

shpāś) very clear or apparent, manifest, evident, plain, intelligible (*am*, ind. clearly &c.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; -tā, f. great clearness or perspicuity, Sāh.; °tārtha, mfn. having a very clear or obvious sense, Mn. ii, 33.

Vispashṭī, in comp. for °shṭa. — **karana**, n. the making clear or evident, L. — √kṛi, P. -karoti, to make clear or evident, Sāy.

विस्पृ *vi-sprī*. See *vi-shpri*, p. 1000, col. 2.

विस्फर् *vi-sphar* (cf. *vi-sphur*), Caus. -sphārayati (Pass. °ryate), to open wide (eyes), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to draw, discharge (a bow), MBh.

Vi-sphāra, m. (also written *vi-shphāra*) opening wide, Sāh.; discharging a bow, the twang of a bow-string, MBh.; R.; trembling, agitation, W. °sphāraka, m. a kind of dangerous fever, Bhpr. (also °sphuraka and °sphoraka). °sphārapa, n. spreading (wings), Jātakam. °sphārita, mfn. opened wide, torn or rent asunder, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; exhibited, manifested, displayed, Śiś.; Jātakam.; n. drawing or discharging (a bow), MBh.

विस्फल् *vi-sphal*. See next.

Vi-sphāla, m. (also written *vi-shphāla*, Pān., Sch.), Kāś. on Pān. vi, 1, 47.

विस्फाय् *vi-sphāy*, Ā. -sphāyate, to swell, Sadukt.

Vi-sphīta, mfn. abundant, plentiful, L.

विस्फुट् *vi-sphuṭ*, P. -sphuṭati, -sphoṭati (fut. -sphuṭishyati), to burst open, be split or cleft or rent asunder, R.; MārkP.

Vi-sphuṭa, mfn. burst open, gaping (°tī-krīta, mfn. = next), Suśr. °sphuṭita, mfn. opened, burst, MBh.

Vi-sphoṭa, m. cracking, crashing, MBh.; a blister, boil, Kāv.; Kathās.; Suśr.; mfn. open, Divyāv. °sphoṭaka, m. a blister, boil, Suśr.; a kind of leprosy, AgP.; ŚāringS.; small-pox, W.; N. of a serpent-demon, L.; (ikā), f. a blister, boil, Śāk., Sch. °sphoṭana, n. the appearance of blisters, Kāṇ.; loud roaring, BhP.

विस्फुर् *vi-sphur* (cf. *vi-sphar*), P. -sphurati or -shphurati (Pān. viii, 3, 76), to dart asunder (intr.), RV.; ŠBr.; to quiver, tremble, writhe, struggle, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to vibrate, flash, glitter, ib.; to break forth, appear, Subh.; ŚāringS.

Vi-sphura, mfn. opening the eyes wide, R. °sphurana, n. quivering (of lightning), Harav. (cf. also *buddhi-visphurana*). °sphurita, mfn. trembling, quivering, palpitating (°tādhara, mfn. having quivering lips, BhP.); °tēkshāna, mfn. having trembling eyes, R.); flashing, glittering (-sastra, mfn. with glittering weapons, Uttarā.); swollen, enlarged, W.; n. = °sphurana, Jātakam. °sphuritavya, mfn. to be opened wide (as the eyes), Kāṇd.

Vi-sphoraka, see *vi-sphāraka*. °sphorya, mfn. (fut. p. p. of *vi-sphur*), Pat.

विस्फुर्ज् *vi-sphurj* &c. See *vi-sphurj*.

विस्फुल् *vi-sphul*, P. -sphulati or -shphulati (Pān. viii, 3, 76), to wave or flicker to and fro, move hither and thither, Bhaṭṭ. °sphulinga, m. (cf. *vi-shphulinga*) a spark of fire, Up.; MBh. &c. (°gī-√bhū, P. -bhavati, to become a mere spark, Inscr.); a sort of poison, L.; (ā), f. a spark (= m.), Harav. °sphulingaka, mf(ikā)n. sparkling, glittering, AgP.

विस्फुर्ज् *vi-sphurj* (incorrectly -sphurj), P. -sphūrjati, to resound, thunder, roar, BhP.; to snort, MBh.; to break forth, appear, Kāv.: Caus. -sphūrjayati, to cause to resound or twang (a bow), BhP. °sphūrja, m. roaring, thundering, breaking forth like thunder, Kāṇ.; Ragh. °sphūrjathu, m. thundering, roaring (as of waves), a thunder-clap, MW.; -prakhya, mfn. resembling a clap of thunder, ib. °sphūrjana, n. gaping, opening wide, Sarvad. °sphūrjita, mfn. resounded, resounding &c.; broken forth, appeared, Kāv.; outstretched, Suśr.; shaken, agitated, BhP.; m. N. of a serpent-demon, Buddh.; n. the act of rumbling, resounding, roaring, thundering, MBh.; R.; BhP.; breaking forth, sudden manifestation of (comp.), Ragh.; Prab.; knitting, contraction (of the brows), BhP.

विस्फोट *vi-sphoṭa* &c. See above under *vi-sphuṭ*.

विस्मि *vi-smi*, Ā. -smayate (m. c. also P.) to wonder, be surprised or astonished at (instr., loc., or abl.), ŠBr. &c. &c.; to be proud of (instr.), Mn. iv, 236: Caus. -smāyayati or -smāpayati, °te (cf. Pān. i, 3, 68; vi, 1, 57), to astonish, surprise, MBh.; Kāv. &c.: Desid. of Caus., see *vi-sismāpayishu*.

I. Vi-smaya, m. (for 2. see p. 953, col. 1) wonder, surprise, amazement, bewilderment, perplexity (in rhet. one of the *sthāyi-bhāvas*, q. v.), MBh.; Kāv.; Daśar.; pride, arrogance, Mn.; BhP.; doubt, uncertainty, W.; -kara, -kārin, -mī-kara, -mī-gama, mfn. causing astonishment or admiration, astonishing, wonderful, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; -vat, mfn. manifesting pride or arrogance, Heat.; -vishāda-vat, mfn. filled with astonishment and perplexity, Kathās.; -harsha-mūla, mfn. caused by astonishment and joy, MW.; °yākula, °yānvita or °yāvishṭa, mfn. filled with astonishment or wonder, MBh.; °yāt-phulla-nayana (or -locana), mfn. having eyes wide open or staring with astonishment, MW. °sma-yana, n. astonishment, wonder, Cat. °sma-yaniya, mfn. astonishing, wonderful, MBh. °sma-yin, mfn. amazed, surprised, Śiś.

Vi-smāpaka, mfn. (fr. Caus.) causing astonishment or surprise, wonderful, Kāv. °smāpana, mf(ī)n. id., MBh.; VarBrS.; BhP.; m. a juggler, conjurer, L.; illusion, deceit, L.; = *gandharvanagara* (q. v.), L.; the god of love, L.; n. the act of astonishing or surprising, Hariv.; a means of surprising, Car.; BhP.; a surprising or miraculous sign or phenomenon, VarBrS. °smāpaniya, mfn. causing astonishment ('in' or 'to,' gen.), Hariv. °smā-payaniya, mfn. id., MBh. °smāpin, mfn. = °smāpana, Harav.

Vi-smita, mfn. amazed, surprised, perplexed, MaitrUp.; MBh. &c.; wondered at, surprising, R.; BhP.; proud, arrogant, BhP.; n. and (ā), f. a kind of metre, Col.; -mānasa, mfn. surprised or perplexed in mind, MW.; °tānana, mfn. having a surprised face, ib. °smiti, f. astonishment, wonder, surprise, ib.

Vi-smēra, mfn. wondering, astonished, surprised, Śiś.

विस्मृ *vi-smṛi*, P. -smarati (m. c. also Ā.), to forget, be unmindful of (acc. or gen.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.: Pass. -smāryate (aor. vy-asmāri), to be forgotten, Rājat.: Caus. -smārayati (fut. -smārāyishyate), to cause to forget, Vīkr. iii, 18: Desid. of Caus., see *vi-sismārayishu*.

Vi-smarana, n. the act of forgetting, oblivion, Kap.; Śāk. °smāraṇiya, °smartavya, °smārya, mfn. to be forgotten, Kāv.; Kathās. &c.

Vi-smārita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) caused to forget anything (acc.), Rājat.; caused to be forgotten, lost to memory, BhP.

Vi-smṛita, mfn. one who has forgotten anything, forgetful of (acc. or comp.), Kāv.; forgetful of all, R. ii, 58, 30; forgotten by (instr. or gen.), R.; Kālid.; Rājat. &c.; -pūrva-saṃskāra, mfn. forgetting a former promise or resolution, MW.; m. N. of Bhava-bhūti, L.; -vat, mfn. one who has forgotten, Śāk.; -saṃskāra, mfn. one who forgets an agreement, MW. °smṛiti, f. forgetfulness, loss of memory, oblivion, Kāv.; VarBrS.; Kathās.

विस्मन्त् *vi-syand*, *vi-syanda* &c. See *vi-shyand*, p. 1000, col. 2.

विस्र *visra*, mfn. (fr. √vis for bis?) musty, smelling of raw meat, VarBrS.; Kathās.; Suśr. &c.; (ā), f. a species of plant (= *hapushā*), L.; n. (only L.) a smell like that of raw meat; blood; fat.

-gandha, m. a musty smell, VarBrS.; mfn. smelling musty or of raw meat, L.; (ā), f. = *visrā*, L.

-gandhi, mfn. smelling of raw meat, Kād.; n. oripment, L. — tā, f., -tva, n. mustiness, Suśr.

Visraka, mfn. = *visra*, smelling of raw meat, ŚāringS.

विसंस् *vi-srans*, Ā. -sransate (ep. also P.; Ved. inf. -srāsah, cf. *vi-srās*), to fall asunder, break down, collapse, be broken (as limbs), fall off, become loose or unfastened (as hair), RV.; Br.; Up.; Hariv.; Pañcar.: Caus. -srāsayati, to cause to fall asunder &c., let fall, loosen, untie, AV. &c. &c.; to betray, publish, MBh.

Vi-srānsa, m. falling asunder, dropping down, relaxation, weakness, Br.; Suśr.; -jā, f. decrepitude, L. °srānsana, mfn. causing to fall down or away, casting off, MBh.; Sāh.; n. falling down, Gaut.; slackening, relaxation, Suśr.; loosening, unfastening,

casting off, Git.; a laxative, aperient, W. °srānsikā, f. (of doubtful meaning), MaitrS.; Kāṭh.; ĀpŚr. (cf. Pān. viii, 3, 110, Sch.) °srānsita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) caused to fall down or asunder, dropped, loosened, untied, Kāv.; Kathās. &c.; -keśa-bandhana, mfn. one whose hair-band has become loose, BhP.; -silānsuka, mfn. one whose white garment has slipped down, Kathās. °srānsin, mfn. falling or slipping down (as a garland), Ragh.

Vi-srās, (prob.) f. dropping down, debility, decay (abl. °srāsah also as inf.), RV.; AV.; Br. °srāsā, f. decrepitude, infirmity, senility, Bālar.

Vi-srasta, mfn. fallen asunder or down, unfastened, untied, loosened, detached, AV. &c. &c.; dishevelled (as hair), HParis.; slackened, relaxed, MBh.; -kusuma-sraj, mfn. one whose garland of flowers has fallen off, Kathās.; -cetas, mfn. one whose spirit is dejected, MBh. (B. vi-dhvasta-c); -paunsna, mfn. one whose manhood is broken or impaired, BhP.; -bandhana, mfn. having bonds or fetters unfastened, Kathās.; -vasana, mfn. having loosened garments, ib.; -śiroruhāmbara, mfn. having dishevelled hair and loosened garments, BhP.; -srag-vibhūshāna, mfn. one whose garland and ornaments have fallen off, MBh.; -hāra, mfn. one whose necklace has slipped off, MW.; °tāṅga, mfn. having a languid body or relaxed limbs, MBh.

Vi-srāsyā, mfn. to be loosened or untied, TS.

विस्रम् *vi-srambh*, *vi-srambha* &c. See *vi-srambh*, p. 992, col. 1.

विस्रि *visri*, m. N. of a man, g. śubhrūdi (v.l. *visri*).

विस्रु *vi-sru*, P. -sravati, to flow forth or away, issue from (abl.), ŠBr.; MBh.; to discharge or emit (any fluid), MBh.; R.; to flow asunder (fig.), melt, dissolve, come to nothing, MBh.: Caus. -srāvayati, to cause to flow forth or away, MBh.; to wash away, Car.; to let blood (with gen. or acc. of pers.), Suśr.

Vi-srava, m. a flow, stream, MBh.; efflux, issuing moisture, Jātakam. °sravāṇa, n. flowing asunder, Nir.

Vi-srāvan-misrā, mfn. (pr. p. of *vi-sru* + m°) having blood streaming forth (on it), ŠBr.

Vi-srāva, m. (also written -srāva) flowing forth, issuing, Hariv. °srāvana, n. (fr. Caus.) causing to flow (blood, matter &c.), bleeding, Suśr. °srāvita, mfn. (fr. id.) wasted away, caused to flow out, bled, ib. °srāvitavya, mfn. (fr. id.) = next, MW. °srāvyā, mfn. (fr. id.) to be made to flow, MBh. (cf. a-visr°); dissolving, melting, becoming liquid (tā, f.), Cat.; to be bled, requiring bleeding, Suśr.

Vi-srūta, mfn. flowed forth, dropped, flowing, W.; spread, diffused, stretched, ib. °sruti, f. (also written -sruti) flowing forth, issuing from (abl.), VarBrS.

विस्रुह् *vi-sruh*, f. (prob. fr. √sruh = rūdh, to grow; cf. vi-rūdh) a plant, shoot (?), RV. v, 44, 3 (read vi-sruhām); vi, 7, 6 (Nir. āpāh; Sāy. nādyāh).

विस्रन् *vi-svan* (cf. *vi-shvan*), P. -svanati, to sound forth, roar, yell, Śiś. xviii, 77 (cf. Pān. viii, 3, 69, Sch.)

विस्रप् *vi-svap*, P. -svapiti (pf. -su-shvāpa), Vop.

Vi-shupta, mfn. fallen asleep, sleeping, Kāṭh.; ĀpŚr. (cf. Pān. viii, 3, 88, Sch.)

विस्रर् *vi-svara*, *vi-svāda*. See p. 953, col. 2.

विहग *viha-ga*, *vihaṇ-ga* &c. See under *vi-vīhā* below.

विहत् *vihat*, f. = *vehat*, L.

विहन् *vi-han* (often w.r. for ni-han), P. -hanti, to strike apart or asunder, disperse, shatter, break, destroy, RV.; AV.; Br.; to beat asunder, extend (a skin), RV.; ŠBr.; to tear off, TBr.; to unbind, loosen (hair), Pān. iii, 1, 21, Sch.; to ward off, repel, MBh.; R.; to keep back, withhold, refuse, MBh.; to hinder, interrupt, distract, prevent, frustrate, annihilate, ib.; R. &c.: Pass. -hanyate, to be frustrated or disappointed, exert one's self in vain, MBh.; R.; Hariv.: Caus. -ghātayati, °te, to beat, vanquish, defeat, Hit.; (Ā.) to afflict, distress, annoy, MBh.; to interrupt, distract, Kull. on Mn. v, 84: