

the sky, Bhar.; ^osānāntydyatana, (also) m. pl. N. of a class of gods, MWB. 213 (also ^otanb̄paga, Dharmas. 129); ^osōpanīyāsa, m. N. of a Vedānta wk. Ākimcanya, (also) m. a nihilist, Bcar. xii, 63; ^onydyatana, (also) m. pl. N. of a class of gods, MWB. 213 (also ^otanb̄paga, Dharmas. 129). Ā-kīta-patamga-pipilakam, ind. down to worms (and) flying insects (and) ants, ChUp. Ā-^vkut (Caus. -koṭayati), to break, Divyāv.; ^okoṭana, n. smoothing, Mahāvy.; (*ā*), f. punishment, Nār., Sch. Ā-kutila, mfn. a little bent, Śak.; a little curled, Kād. Ā-kudmali-kṛita, mfn. half expanded, Prasannar. Ā-^vI. kṛi (Caus. -kārayati, also) to imply by signs, Divyāv. Ā-kṛiti-loṣṭha, a clod from the field in its natural shape, Kauś. Ā-krishṭa, m. a magical diagram scratched on the ground (?), ib. Āké (accord. to some, 'visibly' [cf. akshi, ^viksh], RV. ii, 1, 10; -nipā, read ā kenipāśo, ib. iv, 45, 6). Ā-koshṭham, ind. down to the abdomen, BhP. Ā-kshepa (in comp.); -valana, n. tossing about (the arms &c.), Ratnāv.; -sūtra, n. a string for filing pearls, Ragh. vi, 28 (v.l.); ^opītī, f. (with siddhi) the magical power of attraction, Mālatīm. (= ākarshīni siddhih, Sch.). Ā-kshvedita, n. humming, buzzing, R. Ā-khandala, (also) the ruler of (gen.), Virac.; -kakubh, f. 'Indra's quarter,' the east, Vās.; ^olāśā, f. id., Prasannar. Ākuḥ (in comp.); -yāṇa, m. Gaṇeśa (cf. -ga), L.; -han, m. 'mouse-killer,' a cat, Pat. on Pāṇ. iii, 2, 84, Vārtt. 4. Ā-khedana, n. drawing to one's self, ĀpSr., Sch. Ā-khyātottara, mfn. (a name) the second part of which is a verb, ĀpGr. Ā-khyāna-vid, m. a knower of stories, Mālatīm. Ā-khyāyanī, f. a message, L. Ā-gata (in comp.); -vismaya, mfn. filled with wonder, Bcar.; ^otāsiha, mfn. full of interest, ib. Ā-gadhita, mfn. (^vgadh) clung to, pressed close to, RV. i, 126, 6. Ā-gama (in comp.); -kalpadruma, m., -kaumudi, f., -candrikā, f., -tattva-samgraha, m., -prakāśa, m., -rahasya, n. N. of wks. (cf. IW. 524; RTL. 185-208); -virodha, m. conflict with tradition, Kāvyaād.; -samhita, mfn. agreeing with tr^o, Bcar.; ^omīka, mfn. acquired by tr^o, Nyāyas., Sch.; ^omya, (also) with reference to, owing to (gen.), Divyāv. Ā-garā (accord. to others = āgāra). Ā-garbham, ind. down to the child in the womb, Virac. Āgasvin, m. an evildoer, Alāmkārav. Āgāra, (also) a partic. high number, Buddh.; ^orīka, m. a householder, layman, Buddh. Āgīgrāma, m. N. of a family, Inscr. Ā-gīta, mfn. sung unto, JaimUp. Āgnīdhra, (also) m. pl. N. of a people, VarBīS.; (*ī*), f. kindling or feeding the fire, L. Āgneya, mfn. (also) inflammable, combustible, MBh. Ā-grathana, n. tying round, girding, Ragh. Ā-granthana, n. a knot (= grānhi), Bcar. i, 78. Ā-grayanīya, m. pl. the firstfruits destined for oblation, SāṅkhBr. Āghaṭṭalikā, f. a horn for blowing, L. Ā-ghargharam, ind. snarlingly, growlingly, Mālatīm. Ā-gharsha, m. rubbing, friction, Sīś. Ā-ghāta-kāla, m. a critical or dangerous time, Car. Ā-ghāraṇa, m. a partic. sacrificial ladle, L. Ā-ghoshini, f. pl. N. of a class of demons, SāṅkhGr., Sch. Āṅgalaukika, m. a dream caused through bile or phlegm, L. Āngirasa, (also) m. a partic. magical implement, Kauś. Āngula, mfn. sticking to the fingers, Baudh. Ā-cakshas, mfn. eloquent (= vāgmin), L. Ā-cañcala, mfn. moving slowly to and fro, Prasannar. Ā-carita, distress for debt (in the legal sense), Mn. viii, 49. Ācāra-maya, mfn. wholly addicted to ceremonial usages, Kād. Ācārya, m. (also) the son of an outcast Vaiṣya and a Vaiṣyā who was before a Brāhmaṇa's wife, Mn. x, 23 (accord. to some, read cārya); -tarpana, n. a rite supplementary to the rishi-t^o, RTL. 410; -mushṭi, f. 'a teacher's closed hand,' constraint, force, Mahāvy.; ^oryāsandī, f. a t^o's seat, Hir. Ācikhyāsopamā, f. a kind of simile (in which it is left uncertain whether praise or censure is meant), Kāvyaād. ii, 32. Ā-citra, mfn. decorated with many-coloured ornaments, R. Ā-^v2. cumb, to kiss, Daś. Ā-choṭita, mfn. (fr. Caus. of ^vchut) torn off, Hcat. Ājakesin, m. pl. N. of a family, JaimUp. 1. Āji (in comp.); -bhūmi, f. a field of battle, Sīś.; -sobhin, mfn. distinguished in battle, MBh. Ā-jihmita, mfn. turned or bent a little aside, Kād. Ā-jīrnāntam, ind. to the end of digestion, Baudh. Āñchita, mfn. provided or furnished with, Harav. Āñjaneya, (also) N. of an author: -purāṇa, n., -stava, m., -stotra, n. N. of wks. Ātaka, (also) m. a sparrow, L. Ātika, m.

pl. N. of a School of the Yajus, AV. Parīś. Ā-topa, m. (also) haste, L. Ādambarita, mfn. accompanied with sounds of a drum, Nalac.; highly increased, Sinhās. Ādindikā, f. clean shaving of the whole body, L. Ā-dval, cl. 10. P. -dvālayati, to mix, mingle: ^odvalana, n. mixing, mingling, Kātyār., Sch. Ādhā, f. a centipede, L. Ādhārikā, f. = (or v.l. for) dharikā, ĀpGr. Ādhika, n. bone, L. Ānuka or ānūka, n. dirt in the eye, L. Ānda (in comp.); -koṣa, (also) mfn. enclosed in an egg, BhP.; -pīta (āndī-), mfn. one who has sipped eggs, Tār. Ā-^vtaksh, (also) to cut, carve, form by carving, Jātakam. Ā-tati, f. darkness, L. Ā-tapa, (also) moonshine, Daś.; Harav.; -nivāraṇa, n. a parasol, VarYog. Ātijagata, mfn. composed in the metre Ati-jagati, TāndBr., Sch. Ā-titānsu, mfn. (Desid. of ^vtan) wishing to overspread or cover, Sīś. Ātivāhika, (also) m. an inhabitant of the other world, L. Ātisayika, (also) extraordinary, Jātakam. Ātisārika, mfn. like diarrhoea, Car. Ā-tripti, ind. to satiety or satisfaction, Bālar. Ātta (in comp.); -kānti, mfn. deprived of splendour, Prab.; -vidya, mfn. one who has acquired knowledge from (abl.), Vop.; -vibhava, mfn. one who has acquired wealth, Gaut.; -somapithīya (ātta-), mfn. deprived of the Soma drink, ŠBr.; -sva, mfn. d° of one's property (-tva, n.), Ragh. Ātma (in comp. for ātman); -kāma, mfn. desirous of emancipation, Jātak.; -cintā, f. meditation on the soul, Mn. xii, 31; -jit, mfn. master of one's self, Bcar.; -jñānāpaniṣhad, f., -jyotiṣ-paniṣhad, f., -tattva-viveka, m. N. of wks.; -dhāraṇī, f. (with Buddhists) one of the four Dhāraṇīs, Dharmas. 52; -nirāloka, n. (with muni) N. of Siva, MBh. xiii, 1183; -nirūpana and -pañcaka, n. N. of wks. by Śamkarācārya; -samyukta, mfn. being in the body, Āpast.; -samyoga, mfn. connexion with one's self, ib.; -sambhāvita, mfn. self-conceited, proud, ib.; ^omābhīmarśana, n. rubbing one's self, ĀpY.; ^omāyāsa, m. self-torture, Nāg.; ^omāvāya, mfn. filled by the Universal soul, BhP.; -mēcchā, f. desire of (union with) the Un° soul, Śamk.; ^omollāsa, m. N. of a Vedānta wk. Ātmānikā, f. N. of a woman, Kathās. Ā-dadhīci, ind. including Dadhīci, Naish. Ā-darin, mfn. full of respect or regards, Naish. Ā-dāśāham, ind. for ten days, Baudh. 1. Ā-dāna, (also) resumption of the object of action (one of the 13 members of the Vi-marśa, q.v.), Sāh. 1. Ādi, (also) the third part in the 7-partite Sāman, ChUp.; -keśavāśṭaka, n. N. of a Stotra; -guru, m. 'first father,' N. of Brahmā, Bhag.; -grantha, m. N. of the first division or principal section of the sacred book of the Sikhs, RTL. 161; 169; IW. 325, n. 1; -tā, f. the being the beginning of anything, Sīś.; -dīpa, m. N. of a Rudra, Hcat.; -pitāmaha, m. N. of Brahmā, Prasāṅg.; -bhavāṇī, f. the Sakti of Parama-purusha, W.; -yāmala, n. N. of a Tantra; -vaktri, m. the first propounder of a doctrine, Āryabh., Introd.; -varāha, m. N. of Bhoja (Kanouj king), Inscr.; -śūra, m. N. of a king of Bengal (also called Ādiśvara), IW. 210, n.; -sinha, m. N. of a king, Inscr.; -sthāyika, see sthāyika (p. 1264); -svarita, mfn. having the Svarita accent on the first syllable, VPrat., Sch. Āditya (in comp.); -kilaka, m. a partic. phenomenon in the sky, ĀpGr., Sch.; -gata, mfn. being in the sun, Bhag.; -dhāman (^vtyā), mfn. having a place among the Adityas, MaitrS.; -rāma, m. N. of a king, Inscr.; -vardha-na, m. N. of a Kanouj king, Inscr.; -vāra, m. Sunday, IW. 178, n. 1; -vidhi, m. N. of wk.; -śakti, m. N. of a chief, Inscr. Ādinava-darsā (VS.). Ā-^vdināntam, ind. till the close of day, Kathās. Ā-deya, (also) acceptable, agreeable (-tara-tā, f.), Jātakam. Ā-deśā, (also) a guest (= prāghūrṇika), Šil. Ā-deha-dāham, ind. from the cremation of the body, Naish. 1. Ādyā (in comp.); -kālaka, mfn. relating only to this day, MBh.; ^oyādya, mfn. each or every preceding (element), Mn. i, 20. Ādhārin, mfn. forming the place for (gen.), ĀpSr., Sch. Ādhārṣṭya, n. cowardice, Dhātup. Ādhirathiya, n. N. of various Sāmans, ĀrshBr. Ādhirājya (AV.). Ādhī-stena, m. the stealer of a deposit, Mn. viii, 144. Ādhomukhya, n. going downwards, Sīś. Ānaka-dundubhi, m. N. of Vishṇu, L. Ānana-cara, mfn. falling into the mouth of (gen.), Mālatīm. Ānantarya, (also) an unpardonable sin (said by Buddhists to be five, viz. 'matricide,' 'parricide,' 'killing an Arhat,' 'shedding the blood of a Buddha,' 'causing divisions among the brotherhood'), Dharmas. 60; -samādhi, m. a partic. Samādhi, ib. 101. Ānanda, (also) N. of one of the chief disciples of Gautama Buddha, MWB. 47 &c.; of various authors &c., Cat.; -cid-ghana, mfn. consisting only of joy and thought, NṛisUp.; ^odāt-man (ŠBr.). Ā-nābhi, ind. up to the nave, MBh.; up to the navel, Vishṇ. Ā-nāya, (also) investiture (= upanaya), L. Ā-nīla-nīshadhyāyata or Ādhāyāma, mfn. stretching from the Nīla to the Nīshadha mountains, Hcat. 1. Ā-^vI. nu (read I. ā-^v4. nu). Ānubandhika, mfn. of continued influence or efficacy, Car. Ānuyājika, mfn. relating to the after-sacrifice, MānŚr. Ānushāk (accord. to some also, 'regularly,' 'thoroughly'), RV. Ānritika, mfn. addicted to lying, MBh. Ā-netrī (RV.). Ā-neya, mfn. to be brought, R. Ānobhadra-sūktā, n. N. of RV. i, 89, Cat. Āntarālika, m. the son of an Anuloma by a woman of superior caste, L. Āntya (VS.). Āntri-mukha, m. N. of a demon, Hir. Āndīda or ^odīra, m. N. of a king, VP. Āndolikā, f. a swing-cot, palanquin, Daś. Āndhā-svara, n. a partic. mode of singing, Drāhy. Ānvikshiki, (also, with buddhi) an argumentative mind, R. Āpana (add 'fr. 4. ā + ^vpan'). Āpanīya, mfn. coming from the market, Āpast. Āpatantā, a species of grain, MaitrS. Ā-pati, m. a present lord (?), ib. Ā-pattos (Ved. inf. of ā-^vpad), to fall or get into, ŠBr. Āpat-sahāya, m. a friend in need, Rājat. Āpadika, m. 'a bolt' or 'a sapphire' (indra-kīla or indra-nīla), L. Ā-parusha, mfn. a little rough, Jātakam. 1. Ā-pāda (p. 143, col. I, erase I. and parenthesis on next line); ^odīn, mfn. falling into, incurring (comp.), Lāty. Ā-pāda-tala-mastakam, ind. from the sole of the foot to the head, Sāṃkhyapr. Ā-pārshṇi, ind. down to the heels, Mālav. Āpāshṭhi, m. a patr., ŠBr. 2. Ā-pī, mfn. (fr. ā-^vpyai, accord. to some, 'swelling,' 'refreshing,' RV. v, 53, 2). Ā-pīngala (= ā-pīnga); ^olāksha, mfn. having reddish eyes, Bcar. Ā-pīngalaka, m. a bull which has been set at liberty, L. Āpīdaka-jāta, mfn. (said of a tree in full flower), Divyāv.; ^odīn, mfn. decorated on the head with (comp.), MBh. Āpeyā and ^oyatvā (MaitrS.). Āpoda, m. patr. of the Rishi Dhaumya (v.l. āyoda), MBh. Āpo-māya (ŠBr.). Āpta (in comp.); -krit, mfn. trustworthy, MBh.; -kriya, m. a trusty agent, Inscr.; -candas, mfn. complete as to metre, TāndBr.; -vacana (cf. IW. 82); -vāda, m. (= vacana), Sīś.; -vibhaktika, mfn. complete as to case-terminations, TāndBr.; -stoma, mfn. complete in the Stomas, ib., Sch. Āptavyā (ŠBr.). Āpti, (also) trustworthiness, Sāṃkhyapr. Āptor-yāma, ^oman = apt^o, MBh.; Pur. Āpnāna (RV.). 1. Āpya, (also) mfn. friendly, kind, RV. iii, 2, 6. Āpyāna-vat and Āpyāyana (ŠBr.). Ā-pravartana, n. general outbreak (of perspiration), BhP. Ā-prāsa, m. covering the Vedi with Darbha grass, L. Ābravanti, f. N. of a town, R. (B.). Ābhārana-sthāna, n. a place (on the body) for ornament, Mṛicch. Ābhijñānika, mfn. relating to recognition, Daś. Ābhimukhya-karana, n. addressing a person, Kāś. on Pāṇ. ii, 3, 47. Ābhīrāmika, mfn. amiable, Mudr. Ā-bhīshana, n. a weapon, Kāty. Ā-bhugna-saktha, mfn. crooked-thighed, Suśr. 2. Ā-bhū (RV.). Ā-bhūka, mfn. (prob.) forceless, feeble, AV. Ā-bhūti (RV.). 1. Ābhogin, (also) of great extent, Subh. Ābhyantra-nṛitta, n. perfect dancing (according to the Nātya-sāstras), L. Ām (MaitrS.). 1. Āma (in comp.); -maya, mfn. unbaked, BaudhP.; -vidhi, m. a partic. observance, Cat.; -śrāddha, n. a Śrāddha at which raw food is presented, L.; ^omājīrṇa, n. a partic. form of indigestion, Bhpr.; ^omāśraya (read ^omāśaya); ^omēshṭaka, mfn. made of raw bricks, Mṛicch. 3. Āma, ind. yes, HParīś. Ā-majjam, ind. to the marrow, Naish. Ā-mantrānika, n. N. of the fifth Sāṃskāra (= nāma-karman), L. Āmardaka-tirtha-nātha, m. N. of a Śāiva ascetic, Inscr. Āmalaki (cf. RTL. 339; 568). Ā-mikshā-payasya, n. a kind of Prātar-doha (q.v.), ĀpSr. Āmitra, (also) belonging to an enemy, MBh.; -socani (^oām^o), m. a patr., MaitrS. Āmisha (in comp.); -dāna, n. (with Buddhists) gift of material things (one of the three kinds of charity, the others being dharma-d^o and maitri-d^o), Dharmas. 105. Ā-mīvā, f. disease, L. Ā-muktā or ^otīka, f. a jewel, Divyāv. Ā-mukha, (also) mfn. being in front or before the eyes, Jātakam. Ā-mur &c. (read mīt for mīt). Ā-motana, n. cracking, breaking, Mālatīm. Āmnāya (in comp.); -para, mfn. honouring sacred tradition, Mn. vii, 80; -yoni, m. N. of Brahmā, Kāv. Āmrā, n. (ŠBr.). -kavi,