Samskritatra, n. a bench used in sacrificing or slaughtering animals, RV. vi, 28, 4.

**Bám-skriti**, f. making ready, preparation, perfection, VS. &c. &c.; formation, AitBr.; hallowing, consecration, BhP.; determination, effort, L.; m. N. of Krishna, MBh. (B. sam-skrita); of a king, VP. (v.l. sam-kriti).

Sam-skritrima, mfn. highly polished, artificially

adorned (in a-samskro), Bhatt.

Sam-skriyā, f. making ready, preparation, Sarvad.; formation, Samk.; any purificatory rite or consecration (including funeral ceremonies and burning of the dead &c.), L.

संस्विति sam-skhalita, n. (√skhal) an error, mistake, Nāg.

संस्त sanst = V sas, q.v.

\*\*Rath sam-\stambh, P. -stabhnoti or nāti, to make firm, Kauš.; to support, sustain, encourage, MBh.; R. &c.; to make rigid (said of water), MBh.; to restrain, check, stop (esp. by magical means), Kathās.; to suppress (tears or sorrow), R.; BhP.; Ā. (only Impv. -stambhasva) to be firm, take heart or courage, Nir. ix, 12 (in R. iv, I, 115 [B.] -stambha, id.; cf. -stabhya): Caus. -stambhayati, to confirm, strengthen (ātmānam ātmanā, one's self by one's self'), encourage, MBh.; R. &c.; to take heart or courage, R.; to make rigid or solid (water), MBh.; Rājat.; to check, stop, arrest, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to paralyze, Nalac.; to suppress, restrain (grief or tears), R.; Kālid. &c.: Desid. of Caus., see sam-stambhayishu.

Sam-stabdha, min. supported, confirmed &c.,

MBh.; firm, rigid, Hariv.

Sam-stabhya, ind. having supported or confirmed or strengthened or encouraged (ātmānam ātmanā, 'one's self by one's self'), MBh.; R.; having supported or composed the mind firmly (in affliction), having taken heart or courage, ib.

Sam-stambhá, m. obstinacy, pertinacity, firmness in resistance, MaitrS.; TaitBr.; Nir.; MBh.; support, prop, W.; fixing, making firm, ib.; stop, stay, ib.; paralysis, muscular rigidity, ib. stambhana, mfn. (fr. Caus.) constipating, obstructive, Vāgbh.; n. an obstructive remedy, Sušr.; stopping, arresting, Cat. ostambhaniya, mfn. (fr. prec.) to be confirmed or encouraged, R.; to be stopped, W. stambhayitri, mfn. (fr. Caus.) one who stops or restrains, a restrainer, Ragh.; one who supports, a supporter, MW. stambhayishu, mfn. (fr. Desid. of Caus.) wishing to stop or cause to stand still (a retreating army), MBh. (C. vi-shtambho). ostambhita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) supported, propped, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; stupefied, paralyzed, ib. stambhin, mfn. stopping, averting (danger), MBh.

सस्तर sam-stara, °rana. See sam-√stri.

He sam-√1. stu, P. -stauti, to praise together with (instr.), Nir. vii, 6; to praise all at once, ĀśvŚr.; to praise properly or well, laud, celebrate, MBh.; Kāv. &c.

Sam-stava, m. (ifc. f. ā) common or simultaneous praise, Nir.; ŠānkhŠr.; praise, commendation (also pl.), Vīrac.; mention, KātyŠr., Sch.; intimacy, familiarity, acquaintance with (instr. with and without saha, or comp.), Kāv.; Rājat.; Kathās. (cf. asamsto); -prīti, f. love proceeding from acquaintance, Kathās.; -sthira, mfn. firm through acquo, MW. stavana, n. praising together or simultaneously, ĀsvŠr.; praising, hymning, BhP. stavāna, mfn. praising eloquently, eloquent, Un. ii, 89, Sch.; m. a singer, chanter, MW.; joy (=harsha, accord. to some), ib.

Sam-stāvá, m. hymning or praising in chorus, ChUp.; the place occupied at a sacrifice by the Brāhmans reciting hymns and prayers, SBr.; simultaneous

or common praise, Bhatt.

Sám-stuta, mfn. praised or hymned together, TS.; TBr.; Nir.; praised, celebrated, extolled, Hariv.; R.; Pur.; counted together (as one Stotra), reckoned together, TS.; Br.; KātyŚr.; equal to, passing for (instr. or comp.), Āpast.; Kathās.; BhP.; acquainted, familiar, intimate, Kāv.; VarBrS.; Rājat.; -tva, n. the being praised together, ChUp.; -prâya, mfn. for the most part lauded or hymned together, associated in hymns, MW. \*stutaka, mfn. affable, condescending, civil, Buddh. \*stuti, f. praise, eulogy, MBh.; BhP.; figurative mode of expression, Āpast.

संस्तुभ sam-stúbh, f. shout of joy (as N. of a metre), VS.

Sam-stobha, m. or n. (with or without maru-tām), 'id.,' N. of a Sāman, ĀrshBr.

सस्तप sam-stūpa, m. a heap of sweepings, Gobh. (Sch.)

Http sam-\stri (or -\stri), P.Ā. -strinoti,
-strinute; -strināti, -strinīte (ep. also -starati),
to spread out (side by side), extend, TS.; SBr.; to
strew over, cover, KaushUp.; MBh.; Sušr.; to spread,
make even, level, Kauš.

Sam-stara, m. (ifc. f. ā) a layer (of grass or leaves), bed, couch, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a scattered mass (of flowers &c.), MBh.; R.; a covering, cover, Kāvyād.; scattering, strewing (v.l. for -starana), Sak.; spreading, extension, propagation (of laws or customs), Hariv.; a sacrifice or the ritual arrangements for a so (generally ifc., as in yajña-so), MBh.; R. ostarana, n. a layer (of leaves &c.), couch, R.; strewing, covering over (v.l. -stara), Sak.

Sam-stāra, m. a bed, couch (m. c. for -stara), MārkP.; a sacrifice, Gal.; spreading out, extension, MW.; -pankti, f. a partic. form of the Pankti metre (12+8+8+12 syllables), RPrāt. stāraka, (prob.) m. a layer, bed, Šīl.

Sam-stir, f. contraction (opp. to vi-shtir, 'expansion,' samstiro vishtirah [acc. pl.], prob. 'what is near and what is far'), RV. i, 140.

Sam-stīrna, mfn. strewn, scattered, Kaus.; Sak.; enext, MBh.; R.

Sam-strita, mfn. bestrewn, covered over, MBh.

संस्थान sam-styāna, mfn. (√styai) coagulated, condensed, Nir.; n. the becoming condensed or solid or compact (applied to the fetus), Pat.

Sam-styāya, m. assemblage, collection, multitude, Nir.; a habitation, house, Mālatīm.; spreading, expansion, L.; vicinity, proximity, L.

सस्या sam- √sthā, Ā. -tishthate (Pān. i, 3, 22; ep. and m.c. also P. -tishthati; Ved. inf. -sthātos, ApSr.), to stand together, hold together (pf. p. du. -tasthāné, said of heaven and earth), RV.; to come or stay near (loc.), ib.; VS.; SBr.; to meet (as enemies), come into conflict, RV.; to stand still, remain, stay, abide (lit. and fig.; with vākye, 'to obey'), MBh.; R. &c.; to be accomplished or completed (esp. applied to rites), Br.; SrS.; Mn.; MBh.; BhP.; to prosper, succeed, get on well, MBh.; to come to an end, perish, be lost, die, MBh.; Kāv.; BhP.; to become, be turned into or assume the form of (acc.), Lalit.: Caus. -sthāpayati (subj. aor. -tishtipah, SBr.), to cause to stand up or firm, raise on their legs again (fallen horses), MBh.; to raise up, restore (dethroned kings), ib.; to confirm, encourage, comfort (ātmānam or hridayam, 'one's self,' i.e. 'take heart again'), Kāv.; Pañcat.; to fix or place upon or in (loc.), Kaus.; MBh. &c.; to put or add to (upari), Yājñ.; to build (a town), Hariv.; to heap, store up (goods), VarBrS.; to found, establish, fix, settle, introduce, set afoot, MBh.; R.; Rājat.; to cause to stand still, stop, restrain, suppress (breath, semen &c.), AitBr.; to accomplish, conclude, complete (esp. a rite), Br.; Kaus.; MBh.; to put to death, kill, SBr.; MBh.; to perform the last office for, i. e. to burn, cremate (a dead body), SānkhBr.; to put to subjection, subject, MW.: Desid. of Caus. -sthāpayishati, to wish to finish or conclude, SankhBr.

Sam-stha, mf(ā)n. standing together, standing or staying or resting or being in or on, contained in (loc. or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; being in or with, belonging to (loc. or comp.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; based or resting or dependent on (loc.), MBh.; partaking or possessed of (comp.), MBh.; Pañcat.; existing, lasting for a time (comp.), Vet.; ended, perished, dead, L.; (sam-sthá), m. presence (only loc. 'in the presence or midst of,' with cid, 'by one's mere presence'), RV.; a spy, secret emissary (cf. sam-sthā below), L.; a dweller, resident, inhabitant, W.; a fellow-countryman, neighbour, ib.; (ā), f., see next.

Sam-sthā, f. (ifc. f. ā) staying or abiding with (comp.), MBh.; shape, form, manifestation, appearance (ifc. = 'appearing as'), Up.; MBh. &c.; established order, standard, rule, direction (acc. with \( \lambda kri \) or Caus. of \( \lambda sthā, '\) to establish or fix a rule or obligation for one's self; with \( vyati-\lambda kram \) or \( pari-\lambda bhid, '\) to transgress or break an established rule or obligation'), MBh.; R.&c.; quality, property, nature, Kāv.; Pur.; conclusion, termination, completion,

TS.; SBr. &c.; end, death, Pur.; destruction of the world (= pralaya, said to be of four kinds, viz. naimittika, prākritika, nitya, ātyantika), ib.; a complete liturgical course, the basis or essential form of a sacrifice (the Jyotih-shtoma, Havir-yajña, and Pāka-yajna consist of seven such forms), SrS.; killing (pasu-so, 'killing of the sacrificial animal'), BhP.; cremation (of a body; also prêta-so), ib.; (prob.) = śrāddha, MārkP.; a spy or secret emissary in a king's own country (= cara, m. prob. a group of five spies consisting of a vanij, 'merchant,' bhikshu, 'mendicant,'chāttra,' pupil,' lingin,' one who falsely wears the mark of a twice-born,' and krishīvala, 'husbandman,' cf. pañca-varga, and Mn. vii, 154, Kull.), Kām.; continuation in the right way, L.; occupation, business, profession, W.; an assembly, ib.; a royal ordinance, ib.; -krita, mfn. settled, determined, Hariv.; - gāra (thâgo), m. n. a meeting-house, Lalit.; -japa, m. a closing prayer, AsvSr.; -tva, n. the being a form or shape, BhP.; -paddhati, f. N. of wk.; - vayava-vat ('thav'), mfn. having a shape and limbs, BhP.

Sam-sthana, mfn. standing together, MW.; like, resembling, W.; applied to Vishnu, MBh.; m. (pl.) N. of a people, ib.; n. (ifc. f. a) staying or abiding in (comp.), Hit. (cf. dūra-s°); standing still or firm (in a battle), Gaut.; being, existence, life, MBh.; Samk.; BhP.; abiding by, strict adherence or obedience to (comp.), Kām.; abode, dwelling-place, habitation, Nir.; KaushUp.; MBh. &c.; a public place (in a town), Mn.; MBh. &c.; shape, form, appearance (often with rupa), MBh.; R. &c.; beauty, splendour, MBh.; the symptom of a disease, Susr.; nature, state, condition, BhP.; an aggregate, whole, totality, BhP.; termination, conclusion, MaitrS.; end, death, L.; formation, L.; vicinity, neighbourhood, L.; -cārin, w.r. for sa-sthāsnu-co; -bhukti, f. (with kālasya) the passage through various periods of time, BhP.; -vat, mfn. being, existing, R.; having various forms, Kām. "sthānaka, m. N. of Sakāra (the king's brother-in-law) in the Mricchakatika.

Sam-sthapaka, mfn. (fr. Caus.) fixing firmly, settling, establishing, Pancar.; forming into a shape or various shapes (khanda-so, one who makes various figures out of sugar'), R. osthāpana, n. fixing, setting up, raising, erecting, MBh.; VarBrS.; Suir.; establishment, regulation (cf. argha-so), Mn.; MBh. &c.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. comforting, encouraging, Mricch. sthāpanīya, mfn. to be established or settled, MW. sthāpayitavya, mfn. to be cheered up or comforted, Kād. sthāpita, mfn. placed, fixed, deposited, W.; stopped, restrained, controlled, ib.; made to stand together, heaped up, accumulated, MW. I. sthāpya, ind. having placed together &c.; excepting, Divyav. 2. sthapya, mfn. to be put or placed in (loc.; with vase and gen., 'to be placed in subjection to;' with cetasi and gen., 'to be called to or impressed on the mind of'), Mn.; Rājat.; to be completed or finished (as a sacrifice), TS.; to be treated with a calming clyster, Car.

Sam-sthasnu. See sa-sthasnu-carin. Sám-sthita, mfn. standing (as opp. to 'lying' or 'sitting'), Yājñ.; one who has stood or held out (in fight), MarkP.; placed, resting, lying, sitting, being in or on (upari, loc., or comp.), Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; abiding, remaining, left standing (for a long time, as food; with tathatva, 'remaining in the same condition'), Yājñ.; VarBrS.; Ragh.; lasting, enduring, MBh.; imminent, future, Hariv.; shaped, formed (cf. duh- and su-so), appearing in a partic. shape or form, formed like, resembling (often ifc.; with navadhā, 'ninefold;' with masī-rūpena, 'appearing in the form of black ink'), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; being in a partic. state or condition, addicted or given to, intent upon (loc. or comp.), Hariv.; Kāv.; VarBrS.; founded or based upon (loc.), MBh.; directed towards, fixed upon (comp.), BhP.; relating to, concerning (loc. or comp.), Kām.; MārkP.; skilled in, acquainted or familiar with (loc.), MBh.; R.; started, set out for (dat. or abhimukham), R.; frequented (as a place), Mn. viii, 371; finished, concluded, completed, ready, Br.; SrS.; perished, died (n. impers.), Mn.; MBh.; BhP.; near or contiguous to, W.; heaped, collected, ib.; n. conduct, Cat.; form, shape, MBh.; -yajús, n. the final sacrificial formula and the oblation connected with it, Br.; -vat, mfn. (pl. = 3. pl. pf.; pl. [with sukhena] 'they lived happily together'), Pañcat.; -homa, m.a final sacrifice, SrS.

Sám-sthiti, f. staying together, living in or with

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