

nymph, Apsaras, MW.; a proper N., ib. — **vīthī**, f. 'way of the gods,' N. of the way of the Nakshatras, MBh. — **velā**, f. N. of a river, L. — **vesman**, n. abode of the g°, heaven, ŚāringP.; a temple, Cāṇ.; Rājat. — **vairin**, m. an enemy of the g°, Asura, L. — **śatru**, m. id., Śīś.; -**guru**, m. the planet Venus, VarYogay.; -**han**, m. 'slayer of the enemy of the g°,' N. of Śiva, Śivag. — **sākhin**, m. 'tree of the gods,' the Kalpa tree, Naish.; Kāvyād.; ŚāringP. — **śilpin**, m. the artificer of the g°, L. — **śreshṭha**, m. 'best of the g°,' N. of Vishnu, R.; of Śiva, ib.; of Indra, ib.; BrahmaP.; of Dharma, Hariv.; of Gaṇeśa, Pañcar.; (ā), f. a partic. plant, L. — **śvetā**, f. a small (white) house lizard, L. — **sakha**, m. 'friend of the gods,' N. of Indra, Śak.; pl. N. of the Gandharvas, Kir. — **samgha**, m. a company or assemblage of gods, Bhag. — **sattama**, m. the best of the g°, MW. — **sadana**, n. a god's house, temple, Kād. — **sadman**, n. abode of the g°, heaven, Śīś.; a god's house, temple, Kathās.; Rājat. — **sama**, mfn. equal to the g°, MW. — **samiti**, f. an assemblage of g°, W. — **sambhavā**, f. Polanisia Icosandra, L. — **sarit**, f. 'river of the gods,' the Ganges, Kāv.; Kād.; -**suta**, m. metron. of Bhishma, Śīś. — **sarshapaka**, m. a kind of tree, L. — **sindhu**, f. = **sarit**, Kathās.; = **mandākinī**, Śīś. (Sch.) — **suta**, m. a son of a g°, MBh.; R.; (ā), f. a daughter of a g°, R.; °**tōpama**, mfn. similar to the children of the g°, MW. — **sundara**, m. a beautiful deity, Bhag.; (ī), f. a lovely celestial female, Apsaras (-*jana*, m. pl.), ib.; Kāv.; Kathās.; N. of Durgā, L.; of a fairy, ib.; of a woman, Vet.; a partic. Yogini, MW.; -**senā**, f. the army of the gods (-*gana-pati*, m. 'the chief of the celestial host'), R.; N. of a woman, Daś. — **skandha**, m. N. of a demon, Buddh. (v.l. *khara-skō*). — **strī**, f. a celestial woman, Apsaras, Viśr.; VarBrS.; Kathās.; BhP.; °**strīśa**, m. 'lord of the A°,' N. of Indra, L. — **sthāna**, n. the place or abode of a god, MW.; a temple, Kām.; Hit. — **savantī**, f. the heavenly Ganges, Harav. — **srotasvinī**, f. N. of the Ganges, Bhām. — **Surānganā**, f. a celestial woman, Apsaras, Nal.; Kāv.; Kathās. &c. — **Surācārya**, m. 'preceptor of the gods,' N. of Brihas-pati, L. 1. — **Surājīva** (for 2. *surājō* see below, col. 3), m. 'livelihood of the gods,' N. of Vishnu, Pañcar. — **Surādri**, m. 'mountain of the gods,' the m° Meru, Śīś. — **Surādhama**, m. the lowest or worst of the gods, BhP. — **Surādhipa**, m. 'sovereign of the g°,' N. of Indra, MBh.; R.; Kathās. &c. — **Surādhīsa**, m. id., BhP.; Naish. — **Surādhyaksha**, m. 'sovereign of the g°,' N. of Brahmā, Hariv.; of Krishṇa, ib.; of Śiva, Śivag. — **Surānaka**, m. a drum of the gods, BhP. — **Surānanda**, m. N. of a teacher, Cat.; of a poet, ŚāringP.; (ā), f. N. of a Surānganā, Sinhās. — **Surāpagā**, f. 'river of the g°,' the Ganges, Kir.; Kathās.; Sāh. — **Surāyudha**, n. a weapon of the g°, Kum. — **Surārāni**, f. 'mother of the g°,' N. of Aditi (cf. *surāvani*), VP. — **Surāri**, m. an enemy of the gods, an Asura (also a Rākshasa), Kāv.; Kathās. &c.; N. of a demon causing diseases, Hariv.; of a king, MBh.; the chirp of a cricket, W.; -**ghna**, m. N. of a demon causing diseases, Hariv.; -**sambhava**, mfn. caused by an enemy of the g°, MW.; -**han**, m. 'destroyer of the enemy of the g°,' N. of Śiva, MBh.; -**hantri**, m. 'demon-killer,' N. of Vishnu, Tithyād. — **Surārcana**, n. the act of worshipping the gods, worship, Yājñ. — **Surārdana**, m. 'tormenter of the g°,' an Asura, MārkP. — **Surārha**, n. 'worthy of the g°,' yellow sandal, L.; gold, ib.; saffron, MW. — **Surārhaka**, m. a kind of fragrant plant, L. 1. — **Surālaya**, m. (for 2. *surālō* see p. 1236, col. 1) abode of the gods, heaven, Hariv.; Kāv.; Kathās. &c.; Meru or Su-meru, L.; a god's abode, temple, Yājñ.; Car.; VarBrS. &c.; wind(?), L. — **Surāvani**, f. the Earth as mother of the gods or Aditi, MārkP. (cf. *surārāni*). — **Surāvalī**, f. N. of wk. — **Surāvāsa**, m. 'abode of the g°,' a temple, L.; N. of a temple, Rājat. — **Surāśraya**, m. 'resort of the g°,' Meru, Sūryas.; Kathās. — **Surāsura**, m. pl. or (prob. n.) sg. gods and Asuras, MBh.; Hariv.; R. &c.; -**guru**, m. N. of Śiva, MBh.; of Kaśyapa, Śak.; -**maya**, mf(ī)n. caused by the g° and As°, Cat.; -**vimarda**, m. a conflict or war between the g° and As°, R.; °**surācārya**, m. N. of a teacher, W. — **Surāspada**, n. 'god's abode,' a temple, Rājat. — **Surāhvā**, m. *Pinus Deodora*, Bhpr.; other plants (= *maruvaka*; = *hari-dru*), L.; (ā), f. a kind of creeping pl°, ib. — **Surāhvaya**, m. marjoram, L.; n. *Pinus Deodora*, ib. — **Surējya**, m. 'preceptor of the gods,' N. of Brihas-pati, Jyot.; VarBrS.; of the planet Jupiter, Var.; (ā), f. the sacred basil, L.; an-

other plant, = *brāhma*, ib. — **Surētara**, m. 'other than a Sura,' an Asura, BhP. — **Surēndra**, m. chief of the gods (esp. N. of Indra), Mn.; Ragh.; BhP. &c.; N. of a king, Rājat.; of a teacher, Cat.; a kind of bulbous plant (Arum), L.; (ā), f. N. of a Kim-nari, Kārand.; -**kanda**, m. a kind of bulbous plant (= °*rēndra*), Npr.; Suśr.; -**gopa**, m. cochineal, Suśr. (cf. *indra-gō*); -**cāpa**, n. 'Indra's bow,' the rainbow, ŚāringP.; -**jit**, m. 'conqueror of Indra,' N. of Garuḍa, L.; -**tā**, f. the rank of chief of the gods, Jātakam.; -**pūjya**, m. N. of Brihas-pati, the planet Jupiter, VarBrS., Sch.; -**mālā**, f. N. of a Kim-nari, Kārand.; -**lupta**, morbid baldness of the head (= *indra-lō*), Car.; -**loka**, m. Indra's world, Bhag.; -**vati**, f. N. of a princess, Rājat.; -**śishya**, m. N. of an author, Cat.; -**samhitā**, f. N. of wk. — **Surēndraka**, m. a kind of bulbous plant (= °*rēndra*), Npr. — **Surēbha**, m. (for *su-rebha* see p. 1232, col. 3) a celestial elephant, MW. — **Surēsa**, m. a lord of the gods, BhP.; N. of a partic. god, MBh.; of a partic. Agni (son of Tapas), ib.; of Indra, VarBrS.; Kathās.; BhP.; of Vishnu-Krishṇa, Cat.; of Śiva, Śivag.; of a place, Pañcar.; (ī), f. N. of Durgā, Cāṇ.; -**loka**, m. Indra's world, BhP. — **Surēsvara**, m. a lord of the gods, R.; BhP.; N. of Brahmā, R.; of Śiva, ib.; of Indra, Kāv.; BhP.; of a Rudra, MBh.; VP.; of a disciple of Śāmkarācārya and others, Buddh.; RāmatUp. &c.; (ī), f. N. of Durgā, Kathās.; Rājat.; of Lakshmi, Cat.; of Rādhā, Pañcar.; of the celestial Ganges, L.; -**dhanus**, n. 'Indra's bow,' the rainbow, Kāv.; -**pandita**, m. N. of an author, Cat.; -**prabha**, m. N. of a king, Buddh.; -**vārttika**, n., -**vārttika-tikā**, f. N. of wks.; -**svāmin**, °**varācārya**, °**varāśrama**, m. N. of authors, Cat.; °**vari-kshetra**, n. N. of a region sacred to Durgā, Rājat.; °**vari-māhātmya**, n. N. of wk.; °**varōpādhyāya**, m. N. of an author, Cat. — **Surēshtha**, mfn. beloved or desired by the gods, L.; m. *Elaeocarpus Ganitrus*, L.; Vatica Robusta, ib.; Agati Grandiflora, ib.; = **vasuka**, ib.; Sesbana Grandiflora, W.; (ā), f. a kind of plant, = *brāhma*, L.; *Asclepias Acida*, W. — **Surēshṭaka**, n. the resin of the Vatica Robusta, L. 1. — **Surōttama**, m. (for 2. *surōtō* see p. 1236, col. 1) chief of the gods, MBh.; N. of Vishnu, Hariv.; of the Sun, L.; (ā), f. N. of an Apsaras, VP.; °**mācārya**, m. N. of various authors, Cat. — **Surōttara**, m. 'superior to g°,' sandal-wood, L. — **Surōpama**, mfn. god-like, divine, MBh. — **Surāukas**, n. an abode of the gods, temple, Rājat.

Suraka. See p. 1236, col. 1.

Suralā, f. N. of a river, L.; of the Ganges, MW.

Surusura, mfn. 'ruling' or 'shining' (= *surat*), L.

सुरङ्गा *surāngā*, f. (for *su-raṅgā* see p. 1232, col. 1) a hole cut in the wall or made underground (= *suruṅgā*, q.v.), MBh.; Mudr.

सुरादा *surādā*, f. *Ipomoea Turpethum*, Car.

सुरत *su-rata* &c. See p. 1232, col. 1.

सुरभि *su-rabhī*, mf(is or ī)n. (prob. fr. 5. su + √rabh, = 'affecting pleasantly') sweet-smelling, fragrant, RV. &c. &c.; charming, pleasing, lovely, RV.; AV.; AitBr.; famous, celebrated, Kāvyād. ii, 176; best, excellent, L.; good, virtuous, L.; friendly, a friend, W.; m. fragrance, perfume, any sweet-smelling substance, L.; N. of various fragrant plants and substances (accord. to L. 'Michelia Cham-paka'; *Nauclea Cadamba*; a kind of jasmine; nutmeg' &c. &c.), Suśr.; the season of spring, Kāv.; the month Caitra, L.; a fire lighted at the fixing of the sacrificial post, L.; (also ī), f. N. of various plants (*Boswellia*, *Thurifera*; *Prosopis Spicigera* or *Mimosa Suma* &c.), L.; spirituous liquor (cf. *surā*; v.l. *murā*), L.; N. of a fabulous cow (daughter of Daksha and wife of Kaśyapa, mother of cattle and of the Rudras, sometimes considered as one of the Mātṛis or as the cow of plenty; *surabheḥ sutāḥ*, 'the children of Surabhi,' i.e. 'cattle'), MBh.; Kāv. &c. (IW. 519); any cow (accord. to L. 'a brown cow'), Vās.; the earth, L.; (ī), n. a fragrant smell or substance, perfume, ŚBr.; Gr̄ŚrS.; ChUp.; R.; sulphur, L.; gold, L. — **kandara**, m. N. of a mountain, Viśr. — **kshetra-māhātmya**, n. N. of ch. of the Skandha-puṇya. — **gandha**, m. a fragrant smell, BhP.; mfn. fragrant; (ā), f. Jasminum Grandiflorum, L.; n. the leaf of the Laurus Cassia, ib. — **gandhi** or °**dhin**, mfn. sweet-smelling, fragrant, MBh.; Kāv. &c. — **gandhita**, mfn. filled with sweet scents, R. — **gandhin**, see °*dhi*. — **ghṛita**, n. fragrant butter

or ghee, W. — **cūrṇa**, n. perfumed powder, Kaus. — **cūla**, m. N. of a poet, Subh., Introd. — **cchada**, m. fragrant Jambu, L. — **tanaya**, m. 'son of Surabhi,' a bull, VarBrS.; (ā), f. a cow, Megh. — **tā**, f. fragrancy, Cat. — **triphalā**, f. nutmeg (and) Areca nut (and) cloves, L. — **tvac**, f. cardamoms, L. — **dattā**, f. N. of an Apsaras, Kathās. — **dāru** (L.) or °*rūka* (Bhpr.), m. *Pinus Longifolia*. — **pattra**, m. marjoram, L.; (ā), f. *Eugenia Jambolana*, ib. — **rāja-jambū**, ib. — **putra**, m. = **-tanaya**, VarBrS. — **bāna**, m. 'having fragrant arrows' (as made of flowers), N. of the god of love, L. — **māt**, mfn. provided with perfumes, fragrant, TS.; ĀpSr.; BhP.; containing the word *surabhi*, Br.; m. N. of Agni, AitBr.; (ā), f. a verse containing the word *surabhi*, Buddh. — **māruta**, n. 'having fr° winds,' N. of a forest, Kathās. — **māsa**, m. 'fragrant month,' spring, Vās.; Kād. — **mukha**, n. the opening of spring, MW. — **vatsa**, m. N. of a Vidyā-dhara, Kathās. — **valkala**, n. the bark of *Laurus Cassia*, L. — **shṭama** (°*bhī*), mfn. (fr. the nom. °*bhīs*) most fragrant or agreeable, RV. — **śamaya**, m. the season of spring, Sāh. — **srag-dhara**, mfn. wearing fragrant garlands, MW. — **śravā**, f. the gum olibanum tree, L. — **Surabhaya**, Nom. P. °*yati*, to make fragrant, perfume, Subh.

Surabhikā, f. a sort of Musa, L.

Surabhita, mfn. rendered fragrant, perfumed, Kāv.; Vās. &c.; rendered famous, Daś.

Surabhin, mfn. perfumed, scented, fragrant (compar. °*bhīn-tara*), RV.; Kaus.

Surabhī, f. (= °*bhī*), in comp. — **gandha**, n. the leaf of the *Laurus Cassia*, L. — **gotra**, n. 'race of Surabhi,' oxen, cattle, kine, MBh. — **paṭṭana**, n. N. of a town, ib. — **patrā**, f. the rose-apple, W.; = **rāja-jambū**, MW. — **rasā**, f. the gum olibanum tree, L. — **suta**, m. pl. 'children of Surabhi,' oxen, cattle, R.

Surabhī-*krī*, P. -*karoti*, to render fragrant, fill with fragrancy, Hariv.; Kāv. &c.; to divulge, Rājat.

Surabhy, in comp. for °*bhī*. — **āsyā**, mfn. having the mouth fragrant (-*tva*, n.), Śāṅkhśr.

सुरस् *su-rasa* &c. See p. 1232, col. 2.

सुरा *súrā*, f. (ifc. also *sura*, n.; prob. fr. √3. *su*, 'to distil,' and not connected with *sura*, 'a god') spirituous liquor, wine (in ancient times 'a kind of beer'); spirituous liquor (personified as a daughter of Varuṇa produced at the churning of the ocean), RV. &c. &c.; water, Naigh. i, 12; a drinking vessel, L.; a snake, L. — **°kara** (°*rāk*), m. 'mine of sp° liq°,' the cocoa-nut tree, L.; a distillery, Baudh. — **karman**, n. a ceremony performed with Surā, Lāty. — **kārā**, m. a distiller, VS. — **kumbha**, m. a vessel for spirituous liq°, Pañcar. — **°gāra** (°*rāg* or °*rāg*), m. (MārkP.) or -**gṛīha**, n. (L.) a tavern. — **grahā**, m. a cupful of Surā, ŚBr.; = **kumbha**, MW. — **°gryā** (°*rāg*), n. 'best liquor,' nectar, R. — **ghaṭa**, m. = **kumbha**, R. — **2. -jīva** (°*rāj*), m. (for 1. *surājō* see col. 1) = next. — **-jīvin**, m. 'living by sp° liq°,' a distiller, tavern-keeper, Yājñ. — **-drīti**, m. a leather bag for holding spirituous liq°, PañcavBr. — **dhara**, m. N. of an Asura, Kathās. — **dhāna**, mf(ī)n. containing S°, VS. — **dhvaja**, m. the flag or sign of a tavern, Mn.; MBh. — **1. -pa**, mf(ā or ī)n. (fr. √1. *pā*) drinking sp° liq°, a spirit-drinker, Śāṅkhśr.; Kaus.; Mn. &c.; wise, sage, W.; pleasant, agreeable, ib. — **2. -pa**, m. (fr. √3. *pā*) a preserver of sp° liq°, ib. — **pāna** or -**pāna**, n. the drinking of sp° liq°, TS.; ŚBr.; Nir. &c.; mfn. drinking sp° liq°, Cāṇ.; eating anything to excite thirst, W.; m. pl. N. of the people of eastern India (so called from their drinking sp° liq°), Pāṇ. viii, 4, 9, Sch.; (°*na*) -*parikshīva*, intoxicated, MW.; -*prāyaścitta*, n. a penance for drinking spirits, ib. — **pātra**, n. a wine-glass or cup, A. — **pāna**, see -**pāna**. — **pin** (?), mfn. drinking Surā, Bhaṭṭ.; possessing wine-drinkers, MW. — **pīta**, mfn. one who has drunk S°, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 53, Sch. — **pītha**, m. the drinking of sp° liq°, AitBr.; mfn. dr° sp° liq°, BhP. — **priya**, mf(ā)n. fond of S°, Hariv. — **bali** (súrā-), mfn. receiving an oblation of S°, TBr. — **bija**, n. a substance serving for the preparation of beer; barm, Bhpr.; Suśr., Sch. — **°bdhi** (°*rāb*), m. the ocean of sp° liq°, MārkP. — **bhāga**, m. the scum or froth of beer, yeast, barm, L. — **bhājana**, n. a wine cup, Mn. xi, 148. — **bhānda**, n. = **pātra**, A. — **ma** (°*rāma*), m. 'Surā-disease,' intoxication or its effects, RV. — **mandā**, m. = **bhāga**, L.; the scum or froth of beer, yeast, barm, W. — **matta**, mfn. intoxicated