Car.; named, called, VP.; famed, celebrated, notorious, W. akhyāna, n. naming, mentioning, Āpast.; Kām.; report, narrative, MBh.; appellation, name, KātyŠr. akhyāya, mfn. to be addressed or exhorted, Āpast. (v.l.) akhyāyam, ind. while mentioning by name (in anga-so), AitBr.

together (in a friendly or hostile manner; also sexually), meet, be united with (instr. with and without saha or sârdham), SBr.; ChUp.; MBh. &c.; to come together (as heavenly bodies in conjunction or occultation), VarBṛS.; to come to, come near, approach, arrive at (acc. or loc.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to come back, return from (abl.), ib.; to meet with, come upon, find (acc.), MBh.: Caus. -gamayati, to cause to come together, bring together, unite one thing or person (acc.) with another (instr. or loc.), R.; Vikr.

Sam-āgata, mfn. come together, met, encountered, joined, assembled, Mn.; Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; being in conjunction with (instr.), VarBṛS.; come to, approached, arrived, returned, R.; Mṛicch. &c.; (ā), f. a kind of riddle or enigma (the meaning of which is hidden by the Saṃdhi, q.v.), Kāvyâd. **Egati**, f. coming together, meeting, union, W.; approach, arrival, similar condition or progress, ib.

Sam-agantavya, n. (impers.) it is to be met

or approached, Vās.

Sam-āgama, m. (ifc. f. ā) coming together (either in a hostile or friendly manner), union (also sexual), junction, encounter or meeting with (instr. with or without saha, gen., [rarely] loc., or comp.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; association, assembly of (comp.), MBh.; R.; Kathās.; conjunction (of planets), VarBṛS.; approach, arrival, W.; -kārin, mfn. causing union, MW.; -kshana, m. the moment of union, Rājat.; -prârthanā, f. the desire of association, MW.; -manoratha, m. the desire of union, Vikr.; môpâya, m. means of union, MW. agamana, n. coming together, meeting, union (also = sexual intercourse), MBh. agamin, mfn. coming together, meeting, Ind. Ant.; future, imminent, ib.

समागित्जित sam-ā-galita, mfn. (√gal) fallen down, fallen, MBh.

समागाढ sam-ā-gāḍha, mfn. ($\sqrt{gāh}$) intense, violent (only in -tara, 'more or most intense or violent'), Kāraṇḍ.

समागृभाय sam-ā-gribhāya, P. -gribhāyati (Agrah), to seize together or at once, take hold of, RV.; AV.

समाघात sam-āghāta. See sam-ā-V han.

##INI sam-ā-√ghrā, P.-jighrati, to smell at, smell, R.; Mricch.; to kiss, MBh.; Ragh. Sam-āghrāna, n. smelling at anything, Kād.

समाचक्ष sam-ā- \ caksh, Ā. -cashte, to relate fully, tell, report, MBh.; R.; BhP.

समाचम् sam- \bar{a} - \sqrt{cam} (only ind. p. -camya), to sip water (as a religious act in ceremonial observances, cf. \bar{a} - \sqrt{cam}), MBh.

A. ote), to act or behave or conduct one's self towards (loc.), MBh.; Pañcat.; to practise, perform thoroughly, do, accomplish (with āhāram and instr., 'to feed upon'), Mn.; MBh. &c.; to associate with (instr.), Gaut.; (with dūrāt) to remove, Mn. iv, 151.

Sam-ācara, mfn. practising, observing, W. a-carana, n. practising, performing, observing, behaving, performance, ib. acaraniya, mfn. to be practised or observed, Das. acarita, mfn. practised,

performed, done, committed, W.

Bam-ācāra, m. (for samāco see p. 1153, col. 1) procedure, practice, conduct, behaviour in (comp.), MBh.; R.&c.; custom, usage, usual way or method, Pañcat.; KātyŠr., Sch.; (ifc.) the customary presentation of, Kathās.; 'doings,' news, report, information, tradition, W.

Sam-ācīrņa, mfn. performed, done, practised, committed, MBh.

समाचि sam-ā-√1. ci, P.Ā.-cinoti, -cinute, to put together, heap up, accumulate, MBh.; Hariv.; Pān., Sch.; to load or cover with (instr.), MBh.; R. &c.; to fill up (cavities in a road), AV.

Sam-ācayana, n. putting or heaping together, accumulation, aggregation, Pat. on Pān. iii, 1, 19,

Vārtt. 3, acita, mfn. heaped together, covered with, overspread, MBh.; Kāv. &c.

समाचेषित sam-ā-ceshțita, n. (Vceshț) gesture, procedure, behaviour, conduct, Kād.

HHTEGE sam-ā-cchad (√chad), Caus.
-cchādayati, to cover completely with, overspread,
veil, cloud (also fig. to obscure or stupefy the mind),
MBh.

Sam-ācchanna, mfn. completely covered with &c., W.

समाच्छिद sam-ā-cchid (vchid; only ind. p. -cchidya), to cut or tear off, snatch away, R.

समाज sam-āja &c. See sam-√aj, p.1153.

समाजुह्ममाण sam-ājuhūshamāņa. See samā-√hve, p. 1163, col. 3.

HHIST sam-ā-vjñā, to know or understand thoroughly, become acquainted with, ascertain, perceive, observe, recognize, MBh.; Hariv.; Vet.: Caus. -jnāpayati (cf. next), to order, command, direct, authorize, MBh.; R. &c.

Sam-ājñapta, mfn. (fr. Caus.) ordered, commanded, directed, Hariv. ajña, f. appellation, name,

Läty.; TUp.; reputation, fame, L.

Sam-ājñāta, mfn. known, ascertained, acknow-ledged as (nom. or comp.), MBh.; Hariv. ajñāna, n. the being acknowledged as (comp.), Nyāyas., Sch.

समातन sam-ā-√tan, P. Ā.-tanoti, -tanute, to extend, stretch, bend (a bow), MBh.; Rājat.; to effect, produce, cause, MBh.

Sam-ātata, mfn. extended, stretched, strung (as a bow), MBh.; continuous, uninterrupted, W.

समाति samāti. See á-samāti.

HHIT sa-mātri, f. a stepmother, BhP.

Sa-mātrika, mfn. together with a mother, BhP.

Sa-mātri-cakravāla, mfn. attended by the whole circle of divine Mātris, MW.

समादर sam-ā-dara, m. (√dri) great respect, veneration, MW. °ādaraṇīya, mfn. to be greatly respected or venerated, ib.

Sam-ādrita, mfn. very respectful, showing great regard, BhP.

HAIGI sam-ā- 1.dā, P. A.-dadāti, -datte, (P.) to give, bestow, present, MBh.; Hariv.; to give back, restore, BhP.; (Ā.) to take away fully or entirely, take away with one, accept, receive, RV. &c. &c.; to take out or away, remove, withdraw, Mn.; MBh.; to take hold of, grasp, seize, MBh.; to gather, collect, MBh.; to apprehend, perceive, comprehend, find out, Dašar.; to take to heart, reflect on, BhP.; to undertake, begin (with vacanam or vākyam, 'a speech'), MBh.: Caus. -dāpayati, to establish, Divyâv.; to instigate (see sam-ādāpaka &c.)

Sam-ādatta, mfn. taken away, taken hold of, seized, received, BhP.

Sam-ādāna, n. taking fully or entirely, taking upon one's self, contracting, incurring, MBh.; beginning, undertaking, Lalit.; resolve, determination, ib. (L. also 'receiving suitable donations;' 'the daily observances of the Jaina sect;' 'the middle part of the sacrificial post'). 'ādānika, mfn. (fr. prec.), Mahāvy. 'ādāpaka, mfn. (fr. Caus.) exciting, instigating, Divyâv. 'ādāpana, n. excitation, instigation, Lalit. 'ādāya, ind. having undertaken, Divyâv.

Sam-adeya, mfn. to be taken or received, Pancat.

HAITEN sam-ā- \(\dis, P.-disati\), to assign, allot, Mn.; MBh.; R.; to point out, indicate, announce, communicate, declare, Kāv.; VarBṛS.; BhP.; to appoint, name, designate, MBh.; R. &c.; to foretell, foreshow, Kāv.; Kathās.; to direct, advise, order, command to (dat., inf., or -artham), SrS.; MBh. &c.: Caus. -desayati, to order, command, Pañcat.

Sam-ādishţa, mfn. assigned, indicated, directed, commanded, enjoined, MBh.; Kāv. &c.

Sam-ādeša, m. direction, advice, instruction, order, command, Apast.; R. &c. adešana, n. information, instruction, Sāh.

HHIG sam-ā-√dru, F.-dravati (cp. also Ā. te), to run together towards or against, rush at, attack, assail (acc.), MBh.; R.

समाधा sam-ā- VI. dhā, P. Ā. -dadhāti, -dhatte, to place or put or hold or fix together, SBr.; MBh. &c.; to compose, set right, repair, put in order, arrange, redress, restore, MBh.; Hit.; to put to, add, put on (esp. fuel on the fire), AV.; SBr.; R.; to kindle, stir (fire), SBr.; to place, set, lay, fix, direct, settle, adjust (with astram, 'to adjust an arrow;' with garbham, 'to impregnate;' with savituh, 'to lay in the sun; with drishtim, cittam, cetas, matim, manas, 'to direct or fix the eyes or mind upon [loc.];' with matim, 'to settle in one's mind, resolve,' 'make up one's mind' [followed by iti]; with ātmānam or manas, 'to collect the thoughts or concentrate the mind in meditation &c.; without an acc. = 'to be absorbed in meditation or prayer'), RV. &c. &c.; to impose upon (loc.), MBh.; to entrust or commit to (loc.), ib.; to establish in (loc.), Ragh.; to effect, cause, produce, Hariv.; (in the following meanings only A.) to take to or upon one's self, conceive (in the womb), put on (a garment or dress), assume (a shape), undergo (effort), show, exhibit, display, MBh.; Kav. &c.; to devote one's self entirely to, give one's self up to (acc.), R.; Hariv. &c. (once in Bhatt. P.); to lay down as settled, settle, establish, prove, declare, Kap., Sch.; to admit, grant, Kull. on Mn. viii, 54: Desid. -dhitsati, to wish to put together, desire to collect the thoughts, MBh. xii, 9586.

Sam-ādhā, m. (only L.) putting together, adjusting, settling, reconciling, clearing up difficulties &c.; completion, accomplishment. adhātavya, mfn. to be put in order or set right, Hit.

Sam-ādhāna, n. putting together, laying, adding (esp. fuel to fire), Gobh.; composing, adjusting, settling, R.; reconciliation, MBh.; intentness, attention (acc. with \square, 'to attend'), eagerness, Samk.; Pancar.; fixing the mind in abstract contemplation (as on the true nature of spirit), religious meditation, profound absorption or contemplation, MBh.; Kāv.; Vedântas.; justification of a statement, proof (cf. -rūpaka), Sarvad.; (in logic) replying to the Pūrva-paksha, MW.; (in dram.) fixing the germ or leading incident (which gives rise to the whole plot, e.g. Sak. i, 27); -mātra, n. mere contemplation or meditation, MW.; -rūpaka, n. a kind of metaphor (used for the justification of a bold assertion), Kāvyâd. °ādhānīya, mfn. to be put together or joined, Un. ii, 109, Sch. adhāyaka, mfn. com-

posing, reconciling, Shadgurus. Sam-adhi, m. putting together, joining or combining with (instr.), Laty.; a joint or a partic. position of the neck, Kir.; union, a whole, aggregate, set, R.; Hariv.; Ragh.; completion, accomplishment, conclusion, Kum.; setting to rights, adjustment, settlement, MBh.; justification of a statement, proof, Sarvad.; bringing into harmony, agreement, assent, W.; RPrāt.; intense application or fixing the mind on, intentness, attention ("dhim /kri, 'to-attend'), MBh.; R. &c.; concentration of the thoughts, profound or abstract meditation, intense contemplation of any particular object (so as to identify the contemplator with the object meditated upon; this is the eighth and last stage of Yoga [IW. 93]; with Buddhists Samādhi is the fourth and last stage of Dhyana or intense abstract meditation [MWB. 209]; in the Kāranda-vyūha several Sos are enumerated), Up.; Buddh.; MBh. &c.; intense absorption or a kind of trance, MBh.; Kāv.&c.; a sanctuary or tomb of a saint, W.; RTL. 261; (in rhet.) N. of various figures of speech (defined as arohavarohakrama, artha-drishti, anya-dharmanam anyatradhirohana &c.), Kāvyad.; Vām.; Kpr. &c.; N. of the 17th Kalpa (q.v.), of the 17th Arhat of the future Utsarpini, L.; of a Vaisya, Cat. (accord. to L. also 'silence; a religious vow of intense devotion or self-imposed abstraction; support, upholding; continuance; perseverance in difficulties; attempting impossibilities; collecting or laying up grain in times of dearth'); -garbha, m. N. of a Bodhi-sattva, Buddh.; -tva, n. the state of profound meditation or devotion, Sarvad.; -nishtha, mfn. devoted to mo, Pañcat.; -parihāni, f. diminution of mo, Dharmas. 59; -prakarana, n. N. of wk.; -bala, n. the force of mo, Dharmas. 75; -bhanga, m. the disturbing or interruption of mo, Pancat.; -bhrit, mfn. absorbed in m°, Sis.; -bheda, m. (=-bhanga), Kum.; -bhedin, mfn. one who interrupts mo, Ragh.; -mat, mfn. absorbed in mo; Kum.; attentive, R.; making a promise or assent or permission, W.; -matikā, f. N. of a woman, Mālav. (v.l. for samāhitikā in B.); -yoga, m. employment of meditation, the efficacy