

Sidhrá, mf(ā)n. = I. *sidhmá*, RV.; successful, efficacious, ib.; perfect, good, Uṇ. ii, 13, Sch.; m. a kind of tree, ib.

Sidhraka, m., a kind of tree, KātyŚr.

Sidhrakā, in comp. for *sidhraka*. — **vana**, n. (cf. g. *koṭarādī*) N. of one of the celestial gardens, L. — **vat**, see *saidhrakāvata*.

सिद्ध 2. sidhmá, mf(ā)n. (of doubtful derivation) white-spotted (accord. to others 'leprosy'), TS.; (ā), f. a blotch, leprosy spot, MW.; leprosy, ib.; m. n. one of the 18 forms of leprosy (= *mahā-kushtha*), Car.; Bhpr.; n. a blotch, scab, W.

3. **Sidhma**, in comp. for *sidhman*. — **pushpikā**, f. a kind of mild leprosy, L. — **vat**, mfn. leprosy, Pāp. v, 2, 97; blotchy, pock-marked, W.

Sidhman, m. n. one of the 18 varieties of leprosy (= *kshudra-kushtha*), Suśr.; MBh. &c.

Sidhmalā, mfn. leprosy, TBr.; Pāp. v, 2, 97; (ā), f. a kind of leprosy, Col.; dried or salt fish, L.

सिन 2. śina, n. (accord. to some fr. a √*sā* = ā in *āveva*; fr. which also *sinva*, *sinvat* in *a-s°*; for I. *sina* see p. 1213, col. 1) provision, store (accord. to Naigh. = *anna*, 'food'; accord. to others = 'reward, pay'), RV.; m. (only L.) the body; a garment; Careya Arborea; (ī), f. = *sinivālī*, Kāśikh.; mf(ī)n. white (= 3. *sita*), L.; blind, one-eyed (= *kāṇa*), L. — **vat** (*śina-*), mfn. abundant, copious, RV.

Sinī (f. of prec.), in comp. (?) — **patī**, m. N. of a warrior (v.l. *sin°*), Hariv. — **vāka**, m. N. of a man (v.l. *si°*), MBh.

सिनीवाली sinivālī, f. (of doubtful derivation) N. of a goddess (in RV. described as broad-hipped, fair-armed, fair-fingered, presiding over fecundity and easy birth, and invoked with Sarasvatī, Rākā &c.; in AV. she is called the wife of Vishṇu; in later Vedic texts she is the presiding deity of the first day of new moon, as Rākā of the actual day of full moon), the first day of new moon when it rises with a scarcely visible crescent, RV. &c. &c.; N. of a daughter of Aṅgiras, MBh.; of the wife of Dhātṛi and mother of Darśa, BhP.; of Durgā, L.; of a river, MärkP. — **kuhū-śāntī**, f. N. of a religious ceremony (for averting the evil effects of being born on Sinivālī and Kuhū days), Saṃskarak.

सिन्दुक sinduka, m. (of unknown derivation) = *sinduvāra*, L.; (ā), f. id., L.

Sinduvāra, m. (cf. *sindhu-v°*) Vitex Negundo, Kāv.; VarBṛS. (also *°raka*, L.); n. the berry of that plant, Kum.

सिन्दूर sindūra, m. (accord. to Uṇ. i, 69, fr. √*syand*) a sort of tree, L.; a proper N., Cat.; (ī), f. red cloth or clothes, L.; Grisea Tomentosa, L.; another plant (= *-pushpī*), L.; = *rocanī*, L.; n. red lead, minium, vermilion, Kāv.; Kathās. &c.; (= *rakta-śāsana*, *rāja-lekha*, and *rāja-lekhita-dakṣiṇa*, L.) — **kāraṇa**, n. 'origin of minium,' lead, L. — **tilaka**, m. (if. f. ā) a mark on the forehead made with red lead, Kathās.; 'marked with red lead,' an elephant, L.; (ā), f. a woman whose forehead is marked with red lead (and therefore whose husband is living), L. — **nirgama**, m. N. of a ch. of GaṇP. ii. — **pushpī**, f. a kind of plant (= *vīra-pushpī*), L. — **prakāra**, m. N. of wk. (also *-īkā*, f.), W. — **ra-sa**, m. a partic. preparation of quicksilver, L.

Sindūrikā, f. red lead, minium, W.

Sindūrīta, mfn. reddened, made red, Śiś.

सिन्धु sindha. See *kūs°*, p. 298, col. 1.

सिन्धि sindhi, n. (perhaps connected with next) rock-salt, L.

सिन्धु sindhu, m. and f. (prob. fr. √*sidh*, 'to go') a river, stream (esp. the Indus, and in this sense said to be the only river regarded as m., see *-nada*, col. 2), RV. &c. &c.; m. flood, waters (also in the sky), RV.; AV.; ocean, sea, RV. &c. &c.; a symbolical term for the number 4 (cf. I. *samudra*), Gaṇit.; N. of Varuṇa (as god of the ocean), MW.; the moisture of the lips, Kum.; water ejected from an elephant's trunk (= *vamathu*), L.; the exudation from an elephant's temples, L.; the country around the Indus (commonly called Sindh; pl. 'the inhabitants of Sindh'), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a king of Sindh (?), Cat.; N. of Vishṇu, RV.; MBh.; white or refined borax (= *sveta-tānkana*), L.; = *sindhuka*, L.; (in music) a partic. Rāga, Saṃgīta.; N. of a king of

the Gandharvas, R.; of a serpent-demon, Buddh.; of various men, Rājat. — **kanyā**, f. 'daughter of the ocean,' N. of Lakshmi, Pañcar. (also *kshirōda-sindhu-k°*). — **kapha**, m. 'sea-foam,' cuttle-fish bone, L. — **kara**, n. a kind of borax, ib. (prob. incorrect). — **kārikā**, w.r. for *-vārikā*, Car. — **kshit**, m. N. of a Rājarsi (author of the hymn RV. x, 75 and having the patr. Praiyamedha), PañcavBr. — **khela**, m. 'played or flowed over by the Indus,' the country Sindh, L. — **gañja**, m. a treasury built by Sindhu, Rājat. — **ja**, mfn. ocean-born, river-born, aquatic, W.; born or produced in the country Sindh, MBh.; (ā), f. N. of Lakshmi (as produced at the churning of the ocean), Cat.; n. rock-salt, Suśr. — **janman**, mfn. ocean-born, MW.; produced in Sindh, ib.; m. the moon, L.; n. rock-salt, ib. — **dā** (?), f. N. of a Rāginī, Saṃgīt. — **tās**, ind. from the Sindhu, AV. — **tira-sambhava**, n. a kind of borax, L. — **datta**, m. N. of a man, Daś. — **deśa**, m. the country of Sindh, Cat. — **dvīpa**, m. N. of a king, MBh.; of the author of the hymn RV. x, 9 (having the patr. Āmbarīsha), Hariv.; VP.; of other men, MBh.; BhP. — **nada**, m. the river Indus, VarBṛS.; N. of a southern river, Cat.; of a country, ib. — **nandana**, m. 'son of the ocean,' the moon (one of the 14 precious things recovered by churning the ocean after the flood), L. — **nātha**, m. 'lord of rivers,' the ocean, Śiś. — **patī**, m. lord of the flood, RV.; 'lord of Sindh,' N. of Jayad-ratha, MBh. — **patnī** (*sindhu-*), f. having the Sindhu for mistress, AV. — **patha**, m., g. *deva-pathādī*. — **parṇī**, f. Gmelina Arborea, L. — **pāra-ja**, mfn. born or produced on the Indus (said of a horse), L. — **piba**, m. N. of Agastya, Naish. — **putra**, m. 'son of the ocean,' the moon, L.; Diospyros Tomentosa, ib. — **pulinda**, m. pl. N. of a people, MW. — **pushpa**, m. 'sea-flower,' a conch-shell, L. — **prasūta**, n. rock-salt, Suśr. — **mathya**, mfn. produced at the churning of the ocean, BhP. — **madhya**, N. of a district, Cat. — **mantha**, m. the churning of the ocean, MW.; 'ocean churning-stick,' a mountain (accord. to some), ib.; **ja**, n. rock-salt, L. — **mātrī** (*sindhu-*), f. the mother of streams (said of the river Sarasvatī), RV.; mfn. having the sea as mother, ib. — **mitra**, m. N. of a man, g. *kāśyādī*. — **mukha**, n. the mouth of a river, MW.; *°kṣāgata*, mfn. arrived at the mouth of a river, ib. — **rāja**, m. 'king of rivers,' the ocean, MaitrUp.; Kāv.; 'king of Sindh,' N. of Jayad-ratha, MBh.; Hariv. &c.; of a Muni, R. — **rājñī** (*sindhu-*), f. having the Sindhu as queen, AV. — **rāva**, m. Vitex Negundo, Pañcar. (w.r. for *-vāra*). — **lavana**, n. rock-salt, L. — **vaktra**, N. of a place (see *saindhu-vaktraka*). — **vāra**, m. Vitex Negundo, MBh.; R.; Suśr.; Pañcar.; a horse (of a good breed) brought from Sindh, L. (cf. *-pāra-ja* above). — **vāraka**, m. (Suśr.) or *-vārikā*, f. (Car.) or *-vārita*, m. (L.) Vitex Negundo. — **vāsin**, mfn. living in Sindh, MW.; (*inī*), f. N. of the family-deity of the Māṇṭis, Cat. — **vāhas** (*sindhu-*), mfn. (perhaps) passing through the sea or navigating, RV. (accord. to Sāy. = *nadinām pravāhayitā*). — **vīrya**, m. N. of a king of the Madras, MärkP. — **vriśha**, m. N. of Vishṇu, L. — **veshana**, m. Gmelina Arborea, L. — **śayana**, m. 'ocean-reclining,' N. of Vishṇu, ib. — **śhāman** (for *-śāman*), n. N. of a Sāman, ĀrshBr.; Lāty. — **shena** (for *-sena*), m. N. of a king of Sindh, Mudr. — **sangama**, m. 'sea-confluence,' the mouth of a river, Rājat. — **samudra-sangama**, m. N. of a place, MW. — **sarja**, m. the Sāi tree, L. — **sāgara**, the country between the mouths of the Indus and the sea, Inscr. — **sānu**, m. patr. of Jālam-dhara, Cat. — **sritya**, n. the flowing in streams, AV. — **sauvīra**, m. pl. N. of a people inhabiting the country round the Indus (in comp. also N. of the country), AV. Paris.; MBh.; R. &c.; a king of the above people, VarBṛS. — **sauvīraka**, m. pl. N. of a people (= prec.), ib. **Sindhūtama**, n. N. of a Tīrtha, MBh. **Sindhūttha**, m. the moon, L.; n. rock-salt, Suśr. **Sindhūdbhava** (ib.) or *°dhūpala* (L.), n. rock-salt.

Sindhuka, mfn. marine, W.; born or produced in Sindh, VP.; m. Vitex Negundo, VarBṛS.; N. of a king, VP.

Sindhura, m. an elephant, Rājat.; Śukas.; N. of the number eight, Gaṇit. — **dveshin**, m. 'elephant-hater,' a lion, L. **Sindhurā-giri-māhātmya**, n. N. of ch. of the Padma-purāṇa.

Sindhula, m. N. of the father of Bhoja, Cat.

सिन्धु sinv. See *√ninv*, p. 549, col. 2.

सिन्धु sinva, *sinvat*. See *a-s°*, p. 121, col. 1.

सिपाहण sipāhaṇa, N. of a place, Cat.

सिपिल sipila, m. N. of a man, Buddh.

सिपुना sipunā, f. a kind of plant, Kauś.

सिप्र sipra, m. (less correctly *śipra*; derivation unknown) sweat, perspiration, L.; the moon, L.; (ā), f. a woman's zone, L.; a female buffalo, L.; N. of a river near Ujjayinī, Kalid.; VarBṛS. &c.; n. N. of a lake, Kālp.

Siprāya, Nom. Ā. °*yate*, to emit cold perspiration, Car.

सिफिन्ना siphinnā, f. N. of a village, Rājat.

सिभ sibh or *simbh*. See *√sribh*.

सिम् 1. sim, ind., g. *cādi*.

सिम् 2. sim, (in Vedic gram.) a technical term for the eight simple vowels (viz. *a, ā, i, ī, u, ū, ṛ, ṛi*).

सिम 1. simā, mfn. (prob. connected with I. *sama*; abl. *simāsmāt*, dat. *simāsmāi*; voc. *simā* [Padap. *sima*, RV. viii, 41]; n. pl. *śime*) all, every, whole, entire (accord. to some = *śreshṭha*; accord. to others = *ātman*, 'one's self'), RV.

सिम 2. śima, m. = *śima*, VS. (accord. to Mahīdh. = *śimā, rekhā*).

सिमसिमाय simasimāya (onomat.), Ā. °*yate*, to bubble, simmer, crackle, Vās.; MärkP.

Simisimāya, Ā. °*yate*, to quiver (with irritability, itch &c.), Kathās.

सिमा simā, f. pl. a partic. Sāman (consisting of the Mahā-nāmunī verses; *-tva*, n.), Br.

सिमिक simika, m. a kind of small worm or insect, L.

सिम्ब 1. simba, *simbala*, *simbi* &c. See *simb°*, p. 1072, col. 2.

सिम्ब 2. simba, m. N. of a man, Rājat. — **rāja**, m. N. of an author, Cat.

सिम्बतिका simbatikā, f. (cf. *simbikā*) a kind of pod or legume, Suśr.

सिम्भुक simbhuka, m. N. of a mythical bird, Pañcat.

सिर sira, m. = I. *śira*, the root of Piper Longum, L.

सिरा sirā, f. (fr. √*sri*) a stream, water, RV. i, 121 (cf. Naigh. i, 12; often written *śirā*); any tubular vessel of the body, a nerve, vein, artery, tendon &c., Suśr.; Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; a vein-like channel or narrow stream of river water, VarBṛS.; lines which cross each other like veins, ib.; a bucket, baling-vessel, L. — **jāla**, n. a network of vessels or veins, MBh.; Suśr.; an enlargement of the vessels of the eye, W.; *-vat*, mfn. covered with a network of veins, Suśr. — **patra**, m. the sacred fig-tree, L.; Phoenix Paludosa, L. — **praharsha**, m. = *śirā-harsha*, Suśr. — **bija**, n., g. *rāja-dantādī*. — **mūla**, n. 'root of the veins,' the navel, ib. — **moksha**, m. 'vein-losing,' blood-letting, venesection, ib. — **mbu** (*śirāmbu*), n. the fluid in the vessels of the body, blood &c., HParis. — **vṛitta**, n. lead, L. — **vedha**, m. (Rāghav.), *-vedhana*, n. (Car.), *-vyadha*, m. and *-vyadhana*, n. (Suśr.) piercing the veins, venesection. — **harsha**, m. thrill of the nerves, MW.; an intensified form of *śirōtpāta* below, Suśr.; flow of discoloured tears, W. **Sirōtpāta**, m. a disease of the white of the eyes, redness of the veins, Suśr.; ŚārngS.

Sirāla, mf(ā)n. having numerous or large veins, VarBṛS.; m. pl. N. of a people, VP.; (ā), f. a kind of plant, L.; n. the fruit of Averrhoa Carambola, L.

Sirāla, m. Vitis Quadrangularis, L.

Sirālu, mfn. = (or w.r. for) *śirāla*, VarBṛS.

सिरिधिर siridhira or *°rindhira*, g. *kulāladī*.

सिरी sirī, m. or f. (prob.) a shuttle (others, 'a weaver'), RV. x, 71, 9.

सिलक silaka, v.l. for *śilaka* (q.v.)

सिलाची silācī, f. a partic. medicinal plant, AV.