

Snāna-sūtra-pariśiṣṭā by Hari-hara, Cat. — bhū, f. bathing-place, bath-room, Priy. — bhūmi, f. id., Car. — yātrā, f. ‘bathing-procession,’ a festival held on the day of full moon in the month Jyeshṭha (when images of Kṛishṇa as Jagannātha are carried out and bathed; in Orissa this festival is called Ratha-yātrā), MW.; °trika, mfn. a member of the above procession, ib. — vastra, n., -vāsas, n. a b°-dress, wet cloth, Kāv. — vidhi, m. ‘rules of ablution,’ N. of various wks.; -kshama, mfn. fit for ceremonial ablutions (said of water), fit for bathing, Kum.; -paddhati, f., -sūtra-bhāshya, n. N. of Comms. — veśman, n. =-griha, Kathās. — sātī, f. (w.r. -sāthī) bathing-drawers, Mṛicch. — sālā, f. =-griha, MBh. — sīla, mfn. fond of bathing, observing or performing ablutions (esp. in sacred waters), Gaut.; Hit. — sūtra, n. N. of a Sūtra wk. ascribed to Kātyāyana (also -pariśiṣṭā); -dīpikā, f., -paddhati, f., -bhāshya-vyākhyā, f. N. of Comms. Snānāgāra, n. =snāna-griha, MW. Snānāmbu, n. bath-water, Kathās. Snānottirna, mfn. emerging from a bath, one who has just completed his ablutions, Śak. Snānōdaka, n. =snānāmbu, Kathās. Snānōpakaranya, n. any utensil used in bathing, any accessory of a bath, Pañcat.

Snānin, mfn. bathing, performing ablutions, Śatr.

Snāniya, mfn. fit or suitable for bathing, used in ablution; n. anything used in bathing (e.g. fragrant water &c.), Kauś.; MBh. &c. — vastra, n. a bathing-dress, Mālav.

Snāpaka, m. (fr. Caus.) ‘bather,’ a servant who bathes his master, R.; Car.

Snāpana, n. the act of causing to bathe, attending a person while bathing, Mn.; R.; Hariv. — vidihi, m. N. of wk. Snāpanōccchishtā-bhojana, n. du. the act of bathing another person and eating his leavings, Mn. ii, 209.

Snāpita, mfn. caused to bathe, attended on while bathed, immersed, MW.

Snāyin, mfn. bathing, performing an ablution (yī-tā, f.), Mn.; MBh. &c.

Snāsyat, mfn. (fut. p.) about to bathe or perform an ablution; m. a religious student about to become a Snātaka, Mn. ii, 245.

Snéya, n. to be bathed, Br.; Kathās.

स्नायु snāyu, f. n. (accord. to some fr. a √snā contracted from sinā, pres. base of √si, ‘to bind;’ cf. also √snai) any sinew or ligament in the human and animal body, tendon, muscle, nerve, vein, TBr.; Suśr.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; the string of a bow, Pañcat.; m. an eruption on the skin of the extremities, Bhpr. [? Cf. Germ. sēnawa, Sehne; Eng. sinew.] — jāla-vat, mfn. covered with a network of sinews or nerves or veins, Suśr. — nirmita, mfn. made of sinews, Hit. — pāśa, m., -bandha, m. ‘s°-band,’ a bow-string, Pañcat. — bandhana, n. a s°-ligament, MW. — maya, mfn. consisting or made of sinews, MBh.; Pañcat. — marman, n. the joint or place of junction of a sinew or tendon, Suśr. — yuta, mfn. possessed of s°s, Mn. vi, 76. — rajju, mfn. having s°s for cords (said of the body), MW. — spanda, m. the beat of the nerves, pulse, HParis.

Snāyuka, m. a kind of parasitical worm, ŚāṅgS.; an eruption on the skin of the extremities, Bhpr.

Snāyv, in comp. for snāyu. — arman, n. a fleshy tumour of the white of the eye, Suśr.

1. Snāva, m. a tendon, sinew, muscle, nerve, L.

2. Snāva, in comp. for snāvan. — samtata (snāva-), mfn. covered with sinews or tendons, TBr.

Snāvaka. See a-snāvaka.

Snāvan or snāván, n. a tendon, muscle, sinew, AV.; TS.; Br.; Kāth.; a bow-string, AV.

Snāvanya, du. (gender unknown) partic. parts of the body of a horse, TS.

Snāvira. See a-snāvirā.

स्निध्य snidha &c. See col. 2.

स्निट snit, cl. 10. P. sneṭayati, to go, Dhātup. xxvii, 37; to love (cf. √1. snih), Vop.

स्निह 1. snih, cl. 4. P. (Dhātup. xxvi, 91) snihyati (m. c. also °te; occurring only in pres. base; Gr. also pf. sisneha; fut. snehitā, snegdhā, sneḍhā; snehishyati, snekshyati &c.), to be adhesive or sticky or glutinous or viscous or moist, Car.; Bhpr.; to be fixed upon (loc.), Kathās.; to be attached to or fond of, feel affection for (loc. or gen.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; cl. 1. P. snehati, see

Caus.: Pass. snihyate (aor. asnehi), Gr.: Caus. (or cl. 10. P. Dhātup. xxxii, 36) snehāyati (aor. asi-shnihat), to make unctuous or greasy or moist, Car.; Kātyāśr., Sch.; to render pliant or subject, subdue, RV.; to kill, slay, Naigh. ii, 19 (v.l. snehati): Desid. sisnehishati, sisnihishati, sisnikshati, Gr.: Intens. sesnehiyate, sesnegdhi, sesneḍhi.

Snigdha, mfn. sticky, viscous or viscous, glutinous, unctuous, slippery, smooth, MBh.; Kāv.; Suśr. &c.; glossy, resplendent, Kālid.; oily, greasy, fat, Suśr.; Subh.; treated or cured with oily substances, Car.; adhesive, attached, affectionate, tender, friendly, attached to or fond of (loc.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; soft, mild, bland, gentle (am, ind.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; lovely, agreeable, charming, Kālid.; Uttarar.; thick, dense (as shade), Megh.; m. a friend, L.; Pinus Longifolia, L.; the red castor-oil plant, L.; (scil. gandūsha) a partic. mode of rinsing the mouth, MW.; (ā), f. marrow (= medā), L.; a partic. root similar to ginger, L.; (am), n. viscosity, thickness, coarseness, W.; bees’-wax, L.; civet, L.; light, lustre, W. — kandā, f. a species of plant (= kandalī), L. — kesatā, f. having soft hair (one of the 80 minor marks of a Buddha), Dharmas. 84 (v.l.) — jana, m. an affectionate person, friend, MW. — tandula, m. a kind of rice of quick growth, L. — tama, mfn. very oily or unctuous, Kāv.; very affectionate, ib. — tā, f. unctuousness, oiliness, Kathās.; attachment to, fondness for, ib.; softness (of a vowel), TPrāt., Sch. — tyāga, m. abandonment of a beloved person, Bcar. — tva, n. unctuousness, oiliness, MW.; blandness, ib.; fondness for, attachment to (loc.), MBh. (v.l.) — dala, m. ‘smooth-leaved,’ a species of Karaṇja, L. — dāru, m. Pinus Deodora and Longifolia, L. — nakhatā, f. having soft nails (one of the 80 minor marks of a Buddha), Dharmas. 84. — pattra, m. =-dala, L.; (also ā, f.) Zizyphus Jujuba, L.; Beta Bengalensis, L. — pattraka, m. a kind of grass, L. — parṇī, f. Sansevieria Roxburghiana, L.; Gmelina Arborea, L. — pāṇi-lekhātā, f. having the lines of the hand soft (one of the 80 minor marks of a Buddha), Dharmas. 84. — pinḍitaka, m. a kind of Madana tree, L. — phalā, f. the ichneumon plant (= nākuli), L. — bhinnāñjana, n. glossy pounded collyrium, Megh. — mudga, m. a kind of bean, Yājñ., Sch. — rāji, m. a kind of snake, ib. — varṇa, mfn. having a glossy or bright colour, MW.; having a soft or agreeable complexion, ib. — sīta-rūksha, mfn. glossy and cool and (yet) rough (-tva, n.), Suśr. Snigdhāñjana, n. glossy collyrium, Hariv. Snigdhōshṇa, mfn. oily and warm, Suśr.

2. Snih, f. (nom. snik or snif) wetness, moisture, TĀr.; mfn. loving, affectionate, MW.

Snihiti, f. moisture, TĀr.

Snidha, mfn. bland, attached, tender, MW.

Snihān, m. or snihā, f. the mucus of the nose, SBr.

Snihiti, f. wetness, moisture, TĀr.; (prob.) slaughter, carnage, RV.

Sneha, m. (or n., g. ardharcāddi; ifc. f. ā) oiliness, unctuousness, fattiness, greasiness, lubricity, viscosity (also as one of the 24 Gunas of the Vaiśeṣika branch of the Nyāya phil.), Suśr.; Yājñ.; Tarkas.; Sarvad. (IW. 69); oil, grease, fat, any oleaginous substance, an unguent, ŚāṅkhBr. &c. &c.; smoothness, glossiness, VarBṛS.; blandness, tenderness, love, attachment to, fondness or affection for (loc., gen., or comp.), friendship with (saha), MaitrUp.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; moisture, MW.; a fluid of the body, ib.; (pl.) N. of the Vaiśyas in Kuśa-dvīpa, VP. — kartṛi, mf(°trī)n. showing affection or love, Pañcar. — kumbha, m. an oil-vessel, a jug or receptacle for oil or grease, Suśr. — kesarin, m. castor-oil, Bhpr. — gunīta, mfn. endowed with love or affection, MW. — guru, mfn. heavy-(hearted) from love for (gen.), Mālatīm. — ghāṭa, m. =-kumbha, Suśr. — ghāṇī, f. a kind of plant, Car. — ccheda, m. interruption of friendship, cessation or loss of regard, Subh. — dvish, mfn. disliking oil, Suśr. — pakva, mfn. cooked or dressed with oil, W. — pāṭra, n. =-bhāṇḍa, L.; a worthy object of affection, Pañcar. — pāṇa, n. drinking oil (asa medicine), Suśr. — pīṭa, mfn. one who has drunk oil, ib. — pūra, m. a kind of vetch (?), L. — pūrvam, ind. preceded by affection, affectionately, tenderly, fondly, MW. — pravṛitti, f. ‘course of friendship,’ affection, love, Śak. — prasara, m. or — prasrava, m. flow or effusion or gush of love, Vikr. — priya, m. ‘fond of oil,’ a lamp, L. — bad-

dha, mfn. bound by love or affection, MBh. — bandha, m. the bonds of love or affection, ib. — bija, m. ‘having oily seeds,’ Buchanania Latifolia, L. — bhaṇḍa, m. =-ccheda, A. — bhāṇḍa, n. an oil-vessel, jar of oil, MW.; — jīvin, m. living by oil-vessels, an oilman, ib. — bhū, m. phlegm, rheum, the phlegmatic humour, L. — bhūmi, f. ‘oil-source,’ any substance yielding oil or grease, W.; any object of affection, one worthy of love, Mālatīm. — bhūyisha-tha, mfn. consisting mostly of oil or oily substances, Suśr. — maya, mfn. full of love or affection, Kathās.; consisting of love or aff°, so called, Mṛicch.; Hcar. — raṅga, m. ‘oil-coloured,’ sesamum, L. — rasana, n. ‘oil-taster,’ the mouth, Gal. — reka-bhū, m. ‘receptacle for the discharge of moisture (or Amṛita),’ the moon, L. — lavana, n. a partic. mixture of oil and salt, Suśr. — vacas, n. words of love or affection, Bcar. — vat, mfn. unctuous, oily, fat, Śak.; Sch.; full of affection, loving, tender, MārkP.; Hit.; (atī), f. a partic. root similar to ginger, L. — vara, n. fat, L. — varti, f. a partic. disease of horses, L. — vasti, f. an oily injection, Suśr. — viddha, m. ‘impregnated with oil,’ Pinus Deodora, L. — vimardita, mfn. rubbed or anointed with oil, Suśr. — vyakti, f. manifestation of friendship, Megh. — sarkarā, f. a partic. plant or mixture, Car. — samyukta, mfn. mixed with oil, dressed with ghee, Mn. v, 24. — samskrīta, mfn. prepared with oil or grease, Suśr. — samjvara-vat, mfn. smitten with the fever of love, Mālatīm. — sam-bhāṣha, m. a kind conversation, MW. — sāra, mfn. having oil for its chief ingredient, Suśr. Snehā-kula, mfn. agitated by love, R. Snehākūta, n. the feeling or passion of love, Mālatīm. Snehākta, mfn. anointed with oil, oiled, greased, lubricated, Suśr. Snehāñkana, n. a mark of affection, Mālatīm. Snehānuvṛtti, f. continuance of affection, affectionate or friendly intercourse, Hit. Snehābhya-kta, mfn. =snehākta, Suśr. Snehāśa, m. ‘oil-consumer,’ a lamp, L. Snehāsaya, m. ‘oil-receptacle,’ id., L.

Snehaka, mfn. kind, affectionate, Divyāv.; causing affection, conciliating (gen.), MārkP.

Snehan, m. (only L.) a friend; the moon; a kind of disease.

Snehana, mfn. anointing, lubricating, Suśr.; Bhpr.; m. ‘feeling affection,’ N. of Śiva (cf. a-snī), MBh.; n. unction, lubrication, rubbing or smearing with oil or unguents, Car.; unctuousness, being or becoming oily, Dhiātup.; feeling affection, Sāy.

Snehaniya, mfn. to be anointed or lubricated, Car.; to be loved, MW.

Snehayitavya, mfn. to be anointed or lubricated, smeared with oil, Car.

Snehalā, mfn. full of affection, fond of (loc.), tender, Satr.; HParis. — tā, f. affection, tenderness, Kād.

Snehita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) anointed, smeared with oil, MW.; loved, beloved, W.; kind, affectionate, ib.; m. a friend, ib.

Snehitavya, mfn. =snehaniya, MW.

Snehīti, f. (prob.) slaughter, carnage (cf. snihiti), RV.

Snehin, mfn. oily, unctuous, fat, W.; affectionate, friendly, attached to or fond of (comp.), Cat.; m. a friend, L.; a painter, L.

Snehu, m. a kind of disease, L.; the moon, W.

Snehya, mfn. to be anointed or lubricated, Car.

Snaigdha, n. unctuousness, oiliness, smoothness, Suśr.; tenderness, fondness, affectionateness, W.

Snaihika, mfn. unctuous, oily, Car.

ल 1. snu (cf. √1. snā), cl. 2. P. (Dhātup. xxiv, 29) snauti (accord. to Vop. also snute; only in pres. base; Gr. also pf. sushnāvā, sushnūve; fut. snotā or snavītā &c.), to drip, distil, trickle, emit fluid, yield milk, BhP. (cf. pra-√snu): Caus. snāvayati (aor. asushnāvat), Gr.: Desid. of Caus. sisnāvayishati or susnāvayishati, ib.: Desid. susnūshati, ib.: Intens. soshnīyate, sishnāvātī, soshnīoti, ib. [Cf. Gk. νέω, νέορουα.]

Snavā, m. oozing, dripping, trickling, L.

Snavana. See pra-snavana, p. 700, col. I.

Snāvin. See pra-snāvin, p. 700, col. I.

2. Snu, (ifc.) dripping, trickling, sprinkling (see gṛīta-snu).

Snuta, mfn. trickling, flowing (esp. said of milk flowing from a mother’s breast), BhP.

Snuti, f. trickling, distilling, stream, flow, MW.

ल 3. snū, n. (accord. to L. also m., abridged fr. sānu and occurring only in instr. abl. sg., snūnā,