

n. N. of wks. — **devī**, f. N. of a princess, Hcar. — **nitya-pūjā-paddhati**, f., -**paddhati**, f. N. of wks. — **pūjā**, f. the worship of Śyāmā or Durgā (on the new moon of the month Kārttika), W.; — **paddhati**, f. N. of wk. — **prakarana**, n., -**pradīpa**, m., -**prayoga-vidhi**, m., -**mantra**, m. pl., -**mā-nasārcana**, n., -**ratna**, n., -**rahasya**, n. N. of wks. — **ruta**, n. the song of the bird Śyāmā, Cat. — **reana-candrikā** (°mār°), f. N. of wk. — **latā**, f. (prob.) = *śyāma-l*, VarBrS. — **vatī**, f. N. of a woman, Divyāv. — **saparyā-krama**, m., -**saparyā-vidhi**, m., -**sahasra-nāman**, n., -**stotra**, n. N. of wks.

śyāmāka, m. a kind of cultivated millet (*Panicum Frumentaceum*; pl. grains of it), VS. &c. &c. &c.; N. of a man, Divyāv.; pl. N. of a people, VarBrS.; (°mākā), mf(i)n. made of Pan° Frum°, TS.; ŚrS.; MBh.; m. a patr., g. *vidādi*; *gopa-vanādi* (pl.) — **tandulā**, m. a grain of *Panicum Frum*, ŚBr. — **mushtim-paca**, mfn. cooking (a mere) handful of millet i. e. living very frugally, Bālar. **śyāmā-kāgrayaṇa**, n. the firstlings of millet; °nēshī, f. an oblation of the firstlings of millet, KātySr. Paddh. **śyāmākeshṭi**, f. an oblation of millet, ĀpSr.; KātySr. Paddh. **śyāmākāndana**, m. rice with millet, KātySr.

śyāmāya, Nom. Ā. °māyate, to assume a dark colour (°māyita, mfn. become dark), Kāv.; Sāh.

śyāmāyanā, m. a patr., g. *asvādi*; N. of a son of Viśvā-mitra, MBh.

śyāmāyanī, m. patr. of a teacher, Cat.

śyāmāyanin, m. pl. N. of a school, Pāṇ. iv, 3, 104, Sch.

śyāmāyanīya, m. pl. N. of a school of the Black Yajus, Hcat.; Caran.

śyāmita, mfn. blackened, darkened, Kir.

śyāmī, in comp. for *śyāma*. — √**kri**, P.-*karoti*, to darken, Kāv. — √**bhū**, P.-*bhavati*, to become dark-coloured, Kir.; Naish.; Hcar.

śyāmeye, m. a patr., g. *śubhrādi*.

śyāvā, mf(ā)n. (connected with *śyāma*) dark-brown, brown, dark-coloured, dark, RV.; AV.; Br. &c.; drawn by brown or bay horses (said of chariots, Ved.), MW.; pungent and sweet and sour, L.; m. a brown horse, RV.; brown (the colour), W.; a partic. disease of the outer ear, Suśr.; pungent and sweet and sour taste, L.; N. of a man, RV.; pl. the horses of the Sun, Naigh.; (i), f. a brown or bay mare, RV.; night, ib. (Naigh. i, 7); (*śyāva*) m. N. of a man, RV. — **tā**, f. brownness, Suśr.; ŚāringS. — **taila**, m. the mango-tree, L. — **da** (w.r.) = next, Āpast. — **dat** (*śyāvā*, AV.; TS.; TBr. &c.) or — **danta** (Kāth.; MārkP.; **-tā**, f. Mn.; Suśr.), or — **dantaka** (Mn.; Yājñ.; Suśr.; ŚāringS.), mfn. having dark or discoloured teeth (accord. to some ‘having a little tooth growing over the two front teeth’).

— **nāya**, m. N. of a man, g. *kurv-ādi*. — **nāyīya**, mfn., g. *utkarādi*. — **nāyya**, m. patr. fr. — **nāya**, g. *kurv-ādi*. — **putra**, m. N. of a man, g. *kurv-ādi*; °trya, m. patr. fr. it, ib. — **ratha**, m. N. of a man, ib.; °thyā, m. patr. fr. that N., ib. — **vartman**, n. a partic. disease of the eyelid, Suśr.; ŚāringS. **śyāvāksha**, mfn. brown-eyed, VarBrS. **śyāvāśva**, mfn. having brown horses, AV.; SāṅkhSr.; TĀr.; m. N. of a Vedic Rishi (having the patr. Ātreya; he was the supposed author of various hymns in the 5th, 8th, and 9th Mandalas; °vāśvāya prahitau, N. of two Sāmans), RV.; AV. &c.; n. the story of Śyāvāśva, SāṅkhSr.; N. of various Sāmans, SV.; Br.; Lāty.; (°vāśvā)-stuta, mfn. praised by Śyāvāśva, RV.; °vāśvi, m. patr. of the Vedic Rishi Andhigu, RAnukr. **śyāvāśya**, mfn. brown-faced (-tā, f., Suśr.), PārGr.

śyāvaka, mfn. brown, dark-coloured, MW.; m. N. of a man, RV.; pl. the horses of the Sun, MW.

śyāvaya, Nom.P. *śyāvayati*, to embrown, make brown, Car.

śyāvala, m. patr. fr. next, g. *vidādi*.

śyāvali, m. N. of a man, ib.

śyāvyā, f. (prob.) darkness, RV. vi, 15, 17.

श्याल *śyāla*. See *syāla*.

श्याव *śyāva*. See above.

श्येत *śyetā*, mf(*śyēti* or *śyetā*). (prob. connected with *śveta*, q.v.) reddish white, white, AV.; ŚBr.; ŚrS.; m. white (the colour), L.; (*śyēti*), f. a white cow (see *śyaineya*); a woman with a lily-white

complexion (= *kumuda-pattrālhā*), L. — **kolaka**, m. the Saphara fish, *Cyprinus Saphore* (commonly called Puṇṭi), L. **śyetākshā**, mf(i)n. having reddish-white eyes, VS.; ŚBr.; Kāth.

śyeti-√kri, Ā. -*kurute*, to master, overcome, TS.; TBr. (Sch.)

śyenā, m. a hawk, falcon, eagle, any bird of prey (esp. the eagle that brings down Soma to man), RV. &c. &c.; firewood laid in the shape of an eagle, Śulbas.; a kind of array (in battle), MBh.; Kām.; a partic. part of the sacrificial victim, Kauś.; a partic. Ekāha, ShaqVBr.; KātySr.; a horse, L.; N. of a Rishi (having the patr. Agneya and author of RV. x, 188), Anukr.; (with or without *Indrasya*) N. of a Sāman, ĀrshBr.; Lāty.; (ā), f. a female hawk, L.; (i), f. a female hawk, L.; N. of a daughter of Kaśyapa (regarded as the mother of hawks), MBh.; Hariv.; Pur.; a kind of metre, Piṅg.; mfn. eagle-like, AitBr.; coming from an eagle (as ‘eagle’s flesh’), Kṛishṇaj. (prob. w.r. for *śyaina*). — **kapotiya**, mfn. (the story) of the hawk and the pigeon (cf. *śibi*), MBh. — **karana**, n. ‘acting like a hawk,’ acting with precipitation, W.; burning on a separate funeral pile, ib. — **gāmin**, m. ‘flying like a hawk,’ N. of a Rākshasa, R. — **ghantā**, f. a kind of plant, L. — **cīt**, mfn. piled in the shape of a hawk, Śulbas.; m. a hawk-feeder, falconer, W. — **cita**, mfn. = prec.; m. a partic. Agni, MBh. — **citra**, m. N. of a man, ib. — **jit**, m. N. of a man, ib.; (-jiḍ)-ākhyāna, n. ‘hawk-story,’ N. of an episode in the Mahā-bhārata. — **jīvin**, m. one who lives by selling or training h’s, a falconer, Mn. iii, 164. — **jūta** (*śyend-*), mfn. swift as an eagle, RV. — **pattra**, n. an eagle’s feather, ŚBr.; KātySr. — **patvan** (*śyend-*), mfn. ‘flying by means of eagles,’ borne or drawn along by eagles, RV. — **pāta**, m. an eagle’s flight (a favourite feat of jugglers), Daś. (cf. Pāṇ. vi, 3, 71); mfn. flying along like an eagle, MBh. — **brihat**, m. N. of a Sāman (cf. *vrishaka*). — **bhṛita**, mfn. brought by the eagle (Soma), RV. — **yāga**, m. a kind of sacrifice, Col. — **vrishaka**, n. N. of a Sāman, ĀrshBr. — **hrīta** (*śyend-*), mfn. brought by the eagle (Soma or some similar plant), ŚBr.; KātySr. **śyenākhyā**, m. *Ardea Sibirica*, L. **śyenābhṛita**, mfn. = *śyena-bhṛita*, RV. **śyenā-vapātam**, ind. swooping down like an eagle or hawk, Prab. **śyenāsva-śyena** or **-śyaina**, n. N. of a Sāman, ĀrshBr. **śyenāhrīta**, m. = *śyena-hrīta*, L. **śyenōpadeśa**, m. injunction to women to burn on a separate funeral pile (cf. *śyena-karana*), W.

śyenikā, f. a female hawk or eagle (said to be a N. of two metres), Piṅg., Sch.; Ked.

śyenī. See *śyeta* and *śyena* above.

śyaitā, m. (also pl.), a patr., AV.; ĀśvSr.; n. N. of a Sāman, ĀrshBr.

śyaina, mfn. coming from a hawk &c. (see *śyena*).

śyainampāta, mf(ā)n. (fr. *śyena-pāta*) any place fit for the flying of hawks (= *śyena-pāto* ‘*śyām vartate*; with *mṛigayā*, f. ‘hawking, hunting with hawks’), Pāṇ. iv, 2, 58, Sch.

śyainika, mfn. relating or belonging to the Ekāha Śyena, PañcavBr., Sch.

śyaineya, mfn. (fr. *śyēti*) descended from a white cow, MaitrS.; metron. of Jaṭāyu, Mcar.

श्ये *śyai*, cl. I. P. *śyāyati*, to cause to congeal or freeze, ŚBr.; (Ā.) *śyāyate* (Gr. also pf. *śasye*; aor. *āsyāsta*; fut. *śyātā*, *śyāsyate*), to go, move, Dhātup. xxii, 67: Pass. *śiyate*, to congeal, freeze, be cold, TS.; TBr.: Caus. *śyāpayati*, Gr.: Desid. *śiśyāsate*, ib.: Intens. *śāśyāyate*, *śāśyeta*, *śāśyāti*, ib.

śīta. See p. 1077, col. 3.

śīna. See p. 1078, col. 2.

śyāna, mfn. shrunk, become dry (see below); viscous, sticky, adhesive (as clarified butter), W.; coagulated, congealed, W.; gone, ib. [Of. accord. to some, Lith. *šēnas*; Slav. *šeňo*.] — **pulina**, mfn. having dry sandbanks (as a river in the hot season), Bhartṛ.

श्योणक *śyonāka* or *śyonāka*, m. *Bignonia Indica*, Car.; Suśr.; VarBrS.

श्रंश *śraṇś*, *śraṇs*, w.r. for *śraṇs*.

श्रङ् *śrank* (also written *ślank*, *śraṅk*), cl. I. Ā. *śraṅkate* &c., to go, move, creep, Dhātup. iv, 9-11.

श्रङ् *śraṅg* (also written *ślaṅg*, *śvaṅg*, *svaṅg*), cl. I. P. *śraṅgati* &c., to go, move, Dhātup. v, 43-45.

श्रण *śraṇ* (only in *vi-√śraṇ*, q.v.), cl. I. P. (Dhātup. xix, 36) *śraṇati*, or cl. IO. P. (xxxii, 42) *śraṇayati* (aor. *āśiśraṇat* or *āśaśraṇat*, Siddh.; Vop.), to give, grant, present.

श्रत् *śrāt* or **श्रद्** *śrád*, ind. (accord. to Naigh. iii, 10 = *satya*, ‘truth, faithfulness;’ prob. allied to Lat. *credo* for *cred-do*; cor, *cord-is*; Gk. *καρδία*, *κραδίη*, Eng. ‘heart;’ only in comp. with *√kri* and *dāna* and *√dhā* and its derivations, see below).

श्रत-√kri, P.-*karoti*, to make secure, guarantee, RV. viii, 75, 2 (cf. Pāṇ. v, 4, 57, Sch.)

श्रद-धाधना, mfn. having faith, trustful, believing, RV. &c. &c. — **तः**, f. belief, faith, Mn. vii, 86. — **vat**, mfn. trustful, believing, VP.

श्रद-धाना, n. faith, belief, faithfulness, Sarvad.

श्रद-धा, mfn. having faith, believing in, trusting, faithful, having confidence, Kāth.; TS.; (ā), f., see below; n. = *śraddhā*, W.

श्रद-धयत(?), mfn. = *śrad-dadhāna*, MundUp.

श्रद-धयिता, mfn. trustful, believing in (gen.), Divyāv.

श्रद-√dhā, P.Ā.-*dadhati*, -*dhatte* (pr. p. *śrad-daihat*, *śrad-dadhāna*; Ved. inf. *śraddhē*, cf. *śrāt* above), to have faith or faithfulness, have belief or confidence, believe, be true or trustful (with *na*, ‘to disbelieve’ &c.), RV. &c. &c.; to credit, think anything true (two acc.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to believe or have faith in or be true to (with dat., and in later language with gen. of thing or person, or with loc. of thing), RV. &c. &c.; to expect anything (acc.) from (abl.), MBh.; to consent, assent to, approve, welcome (with acc.; with *na*, ‘to disapprove’), Kathās.; to be desirous of (acc.), wish to (inf.), ib.; BhP.: Caus. -*dhāpayati*, to make faithful, render trustful, inspire confidence, RV. x, 151, 5.

श्रद्धाहा, f. faith, trust, confidence, trustfulness, faithfulness, belief in (loc. or comp.; *śraddhayā* √*gam*, ‘to believe in’, with gen., Divyāv.), trust, confidence, loyalty (Faith or Faithfulness is often personified and in RV.x, 151 invoked as a deity; in TBr. she is the daughter of Prajā-pati, and in ŚBr. of the Sun; in MBh. she is the daughter of Daksha and wife of Dharma; in MārkP. she is the mother of Kāma, and in BhP. the daughter of Kardama and wife of Arīgiras or Manu), RV. &c. &c.; wish, desire (*śraddhayā*, ind. ‘willingly, gladly’), longing for (loc., acc. with *prati*, inf., or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; desire of eating, appetite, Suśr.; the longing of a pregnant woman, Car.; curiosity (*śraddhām* ākhyāhi *nas tāvat*, ‘just satisfy our curiosity and tell us’), Kathās.; purity, L.; respect, reverence, W.; calmness or composure of mind, MW.; intimacy, ib.; a term for the fem. nouns in ā, Kāt.; (with *Kāmā-yani*) N. of the authoress of RV. x, 151 (cf. above); du. (with *Prajā-pateḥ*) N. of two Sāmans, ĀrshBr. — **क्रिता**, mfn. done with faith or faithfulness, W. — **जाध्या**, n. blind or obstinate adherence to one’s f°, MW. — **देया**, n. trust, confidence, Divyāv.; also w.r. for next. — **देवा** (*śraddhā-*), mfn. trusting in the deity, faithful, believing, TS.; Br.; ChUp. (cf. *śrāddha-d*). — **नुसारिन** (*śraddhān*), m. ‘a follower or observer of faith,’ one who acts faithfully, a Śrāvaka at a partic. stage of his religious life, Divyāv. — **विविता** (*śraddhānv*), mfn. endowed with f°, believing, W. — **प्रकाराना**, n., -**बलाधाना**, n. N. of wks. — **मनस** (*śraddhā-*), mfn. true-hearted, faithful, RV. — **माया**, mf(i)n. full of faith, believing, Bhag. — **युक्ता**, mfn. having f°, believing, W. — **राहिता**, mfn. deprived of faith, disbelieving, ib. — **वात**, mfn. = *śrakta*, Bhag.; MārkP.; consenting, assenting, Kathās.; (vati), f. N. of a mythical town on mount Meru, BhP., Sch. — **व**