

containing all juices, ŠBr.; ChUp.; wise, learned, L.; m. a sort of musical instrument, L.; a scholar, W.; ^osōttama, m. ‘best of all flavours,’ the saline flavour, ib. — rāj, m. a king of all, VS.; MBh. — rājendra, m. ‘chief of all kings,’ N. of a divine being, Cat.; (<ā), f. a partic. position of the fingers, Kāraṇḍ. — rājya, n. universal sovereignty, MBh. — rātra, m. the whole night; ibc. or (am), ind. all through the night, KātySr.; Śiś.; Vās. — rāsa, m. (cf. -rasa above) the resinous exudation of the V° R°, L.; a sort of musical instrument, ib. — ruta-kauśalya, m. or n. (?) a partic. Samādhi, Buddh. — ruta-samgrahini-lipi(?), f. a partic. mode of writing, Lalit. — rūpa (sárva- or sarvá-), mf(ā)n. having or assuming all forms (-tā, f.), Pañcar.; Jaim., Sch.; having all colours, ŠBr.; ŚiS.; of all kinds, AitBr.; PārGr.; MundUp.; -bhāj, mfn. assuming all forms, Ragh.; -samdarśana, m. a partic. Samādhi, SaddhP. — rūpin, mfn. having or assuming all forms, R. — roga, (ibc.) all kinds of diseases, Cat.; -nidāna, n., -sānti, f. N. of wks. — rodha-virodha-samprāsamana, m. a partic. Samādhi, Buddh. — rohita (sarvá-), mfn. quite red, ŠBr.; KātySr. — rtu (°va + ritu), m. every season, MW.; ‘containing all seasons,’ a year, L.; -parivarta, m. ‘revolution of all the s°s,’ id., ib.; -phala, n. the fruit of all the s°, MW. — rtuka (°va + rit°), mfn. adapted to every season, habitable in every s°, existing in ev° s°, Mn.; R.; Hariv. &c.; -vana, n. N. of a forest, Hariv. — lakshana, (ibc.) all auspicious marks, R.; BhavP.; -tātparya, n., -pustaka, N. of wks.; -lakshita, m. ‘characterized by all marks,’ N. of Siva, MBh. — laghu, mfn. entirely consisting of short syllables, Ked. — lāla-sa, m. N. of Siva, MBh. — linga, mfn. having all genders, used as an adjective (-tā, f.), Pat.; -pradātṛi, mfn. liberal to adherents of every faith, MBh.; -samyāsa, m., -saṃnyāsa-nirṇaya, m., -sādhāni, f.; °gādhyāya, m. N. of wks. — lingin, m. ‘having all kinds of external marks,’ a heretic, L. — luntāka, m. ‘all-robbing,’ N. of a fraudulent official, Campak. — lokā, m. the whole world, VS.; Hariv.; R.; the whole people, VarBrS.; every one, MBh.; R. &c.; pl. (or ibc.) all beings, VarBrS.; ev° one, R.; Pañcar. &c.; -krit, m. ‘Universe-maker,’ N. of Siva, MBh.; -guru, m. N. of Vishnu, BhP.; -dhātu-vyavalokana, m. N. of a Samādhi, Kāraṇḍ.; -dhātupadavā-vega-pratyuttīrṇa, m. N. of a Buddha, Buddh.; -pitāmaha, m. ‘progenitor of all creatures,’ N. of Brahmā, R.; -prajāpati, m. ‘father of the Universe,’ N. of Siva, Sivag.; -bhayam-kara, mfn. appalling to the whole world, R.; -bhayāstambhitatva-vidhvansana-kara, m. N. of a Buddha, Buddh.; -bhārit, mfn. supporting the whole w° (said of Siva), Sivag.; -maya, mf(ā)n. containing the whole w°, R.; Hcat.; -mahēśvara, m. N. of Siva, R.; of Krishna, Bhag.; -vid, mfn. acquainted with all w°s, MBh.; °kāntarātman, m. the soul of the whole w°, MBh.; °kēśa, m. ‘lord of the whole world,’ N. of Krishna, Krishnaj.; -kēśvara, m. ‘id.,’ id., ib.; N. of Brahmā, R. — lokin, mfn. containing the whole world, RāmatUp. — locanā, f. the ichneumon plant, L. — loha, mfn. entirely red, Mn., Sch.; m. an iron arrow, L.; n. (ibc.) all kinds of metal, Cat.; -maya, mf(ā)n. entirely of iron, Pañcat. — lohita, mfn. entirely red, R. — lauha, m. ‘entirely of iron,’ an iron arrow, L. — vat, mfn. containing all, MānGr. — vani, mfn. all-acquiring or all-possessing, Kāv. — varna, mf(ā)n. all-coloured, TĀr. — varṇikā, f. the tree Gmelina Arborea, L. — varṇin, mfn. (prob.) of various kinds, MBh. — vartikā, v.l. for -varṇikā, L. — varman, m. N. of a grammarian (cf. sarva-v°), Buddh. — vallabha, mfn. dear to all, MW.; (<ā), f. an unchaste woman, L. — vāg-iṣvara, m. N. of Vishnu, Pañcar. — vāñ-nidhana, m. N. of an Ekāha, ŚāṅkhSr. — vāñ-maya, mf(ā)n. containing all speech, entirely consisting of speech, BhP.; Cat. — vāta-saha, mfn. able to bear every wind (said of a ship), MW. — vādin, m. N. of Siva, MBh.; (^odi)-sammata, mfn. approved by all disputants, universally admitted, MW. — vāram, ind. all at once, simultaneously, Pañcat. — vārshika-parvan, n. pl. all the junctures or special periods of a year, BhP. — vāsa, m. ‘all-abiding,’ Siva, MBh. — vāsaka, mfn. completely clothed, MBh. — vāsin, m. = -vāsa, MW. — vikrayin, mfn. selling all kinds of things, Mn. ii, 118. — vikshepatā, f. a partic. method of counting, Buddh. (cf. -nikshepā). — vikhyāta, m. ‘celebrated by all,’ N. of Siva, MBh. — vigraha, m. ‘all-shaped,’ Siva, ib. — vi-jñāna, n. knowledge of everything, Sarvad.; mfn.

knowing everything (-tā, f.), R., Sch. — vijñānin, mfn. id.; (^oñāni)-tā, f. omniscience, ib. (v.l.); Kām. — vīd, mfn. all-knowing, omniscient, AV.; MundUp.; MBh. &c.; m. the Supreme Being, MW.; f. the sacred syllable Om, L.; (-vit)-tva, n. omniscience, Cat. — vidya, mfn. possessing all science, omniscient, ŠvetUp.; (<ā), f. all science, TBr.; every sc°, pl. all sc°s, TĀr.; ^oyā-maya, mf(ā)n. containing all sc°, Cat.; ^oyālamkāra, ^oyā-vinoda, ^oyā-vinodabhattācārya, m. N. of authors, ib.; ^oyā-siddhāntavarṇana, n. N. of wk. — vināśa, m. entire destruction, Gaut. — vinda, m. a partic. mythical being, ib. — vibhūti, f. dominion over all, MW. — visrambhīn, mfn. trusting all, Car. — viśva, n. the whole world, Pañcar. — vishaya, mfn. relating to everything, general, Vām. — vishṭutiprayoga, m., -vihāriya-yantra, n. N. of wks. — vīra (sárva-), mf(ā)n. all-heroic, consisting of or relating to or accompanied by or leading all men or heroes, RV.; AV.; Kauś.; possessing numerous male descendants, MW.; -jīt, mfn. conquering all heroes, Pañcar.; -bhattāraka, m. N. of an author, Cat. — vīrya (sárva-), mf(ā)n. endowed with all powers, ŠBr. — vīriddha, mf(ā)n. recited entirely according to the quantity of the vowels, SamhUp. — vēga, m. N. of a king, VP. — vettī, mfn. all-knower, omniscient (-tva, n.), L. — vēda, mfn. having all knowledge, MW.; acquainted with all the Vedas, Pat. on Pān. iv, 2, 60; m. a Brāhmaṇa who has read the four Vedas, W.; -tri-rātra, m. a partic. Ahīna, ŚāṅkhSr.; -maya, mf(ā)n. containing all the Vedas, BhP.; ^odītman, w.r. for sarva-devātman, RāmatUp.; ^odārtha, m. N. of ch. of the BhP. — vedas (sárva-), mfn. having complete property, AV.; m. one who gives away all his prop° to the priests after a sacrifice, L. — vedasā, mfn. accompanied by a gift of all one’s goods (as a sacrifice; also m. [scil. kratu] ‘a sacrifice of the above kind’), MaitrS.; Br.; ŚiS.; giving all one’s property to priests after a sac°, Mn. xi, 1 (v.l.); (am), n. all one’s prop°, TS.; Br.; KātUp.; ŚiS.; -dakshiṇa, mf(ā)n. attended with a gift of all one’s prop° as a fee (at a sacrifice), ŚiS.; Mn. — vedasīn, mfn. giving away all one’s property, Kāt. — veditī, mfn. = -vettī, MBh. — vedin, mfn. omniscient, ŚiS.; knowing all the Vedas, Hariv. — veshin, m. ‘having all dresses,’ an actor, L. (w. r. -vesin). — vaidalya-samgraha, m. N. of wk. — vaināśika, mfn. believing in complete annihilation, Col.; m. a Buddhist, ib.; N. of a class of Buddh° who hold the doctrine of total annih°, MW. — vyāpad, f. complete failure, AitBr. — vyāpin, mfn. all-pervading, Up.; MBh.; embracing all particulars, MW.; m. N. of Rudra, ib.; (^opi)-tva, n. universality, ib. — vyūha-rati-svabhāva-naya-samdarśana, m. N. of a king of the Gandharvas, Buddh. — vrata, n. a universal vow, ĀsvGr.; BhP.; mfn. all-vowing, ĀsvGr.; Kauś.; ^otādyāpana, n., ^otādyāpana-prayoga, m. N. of wks. — sāk, mfn. all-powerful, omnipotent, MW. — sakti, f. entire strength (^otyā, ind. ‘with all one’s might’), MBh.; power of accomplishing all, Jam. — sāṅkā, f. suspicion of everybody, L. — sabdagā, mfn. uttering various sounds, MBh. — sārīra, n. the body of all things (-tā, f.), Sarvad. — sārīrātman, m. the soul of all that has a body, BhP. — sās, see s.v., p. 1189, col. 2. — sastrin, mfn. provided with all kinds of weapons, MBh. — sākuna, n. the complete science of augury, VarBrS. — sānti, f. universal tranquillity or calm, AV.; N. of wk.; -krit, m. ‘causing univ° tr° or calm,’ N. of Bharata (sovereign of all India and son of Śakuntalā), L. (cf. -damana); -prayoga, m. N. of wk. — sāsā, mfn. all-ruling, RV. — sāstra, mfn. knowing every science, MW.; -pravetī, m. ‘charioteer of all science,’ one well acquainted with all sc°, ib.; -maya, mf(ā)n. containing all treatises, Pañcar.; -vid or -viśārada, mfn. skilled in all sc°, MW.; ^otrārtha-nirṇaya, m. N. of wk. — sishya, mfn. to be taught by every one (-tā, f.), Kshem. — sīghra, mfn. swiftest of all, IndSt. — sūkla, mf(ā)n. entirely light or white, ŚāṅkhP. — sūddha-vāla (sarvā-), mfn. entirely white-tailed, VS.; MaitrS. — sūbhāmaka, mfn. auspicious to all, MBh.; m. N. of Siva, MW. — sūnya, mf(ā)n. completely empty, Cāṇ.; Hit.; Vet. &c.; thinking everything non-existent, Pañcar.; -tā, f. complete void, KapS., Sch.; the theory that everything is non-ex°, nihilism, Sarvad.; -tva, n. id. (-vādin, m. ‘an adherent of that theory, nihilist,’ Bādar., Sch.), ib. — sūra, m. N. of a Bodhi-sattva, Kāraṇḍ. — sesha, mfn. remaining out of a whole, W. — sākyāyasa, mf(ā)n. (prob.) entirely damaskened, MBh. — soka-vināśin, mfn. removing all sorrow or griefs, MW. — srāvya, mfn. audible to all, ib. — śruti-purāṇa-sāra-samgraha, m. N. of wk. — śreshtha, mfn. the best of all (-tama, id., MBh.), R.; MārkP. — śveta (sárva-), mfn. entirely white, Suparn.; whitest of all, Pān. vi, 2, 93, Sch.; (<ā), f. a kind of venomous insect, Suśr.; a partic. mythical herb, Kāraṇḍ. — samśliṣṭa, mfn. contained in everything, MBh.; Pañcar. — samsarga-lavana, n. salt soil, L.; a partic. kind of salt or salt soil (mixing with everything), MW. (v.l. sārvasam°). — samsthā, mfn. omnipresent, Hariv.; all-destroying, ŠvetUp.; (<ā), f. pl. all the Soma-samsthās, ĀpŚr. — samsthāna, mfn. having all shapes, VarBrS. — samhāra, mfn. all-destroying; m. time, R.; universal destruction, NrisUp.; Hariv. — samhārin, mfn. all-destroying, Kathās. — saguna, mfn. possessing excellencies in everything, ib. — samgata, mfn. united with all, met with universally, W.; m. a sort of rice ripening in 60 days, L. — saṅga-parityāga, m. abandonment of all worldly affections or connections, MW. — saṅgā, f. N. of a river, MBh. — samgraha, m. a general or universal collection, W.; N. of various wks.; mfn. possessed of everything, R. — samjñā, f. (with Buddhists) a partic. high number, Lalit. — sattva-trātṛi, m. N. of a mythical being, SaddhP. — sattva-pāpa-jahana, m. N. of a Samādhi, Buddh. — sattva-priya-darśana, m. N. of a Buddha, ib.; of a Bodhi-sattva, ib.; of another person, ib. — sattvānjo-hārī, f. N. of a Rākshasi, ib. (v.l. -sattvō°). — satya, mfn. truest of all, Pañcar. — samnahana, n. (L.) or ^ohanārthaka, m. (MW.) a complete armament or armour. — samnāha, m. id., W.; being completely armed or prepared for anything, going about anyth° zealously, L.; the universally-pervading spirit, W. — samatā, f. sameness or identity with all things, ib.; equality or impartiality towards everything, Mn. xii, 125. — samarpāṇa-stotra, n. N. of wk. — samāśa, m. complete union, all together, KātySr. — samāhara, mfn. all-destroying, R. — samriddha (sarvā-), mfn. entirely well arranged, ŠBr.; ĀsvGr. — sampatti, f. success in everything, R.; Hcat.; abundance of ev°, Kathās. — sampād, f. complete agreement, ŠBr. — sampanna, mfn. provided with everything, ĀsvGr.; -sasya, mf(ā)n. having grain or corn provided everywhere, Mṛicch. — sampāta, m. every residue, all that remains, Hariv. — sampradāyābheda-siddhānta, m. N. of wk. — sambhava, m. the source of everything, MārkP. — sammata-sikshā, f. N. of wk. — sara, m. a kind of ulcer in the mouth, Suśr.; Bhpr. — sasya, (ibc.) all kinds of grain; mf(ā)n. yielding all kinds of grain, L.; -bhū, f. a field y° all k° of gr°, L.; -vat, mfn. (= -sasya, mfn.), Hcat. — saha, mf(ā)n. all-enduring, very patient, MBh.; BhP.; Sivag.; m. bdellium, L.; (<ā), f. the earth, MW.; N. of a mythical cow, MBh. — sākshin, m. the witness of everything, NrisUp.; Pañcar.; N. of the Supreme Being, MW.; of the Wind, ib.; of Fire, ib. — sāda, mfn. that wherein everything is absorbed, Hariv. (Nilak.) — sādhana, mfn. accomplishing everyth°, Pañcat.; m. Śiva, MBh. — sādhāraṇa, mf(ā) or (<ā>n. common to all, NrisUp.; R. &c.; -prayoga, m. N. of wk. — sādhū, ind. very good, very well! (used as an exclamation), Hit.; -nishevita, m. ‘honoured by all good people,’ Śiva, MBh. — sāmānya, mf(ā)n. common to all, Rājat. — sāmprata, n. omnipresence, Satr. — sāmya, n. equality in all respects, ĀsvSr. — sāmrājya-medha-sahasra-nāman, n. N. of wk. — sāra, n. the essence or cream of the whole (also -tama), Cat.; N. of various wks.; -nirṇaya, m., -samgraha, m. N. of wks.; -samgrahānī, f. a partic. mode of writing, Lalit.; ^osārōpanishad, f. N. of an Upanishad. — sāraṅga, m. N. of a serpent-demon, MBh. — sāha, mfn. all-enduring, ib. — siddhā, f. N. of the 4th and 9th and 14th lunar nights, IndSt. — siddhānta, m., -siddhānta-samgraha, m. N. of wks. — siddhārtha, mfn. having every object accomplished, having ev° wish gratified, Mn.; R.; Pañcar. — siddhi, f. accomplishment of ev° object, universal success, W.; entire proof, complete result, KapS.; m. Āege Marmelos, L. — sukha-krit, mfn. causing universal happiness, MBh. — sukha-duḥkha-nirabhinandin, m. a partic. Samādhi, Buddh. — sukhāya, Nom. Ā. °yate, to feel every pleasure or delight, Hcat. — surabhi, n. everything fragrant,