

Spondias Mangifera; = *kākoli*. — *rātī*, mfn. bestowing agreeable gifts, RV. — *latā*, f. Batatas Paniculata, L. — *luṅgī*, f. the sweet citron, L. — *vāri*, m. the sea of sweet water, L. — *vivekin*, mfn. distinguishing dainties (from other food), Rājat. — *śudhā*, n. ‘sweet and pure,’ rock or river salt, W. — *shamsād*, mfn. ‘sitting round dainties’ or ‘forming an agreeable company,’ RV. — *sammud* (*svādū*), mfn. delighting in dainty food, AV. — *svādu*, mfn. exceedingly sweet or savoury, HParī. **SVĀDŪDA**, m. = *svādu-vāri*, R. **SVĀDUDAKA**, mfn. having sweet water, BhP.; -*samudra*, m. = *svādu-vāri*, Sāmkhyas, Sch.

SVĀDUKĀ, f. Tiaridium Indicum, L.

SVĀDUMĀN, m. sweetness, MaitrS.

SVĀDUSHKILYĀ, f. pl. N. of the verses beginning with *svādush kila* (RV. vi, 47, 1 &c.), ŚāṅkhBr.

SVĀDŪ-VRĪ, P.-*karoti*, to make sweet, sweeten, MW.

SVĀDMĀN, m. sweetness, RV.; (*svāo*), n. id., dainty food or drink, ib.

SVĀDYA, mfn. to be tasted, MBh.; savoury, palatable, Bālār.; astringent and salt, L.; m. astringent and salt taste, L.

SVĀDV, in comp. for *svādu*. — *anna*, n. sweet or choice food, dainties, delicacies, W.; mfn. having or providing delicacies, MW. — *amla*, m. ‘sweet and sour,’ the pomegranate tree, L.; -*tikta-tubara*, mfn. sweet and sour, bitter and astringent, L.; m. sweet and sour and bitter and astringent taste, L.

स्वदान *sva-dāna*, *sva-dāra* &c. See p. 1275, col. 3.

स्वधय *svadhaya*, °*yati*. See p. 1278, col. 1.

स्वधर्म *sva-dharma* &c. See p. 1275, col. 3.

स्वधा *svadhā*, f. (for *sva-dhā* see p. 1278, col. 1) an axe, knife, TS.

SVĀDHITI, m. f. (also written *svō*) an axe &c. (in Naigh. ii, 20 among the *vajra-nāmāni*; *devī svādhitiḥ*, ‘heavenly axe,’ thunderbolt), RV.; AV.; TS.; GīŚrS.; a saw, L.; (according to some) a large tree with hard wood, RV. v, 32, 10; ix, 96, 6. — *hetika*, m. ‘axe-armed,’ a soldier armed with an axe, L.

SVĀDHITI-VAT, mfn. furnished with axes or knives (said of the chariot of the Maruts; accord. to some, ‘made of Svadhi wood,’ see above), RV. i, 88, 2.

स्वधिचरण *sv-adhicarāṇā*, mf(ā)n. good to be walked upon, TS.

स्वधित *svādhita*, mfn. = 1. *su-dhita*, firm, solid, TBr.

स्वधिष्ठान *sv-adhishṭhāna*, mfn. having a good standing-place (said of a war-chariot), MBh.

SV-ADHISHṬHITA, mfn. good to be stood on or lived in (acc.), BhP.; well-guided (as an elephant), Kām.

स्वधीत *sv-adhīta*, mfn. well-recited or repeated or studied (as the Veda), well read, well instructed, MāṇḍS.; n. anything well repeated or learned, R.; BhP.

SV-adhīti, mfn. good repetition or recitation (as of the Veda or other sacred work), MBh.

स्वध्यक्ष *sv-adhyakshā*, mf(ā)n. good to be inspected, TS.; ŚBr.

स्वध्यवसान *sv-adhyavasānā*, mf(ā)n. good to be striven after, TS.

स्वधर *sv-adhvārā*, m. n. a good sacrifice, RV.; BhP.; mfn. performing a sacrifice well, well adapted to a sacrifice, RV.

SV-ADHVARYU, mfn. having a good Adhvaryu priest, TS.

स्वन 1. *svan*, cl. 1. P. (Dhātup. xix, 79) *svanati* (m. c. also °*te*; pf. *sasvāna*, 3. pl. *sasvanuh* [Gr. also *svēnuh*], MBh. &c.; aor. *asvanīt*, *svānīt*, RV. [for aor. P. *svāni* see *adhi-* and *anu-shvan*]; fut. *svanītā*, *svanīshyati*, Gr.; inf. *svanītum*, ib.), to sound, make any noise, roar, yell, hum, sing, RV. &c. &c. : Caus. *svanayati* (aor. *asīsvanat*), to sound, resound, RV.; BhP.; to adorn (in this sense also *svānayati*), Dhātup. xix, 62: Desid. *asīsvanishati*, Gr.: Intens. *asīsvanyate*, *asīsvāpti*, *asīsvāpti*, *sosupīti*, *sosoptī*, Gr. [Cf. Gk. *ūn-vos*; Lat. *somnus* for *sop-nus*, *sopor*, *sopire*; Slav. *sūpti*; Lith. *sāpnas*; Engl. Sax. *swefan*, ‘to sleep.’]

2. **Svan.** See *tuvi-shvān*.

SVANĀ, m. (ifc. f. *ū*) sound, noise (in the older language applied to the roar of wind, thunder, water &c.; in later 1° to the song of birds, speech, and sound of any kind, cf. Naigh. i, 11), RV. &c. &c. ; a partic. Agni, MBh.; (*svāna*), roaring water, VS.; TBr.; mfn. ill-sounding, L. — *cakra*, m. a form of sexual union, L. — *vat*, mfn. sounding, resounding, loud (*vat*, ind. ‘aloud’), MaitrUp.; MBh. &c. **SVĀNĀTSAHĀ**, m. a rhinoceros (= *gandaka*), L.

SVANĀD-RATHA, mfn. (pr. p. of *svan + rō*) having a rattling chariot, RV.

SVANAS. See *tuvi-shvānās*.

SVANĀBHAKA (perhaps connected with *svanā* above, but see under 1. *sva*, p. 1276, col. 1).

SVANI, mfn. (in *tuvi-* and *mahi-shvāni*); m. fire, L.

SVANICA. See *pāni-svanika*.

SVANITA, mfn. sounded, sounding &c.; n. sound, noise, Śiś.; a thunderclap, W. **SVANITĀHVAYA**, m. a kind of herb (= *tanqulīya*), L.

SVĀNĀ, m. (cf. √3. *su*, p. 1219) sounding, making a noise, rattling (as a chariot), panting (as a horse), RV.; m. sound, noise, rattle, ib.; twang (of a bowstring), Śiś.; N. of one of the seven guardians of Soma, VS.

SVĀNI, mfn. (fr. *svana*), g. *sutamgamādi*.

SVĀNIN, mfn. noisy, turbulent, RV.

SVĀNTA. See *svānta*, p. 1277, col. 3.

स्वनगर *sva-nagara*, *sva-nābhya* &c. See p. 1276, col. 1.

स्वनदुह *sv-anaḍuh*, mfn. having excellent bulls, Vop.

स्वनय *svanāya*, m. N. of a man (son of Bhāvayavya), RV.

स्वनवेशणीय *sv-anavēkṣhanīya*, mfn. not at all to be hoped for, past all hope, R.

स्वनीक *sv-anīka*, mfn. having a fair or radiant countenance (as Agni), RV.

स्वनुगुप्त *sv-unugupta*, mfn. well hidden, MBh.

स्वनुजा *sv-anujā*, f. having a beautiful younger sister, ĀpGr.; Baudh..

स्वनुरक्त *sv-anurakta*, mfn. truly devoted to (loc.), R.

स्वनुरूप *sv-anurūpa*, mfn. well suited, MW.

स्वनुष्ठित *sv-anushṭhita*, mfn. well observed, duly practised or performed, R.; BhP.

स्वन्त *sv-anta*, mfn. having a good end, terminating well, MBh.; Ragh.; Kathās.; auspicious, fortunate, MBh.

स्वन्त्र *sv-anna*, n. good food, BhP.

स्वप् *svap*, cl. 2. P. (Dhātup. xxiv, 60) *svapiti* (Ved. and ep. also *svāpti*, °*te*; Impv. *svāptu*, AV.; Pot. *svapīta*, MBh.; pf. *sushvāpa* [3. pl. *sushupuh*; p. *sushupvās* and *sushupānā*, qq. vv.], RV. &c. &c.; aor. *asvāpsit*; Prec. *supyāt*, GīS.; fut. *svapta*, MBh.; *svapīshyati*, AV.; °*te*, R.; *svapsyati*, Br. &c.; °*te*, MBh. &c.; inf. *svaptum*, Br. &c.; ind. p. *svapta*, AV. &c., -*svāpam*, RV.), to sleep, fall asleep (with *varsha-śatam*, ‘to sleep for a hundred years, sleep the eternal sleep’), RV. &c. &c.; to lie down, recline upon (loc.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; to be dead, MBh.; R.; Pass. *supyate* (aor. *asvāpi*), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; Caus. *svāpāyati* or (m. c.) *svapayati* (aor. *asūshupat*; in RV. also *sishvāpah*, *sishvāp*; Pass. *svāpyate*), to cause to sleep, lull to rest, RV.; AV.; PañcavBr.; to kill, RV.; Bhaṭṭ.: Desid. of Caus. *sushvāpayishati*, Gr.: Desid. *sushupsati*, to wish to sleep, Nir. xiv, 4: Intens. *soshupyate*, *sāsvāpti*, *sāsvāpti*, *sosupīti*, *sosoptī*, Gr. [Cf. Gk. *ūn-vos*; Lat. *somnus* for *sop-nus*, *sopor*, *sopire*; Slav. *sūpti*; Lith. *sāpnas*; Engl. Sax. *swefan*, ‘to sleep.’]

SUPTA, *supti*. See p. 1230, cols. 1, 2.

SUSHUPĀNA and **SUSHUPVĀS**, mfn. sleeping, asleep, RV.

SUSHUPĀ, *sushupsu*. See p. 1238; col. 1.

SUSHUPĀ, *sushupsu*. See p. 1238; col. 1.

SUSHUPĀ, *sushupsu*. See p. 1238; col. 1.

SUPTA, *supti*. See p. 1230, cols. 1, 2.

SUSHUPĀ, *sushupsu*. See p. 1238; col. 1.

SVAPITRI, mfn. (for *sva-pitri* see p. 1276, col. 1) asleep, a sleeper, Kām.

SVAPTYA, mfn. = *svapanīya*, PañcavBr.; MBh.

SVAPTRI, mfn. = *svapītri*, MW.

SVAPNA, m. (once in R., n., ifc. f. *ā*; for *sv-apna* see p. 1281, col. 1) sleep, sleeping, RV. &c. &c.; sleepiness, drowsiness, Caurap.; sleeping too much, sloth, indolence, Mn. ix, 13; xii, 33; dreaming, a dream (acc. with *√dṛīś*, ‘to see a vision, dream,’ RV. &c. &c. — *kalpa*, mfn. dream-like, R. — *kāma*, mfn. wishing for sleep, MW. — *kṛit*, mfn. causing sleep, somniferous, soporific, L.; m. Marsilea Quadrifolia, L. — *gata*, mfn. fallen asleep, sleeping, dreaming, R. — *giri*, m. N. of a place, Vcar. — *gṛīha*, n. a sleeping apartment, bed-chamber, L. — *cintāmani*, m. N. of a wk. on oneirology. — *ja*, mfn. produced in sleep, dreamt, Megh. — *jñāna*, n. perception in a dream, Kap., Sch. — *tandritā*, f. languor produced by drowsiness, MBh. — *darsana*, n. dream-vision, vision in a dream, Hariv. — *dṛīś*, mfn. (nom. *k*) having a vision, dreaming, BhP.

DOSHA, m. ‘sleep fault,’ pollutio nocturna, L.

DHĪ-GAMYA, mfn. perceptible by the mind (only when) in a state of sleep, Megh. — *nānsana*, mfn. destroying sleep (others ‘acquiring riches,’ cf. *sv-apna*), RV. x, 86, 21. — *niketana*, n. = *-gṛīha*, L. — *nidarsana*, n. = *-darsana*, ChUp.; *ṇīya*, mfn. treating of visions and dreams, Suśr. — *parikshā*, f. N. of wk. — *paryantam*, ind. till the end of sleeping-time, Āpast. — *prakarana*, n. N. of wk. — *prapañca*, m. the illusions of sleep, the world spread out like a dream, MW. — *phalādhyāya*, m., *phalāphala*, n. N. of wks. — *bhāj*, mfn. enjoying sleep, Subh. — *mantra-paṭala*, m. n. N. of wk. — *mānavā* or *ṇāvā*, m. ‘dream-charm,’ a kind of charm effecting the realisation of dreams, Kathās. — *mukhā* (*svāpna*), f. (prob.) phantom or illusion of a dr°, AV.; Kātyār. — *vat*, ind. (risen) as (from) a dr°, BhP. — *vārāhī-kalpa*, m., *vāsavadattā-nātaka*, n. N. of wks. — *vikāra*, m. change (produced) by sleep, Buddh. — *vicārin*, mfn. interpreting dr°s, L. — *vidhi*, m. N. of wk. — *vinaśvara*, m. (n. *i*). n. evanescent as a dream, Sighās. — *viparyaya*, m. transposed order of sleeping-time, Bhpr. — *vṛitta*, mfn. occurring in a dr°, Ragh. — *śīla*, mfn. disposed to sleep, sleepy, drowsy, W. — *sāṃdarśana*, n. = *-darsana*, Megh. — *sīhiṣṭi*, f.