

by Surā, Kāv. — **madā**, m. Surā-intoxication, ŚBr. — **maya**, mf(ī)n. consisting of S°, VS., Sch. — **mukha**, m. ‘having S° in the mouth,’ N. of a serpent-demon, MBh. — **mūlyā**, n. drink-money, Śak. — **meha**, m. a kind of diabetes, ŚāṅgS. — **mehin**, mfn. suffering from diab°, Suśr. — 2. — **lāya** (‘rāl’; for 1. *surāl* see p. 1235, col. 1), m. a tavern, Vās. — **vat** (*sūrā-*), mfn. having spirituous liq°, RV.; ŚBr. — **vāri**, m. sp° liq°, L. — **vṛita**, m. ‘surrounded with sp° liq°,’ N. of the sun, ib. — **śū**, mfn. swollen i. e. excited with sp° liq°, RV.; m. a drunkard, MW.; a heretic, ib. — **sodhana**, n. N. of wk. — **samsprishta**, mfn. touched by sp° liq°, Mn. xi, 171. — **samdhāna**, n. the distilling of sp° liq°, MW. — **samudra**, m. the ocean of sp° liq°, KapS., Sch. — **sava** (‘rās’), m. n. beer or sp° liq° produced by the fermentation of unripe corn, Mn.; MBh.; Hariv. &c.; n. Surā and Āsava, BhP., Sch.; sp° liq°, MW. — **somā**, m. Soma in the form of Surā, ŚāṅkhŚr.; du. Surā and Soma (*vikrayin*, mfn.), VS.; KātyŚr. — **hutī** (‘rāh’), f. libation of Surā, ŚBr. 2. **Surāttama**, (prob.) n. (for 1. *surātī* see p. 1235, col. 2) the scum of Surā, Gobh. (Sch. ‘excellent water’). **Surāda**, mfn. having Sūra for water, MBh.; VP.; m. the sea of S°, BhP.; Pañcar. **Sūrādaka**, mf(ā)n. = prec., AV.; m. = prec., VP. **Surāpayāmā**, m. a vessel for holding S°, MaitrS.

**Suraka**, mfn. = *surā-prakāra*, *surā-varṇa* (applied to a snake), g. *sthūlāddi*.

**Suriya** or **surya**, mfn., Pat. on Pāṇ. v, I, I, Vārtt. 4.

**सुराति** *su-rāti*, *su-rādhas* &c. See p. 1232, col. 2.

**सुराल** *surāla*, m. N. of a preceptor, Cat.

**सुराष्ट्र** *su-rāshṭra* &c. See p. 1232, col. 2.

**सुरिस** *surisa*. See *indra-s*°.

**सुरोक** *surika*, m. N. of a poet, Cat.

**सुरुङ्ग** *suruṅga*, m. a kind of tree, Moringa Pterygosperma (cf. *su-raṅga*, p. 1232, col. 1), L.; (ā), f. (accord. to some = Gk. σύριγξ; cf. *surāṅgā*, p. 1235, col. 2) a hole made underground for military purposes or for house-breaking, mine, excavation, breach, subterranean passage, Mudr.; Kathās.; Divyāv. — **yuj**, m. = next, L. **Suruṅgāhi**, m. ‘underground-serpent,’ a house-breaker, L.

**सुरुच्** *su-ruc*, *su-ruci* &c. See p. 1232, col. 2.

**सुरुन्दला** *surundalā*, f. N. of a river, L.

**सुरुन्दा** *suruṇḍa*, m. pl. N. of a dynasty (v. l. *guruṇḍa*; cf. *muruṇḍa*), BhP.

**सुरेञ्ज्य** *surejya*, *surēndra*. See p. 1235, cols. I and 2.

**सुल्** *sul* (only in *prā-sulāmi*, v. l. *prā-tilāmi*), VS. (= *pra-veśayāmi*, Sch.)

**सुल** *sula*, g. *balāddi*. — **vat**, mfn., ib.

**Sulin**, mfn. (fr. *sula*), g. *balāddi*.

**सुलक्षण** *su-lakkhaṇa*, *su-laksha* &c. See p. 1232, col. 3.

**सुलतान** *sulatāna*, m. a sultan, L.

**सुलेक** *su-léka*, m. (cf. *leka*) N. of an Āditya, ĀpŚr.

**सुलेख** *su-lekha*, *su-locana* &c. See p. 1232, col. 3.

**सुल्हण** *sullaṇa*, w. r. for *sulhaṇa* below.

**सुल्हाविहार** *sullā-vihāra*, m. N. of a monastery, Rājat.

**सुल्हण** *sulhaṇa*, m. N. of the author of the Su-kavi-hṛidayānandini (a Comm. on Kedāra’s Vṛitta-ratnākara), Cat.

**सुल्हरी** *sulhari*, f. N. of a place, Rājat.

**सुवंश** *su-vanṣa*, *su-vaktra* &c. See p. 1233, col. 1.

**सुवन** *suvana*, m. (said to be fr. √2. *sū* = 5. *su*) the sun, Uṇ. ii, 80, Sch.; fire, L.; the moon, L.; n. in *pum-* and *suparna-s*°, q. v.

**सुवर्** *súvar*, ind.= 3. *svār*, the sun, light,

heaven, Āpast. — **gá** (for *su-varga* see p. 1233, col. 1) = *svargā*, TS.; TBr.; -*kāma* (‘gá’), mfn. = *svarga-k*°, desiring heaven, TS. — **jāna**, mfn. born or produced in h°, TBr. — **jit**, mfn. winning h°, TS. — **dhāman** (*sūvar-*), mfn. abiding in h° or light, ib. — **vat** (*sūvar-*) and **-vid**, mfn. = *svārvat* and *svar-vid*, ib.

**Suvargéya** or **suvargyā**, mfn. = *svargyā*, leading to heaven, celestial &c., TS.

**सुवर्चक** *su-varcaka*, *su-varcala* &c. See p. 1233, col. 1.

**सुवर्ण** *su-várṇa*, mf(ā)n. of a good or beautiful colour, brilliant in hue, bright, golden, yellow, RV. &c. &c.; gold, made of gold, TBr.; ChUp.; R.; of a good tribe or caste, MBh. xiii, 2607; m. a good colour, MW.; a good tribe or class, ib.; a kind of bdellium, L.; the thorn-apple, L.; a kind of metre, VarBṛS., Sch.; m. N. of a Deva-gandharva, MBh.; of an ascetic, ib.; of a minister of Daśa-ratha, R.; of a son of Antariksha, VP.; of a king of Kāśmīra, Rājat.; of a poet, Cat.; m. (rarely n.) a partic. weight of gold (= 1 Karsha, = 16 Māshas, = 80 Raktikās, = about 175 grains troy), Mn.; MBh. &c.; a gold coin, Mṛicch.; a kind of bulbous plant (= *suvarṇdlu*), L.; a kind of aloe, L.; a kind of sacrifice, L.; (ā), f. turmeric, L.; *Sida Rhomboidea* or *Cordifolia*, L.; another plant (= *svarnākshīrī*), L.; a bitter gourd, colocynth, W.; N. of one of the seven tongues of fire, MW.; of a daughter of Ikshvāku (the wife of Su-hotra), MBh.; (ā), f. the plant *Salvinia Cucullata* (perhaps w. r. for *skarnī*), L.; (am), n. gold (of which 57 synonyms are given), AV. &c. &c.; money, wealth, property, riches, L.; a sort of yellow sandal-wood, L.; the flower of *Mesua Roxburghii*; a kind of vegetable (= *gaura-suvarṇa*), L.; red ochre (= *suvarṇagairika*), L.; the right pronunciation of sounds, SBr.; N. of a Tirtha, MBh.; of a partic. world, ib.

**-kakshya**, mfn. having a golden girdle, MBh.

**-kaṇkana** (Hit.), -**kaṭaka** (Mṛicch.), n. a gold bracelet. — **kāṇa**, m. a species of bdellium, L.; -**gug-gulu**, m. id., ib. — **kadali**, f. a kind of plantain, ib.

**-kartri**, m. a gold-worker, goldsmith, Mn.; MBh.

**-karsha**, m. a Karsha weight of gold, MW.

**-kāra**, m. id., Mn.; R.; Var.; Vās.; **rāṇna**, n. food given by a goldsmith, Mn. iv, 218; **rēśvara-varman**, m. N. of a poet, Subh. — **krit**, m. = -**kartri**, W. — **ketakī**, f. a kind of plant, (or) a Ketaki made of gold, Rājat. — **keśa**, m. N. of a serpent-demon, Buddh. — **kshīrī**, f. a kind of plant, Suśr.

**-ganīta**, n. computation of g° (of its weight and purity), Col.; a partic. method of calculation in arithmetic, W. — **garbha**, m. N. of a Bodhi-sattva, Buddh. — **giri**, m. N. of a mountain, ib. — **gairika**, n. red ochre, L. — **gotra**, n. N. of a kingdom, Buddh.

**-granthi**, m. a pocket for keeping gold, Pañcat.

**-cakravartin**, m. ‘one who sets a golden wheel in motion,’ a king, Buddh. — **campaka**, m. a yellow-flowering Campaka, Caurap., Sch. — **cashaka**, N. of Comm. — **cūḍa**, m. N. of a son of Gatuḍa, MBh.

**-cūḍa**, m. a kind of bird, Kathās. — **caura**, m. a stealer of g°, Mn. xi, 49. — **caurikā**, f. gold-stealing, Mṛicch. — **jīvika**, m. a g°-merchant (a partic. mixed caste, the son of a Māṇikī by a Kānsya-kāra), L.

**-jyotis**, mfn. having a golden lustre, NṛisUp.

**-tantra**, n. N. of wk. — **tāla**, m. a golden palm, MBh. — **dāna**, n. a gift of gold, Cat. — **dvīpa**, m. n. ‘golden island,’ (prob.) N. of Sumatra, Kathās.; Buddh. — **dhenu**, f. a golden offering in the shape of a cow, Cat.; -**dāna-vidhi**, m. N. of wk. — **nakulī**, f. a kind of plant, L. — **nashṭa-sānti**, f. N. of ch. of the Śānti-mayūkha. — **nābhā**, mfn. having a golden centre (as a cup or vessel of any kind), Āpast.; Vishṇ.; m. N. of an author, Cat. — **nābhi**, m. or f. a golden navel, Vishṇ. — **paksha**, mfn. gold-winged, TĀr. — **pattra**, m. ‘id.’ a kind of bird, MBh. — **padma**, n. a g°-coloured lotus flower, Suśr.; a golden lotus fl°, Cat.; -**dāna**, n. N. of wk.

**-pārśva**, N. of a locality, Rājat. — **pālikā**, f. a kind of vessel made of gold, R. — **piñjara**, mfn. yellow like g°, Mṛicch. — **pura**, n. N. of a mythical city, Kād. — **pushpa**, mf(ā)n. having g° for flowers, MBh.; Pañcat.; Kuval.; m. the globe-amaranth, L.; n. its flower, VarBṛS.; (ā or ī), f. a kind of plant, ib. — **pushpita**, mfn. having g° for flowers, abounding in gold, Pañcat. — **prithvi-dāna-vidhi**, m. N. of wk. — **prishtha**, mfn. having a golden surface, overlaid with gold, gilded, MBh. — **prabhāsa**, m.

N. of a Yaksha, Buddh.; of a Buddhist Sūtra wk.; (ā), f. N. of the wife of the serpent-demon Kālika, Lalit. — **prasara**, n. the fragrant bark of the Feronia Elephantum, L. — **prasava**, n. id., MW. — **phalā**, f. a species of Musa, L. — **bala-ja**, see *sauvarṇabalāja*. — **bindu**, m. N. of Vishṇu, L.; of a temple, Hariv.; Mālatīm. — **bhāṇḍa** or **ōdaka**, n. a jewel-box, Mṛicch.; **ōdāgāra**, a treasury, ib.

— **bhujēndra**, m. N. of a king, Buddh. — **bhū**, f. ‘gold-country,’ N. of a c° said to be in the north-east, VarBṛS. — **bhūmi**, f. = -**dvīpa**, Kathās.; Jātakam. — **maya**, mf(ī)n. made or consisting of gold, Pañcat. — **mākshika**, n. a bright yellow mineral substance (thought to be pyritic iron ore), Bhpr.

— **mālikā**, f. ‘g°-garlanded,’ N. of a goddess, Cat.

— **māsha**, m. (Prāyaśc.) or **shaka** (Suśr.), a partic. weight (= 5 Kṛishṇalas or 12 Dhānya-māshas).

— **muktā-vivāda**, m. N. of a Kāvya. — **mukharī**, f. N. of a river, Cat.; -**māhātmya**, n. N. of ch. of the Skanda-purāṇa. — **mukhī-māhātmya**, w. r. for prec. — **mushtī**, f. a handful of g°, Lalit. — **mekhalī**, f. ‘gold-girdled,’ N. of an Apsaras, Kāraṇḍ.

— **medinī**, f. the earth represented in gold (-**dāna**, n.), Cat. — **mocā**, f. a sort of Musa, L. — **yūthikā** or **thī**, f. a species of jasmine, Mṛicch. — **rajatā**, mfn. made or consisting of gold and silver, Br.; n. pl. g° and s°, R. — **ratnākara-cchattrā-kūta** or **ōtra-ketu**, m. N. of a future Buddha, Buddh.

— **rambhā**, f. a species of Musa, L. — **rūpyaka**, mfn. abounding in gold and silver, MW.; m. N. of an island, R. — **rūpya-maya**, mf(ī)n. made or consisting of gold and silver, Kāraṇḍ. — **rekha**, m. N. of an author, Uṇ. iii, 136, Sch.; (ā), f. N. of a river, L.

— **retas**, mfn. having golden semen (N. of Śiva), MBh. — **retasa**, m. N. of a man; pl. his descendants, Cat. — **roman**, mfn. having golden wool, L.; g°-haired, ib.; m. a ram, Pañcat.; N. of a son of Mahā-roman, VP. — **latā**, f. *Cardiospermum Halicacabum*, L. — **lekhā**, f. a streak of gold (on a touchstone), Vās. — **vanij**, m. a gold-merchant, a partic. mixed caste (the son of a Vaiśya woman by an Ambashṭha), L. — 1. — **vat**, mfn. ‘containing or possessing gold’ and ‘having a correct pronunciation of sounds’ (-**tā**, f.), BrĀrUp., Sch.; beautiful, handsome, MW.; (ātī), f. N. of various rivers containing g°, L.; of a town in Dakshinā-patha, Hit. — 2. — **vat**, ind. like gold, L. — **varṇa**, mfn. golden coloured; m. N. of Vishṇu, L.; (ā), f. turmeric, ib.; (ōna)-**tā**, f. the having a golden colour (one of the 32 signs of perfection), Dharmas. 83. — **varsha**, m. N. of a king, Inscr. — **vastrādi**, n. money and clothes &c., L.

— **vijaya**, m. N. of a Kāvya. — **vṛishabha**, m. a bull made of g° (given as a present), Cat. — **sakatikā**, f. a golden toy-cart, Mṛicch. — **śiras**, mfn. having a golden head, MBh. — **śilēśvara-tīrtha**, n. N. of a Tirtha, Cat. — **śekhara**, n. N. of a city, Vṛishabha. — **shthīvi** or **vin**, m. ‘spitting gold,’ N. of a son of Śrīñjaya, MBh. — **sānūra**, N. of a locality, Rājat. — **sāra**, N. of wk. — **siddha**, m. an adept in acquiring gold by magical means, Pañcat.

— **sūtra**, n. a string of gold, Hariv.; Kum.; N. of Comm. — **steya**, n. the stealing of gold (one of the 5 Mahā-pātakas or great crimes), Mn. xi, 98 &c.

— **steyin**, m. a stealer of gold, L. — **sthāna**, n. N. of a locality, Cat.; -**māhātmya**, n. N. of ch. of wk.

— **hali**,