

a bush, thicket, L.; a shrub or plant having no decided stem (such as the Jhiṇṭi or Barleria), L.; the post to which an elephant is tied (wrongly inferred from *stambe-rama*, q. v.), L.; a mountain, L.; N. of various men, Hariv.; Pur.; n. (in these senses prob. w. r. for *stambha*, m.) a post, pillar i. g., W.; stupidity, insensibility, W. — **kari**, mfn. forming clumps or bunches, Hcar.; m. corn, rice, L.; — *tā*, f. formation of abundant sheaves or clusters of rice, Mudr. — **kāra**, mf(i)n. making a clump, forming a cluster, W. — **ghana**, m. ‘clump-destroyer,’ a small hoe for weeding or eradicating clumps of grass, a sickle for cutting corn &c., L. — **ghāta**, m. cutting grass &c., L. — **ghna**, mf(i)n. clump-destroying, weed-destroying, Bhaṭṭ.; m. = *ghana*, L. — *jā*, mfn. (prob.) bumpy, tufty, shaggy, AV. — **pur**, f. N. of the city Tāmalipta (q. v.), L. — **mitra**, m. (cf. *stambha-m^o*) N. of a son of Jaritā, MBh.; (with *Śāringa*) of the author of RV. x, 142, 7; 8, Anukr. — **yajus**, n. N. of a partic. formula and religious observance on removing clumps of grass, ŚrS. — **vati**, f. N. of a woman, Hariv. — **vana**, m. N. of a man, ib. — **sás**, ind. by clumps or tufts, TBr. — **hanana**, n. and — **hananī**, f. = *ghana*, L.

Stambaka, m. a clump, bunch, tuft, MBh.

Stambakāya, Nom. Ā. °yate, to become a bunch of flowers &c., Harav.

Stambakita, v. l. for *stabakita*, g. *tārakādi*.

Stambin, mfn. clumpy, tufty, bumpy, bushy, shaggy, MaitrS.

Stambe-rama, m. (fr. loc. of *stamba* + *r^o*) ‘delighting in clumps of high grass,’ an elephant, Kāv. **Stamberamāsura**, m. N. of an Asura (= *gajāsura*), Bālar.

स्तम्भ stambh or stabh (connected with √skambh, q. v.; in native lists written *stanbh*), cl. 5. 9. P. (Dhātup. xxxi, 7) *stabhnōti*, *stabhnāti* (cf. Pān. iii, 1, 82), or cl. 1. Ā. (x, 26) *stāmbhate* (pr. p. also *stambhat*, Hariv., *stabhamāna* [q. v.], AitĀr.; pf. *tastāmbha*, °mbhat, *tastabhūh*; p. *tastabhuā*, °vānā, RV.; *tastabhānā*, *tastambhe*, MBh.; aor. *astāmbhit*; *astāmpit*, TBr.; *astabhat*, Gr.; fut. *stambhitā*, °bhishyati, ib.; inf. *stabdkum*, Kathās.; ind. p. *stabdhvā*, AV. &c.; *stambhitvā*, MBh.; -stābhya and -stambham, Br.), to fix firmly, support, sustain, prop (esp. the heavens), RV.; AV.; Br.; to support or hold up by contact with, reach up to (acc.), MBh.; Hariv.; to stop, stop up, arrest, make stiff or immovable, paralyze, RV. &c. &c.; (Ā.) to rest or lean on (loc.), Hcar.; to become stiff or immovable, Bhaṭṭ.; to become solid, MBh. xii, 6807: Pass. *stabhyate* (aor. *astāmbhi*), to be firmly fixed or supported or propped &c., MBh.; Kāv. &c.: Caus. *stabhāyāti*, to make firm, support, RV.; to stop, arrest, ib.; *stambhayati*, °te (aor. *astāmbhat*), to fix, establish, erect, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to make stiff or rigid, paralyze, Suśr.; to make solid, ib.; to stop, arrest (also by magic), suppress, check, restrain, ib.: Desid. *tistambhishati*, Gr.: Intens. *tāstabhyate*, ib. [Cf. Gk. στέμφυλον, στέμβω, στείβω; Lith. *stambras*, *stimbras*; Germ. *stampfen*, *stampfen*; Eng. *stamp*, *stamp*.]

Stabdha, mfn. firmly fixed, supported, propped &c.; reaching up to (loc.), ŚvetUp.; MBh.; stiff, rigid, immovable, paralyzed, senseless, dull (*am*, ind.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; solidified (as water), Hariv.; puffed up, proud, arrogant, ChUp.; Bhag. &c.; tardy, slack, slow (?), VarBrS.; obstinate, stubborn, hard-hearted, MW.; coarse, ib. — **karṇa**, m. ‘stiff-eared,’ N. of an antelope, Hariv.; of a lion, Hit.; -*śirodhara*, mfn. holding the ears and the neck stiff, MBh. — **gātra**, mfn. holding the limbs stiff, Buddh. — *tā*, f. fixedness, rigidity, stiffness (of the membrum virile), Car.; pretentiousness, arrogance, MBh.; Kām. — **toya**, mfn. (a river) whose water has solidified, Hariv. — **tva**, n. stiffness (of the navel &c.), ŚrīngS.; haughtiness, arrogance, Kathās. — **drishṭi**, mfn. having motionless (i. e. unwinking) eyes, Pañcat. — **nayana**, mfn. id., MBh. — **pāda**, mfn. one who has paralyzed legs, stiff-legged, lame (-*tā*, f.), Suśr. — **pūrṇa-koshtha**, mfn. one who has a swollen or full abdomen (-*tā*, f.), ib. — **bāhu**, mfn. stiff-armed, Kathās. — **mati**, mfn. dull-minded, MārkP. — **medhra**, mfn. one whose sexual organ has become stiff (-*tā*, f.), Suśr. — **roma-kūpa**, mfn. one who has the pores of the skin stopped up (-*tā*, f.), ib. — **roman**, m. ‘stiff-haired,’ a boar, hog, L. — **locana**, mfn. having fixed or unwinking eyes (said of the gods), MBh. — **vapus**, mfn. one whose

body is benumbed or paralyzed, HParī. — **śrotra**, mfn. stiff-eared, Rājat. — **sakthi**, mfn. stiff-thighed, lame (-*tā*, f.), Suśr. — **sambhāra** (?), m. a Rakshasa, L. — **hanu**, mfn. having stiff or immovable jaws, Suśr. — **stabdhāksha**, mfn. = *stabdhā-drishṭi*, Hariv. — **stabdhāda**, mfn. = *stabdhā-toya*, ib. — **stabdhārdhva-karṇa**, mfn. having the tips of the ears stiff or immovable, BHp.

Stabdhi, f. fixedness, hardness, rigidity, firmness, immobility, stupor, numbness, obstinacy, MW.

Stabdhi, in comp. for *stabdhā*. — **karāna**, n. stiffening, making rigid, paralyzing, W. — √*kṛi*, p. — *karoti* (ind. p. -*kṛitya*), to make stiff or rigid, Hit. — **bhāva**, m. the becoming stiffened or rigid, torpidity, Vedāntas.

Stabhamāna, mfn. making one’s self stiff, behaving arrogantly, assuming an air of authority, AitĀr.

Stabhi, m. rigidity, L.

Stabhitā, mfn. fixed, established, supported, RV.; AV.

Stabhu (see next).

Stabhu (fr. prec.), Nom. P. Ā. °yāti, °yāte (only in pr. p. *stabhu* and °yāmaṇa), to stand firm, RV.

Stambha, m. (ifc. f. *ā*) a post, pillar, column, stem (as of a tree; also improperly applied to an arm), Kāth.; GrŚrS.; MBh. &c.; support, propping, strengthening, Bhartṛ.; inflation, pretentiousness, arrogance, MBh.; R. &c.; fixedness, stiffness, rigidity, torpor, paralysis, stupefaction, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; becoming hard or solid, Rājat.; stoppage, obstruction, suppression (also the magical arresting of any feeling or force, as of hunger, thirst, or of the forces of water, fire &c. as taught in the Tantras), Kāv.; Suśr.; Pañcar.; filling up, stuffing, R.; N. of a partic. Adhyāya, Pat. on Pān. v, 2, 60, Vārtt. I; of a Rishi &c., VP. (cf. g. *kutjādi* and *saunakādi*). — **kara**, mfn. (prob.) causing obstruction, hindering, impeding (in *punya-si*, q. v.), causing stiffness, paralyzing, MW.; m. a fence, railing, W. — **karāna**, n. cause of obstruction or impediment, MW. — *tā*, f. stiffness, paralysis, Sāh. — **tīrtha**, n. N. of a place, Pañcat. — **pūjā**, f. worship of the posts (of the temporary pavilions erected for marriages or other festive occasions), MW. — **bhañjaka**, m. ‘pillar-breaker,’ N. of an elephant, Mṛiech. — **mitra**, m. N. of a Rishi (= *stamba-m^o*), IndSt. — **vati**, f. N. of a city, Singhās. — **Stambhotkīrṇa**, mfn. carved out of a wooden post (as a statue), MW.

Stambhaka, mfn. stopping, arresting, R.; styptic, astringent, ŚrīngS.; m. (prob.) a post, pillar, Mahāvy.; N. of one of Śiva’s attendants, Kathās.; (aki), f. N. of a goddess, Kālac.; (ikā), f. the leg of a chair, Nalac.

Stambhakin, m. a kind of musical instrument covered with leather, L.

Stambhana, mfi(n). stiffening, making rigid or immovable, paralyzing, Kāv.; HParī.; stopping, arresting, checking, restraining, MBh.; R.; styptic, astringent, Suśr.; m. ‘paralyzer,’ N. of one of the five arrows of Kāma-deva, Cat.; (i), f. a kind of magic, Divyāv.; n. the act of turning into a pillar (see *rambhā-si*); strengthening, supporting, Kāv.; Pañcar.; becoming stiff or rigid, Suśr.; making stiff or rigid, paralyzing, Vās.; Bālar.; a means of making stiff or rigid, Hcat.; stopping, arresting (also by magical means), MBh.; VP.; stopping flow of blood &c.; a styptic or astringent, Car.; a partic. magical art or faculty (see under *stambha* and cf. *jala-stambhana*). — **prakāra**, m. N. of a medic. work. — **Stambhanādi-vidhi**, m. N. of a Mantra.

Stambhanaka, mfi(ikā)n. making solid, solidifying, HParī.

Stambhanīya, mfn. to be fixed or stopped or checked (in *a-si*), MBh.; to be treated with styptics, Car.

Stambhi, m. the sea, L.

Stambhita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) fixed, established, supported, Hariv.; stiffened, benumbed, paralyzed, Kathās.; stopped, brought to a standstill, suppressed, restrained, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; (ifc.) stuffed or filled with, Lalit. — **tva**, n. the being checked or impeded (in *sarva-loka-bhayāsi*). — **bāshpa-vṛitti**, mfn. suppressing the flow of tears, MW. — **rambha**, n. N. of a Troṭaka (cf. *rambhā-stambhana*), Sāh. — **Stambhitāśru**, mfn. one who has suppressed his tears, ib.

Stambhin, mfn. provided with pillars or columns, Pracāṇḍ.; supporting, MW.; puffed up,

arrogant, MBh.; stopping, restraining, MW.; m. the sea, L.; (inī), f. N. of one of the five Dhāraṇīs or elements (= the earth; cf. *bhramani*), Cat.

Stambhī-√bhū, P.-bhavati, to become a post, Hit.

Stambhiya, mfn. (said of a partic. Adhyāya), Pat. on Pān. v, 2, 60, Vārtt. I.

Stāmbhāyana, m. patr. fr. *stambha*, g. *naddī*.

Stāmbhin, m. pl. the disciples of Stambha, g. *saunakādi*.

स्तर stara, starāṇa, stariman &c. See p. 1260, col. I.

स्त्री starī, f. (nom. is, acc. yām; pl. yās) a barren cow, heifer, RV.; (with *rātri*) a night passed in vain, TS.; smoke, vapour, L. [Cf. Gk. στέρπος, στέριφος; Lat. sterilis; Goth. staira; Germ. stér, stero; Stärke.]

Stari-√kṛi, P.-karoti, to render fruitless, Kāth.

स्तव 1. stava, m. or n. a partic. substance, Divyāv. — **karṇikā**, f. a lac-earring (?), ib. — **karṇin**, m. N. of Deva-trāta, ib.

स्तव 2. stava, stavaka &c. See p. 1259, col. I.

स्तवत् stavat, mfn. (only in nom. sg. *stavān*; always applied to Indra and accord. to Sāy. RV. vi, 24, 8 = *stuyamāna*, ‘being praised;’ accord. to others = *stavas* = *tavas*, fr. √*stu* for √*I. tu*, and meaning ‘strong, powerful;’ others give it the sense ‘thundering,’ fr. √*stan*), RV.

स्तवरक stavaraka, m. a fence, railing (perh. w. r. for *āvaraka* or *stambha-kara*), L.

स्ताघ stāgha, mfn. shallow (see *a-stāgha*).

स्तामन् stāmān, m. (of unknown meaning; accord. to some w. r. for *srāman*, accord. to others for *sthāman*), AV. v, 13, 5.

स्तामु stāmū, mfn. (doubtful; accord. to Sāy. = *stotri*; accord. to others ‘roaring, thundering,’ fr. √*stan*, cf. *stavat*), RV. vii, 20, 3.

स्तायत् stāyāt, °yū. See √*stai*, p. 1260.

स्ति stī, m. (only in acc. plur. *stīn*; fr. √*I. as*, cf. *upā-sti*, *abhi-* and *pāri-shītī*) a dependent, vassal, RV. — **pā**, mfn. protecting dependents, ib.

स्तिघ stīgh, cl. 5. P. stīghnoti (accord. to Dhātup. xxvii, 18 Ā. stīghnute; Pot. *stīghnuyāt*, inf. -*stīgham*; Gr. also pf. *stīghige*; aor. *asteghishīta*; fut. *steghītā*, °*ghishyate*; inf. *steghītum*), to step, stride, step up, mount (esp. in *ati-* √*stīgh*, ‘to step over, overstep,’ and in *pra-* √*stīgh*, ‘to step up, rise up &c.’), MaitrS.: Desid. *tīghīshati* (in *ati-tīghīghishān*, ‘wishing to ascend’), ib. [Cf. Gk. στέγω; Slav. *stignati*; Goth. *steigan*; Germ. *steigen*; Eng. *sty*.]

स्तिप stip (cf. step), cl. 1. Ā. stepate, to ooze, drip, drop, Dhātup. x, 3.

स्तिपा stī-pā. See above under *stī*.

स्तिभि stīhi, m. a clump, bunch, tuft (cf. *stabaka*, *stambha*), Kātyār.; the sea, Un. iv, 121, Sch.; an obstacle, obstruction (cf. *stambha*), L.

— **vat**, mfn. = *phala-vat*, ĀpŚr. (Sch.).

Stibhī, f. a clump, tuft &c. = *stīhi*, Sch. on Kātyār.

Stimbhi, m. = *stīhi*, L.

स्तिम stim or *stīm* (cf. √*tim*), cl. 4. P. *stīmyati* or *stīmyati*, to be or become wet or moist, Dhātup. xxvi, 17; to become fixed or immovable (see next).

Stimita, mfn. wet, moist, Naish.; Caurap.; fixed, motionless (cf. *stambhita*), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; still, calm, tranquil, soft, gentle (*am*, ind.), ib.; pleased, MW.; n. moisture, ib.; stillness, motionless, MBh.

— **java**, mfn. advancing slowly or softly, Ragh.

— *tā*, f. (Kād.), — *tva*, n. (Mālatīm.) steadiness, fixedness, stillness, absence of motion. — **nayana**, mfn. having the eyes intently fixed (cf. *stabdhā-drishṭi*), Megh. — **pravāha**, m. flowing gently along, Ragh. — **vāyu**, m. still air, MW. — **saṁādhi-suci**, mfn. pure through intense meditation, Kir. — **sthita**, mfn. standing still or motionless, Kathās. — **Stim-tāyatāksha**, mfn. keeping (his) large eyes intently fixed, MW.

Stimitaya, Nom. P. °yati, to make motionless or still, Kpr.