, L.; a kind of salt, L.; *°jāksha*, mfn. lotus-eyed, Cat.; *°sha-caritra*, n. N. of a ch. of the *Brahmaṇḍa-purāṇa*. — *jāta*, m. a conch-shell, MBh. — *jāvan*, Vop. xxvi, 69. — *jivaka*, mfn. gaining a livelihood by water, VarBrS. — *taramga*, m. a wave, Bhartṛ. — *tas*, ind. 'from water' (and 'restrained'; cf. *vārīta*, p. 944, col. 1), ŚārngP. — *taskara*, m. 'water-thief,' N. of the sun (as absorbing water), MärkP.; a cloud, L. — *trā*, f. 'protecting from rain,' an umbrella, L. — *da*, mfn. giving w° or rain, Mn.; VarBrS.; m. a rain-cloud, Kāv. &c.; *Cyperus Rotundus*, VarBrS.; Suśr. &c. (in Bhpr. also n. or ā, f.); n. a sort of perfume (= *vālā* or *bāla*), L.; *°dāgama*, m. the rainy season, Vcar.; *°dānta*, m. 'end of the rainy season,' autumn, Bālar. — *durga*, mf(ā)n. inaccessible or difficult of access by reason of water, Hariv. — *dra*, m. the Cātaka bird, W. — *dhara*, mf(ā)n. holding water, MBh.; m. a rain-cloud, ib.; Kāv. &c. — *dhāni*, f. a w°-receptacle or reservoir, Kathās. — *dhāpayanta*, m. a patr. (also pl.), ĀsvŚr. — *dhāra*, m. N. of a mountain, Pur.; (ā), f. (sg. or pl.; ifc. f. ā) a torrent of w° (*galad-āru-v°*, a t° of flowing tears), Kāv. &c.; a shower of rain, MW. — *dhi*, m. 'w°-holder,' the sea, ocean (sometimes four, sometimes seven oceans are enumerated), Kāv.; Kathās. &c.; N. of the number four, the fourth, Ked. — *nātha*, m. 'lord of waters,' the god Varuṇa, W.; the ocean, L.; a cloud, L.; the habitation of the Nāga or serpent race, L. — *nidhi*, m. 'w°-receptacle,' the ocean, Bālar.; Caṇḍ. — 1. — *pa*, mfn. drinking water, one who has drunk w°, MBh.; Naish. — 2. — *pa*, mfn. protecting w°, Naish. — *patha*, m. a water-way, communication by water, Kām.; Pat. (see *-pathika*); a voyage, MBh.; *°thōpajivin*, mfn. living by sea-traffic, Śak. — *pathika*, mfn. going by water, conveyed or imported by w°, Pāṇ. v, 1, 77, Vārtt. 1, Pat. — *parṇi* or *-pālikā*, f. *Pistia Stratiotes*, L. — *pinda*, m. a frog in the middle of a stone (*āsma-madhya-ja*), L. — *pūra*, m. pl. a w°-stream, Nāg. — *pūrṇi*, f. *Pistia Stratiotes*, Col. — *pūrvam*, ind. after having first poured out water, Śiś. xiv, 34. — *prīṣṇi*, f. = *-pūrṇi*, L. (w. r. *-praṣṇi*). — *pravāha*, m. a waterfall, cascade, L. — *praṣṇi*, w. r. for *-prīṣṇi*, q. v., L. — *badara*, n. the fruit of *Flacourtia Cataphracta*, L.; (ā), f. the plant Fl° C°, W. — *bandhana*, n. the damming or banking up of w°, Vāstuv. — *bālaka*, n. a perfume (= *bāla*), W. — *bindu*, m. a w°-drop; HParis. — *bija*, n. the seed or germ of water, Sarvad.; N. of the mystical syllable *bam*. — *bhava*, n. antimony, L.; (prob.) a kind of plant, MW. — *mat*, mfn. abounding in w°, MBh. — *maya*, mf(ā)n. consisting of water, MBh.; Hariv.; VarBrS.; inherent in or peculiar to w°, MBh. — *masi* (more correctly *-mashi*), f. 'w°-ink,' a rainy cloud, L. — *muc*, mfn. discharging w° or rain (*prabhūta-v°*), VarBrS.; m. a rain-cloud, ib.; Kāv. — *mūli*, f. *Pistia Stratiotes*, L. — *yantra*, n. a water-engine, machine for drawing up water, Mālav. — *ra*, mfn. giving or shedding water, W.; m. a cloud, Śiś.; *°rāraṇa*, mfn. sounding like clouds or like thunder, MW. — *ratha*, m. 'water-carriage,' a boat, ship, L. — *rāja*, m. N. of Varuṇa, Hariv. — *rāsi*, m. a great mass of w°, Ragh.; the sea, ocean, Kāv.; Kathās.; Hit. &c.; a lake, MW. — *ruha*, n. 'w°-growing,' a lotus-flower, Kāv.; Hariv.; Kathās. — *leśa*, m. a drop of w° (see *śrama-v°*). — *loman*, m. 'having watery hair,' N. of Varuṇa, L. — *vadana*, n. = (or w. r. for) *badara*, L. — *vara*, m. *Carissa Carandas* (n. its fruit), L. — *varṇaka*, (perhaps) sand, Kṛishṇaj. — *vallabhā*, f. *Batatas Paniculata*, L. — *vaha*,

mf(ā)n. carrying water, running with water, R. (in *ramya-vāri-vaha*, *śiva-v°-v°*). — *vāraṇa*, m. 'w°-elephant,' a kind of aquatic monster, Vcar. — *vālaka*, n. a kind of Andropogon, L. — *vāsa*, m. a distiller of spirit or spirituous liquors, L. — *vāna*, mf(ā)n. carrying water, running with w° (in *kūlātīkrānta-vāri-vāha*), VarBrS.; m. a rain-cloud, Kāv.; the god of rain, Singhās.; *°jāla*, n. a mass of clouds, MW. — *vāhaka*, mfn. carrying or bringing w°, Pañcat. — *vāhana*, m. a rain-cloud, L. — *vāhin*, mfn. carrying water, running with w°, Hariv. — *vindī* (?), f. a blue lotus, L. — *viḥāra*, m. sporting and splashing one another in the w°, Ragh. — *śa*, m. (said to be fr. *vāri + śa* fr. *√śi*, to sleep) N. of Vishṇu, L.; n. N. of a Sāman, SV. — *śaya*, mfn. living in w°, Car. — *śukti*, f. a bivalve shell (found in fresh water), L. — *sheṇa*, m. (fr. *vāri + senā*) N. of a king, MBh. (v. l. *-sena*); *°nācārya*, m. N. of a Jina, Inscr. — *sheṇya*, m. patr. fr. *-sheṇa*, Pat. — *samjña*, m. a kind of Andropogon, VarBrS., Sch. — *sambhava*, mf(ā)n. produced in or from w°, R.; Suśr.; a kind of cane, L.; n. (only L.) cloves; the root of the plant *Andropogon Muricatus*; sulphuret of antimony. — *sāgara*, n. a partic. mixture, Rasēndrac. — *sāmya*, milk, L. — *sāra*, m. N. of a son of Candragupta, BhP. — *senā*, m. N. of a king, MBh.; Inscr.; (v. l. *-sheṇa*); of a Jina, W. — *stha*, mfn. standing in water, reflected in the w°, Mn. iv, 37. **Vārīsa**, m. 'lord of waters,' the ocean, L.

Vārīti, mfn. growing near the water (said of water-plants), VS.; TBr.

1. **Vārin** (ifc.) = 1. *vāri*, water, R. (for 2. *vārin* see p. 944, col. 1).

Vāriya, Nom. Ā. *°yate*, to resemble water, Sāh.

Vāry, in comp. for 1. *vāri*. — *ayana*, n. a reservoir of water, pond &c., BhP. — *āmalaka*, m. a kind of Myrobolan growing near water, R. — *udbhava*, n. 'w°-born,' a lotus-flower, L. — *upajivin*, mfn. or m. gaining one's living by w°. a w°-carrier, fisherman &c., VarBrS. — *oka*, m. (W.) or *-okas*, (prob.) f. (Mn.; Suśr.) 'dwelling in water,' a leech.

1. **Vārya**, mfn. (for 2. and 3. see p. 944, col. 1) watery, aquatic, L.

वार 1. vāra, m. (earlier form of *vāla*, q. v.) the hair of any animal's tail (esp. of a horse's tail, = *oṅpā*), RV.; m. n. sg. and pl. a hair-sieve, ib. — *vat* (*vāra*), mfn. long-tailed (as a horse), RV. — *vantīya*, n. (fr. prec.) N. of a Sāman, MaitrS.; Br.; ŚrS. (also *indrasya vāravantīyam*, *vāra-vantīyādīyam*, and *vāravantīyōttaram*).

वार 2. vāru (fr. *√I. vri*), m. keeping back, restraining (also mfn. ifc. = difficult to be restrained, TBr.; cf. *dur-v°*); anything which covers or surrounds or restrains, a cover, MW.; anything which causes an obstruction, a gate, door-way, W.; anything enclosed or circumscribed in space or time, esp. an appointed place (e. g. *sva-vāraṃ samā-√sthā*, to occupy one's proper place), R.; the time fixed or appointed for anything (accord. to some fr. *√2. vri*, to choose), a person's turn, MBh.; Kāv. &c. (often, esp. with numerals, = times, e. g. *vārāṅs trīn* or *vāra-trayam*, three times; *bhūriḥvāri vārāḥ* or *bhūri-vārān* or *bahu-vāram* or *vāram vāram* or *vāram vāreṇa*, many times, often, repeatedly); the turn of a day (under the regency of a planet), a day of the week (they are Āditya-, Soma-, Maṅgala-, Budha-, Guru-, Śukra-, and Śani-v°; cf. IW. 178, n. 1), Ganit.; Yājñ., Sch.; Kāv. &c. (cf. *dina* and *divasa-v°*); a moment, occasion, opportunity, W.; a multitude, quantity (see *bāna-v°*); an arrow, L.; *Achyranthes Aspera*, L.; N. of Śiva, L.; (ā), f. a harlot, courtesan, MBh. vi, 5766 (cf. *kanyakā* &c.); n. a vessel for holding spirituous liquor, L.; a partic. artificial poison, L. — *kanyakā*, f. 'girl (taken) in turn,' a harlot, courtesan, Daś. — *nārī*, f. id. (ifc. *°rika*), Kathās. — *pāsi* or *-pāsya*, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh.; VP. (cf. *-vāsī*). — *bāna*, m. or n. (?) an armour, mail, Ragh.; Śiś. &c. (cf. *bāna-v°*). — *bushā* or *-brīshā*, f. *Musa Sapientum*, L. (cf. *vārāna-busā*). — *matha*, m. N. of a prince, VP. — *mukhya*, m. (prob.) a singer, dancer, MärkP.; (ā), f. the chief of a number of harlots, a royal courtesan, MBh.; R. &c. — *yuvati*, f. = *kanyakā*, Daś. — *yoga*, m. ground flour or meal, powder, Gal. — *yoshit*, f. = *kanyakā*, Kāv.; Pur.; *°shin-mukhyā* = *vāra-mukhyā*, Daś. — *rāmā* (Kuṭṣānim), — *vadhū* (Śiś.; Kathās.), — *vanitā* (Ratnāv.; Dhūr-tan.), f. a harlot, prostitute. — *vāṇa*, see *-bāṇa*.