HIH sam- \(\sqrt{5}. i, P. -eti\), to go or come together, meet at (acc.) or with (instr. or dat.), encounter (as friends or enemies), RV. &c. &c.; to come together in sexual union, cohabit (acc. or sârdham, saha), MBh.; R.; to come to, arrive at, approach, visit, seek, enter upon, begin, RV. &c. &c.; to lead to (acc.), RV. iii, 54, 5; to consent, agree with (instr. 'it is agreed between,' with gen. of pers. and loc. of thing), SBr.; MBh.: Pass. -īyate, to be united or met or resorted to &c.: Intens. -īyate, to visit, frequent, RV.; to appear, be manifested. BhP.

fested, BhP. Sam-ayá, m. (ifc. f. a) coming together, meeting or a place of meeting, AV.; SBr.; intercourse with (instr.), Mn. x, 53; coming to a mutual understanding, agreement, compact, covenant, treaty, contract, arrangement, engagement, stipulation, conditions of agreement, terms (ena or āt or -tas, 'according to agreement, conditionally;' tena samayena, 'in consequence of this agreement;' samayam, acc. with \/kri, 'to make an agreement or engagement,' 'agree with any one [instr. with or without saha], 'settle,' stipulate; with sam-√vad, id.; with √dā, 'to propose an agreement,' 'offer terms;' with \bru or \vac or abhi-\dha, 'to state the terms of an agro,' 'make a promise;' with \grah or prati-\pad, 'to enter into an agro,' 'make or accept conditions of an agro;' with \pal or Nraksh or pari-Nraksh &c., 'to keep an agro,' 'keep one's word;' with \tyaj or \bhid or vy-abhi-√car &c., 'to break an agr'; abl. with √bhrans, id.; loc. with \stha, 'to keep an engagement,' 'keep one's word;' acc. with Caus. of \stha or of ni-\vis, 'to fix or settle terms,' 'impose conditions'), TS. &c. &c.; convention, conventional rule or usage, established custom, law, rule, practice, observance, MBh.; R.; BhP.; order, direction, precept, doctrine, Nir.; MBh.; Samk.; Sarvad.; (in rhet.) the conventional meaning or scope of a word, Kusum.; appointed or proper time, right moment for doing anything (gen. or Pot., Pan. iii, 3, 68), opportunity, occasion, time, season (ifc. or ibc. or e, ind., 'at the appointed time or at the right moment or in good time for,' or 'at the time of,' 'when there is;' tena samayena, 'at that time'), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; juncture, circumstances, case (iha samaye, 'under these circumstances,' 'in this case'), Pancat.; Hit.; an ordeal, Vishn.; sign, hint, indication, W.; demonstrated conclusion, ib.; limit, boundary, ib.; solemn address, harangue, speech, declaration, Vishn.; (in gram.) a Vedic passage which is the repetition of another one, RPrat.; (in dram.) end of trouble or distress, Bhar.; Dasar.; Sāh.; N. of a son of Dharma, VP.; (with Saktas) N. of the author of a Mantra, Cat. - kamalakara, m., -kalpa-taru, m. N. of wks. - kāma (samayá-), mfn. desiring an agreement, TS. - kara, m. making an agro or appointment or engagement, fixing a time, W.; = sailī, samketa, L. - kriya, f. making an agro or compact or engagement, MW.; enjoining certain duties or obligations, Mn. vii, 202; preparation of an ordeal, Vishn. - cyuti, f. neglect of the right time, Bhartr. -jna, mfn. knowing the right time (said of Vishnu), MBh. -dharma, m. a duty based on agreement, covenant, stipulation, Pancat.; Yājn., Sch. - naya, m., -nirnaya, m. N. of wks. - pada, n. pl. any matters or points agreed upon, Apast. - parirakshana, n. the observance of a compact, Kir. - prakāsa, m., -pradīpa, m. N. of wks. - bandhana, mfn. bound by an agreement, MarkP. - bheda, m. breaking an agro; odôparacana-cakra, n. N. of wk. - bhedin, mfn. breaking an agro, Mn. viii, 218. - mayükha, m., -mātrikā, f., -ratna, n., -rahasya, n. N. of wks. - vajra, m. N. of a man, Buddh. - vidyā, f. 'science of right moments,' astrology, Das. - vidhāna, n. N. of wk. - viparîta, mfn. contrary to agreement, not performing engagements, Bk. - velā, f. a period of time, Śringār. - vyabhicāra, m. transgression or violation of a compact, MW. - vyabhicārin, mfn. breaking an agreement, Mn. viii, 220; 221. - sāra, N. of wk. -sundara-gani, m. N. of an author, Cat.-sukta, n. pl. N. of wk. - setu-vārita, mfn. restrained by the barrier of custom, MW. Samayacara, m. conventional or established practice, R.; (with Tantrikas) N. of partic. orthodox wks.; -tantra, n., -nirūpana, n. N. of wks. Samayā-tantra, n. N. of wk. Samayadhyushita, mfn. half-risen (as the sun), Grihyās.; Mn. &c.; n. a time at which

neither stars nor sun are visible, MW. Samayânanda-saṃtosha, m. N. of an author, Cat. Samayânuvartin, mfn. following established rules, observant of duties, MW. Samayânusāreņa, ind. according to the occasion, suitably to the time or season, ib. Samayârna-mātrikā, f., 'yâloka, m., 'yâshta-nirūpaṇa, n. N. of wk. Samayôcita, mfn. suited to the occasion or time or to an emergency, seasonable, opportune, BhP.; (am), ind. suitably to the occ', MW.; -sloka, m. N. of wk. Samayôddyota, m. N. of wk. Samayôllanghita-tva, n. the violating of contracts or agreements, MW.

2. Samayā (for 1. samayā see p. 1153, col. 2), in comp. for samaya. - √kṛi, P. -karoti, to pass time, let time pass, lose time (= kāla-kshepam √kṛi), Pāṇ. v, 4, 60.

Samayī- /kri, P. -karoti, to stipulate, make incumbent or necessary, R.

Sam-āya, m. a visit, arrival, W. ayín, mfn. occurring together or simultaneously (cf. a-so), SBr. **Sam-it**, f. (for samit see below) hostile encounter, conflict, battle, war, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; -sajja, mfn. ready for war or battle, Rājat.

Sám-ita, mfn. (for sa-mita see below) come together, assembled, joined or united or combined with (instr. or comp.), RV.; MBh.; promised, agreed, assented to, MW.; finished, completed, ib.

I. Sam-iti, f. (for 2. see below) coming together, meeting, assembling, an assembly, council, RV.; AV.; MBh.; BhP.; a flock, herd, Kir.; association, society (personified as daughter of Prajā-pati), BhP.; a league, plot, RV.; AV.; encounter, hostile meeting, war, battle, Br.; MBh.; R.; sameness, likeness (cf. 2. samá), L.; (with Jainas) rule of life or conduct (five are enumerated, viz. īryā-, bhāshā-, eshanā-, ādāna-, and utsarga-so), Sarvad. - mgama ("tim-), mfn. assisting a council, SBr. - mjaya (°tim-), mfn. 'victorious in battle' or 'eminent in an assembly' (also N. of Yama and Vishnu), MBh.; Hariv.; BhP.; m. N. of a warrior, MBh. - mardana, mfn. crushing or harassing in battle, ib. - salin, mfn. warlike, brave, BhP. - sobhana, mfn. conspicuous in fight or battle, MBh.; R.

Sam-ithá, m. hostile encounter, conflict, collision, RV.; fire, L.; offering, oblation, ib.

समिक 2. samika, n. (for 1. see p. 1153, col. 2) a pike, javelin, dart, L.

HITE sam-√ing, Caus.-ingayati, to cause to move or throb, agitate, shake about, RV.

Hind sa-mita, mfn. (fr. 7. sa + 2. mita) measured, meted out (opp. to a-mita), Kpr.; (= sam-mita) commensurate, equal to (comp.), MBh.; Suir.; (am), ind. continually, always, Kārand.; (ā), f. wheat-flour, Bhpr.; Divyâv.

सिमिति 2. sam-iti, ind. (for I. see above) a sacred verse beginning with sam, MW.

समितृ samitri, w.r. for samitri, q.v.

समित्र sa-mitra, mfn. attended by a friend, along with friends, MBh.

समियुन sá-mithuna, $mf(\bar{a})n$. together with the pair or couple (or 'with the mate'), SBr.

HirGr. 1. sam-iddha, mfn. (for 2. see col. 3), Prākrit for sam-riddha, perfect, full, complete, HirGr.

समिन samin, m. N. of a son of Rājâdhi-deva (v.l. samin), Hariv.

समिनक्ष sam-inaksh (see inaksh), -inak-shati, to wish to attain, strive to reach, be desirous of, RV.

(once in Br. 3. pl. impf. -aindhan; cf. Nir. x, 8; Ved. inf. -idham and -idhe), to set fire to, set alight, light up, kindle, ignite, inflame (lit. and fig.), RV.; AV.; Br.; Mn.; to take fire, RV. vii, 8, 1; to swell, increase, exhibit, show, betray (skill), Bhatt.: Pass. -idhyate, to be kindled, take fire, break out into flame, RV. &c. &c.

Samit, in comp. for samidh (for sam-it see above).—kalāpa, m. a bundle of firewood, IndSt.—kāshṭha, n. pl. logs of wood, fuel, SBr.—kusa, n. fuel and Kusa grass, Ragh.—tvá, n. the state of (being) fuel, TBr.; Bālar.—pāṇi (samit-), mfn.

holding fuel in the hands, SBr.; m. N. of a pupil of Samkaracarya, Cat. - pantha, m. fire, Gal. - pulla, m. a bundle of firewood, ManGr. - samaropana-pratar-aupasana-prayoga, m., and -samaropana-pana-vidhana, n. N. of wks.

Samid, in comp. for samidh. — anta, mfn. ending with the word samidh, KātyŚr. — ādhāna, n. the placing on of wood or fuel (for the oblation to fire), Mn. ii, 176. — āharaṇa, n. fetching fuel, Śak. — idhma-vraścana, n. splitting firewood of various kinds, Mcar. — drishadá, n. f° and a stone, Pāṇ. v, 4, 106, Sch. — dhārá (for -hāra), mfn. fetching f° (nom. with \sqrt{gam} , 'to go to fetch f°'), Āpast. — dhoma (for -homa), m. an oblation of f° (to fire), MW. — vat (samid-), mfn. provided with f°, Śak.; containing the word samidh (samid-vatī, f. a verse containing the word samidh), TS.; 'Vait,

2. Sám-iddha, mfn. (for I. see col. 2) set alight or on fire, lighted, kindled, ignited, inflamed, RV. &c. &c. — darpa, mfn. inflamed with pride, MW. — vat, mfn. containing the word samiddha, KātyŠr. — sarana, mfn. having (its) habitations set on fire (as a town), MW. — homá, m. a libation poured out upon lighted wood, SBr. Sámiddhâgni, mfn. one who has kindled his fire, RV. Samiddhârcis, n. a blazing flame, MW. Samiddhârthaka, m. N. of a man, Mudr.

Samidh, mfn. igniting, flaming, burning, RV.; f. firewood, fuel, a log of wood, faggot, grass &c. employed as fuel (7 Samidhs, or sometimes 3 × 7 are mentioned, as well as 7 Yonis, 7 flames &c.), RV. &c. &c.; kindling, flaming, RV.; VS.; SBr.; = samidhana, SrS. oldha (ifc.) = samidh, fuel, wood, R.; m. fire, L.; (ā), f. an oblation to fuel or firewood, Grihyās.

Samidham, 'idhe. See above under verb.

Sam-idhya, Nom. P. 'yati (fut. -idhyitā or -idhitā), to wish for fuel, Pāņ. vi, 4, 50, Sch.

Sam-idhyamāna, mfn. (pr. p. Pass.) being kindled or ignited; -vat, mfn. containing the word samidhyamāna, KātyŚr.

Sam-indhana, m. N. of a man, Cat.; n. the act of kindling, Nir.; fuel, firewood, Bhatt.; a means of swelling or increasing of (gen.), MBh. xii, 4385.

sam-eddhrí, mfn. one who kindles, kindling, RV.

समिन्द sam- vinv, P. -invati, to impart, bestow, RV.; to put together, restore, ib.

सिमर sam-ira, m.= sam-īra, wind, air (see sam-√īr), L.; N. of Šiva, L.

समिश्र sa-misra, mfn. mixing, mingling, undergoing mixture or combination (in a-sam°), BhP.

समिष sam-ish, f. (VI. ish) a dart, javelin, RV.

Sam-ishanya, Nom. P. 'yati, to drive to-gether, RV.

HIPE sam-ishta, mfn. (\squaj) sacrificed together, sacrificed; n. sacrifice (see next); -yajus, n. sacrificial formula and sacrifice, VS.; SBr.; KātyŚr.

Sám-ishti, f. a complete sacrifice or oblation, TS.; TBr.

समीक samīka. See samy-añc, p. 1181.

समीकरण samī-karaņa, samī-√kri &c. See p. 1153, col. 2.

and sam- \(\sigma ksh\), \(\bar{A}\). -ikshate, to look at or inspect thoroughly, investigate closely, view, perceive, see, VS. &c. &c.; to become aware of, ascertain, R.; to find out, contrive, invent, MBh.; to think of, aim at, have in view, bear in mind, MBh.; to consider well, inquire into, investigate, examine, contemplate, Mn.; MBh. &c.; to look closely at in order to choose or destine for (two acc.), R.: Caus. -ikshayati, te, to cause to look at or view or perceive, AV.; KātyŚr.; to let one's self be seen, show one's self, appear, AV.

Sam-īksha, n. 'complete investigation,' N. of the Sāmkhya system of philosophy, L.; (ā), f. thorough or close inspection, perceiving, beholding (dat. 'within the range of any one's [gen.] sight'), Āpast.; desire or wish to see, MBh.; a glance, BhP.; view, opinion in regard to (with prati), MBh.; deep insight, understanding, intellect, BhP.; investigation, search, W.; the Mīmānsā philosophy or any work examining or explaining Vedic ritual, ib.;