

Śvātha, Pāṇ. vi, 1, 216.

श्रुत् 1. *śvān*, m. (nom. sg. du. pl. *śvā*, *śvānau*, *śvānas*; weakest base *śun*, cf. 2. *śuna* &c., p. 1082; in some comp. *śvā* for *śva*, cf. below), a dog, hound, cur, RV. &c. &c.; (*śunī*), f. a female dog. [Cf. Zd. *spā*; Gr. *κύν*; Lat. *canis*; Lit. *szū*; Goth. *hunds*; Eng. *hound*; Germ. *Hund*.] - *vati* (*śvān-*), f. N. of a class of Apsaras, AV.

1. *Śva*, in comp. for 1. *śvan*. - *kaṅṭhaka*, m. the son of a Vrātya and a Śūdra (accord. to others 'a servant of Śūdras'), L. - *karna*, m. a dog's ear, KātyŚr., Sch. (cf. *śvā-k*). - *kishkīn*, mfn. (said of demons; accord. to some 'having the tail of a dog'), AV. viii, 6, 6. - *krīḍin*, mfn. keeping dogs for pleasure, Mn. iii, 164; m. a breeder of sporting dogs, W. - *kharōshtra*, n. sg. a dog and an ass and a camel, Mn. iv, 115. - *gana*, m. a pack of hounds, Hariv. - *ganika*, mf(ā)n. accompanied by a pack of h^o, Prāyasc.; m. a hunter, W.; m. and (ā) f. a dog-feeder; one who is drawn by d^os, ib. - *ganin*, mfn. having packs of h^os, Ragh.; m. a leader of p^os of h^os, Caṅḍ. - *gardabha*, n. sg. dogs and asses, Mn. x, 15; - *pati*, m. one who possesses dogs and asses, Bhp. - *graha*, m. 'dog-seizer,' N. of a demon hostile to children, ĀpGr. - *ghnī*, see under *-han*. - *cakra*, n. 'chapter on dogs,' N. of the 89th Adhyāya of VarBṛS. - *caṅḍāla*, m. one whose father is a Brāhman and mother a Caṅḍālī, L.; n. (g. *gavāśvādi*) a dog and a Caṅḍāla (also *-cāṅḍāla*, MW.). - *caryā*, f. a dog's state of life, MBh. - *cillī*, f. a kind of vegetable (= *śunaka-c*), L. - *jāghani*, f. a dog's tail, Mn.; MBh.; KātyŚr., Sch. - *jivana*, mfn. living by breeding d^os, Nir., Sch. - *jivikā*, f. dog-life, servitude, L. - *jivin*, m. a breeder of dogs, Vishn. - *danśhtraka*, m. Tribulus Lanuginosus, L. - *danśhtrā*, f. a dog's tooth, W.; Asteracantha Longifolia, Suśr.; Car.; = *go-kshura*, MW. - *danśhtrin*, m. a kind of animal, Car. - *dayita*, n. 'dear to d^os,' a bone, L. - *driti*, m. a d^o's bladder, MBh. - *dhūrta*, m. 'dog-rogue,' a jackal, L. - *nakula*, n. sg. a d^o and an ichneumon, Mn. xi, 159. - *nara*, m. a dog-like fellow, low f^o, currish or snappish f^o, MW. - *nīsa*, n. or (ā), f. 'dog-night,' a n^o on which d^o's bark and howl, L.; Pāṇ., Sch. - *nī*, m. a dog-leader, MaitrS. - *pa*, m. 'keeper of d^os,' a possessor of d^os, Hariv. - *paka*, w. r. for *-paca*, Rājāt. - *pac*, m. = next, Mn. iii, 92. - *paca*, m. and (ā or ī) f. 'one who cooks d^os,' a man or woman of a low and outcaste tribe (the son of a Caṅḍāla and a Brāhmaṇī, or of a Nisṭhya and a previously unmarried Kirāṭī, or of an Ugra woman by a Kshatriya, or of a Ksh^o woman by an Ugra, or of a Brāhmaṇī by an Ambashṭha, often = *caṅḍāla*; he acts as a public executioner and carries out the bodies of those who die without kindred), ŚāṅkhGr.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; a dog-feeder, dog-keeper, W.; (ī), f. (cf. above); a form of one of the Śaktis of Śiva, MW.; - *tā*, f. or *-tva*, n. the condition of a member of the above low caste, MBh. - *pati* (*śvā-*), m. a lord or possessor of dogs, VS.; MaitrS.; Bhp. - *pad* (*śvā-*), m. a wild animal, AV.; ĀpŚr. - *pada*, n. a dog's foot (or its mark branded on the body), Mn. ix, 237. - *pāka*, m. one who cooks dogs, a man of an outcaste tribe (= *-paca* above), Baudh.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; (ī), f. a woman of the above outcaste tribe, Rājāt. - *pāda*, m. = *-pada*, ib. - *pāmana*, m. Pavetta Indica, L. - *puccha*, n. the tail or hind part of a dog, Pañcat.; Hemionitis Cordifolia, L. (cf. *śvā-p*). - *poshaka*, m. a d^o-feeder, huntsman, Kād. - *phala*, m. a citron-tree, L.; n. the lime or common citron, MW. - *phalka*, m. N. of a son of Vṛishṇī, Hariv.; Pur. - *bāla*, w. r. for *-vāla*. - *bhāksha* or *-bhakshya* (v. l.), mfn. eating dog's meat, MBh. - *bhīru*, m. 'dog-fearing,' a jackal, L. - *bhojana*, n. a meal for d^os (said of the body), Bhp.; m. 'having d^os for food,' N. of a hell, VP. - *bhojin*, mfn. eating dog's flesh, R. - *mānsa*, n. dog's flesh, Mn. x, 106. - *mukha*, m. pl. N. of a people, VarBṛS. - *yātu* (*śvā-*), m. a demon in the shape of a dog, RV. - *yūtha*, n. (see *śvā-yūthika*) or *-yūthya*, n. (MW.) a number or pack of d^os. - *rūpa-dhārin*, mfn. wearing or having the form of a dog, MW. - *lih*, mfn. (nom. *-lī*) licking up or lapping like a dog, Pāṇ. viii, 4, 42, Sch. - *lehya*, mfn. to be lapped by a dog (as a well with little water), Pāṇ. ii, 1, 33, Sch. - 1. - *vat*, mfn. keeping dogs, m. a dog-feeder, d^o-trainer, Mn.; MBh.; Vas. - 2. - *vat*, ind. like a dog, cur-like, MW. - *vartā*, m. a kind of worm, AV. (v. l. for *śavartā*). - *vāla*, m. d^o's hair,

Kathās. - *vishṭhā*, f. dog's excrement, Mn. x, 91. - *vṛitti*, f. 'dog-subsistence,' gaining a livelihood by menial service (forbidden to Brāhmins), Mn. iv, 4, 6; Rājāt.; Bhp. &c.; mfn. living on d^os, Prāyasc.; a 'lick-spittle' or most contemptible toady, Yājñ.; Sch. - *vṛittin*, mfn. living on d^os, Yājñ. - *vyāghra*, m. a beast of prey, a tiger or hunting leopard, L. - *śirsha*, mfn. having a dog's head, L. - *suta* or *-suna*, m. Conyza Lacera, L. - *srigāla*, n. sg. a dog and a jackal, Pat. on Pāṇ. ii, 4, 12, Vārtt. 2. - *sprishṭa*, mfn. touched by a dog, defiled, W. - *nata*, mfn. killed by a dog or dogs, ib. - *han*, mf(ā)n. one killing by means of d^os, MW.; m. a hunter, ib.; (*ghnī*), f. a hunter's wife, ib. - *hāna*, see *śavah*. - *Śvāgra*, n. a dog's tail, Kathās. - *Śvājina*, n. a d^o's skin, ĀpŚr. - *Śvāda*, m. = *śvāpāka*, Bhp. - *Śvānala*, m. N. of a form of Garuda, Virac. - *Śvāsava*, m. 'having a dog for a horse,' N. of Bhairava (or Śiva mounted on a dog), L. - *Śvāhi*, m. 'dog-serpent,' N. of a son of Vṛijina-vat, Bhp.

2. *Śva* (ifc.) = 1. *śvan*, MW.

Śvaka, m. a wolf, Nalac.

Śvagnīn, m. (prob. fr. *śva-han*, 'a dog-killer' or low fellow, but accord. to some for *śva-ghnīn*, 'one who destroys his own') a gamester, professional gambler, RV.; AV.

Śvanin, mfn. keeping dogs, VS.

Śvā, in comp. for 1. *śvan* above. - *karna*, *kunda*, *danśhtra*, *danta*, mfn., Kās. on Pāṇ. vi, 3, 137 (cf. *śvā-k* &c.). - *jani*, m. N. of a Vaiśya, JaimBr. - *pad* (*śvā-*), m. a beast of prey, AV. - *pada* (*śvā-*), m. n. a beast of prey, wild b^o, RV. &c. &c.; a tiger, L.; pl. N. of a people, MārKp. (w. r. *śvāp*); mfn. relating or belonging to a wild beast (= *śavāpada*), Pāṇ. vii, 3, 9; - *rājan*, m. a king of the beasts, Ml.; - *sevita*, mfn. frequented or infested by wild b^o, MW.; *ḍācarita*, mfn. overrun or infested by w^o b^o, MBh.; *ḍāmusarana*, n. the chase after wild b^o, MW. - *puccha*, mfn. or m. = *śvā-p*, q. v. - *varāha*, mfn. or m., Kās. on Pāṇ. vi, 3, 137. - *varāhikā*, f. the enmity between the dog and the boar, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 104, Vārtt. 21, Pat. - *vidh*, see below.

Śvāganika, mf(ā)n. (fr. *śva-gana*) = *śva-ganika*, Yājñ.; Sch. (cf. Pāṇ. iv, 4, 11).

Śvādanshṭri, m. a patr., Pāṇ. vii, 3, 8, Sch.

Śvāna, m. a dog, Kāv.; Pañcat.; the wind (?), Sāy. on RV. i, 161, 13; (ī), f. a female dog, bitch (= *śunī*), Hcar. - *cillikā*, f. a kind of vegetable, L. - *nīdrā*, f. dog's sleep, light slumber, MW. - *vaikharī*, f. 'd^o's speech,' snarling like a dog on trifling occasions, ib. - *śvānōcchishṭa*, n. 'dog-remnant,' anything left by a dog, ib.

Śvāpākaka, mfn. (fr. *śva-pāka*), g. *kulālādi*.

Śvāphalka, m. patr. fr. *śva-phalka*, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 114; ii, 4, 58, Sch. - *caitraka*, m. pl., ib. vi, 2, 34, Sch.

Śvāphalki, m. patr. fr. id. (= *-krūra*), Bhp.

Śvābhastra, mfn. (fr. next), Pāṇ. vii, 3, 8, Vārtt. 3, Pat.

Śvābhastri, m. a patr., Pāṇ. vii, 3, 8, Sch.

Śvāyūthika, mfn. (fr. *śva-yūtha*), Pāṇ. vii, 3, 8, Vārtt. 2, Pat.

Śvāvic, in comp. for *śvā-vidh* below. - *charaṇa* (for *vit-saraṇa*), the lair or hole of a porcupine (which generally has two or more entrances), MW. - *chalalita* (for *vit-salalita*), mfn. furnished with porcupine quills, MBh.

Śvāvid, in comp. for *śvā-vidh* below. - *garta*, m. the hole or lair of a porcupine; *ḍīya*, mfn., Pat.

- *roman*, n. the quill of a porcupine, KātyŚr., Sch.

Śvā-vidh, m. (nom. *-vit*) 'dog-piercer,' a porcupine, AV.; VS.; MaitrS. &c.

Śvāvidha, m. = *śvā-vidh* above (or *ḍhaḥ* may be pl. of *śvā-vidh*), R.

Śvāvil, in comp. for *śvā-vidh* above. - *loman*, n. a porcupine's quill; *māpanayana*, n. N. of a Tīrtha, MBh.; *māpaha*, n. id., ib.

श्रुत् 2. *śvan* (prob. fr. *śvi*) in *ṛijī-*, *dur-gṛibhī-*, and *mātarī-śvan*, qq. vv.

श्रुत् *śvabhr* (rather Nom. fr. *śvabhra* below), cl. 10. P. *śvabhṛayati* (only Dhātup. xxxii, 79), to go, move; to live in misery; to pierce, bore.

Śvābhra, m. n. (of doubtful derivation) a chasm, gap, hole, pit, den, RV. &c. &c.; m. hell or a partic. hell, Kāv.; MārKp.; Sarvad.; N. of a son of Vasudeva, Hariv.; of a king of Kampanā, Rājāt. - *tir-*

yañc, m. an animal living in holes, Subh. - *pati*, m. (prob.) the king of hell, Śatr. - *mukha*, n. the mouth or entrance of a hole, MBh. - *vat*, mfn. full of holes, hollow, perforated, Suśr.; MBh.; (*ālī*), f. N. of a river, Hariv. (v. l. *śubhra-vatī*).

Śvābhrita, mfn. full of holes, g. *tārahādi*.

Śvābhriya, Nom. P. *ḥyati*, to regard as a hole or pit, VarYogay.

श्रुत् *śvaya*, *śvayatha* &c. See *śvi* next p.

श्रुत् *svart* (or *svart*) = or for *śvabhr* (accord. to some authorities in Dhātup. xxxii, 79).

श्रुत् *svāl* (or *svall*), cl. 1. P. (Dhātup. xv, 42) *svalati*, to go quickly, run, Suśr.

श्रुत् *svalk*, cl. 10. P. (only Dhātup. xxxii, 34) *svalkayati*, to tell, narrate.

श्रुत् *svall*. See *śval* above.

श्रुत् *śvāsura*, m. (prob. for orig. *śvasura*; cf. below) a father-in-law, husband's or wife's father (in the oldest language commonly the former, in the Sūtras the latter, in Class. lang^o both meanings; also applied to a maternal uncle and to any venerable person), RV. &c. &c.; du. (cf. Pāṇ. i, 2, 72) a father and mother-in-law, Yājñ.; Kathās. (also pl., e. g. RV. x, 95, 12; AV. xiv, 2, 27 &c.); (prob. ī), f. = *brāhmī*, L.; for *śvasrū* see below. [Cf. Gk. *ἐκπός*; Lat. *socer*; Lith. *szėsuras*; Slav. *svēkrū*; Goth. *swaihra*; Angl. Sax. *swēor*; Germ. *swēher*, *Schwäher*.]

Śvasuraka, m. a dear or poor father-in-law, Pañcat.; Vet.

Śvasurīya, mf(ā)n. relating or belonging to a father-in-law, ĀśvŚr.

Śvasurya, m. a brother-in-law, wife's or husband's brother (esp. 'a husband's younger br^o'), Kathās.

Śvasrū, f. (of *śvasura*) a mother-in-law (either the wife's or the husband's m^o), RV. &c. &c.; pl. the mother-in-law and the other wives of the father-in-law, RV. [Cf. Lat. *socrus*; Slav. *svēkry*; Angl. Sax. *swēger*; Germ. *swīgar*, *swīger*, *Schwīger*.] - *śvasura*, m. du. (L.) or pl. (Kathās.) mother and father-in-law, parents-in-law. - *snushā*, f. du. mother-in-law and daughter-in-law, Kāv.; Kathās.; - *dhana-samvāda*, m. 'agreement in respect of the property of m^o and daughter-in-law,' N. of wk.

श्रुत् 1. *śvas* (cf. *śush*), cl. 2. P. (Dhātup. xxiv, 61) *śvasiti* (Ved. and ep. also *śvasati*, *ḥte*; Impv. *śvasihī*, AV., *śvasa*, MBh.; impf. [or aor.] *āśvasit*, ep. also *āśvasat*; Pot. or Prec. *śvasyāt*, ep. also *śvaset*; pr. p. *śvasat*, ep. also *śvasamāna* [for *śvasāna*, see below]; pf. *śāśvāsa*, MBh.; fut. *śvasitā*, Gr.; *śvasishyati*, MBh.; inf. *śvasitum*, ib.; ind. p. *-śvasya*, ib.), to blow, hiss, pant, snort, RV. &c. &c.; to breathe, respire, draw breath (also = live), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to sigh, groan, ib.; to strike, kill, Naigh. ii, 19; Caus. *śvasayati* (aor. *aiśvasat*), to cause to blow or breathe &c.; to cause heavy breathing, Suśr.; Desid. *śiśvasishati*, Gr.; Intens. *śāśvasyate*, *śāśvasi*, ib. (only p. *śāśvasat*, snorting, MaitrS.).

Śvasātha, m. the act of blowing, hissing, snorting, panting, breathing, breath, RV.; ŚBr.

Śvasanā, mfn. blowing, hissing, panting, breathing, RV.; ŚāṅkhBr.; VarBṛS.; breathing heavily, Suśr.; m. air, wind (also of the body) or the god of wind, MBh.; R.; Suśr.; N. of a Vasu (son of Śvāsā), MBh. i, 2583; (*śvās*) N. of a serpent-demon, Suparṇ.; Vangueria Spinosa, Car.; (*am*), n. breathing, respiration, breath, Kāv.; Pur.; Suśr.; heavy breathing, Suśr.; clearing the throat, ib.; hissing (of a serpent), Śis.; sighing, a sigh, Ratnāv.; feeling or an object of feeling, Bhp. (Sch.) - *mano-ga*, mfn. moving as (fast as) wind or thought, VarYogay. - *randhra*, n. 'breath-hole,' a nostril, Bhp. - *vat*, mfn. hissing, snorting, Sāy. - *samīraṇa*, n. wind (caused) by breathing, breath, Śis. - *Śvasanāśana*, m. 'air-swallower,' a snake, serpent (cf. *śvanāśana*, *vāyubhāksha*), Rājāt. - *Śvasanāśvara*, m. 'wind-lord,' the tree Pentaptera Arjuna, L. - *Śvasanātsuka*, m. 'eager for (swallowing) air,' a serpent, L. - *Śvasanārmī*, m. f. a wave or gust of wind, MW.

Śvasaya (?), mfn., Kauś. 107.

Śvasāna, mfn. breathing, living, alive, Bhp.

Śvasita, mfn. breathed, sighed &c.; possessed of