

शातित *sātita*, mfn. caused to fall, overthrown, destroyed, cut off &c., MBh.

शातिन् *sātin*, mfn. cut off (ifc.), Ragh.

शाति 3. *sāta*, n. joy, pleasure, happiness, L.; mfn. handsome, bright, happy, W.

शाति 4. *sāta*, Vṛiddhi form of *sāta*, in comp.

— **kumbha**, n. (fr. *sāta-kumbhā*) gold, MBh.; R. &c.; mfn. golden, ib.; m. *Nerium Odorum*, L.; the thorn-apple, L.; -*drava*, n. melted gold, Ml.; -*maya*, mfn. made or consisting of gold, golden, MBh.; Hariv.; R.

— **kaumbha**, mfn. (fr. *sātakumbha*) golden, ib.; n. gold, ib.; -*maya*, mfn. golden, BhP.

— **kratava**, mfn. (fr. *sātā-kratu*) relating to Indra (with *sārāsana*, n. a rainbow, Vcar.; with *āśā*, f. the east, Kād.)

— **dvāreya**, m. patr. fr. *sāta-dvāra*, g. *śubhrāddi*. — **pata**, mfn. (fr. *sāta-pati*), g. *asvapatyādi*. — **pattrā**, mfn. (fr. *sāta-pattrā*), g. *śarkarādi*. — **pattraka**, m. or *ōkī*, f. (fr. id.) moonlight, L.

— **patha**, mfn. relating or belonging to or based upon the Śatapatha-brāhmaṇa, Kāś.; Śamk.; = *sātapatha-br*<sup>o</sup>, Hcat.; *ōthika*, m. an adherent or teacher of the ŚBr., L.

— **parneya**, m. patr. fr. *sāta-parṇa*, ŚBr. — **putraka**, n. (fr. *sāta-putra*) the possession of a hundred sons, g. *manojāddi*. — **bhisha**, mfn. born under the Nakshatra Śata-bhishaj, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 7, Vārtt. I, Pat. — **bhishaja**, mfn. id., ib.

— **bhīru**, m. (fr. *sāta-bhīru*) a kind of Mallikā or Arabian jasmine, L.

— **manyava**, mfn. (fr. *sāta-manyu*) relating or belonging to Indra, Kir. (with *āśā*, f. the eastern quarter, Hcar.)

— **māna**, mfn. (fr. *sāta-māna*) bought with the measure of one hundred, Pāṇ. v, 1, 27. — **rātrika**, mfn. (fr. *sāta-rātra*) relating to the ceremony of a hundred nights (or days), Kātyāśr., Sch.

— **vaneiyā**, m. patr. fr. *sāta-vani*, RV. — **sūrpa**, m. (fr. *sāta-sūrpa*) N. of a man, Nid.

— **hrada**, mfn. (fr. *sāta-hrada*) relating or belonging to lightning, Ragh.

शातक *sātaka*, m. pl. N. of a people, VarBrS. (v.l.)

शातकर्णि *sātakarṇi* or *ōṇin*, m. (fr. *sāta-karṇa* or *sāta-k*<sup>o</sup>) N. of various kings, Ragh.; Pur.; of an author, Cat.

शातपन्त *sātapanṭa* (only du. *ōntā*; prob. w.r.), RV. x, 106, 5.

शातला *sātalā*, f., v.l. for *sātalā*, q.v.

शातलेय *sātaleya*, m. patr. fr. *sātala*, g. *śubhrāddi*.

शातवाहन *sātavāhana*, m. N. of a king (= *sāli-vāhana*), Kathās.

शातातप *sātātapa*. See under I. *sāta*.

शाताहर *sātāhara*, m. N. of a man, g. *śubhrāddi*.

शाताहरेय *sātāhareya*, m. patr. fr. *sātala*, ib.

शात्र *sātra*, n. N. of various Sāmans, ĀrshBr.

शात्रव *sātrava*, mfn. (fr. *sātru*) belonging to an enemy, hostile, inimical, R.; Ragh.; m. an enemy, MBh.; Kāv.; n. enmity, hostility, L.; a multitude of enemies, L.

— **Sātravēṅita**, n. an enemy's intention, MW.

शात्रविय *sātraviya*, mfn. relating to an enemy, inimical, Śiś.

शात्रुमति *sātrumati*, m. pl. (fr. *sātrum-tapa*) N. of a people or community, g. *dāmanyādi*.

शात्रुमतिपीय *sātrumtapiya*, m. a king or chief of the Śātrumtapis, ib.

शात्रुवाल *sātvala*, m. pl. N. of a Śākhā or Vedic school, MW.

शाद *sāda*, m. (fr. *√2. sād*, cf. 2. *sāta*) falling off, dropping (see *parṇa-s*<sup>o</sup>); young grass, RV.; VS.; mud, slime, L.; = *rakshas*, Sāy. on RV. ix, 15, 6; (*ā*), f. a brick, Gobh. — **harita**, mfn. green or fresh with young grass, L.

शाद्वाल *sādvala*, mfn. (often written *sādvala*; cf. Pāṇ. iv, 2, 88) abounding in fresh or green grass, grassy, verdant, green; n. sg. and pl. (L. also m.; ifc. f. *ā*) a place abounding in young grass, grassy spot, turf, GrS.; Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; m. a bull, L. (written *sādvala*). — **vat**, mfn. covered with grass, grassy, PāṇGr. — **sthali**, f. a grassy spot, grass-plot, MW.

शाद्वालभ *sādvalabha*, m. a partic. green insect, Suśr.

शाद्वालित *sādvalita*, n. the being covered with grass, BhP.

शाद्वालिन् *sādvalin*, mfn. covered with grass, grassy, green, R.

शान् *sān* (for *√sō*), only in Desid. Ā. *sīsānsate*, to whet, sharpen, Dhātup. xxiii, 26 (cf. Pāṇ. iii, 1, 6).

शाना *sāna*, m. (cf. I. *sāṇa*) a whetstone, grindstone, touchstone, L.; (*ī*), f. a sort of cucumber or colo-cynth, L. — **pāda**, m. N. of the Pāripātra mountain, MW.; a stone for grinding sandal, ib.

शानि *sāni*, f. Siddh.

शानित *sānita*, mfn. (cf. *sānita*) whetted, sharpened (compar. -*tara*), Kāv.

शानिय *sāniya*, mfn. to be whetted or sharpened, Pat.

I. **Sānta**, mfn. (perhaps always w.r. for I. *sāta*, q.v.) = *sānita*, L.; thin, slender, Hariv.; R. (Sch.) **Sāntodara**, mfn. (for *sātodara*, q.v.) slender-waisted (-*tva*, n.), Hariv.; VarBrS.

शानच् *sānac*, (in gram.) a technical term for the Kṛit affixes *āna* or *amāna* (used in forming present participles Ātmane-pada when the radical syllable is accentuated, or for *āna* substituted for *hi*, the affix of the 2. sg. Impv.)

शानिल *sānila*, m. N. of a man, Cat.

शानैश्चर *sānaiścara*, mfn. (fr. *sānaiś-cara*) relating to Saturn or to his day, falling on a Saturday, Vet.

शान 2. *sāntā*, mfn. (fr. *√1. sām*) appeased,

pacified, tranquil, calm, free from passions, undisturbed, Up.; MBh. &c.; soft, pliant, Hariv.; gentle,

mild, friendly, kind, auspicious (in augury; opp. to *dīpta*), AV. &c. &c.; abated, subsided, ceased, stopped, extinguished, averted (*sāntam* or *dhik sāntam* or *sāntam pāpam*, may evil or sin be averted! may God forbend! Heaven forbid! not so!), ŚBr.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; rendered ineffective, innoxious, harmless (said of weapons), MBh.; R.; come to an end, gone to rest, deceased, departed, dead, died out, ib.; Ragh.; Rājat.; purified, cleansed, W.; m. an ascetic whose passions are subdued, W.; tranquillity, contentment (as one of the Rasas, q.v.); N. of a son of Day, MBh.; of a son of Manu Tāmasa, MärkP.; of a son of Śambara, Hariv.; of a son of Idhma-jihva, BhP.; of a son of Āpa, VP.; of a Deva-putra, Lalit.; (*ā*), f. (in music) a partic. Śruti, Samgīt.; Emblica Officinalis, L.; Prosopis Spicigera and another species, L.; a kind of Dūrvā grass, L.; a partic. drug (= *renukā*), L.; N. of a daughter of Daśa-ratha (adopted daughter of Loma-pāda or Roma-pāda and wife of Rishya-śriṅga), MBh.; Hariv.; R.; (with Jainas) of a goddess who executes the orders of the 7th Arhat, L.; of a Śakti, MW.; n. tranquillity, peace of mind, BhP.; N. of a Varsha in Jambu-dvīpa, ib.; N. of a Tīrtha, W. — **karna**, m. (with prefixed *śrī*) N. of a king, BhP. — **kroḍha**, mfn. one whose anger is appeased, MW. — **guna**, mfn. one whose virtues are destroyed, i.e. deceased, R. — **ghora-vimūḍhatva**, n. calmness and vehemence and infatuation, BhP. — **cetas**, mfn. tranquil-minded, Kāv.; composed in mind, calm, Pañcat.; Hit. &c. — **jvara**, mfn. one whose fever or grief is alleviated, MBh. — **tā**, f. quietness, calmness, freedom from passion, Kathās. — **toya**, mfn. having calm or still waters, gently flowing, MW. — **tvā**, n. = *-tā*, MaitrUp.; BhP. — **devatya**, mfn. who or what appeases a god, that by which a divinity is appeased, MW. — **pura**, n. (W.) or *ōri*, f. (Buddh.) N. of a town. — **bhaya**, m. N. of a son of Medhātithi, VP.; n. N. of the Varsha ruled by him, ib. (v.l. *sāṇṭanāvāna*). — **mati**, m. 'composed in mind,' N. of a Deva-putra, Lalit. — **manas**, mfn. composed in mind, MBh.; Sak.; VarBrS. — **mala**, mfn. having all defilement removed, W. — **moha**, n. 'having delusion dispelled,' (with Jainas) N. of the 11th of the 14 stepstowardssupreme happiness, Cat. — **yoni(sāntā)**, mfn. one whose birth-place is auspicious, TBr. — **rajas**, mfn. dustless or passionless (lit. 'having dust or passion allayed'), Bhag. — **rāya**, mfn. slackened in speed, W.; m. N. of a son of Dharma-sārathi, BhP. — **rāva**, mfn. uttering auspicious sounds, VarBrS. — **raśmi**, mfn. one whose rays are extinguished or dimmed (as the sun), R. — **rāsa**, m. the sentiment of quietism or tranquillity, MW.; *-nāṭaka*, n. N. of a drama. — **rūpa**, mfn. having a tranquil appearance, tr<sup>o</sup>, calm, Pañcat. — **lābha**, mfn. that which has ceased to bear interest, Brihasp. — **vivāda**, mfn. having disputes allayed, reconciled, appeased, W.

— **vīra-deśikēndra**, m. N. of an author, Cat.

— **sī**, m. N. of Pracanda-deva, W. — **sumati**, m. N. of a Deva-putra, Lalit. (cf. *sānta-mati*). — **sūri**, m. N. of a scholar, Cat. — **sena**, m. N. of a son of Subahu, BhP. — **haya**, m. N. of a son of Manu Tāmasa, VP. — **hrīdaya**, mfn. tranquil-hearted, ChUp.

— **Sāntātman**, mfn. calm-minded, composed, MaitrUp.

— **Sāntāntakara**, m. N. of a son of Śambara, Hariv.

— **Sāntārcis**, mfn. whose flame is extinguished, gone out (as fire), MBh.

— **Sāntaka**, mfn. allaying, appeasing (see *roga-s*<sup>o</sup>).

— **Sāntaya**, Nom. P. *ōyati*, to calm any one, Śak.

— **Sānti**, f. tranquillity, peace, quiet, peace or calmness of mind, absence of passion, averting of pain (*sānti! sānti! sānti!* may the three kinds of pain be averted!), indifference to objects of pleasure or pain, KathUp.; MBh. &c.; alleviation (of evil or pain), cessation, abatement, extinction (of fire &c.), AV. &c. &c.; a pause, break, interruption, Hcat.; any expiatory or propitiatory rite for averting evil or calamity, Br. &c. (cf. RTL. 346); peace, welfare, prosperity, good fortune, ease, comfort, happiness, bliss, MBh.; R. &c.; destruction, end, eternal rest, death, Kāv.; Kathās.; BhP.; = *sānti-kalpa*, BhP.; Tranquillity &c. personified (as a daughter of Śradhā, as the wife of Atharvan, as the daughter of Daksha and wife of Dharma), Hariv.; Prab.; Pur.; m. N. of a son of Indra, MBh.; of Indra in the tenth Manv-antara, Pur.; of a Tushita (son of Vishnu and Dakshinā), ib.; of a son of Kṛishṇa and Kālīndī, ib.; of a Rishi, MBh.; of a son of Aṅgiras, ib.; of a disciple of Bhūti, MärkP.; of a son of Nila and father of Su-sānti, VP.; (with Jainas) of an Arhat and Cakra-vartin, L.; of a teacher (also called *ratnākara-s*<sup>o</sup>), Buddh. — **kamalākara**, m. N. of part of wk. — **kara**, mfn. causing peace or prosperity, VarBrS.; m. N. of a man, Kathās. — **karana**, n. the averting of evil, Kātyāśr. — **kartri**, mfn. causing tranquillity, calming, allaying, MW.; m. any divinity who averts evil or suffering, ib. — **karman**, n. any action for averting evil, ĀśvGr.; N. of wk.

— **kalpa**, m., — **kalpa-dīpikā**, f., — **kalpa-pra-**

**dīpa**, m., — **kalpa-latā**, f., — **kalyāṇi**, f. N. of wks. — **kāma**, m. desire of tranquillity, W.; mfn. desirous of tr<sup>o</sup>, ib. — **kārin**, mfn. soothing, pacifying, A. — **kṛit**, mfn. removing evil or causing alleviation by reciting texts &c., MBh. — **khanda**,

— **gāna-pati**, m. N. of wks. — **guṇta** (Buddh.),

— **guru** (Cat.), m. N. of men. — **gṛīha** (VarBrS.) or *ōhaka* (L.), n. a room for the performance of propitiatory rites to avert evil. — **grantha**, m., — **candrikā**, f., — **caritra**, n., — **caritra-nāṭaka**, n., — **cintāmani**, m. N. of wks. — **jala**, n. = *sānty-uda*, W. — **tattvāṁṛita**, n. N. of wk. — **da**, mfn. causing tranquillity or prosperity, VarBrS.; N. of Vishnu, RTL. 106, n. I. — **dīpikā**, f. N. of wk.

— **deva**, m. N. of a man, Buddh.; (*ā* [Hariv.; Pur.], or *ī* [VP.]), f. N. of a daughter of Devaka (and one of Vasu-deva's wives). — **nāṭha**, m. N. of an Arhat (with Jainas; = *sānti*), Śatr.; — **caritra**, n., — **puṇā**, n. N. of wks. — **nirṇaya**, m., — **patala**, — **pad-**

**dhāti**, f. N. of wks. — **parvan**, n. 'Tranquillizing-section,' N. of the 12th book of the Mahā-bhārata (the longest in the whole poem and consisting chiefly of stories, discourses and episodes narrated for the tranquillizing of the troubled spirit of Yudhiṣṭhīra after the termination of the war and the slaughter of his relatives). — **pāṭha**, m. N. of wk. — **pāṭra**, n. a vessel for propitiatory water, ŚāṅkhGr. — **pā-**

**ri-jāta</b**